CS101 Practice Problems-set II

1 Iteration

- 1. Find 2^{nd} largest number from an array of general size n. (You have done this on a fixed size array with just an 'if then else' branching tree.)
- 2. Write a program to find out the frequency of occurrence of a given value v inside an array of size N. Read N, the actual numbers, and value v from the keyboard before you compute the frequency.
- 3. Modify the above program to compute the frequencies of all distinct numbers that appear in the array.
- 4. Print a triangle of '*'s of height 'r' rows. Now modify your program to print it upside down. of given size 'r', where r represents the no. of rows in the triangle.
- 5. Write a program to display Pascal's triangle. Pascal's triangle represents the binomial coefficients. The first few rows of Pascal's triangle are displayed below. Observe how a row is related to the row above it.

$$1 \\ 1 1 \\ 1 2 1 \\ 1 3 3 1 \\ 1 4 6 4 1 \\ 1 5 10 10 5 1 \\ 1 6 15 20 15 6 1$$

- 6. How many arrays did you use for the above problem? Try solving the problem with just one array if you have used more.
- 7. Given an array of integers of size n, find out if the numbers in the array appear in a palindromic order. A palindrome is a sequence that reads the same when you flip it. For example, 121 is a palindrome, 3 is a palindrome, and 234432 is also a palindrome.

8. Given two sorted arrays of sizes m and n, write a program that merges the two into another array of size m + n such that this new array also remains sorted.

2 Functions

- 1. Develop functions to compute factorial n, and the Fibonacci series till n terms using iteration.
- 2. Convert the program that computes second largest given 5 numbers into a function. Test the function by using it in a separate file.
- 3. Convert the series (e/pi/sqroot) that you wrote earlier into functions. All series converted into functions need to be in one single file called 'series.cpp'. Test all of them in one file.

3 Recursion

- 1. Solve the tower of Hanoi problem discussed in the class. How many moves do you have to make to solve a problem of n disks?
- 2. Compute Fibonacci(n) given n. How many calls are required for obtaining this n^{th} number in the series?
- 3. Compute the maximum value from an array of n integers.
- 4. Compute the average of the numbers in an array of size n. No global variables!
- 5. Flip an array. Do not use an additional array. Also attempt an iterative version for the same.
- 6. Sort an array. Count the number of comparisons required in your solution.
- 7. Compute gcd of 2 numbers by Euclid's method discussed in the class. First develop a recursive solution, then attempt an iterative version of the same.

4 Errors and Debugging

Following bugs were noticed in some programs. Can you make a guess about the reasons for these errors. Which part of the program will you concentrate on to fix these symptoms?

- 1. The program dealt with finding maximum value from an array. The value printed finally wasn't from the array.
- 2. The program dealt with an array. A segmentation fault was reported.
- 3. In main the statement $cout \ll fib(n) \ll count \ll endl$ always printed count to be zero independent of the value of n. After separating printing of count into another statement placed later, the problem was solved.
- 4. It was a do while iteration, the program compiled, but when executed, it didn't terminate. The iteration wasn't an obvious infinite loop.
- 5. The program worked for some cases, but it didn't for some other.