## Program Analysis: Wrapping Up

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### Part 1

## About These Slides

These slides constitute the lecture notes for CS618 Program Analysis course at IIT Bombay and have been made available as teaching material accompanying the book:

Wrap Up: About These Slides

Copyright

 Uday Khedker, Amitabha Sanyal, and Bageshri Karkare. Data Flow Analysis: Theory and Practice. CRC Press (Taylor and Francis Group). 2009.

(Indian edition published by Ane Books in 2013)

Apart from the above book, some slides are based on the material from the following books

- A. V. Aho, M. Lam, R. Sethi, and J. D. Ullman. *Compilers: Principles, Techniques, and Tools.* Addison-Wesley. 2006.
- M. S. Hecht. Flow Analysis of Computer Programs. Elsevier

North-Holland Inc. 1977.

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### Part 2

# The Big Picture

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

So what have learnt?

Education is what remains after you have forgotten everything that was taught

- Albert Einstein

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The Main Theme of the Course

sound & precise modelling of runtime behaviour of programs efficiently



3/18

sound & precise modelling of runtime behaviour of programs efficiently

suitable abstractions for

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

The Main Theme of the Course

Static Dynamic

Program Code

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Constructing

CS 618 Wrap Up: The Big Picture 3/18 The Main Theme of the Course

Constructing suitable abstractions for sound & precise modelling of runtime behaviour of programs efficiently

Abstract, Bounded, Single Instance

Concrete, Unbounded, Infinitely Many

### Static

Program Code

Program Execution

**Dynamic** 

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## The Main Theme of the Course

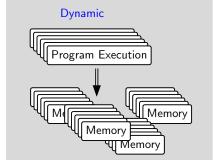
Constructing suitable abstractions for sound & precise modelling of runtime behaviour of programs efficiently

Abstract, Bounded, Single Instance

Static

Program Code

Concrete, Unbounded, Infinitely Many



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## The Main Theme of the Course

Constructing suitable abstractions for sound & precise modelling of runtime behaviour of programs efficiently

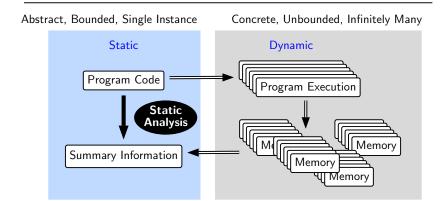
Abstract, Bounded, Single Instance Concrete, Unbounded, Infinitely Many Static **Dynamic** Program Code Program Execution Memory Summary Information Memory Memor\

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### The Main Theme of the Course

Constructing suit

suitable abstractions for sound & precise modelling of runtime behaviour of programs efficiently



{ int c;
 c = a\*2;
 while (b <= c)
 b = b+1;
 if (b < 9)
 b = b+a;</pre>

return b;

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<pre>int a; int f(int b)</pre>	
{ int c;	1: c = a*2
c = a*2;	2: if (b > c) goto 5
while (b <= c)	3: b = b + 1
b = b+1;	4: goto 2
if (b < 9)	5: if (b $\geq$ 9) goto 7
b = b+a;	6: b = b+a
return b;	7: return b
}	

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# •

```
Example Program
                           Simplified IR
                                                Control Flow Graph
                                                 c = a*2
int a;
                                                 if (b>c)
int f(int b)
{ int c;
                      1: c = a*2
                      2: if (b > c) goto 5
                                                      b = b+1
   c = a*2;
   while (b \le c)
                      3: b = b + 1
      b = b+1;
                      4: goto 2
                                                if (b>9)
   if (b < 9)
                      5: if (b \geq 9) goto 7
      b = b+a;
                      6: b = b+a
                                                        = b+a
   return b;
                      7: return b
                                                 return b
```

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A trace: a valid sequence of states starting with a given initial state

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- 1: c = a\*22: if (b > c)
- goto 5 3: b = b + 1
- 4: goto 2
- 5: if (b > 9)goto 7
- 6: b = b+a7: return b

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# A state: (Program Point, Variables → Values)

- A trace: a valid sequence of states starting with a given initial state

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- a b c
- 1: c = a\*20:(1,2,3)
- 2: if (b > c)1:(1,2,2)
  - 2:(1,2,2)goto 5
  - 3:(1,3,2)
- 3: b = b + 1
- 4: goto 2 4:(1,3,2)

goto 7

6: b = b+a

- 5: if  $(b \ge 9)$ 
  - 2:(1,3,2)

    - 5:(1,3,2)
      - 5:(1,4,2)

- 7:(1,4,2)
- 7: return b

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## A state: (Program Point, Variables → Values)

A trace: a valid sequence of states starting with a given initial state

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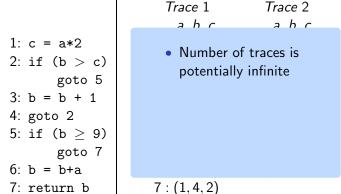
Wrap Up: The Big Picture

- Trace 1 Trace 2
- a b c a b c
- 1: c = a\*20:(1,2,3) 0:(5,10,7)
- 2: if (b > c)1:(1,2,2)1:(5,10,10)

  - 2:(1,2,2) 2:(5,10,10)goto 5
- 3: b = b + 13:(1,3,2)3:(5,11,10)
- 4: goto 2 4:(1,3,2)4:(5,11,10)
- 5: if  $(b \ge 9)$ 2:(1,3,2)2:(5,11,10)
  - 5:(1,3,2) 5:(5,11,10)goto 7
- 7:(5,11,10)6: b = b+a5: (1, 4, 2)

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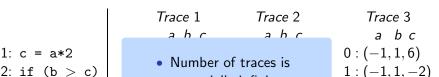
- A state: (Program Point, Variables → Values)
  A trace: a valid sequence of states starting with a given initial state
- 77 trace. a valid sequence of states starting with a given initial state



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- A state: (Program Point, Variables → Values) A trace: a valid sequence of states starting with a given initial state



2: if (b > c)

7:(1,4,2)

- potentially infinite goto 5 Not all traces may
- 3: b = b + 1terminate 4: goto 2
- - 3:(-1,2,-2)
    - 4:(-1,2,-2)

2:(-1,1,-2)

- 2:(-1,2,-2)
- 3:(-1,3,-2)4:(-1,3,-2)

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2:(-1,3,-2)

5: if (b > 9)goto 7

6: b = b+a

7: return b

Execution Traces for Concrete Semantics

- A state: (Program Point, Variables → Values) A trace: a valid sequence of states starting with a given initial state

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

Trace 1 Trace 2 Trace 3 ahc ahc a b c 0:(-1,1,6)1: c = a\*2

- Number of traces is 2: if (b > c)potentially infinite
- goto 5 Not all traces may 3: b = b + 1
  - We consider only
- 4: goto 2 5: if (b > 9)

goto 7

6: b = b+a

7: return b

- terminate
  - 3:(-1,2,-2)4:(-1,2,-2)

  - 2:(-1,2,-2)
  - terminating traces 3:(-1,3,-2)4:(-1,3,-2)7:(1,4,2)2:(-1,3,-2)

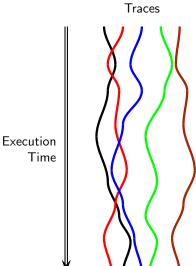
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1:(-1,1,-2)

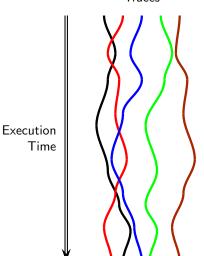
2:(-1,1,-2)



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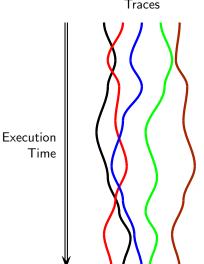
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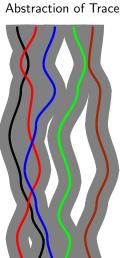
**Static Analysis Computes Abstractions of Traces** 





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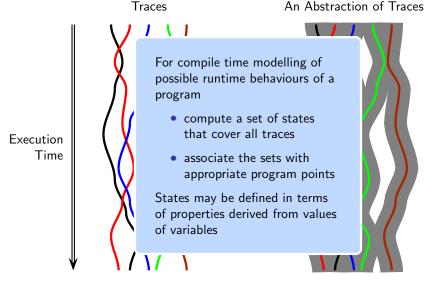


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**Static Analysis Computes Abstractions of Traces** 

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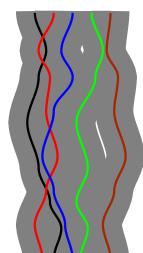




Sound

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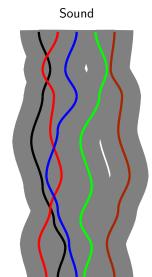
**Soundness of Abstractions** 



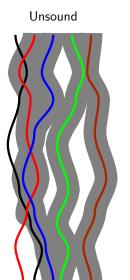
 An over-approximation of traces is sound



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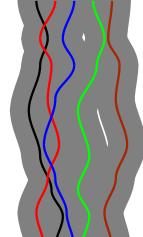


- An over-approximation of traces is sound
  - Missing any state in any trace causes unsoundness

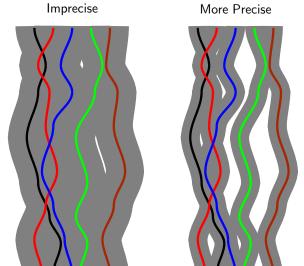


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**Precision of Sound Abstractions** 

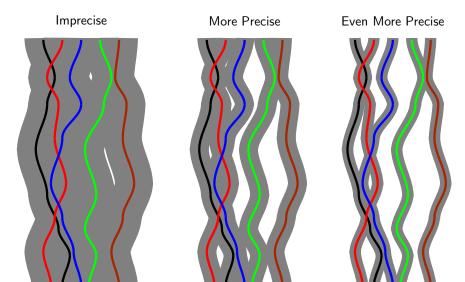


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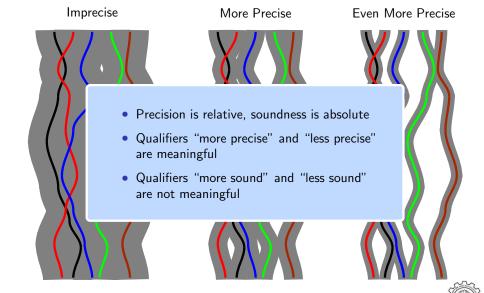


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CS 618 Wrap Up: The Big Picture 8/18 **Precision of Sound Abstractions** 



Motifs Used for Building the Theme

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Intuition-formalism dichotomy

# Motifs Used for Building the Theme

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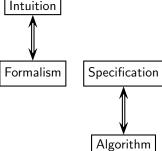


- Intuitions representing abstract view of the run time behaviour
- Systematic formulation amenable to automation and reasoning

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- Intuition-formalism dichotomy
- Specification-implementation dichotomy



- Separate reasoning from the implementation
- Systematize construction of analyzers

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Intuition-formalism dichotomy

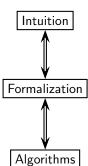
## Motifs Used for Building the Theme

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

Specification-implementation dichotomy

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- Formalizing underlying concepts rigorously
- Formulating analysis in terms of data flow equations (confluence, initialization, boundary info, flow functions etc.)



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Intuition

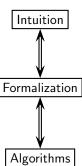
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Motifs Used for Building the Theme

- Intuition-formalism dichotomy
- Specification-implementation dichotomy
- Successive generalizations

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 Generalize by relaxing conditions (Previous abstractions should become special cases)



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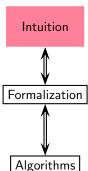
Intuition-formalism dichotomy

## Motifs Used for Building the Theme

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

- Specification-implementation dichotomy
- Successive generalizations

- Generalize by relaxing conditions (Previous abstractions should become special cases)
- Generalize the intuitions. specifications, or algorithm



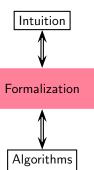
Intuition-formalism dichotomy

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

Motifs Used for Building the Theme

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Intuition-formalism dichotomy

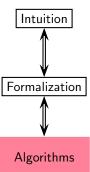
# Motifs Used for Building the Theme

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

- Specification-implementation dichotomy
- Successive generalizations

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Intuition-formalism dichotomy

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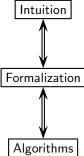
Motifs Used for Building the Theme

- Specification-implementation dichotomy
- Successive generalizations

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• Filtering and distilling ideas

- Ask the right questions
- Separate relevant from irrelevant



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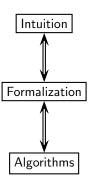
Motifs Used for Building the Theme

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

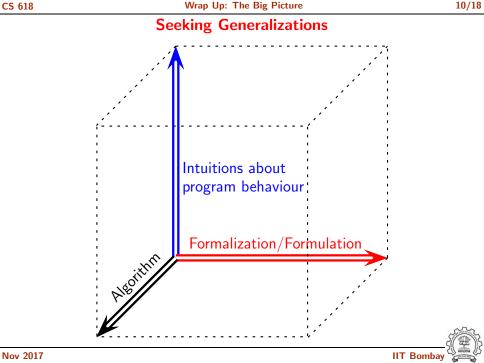
- Intuition-formalism dichotomy
- Specification-implementation dichotomy
- Successive generalizations

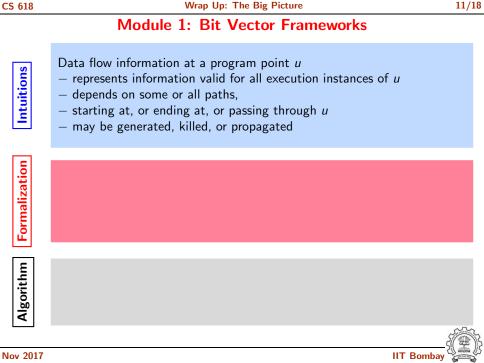
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- Filtering and distilling ideas
- Working from first principles
  - First principles: A small set of orthogonal concepts
  - Add as few concepts as possible to the set of first principles



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Representations

- programs = control flow graphs

- data flow values = sets or bit vectors

- dependence of data flow values = data flow equations

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

Module 1: Bit Vector Frameworks

represents information valid for all execution instances of u

Data flow information at a program point u

starting at, or ending at, or passing through u
 may be generated, killed, or propagated

depends on some or all paths,

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Intuitions

**Algorithm** 

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Intuitions - may be generated, killed, or propagated **Formalization** Representations

- dependence of data flow values  $\equiv$  data flow equations

represents information valid for all execution instances of u

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

Module 1: Bit Vector Frameworks

Data flow information at a program point u

starting at, or ending at, or passing through u

depends on some or all paths,

- programs  $\equiv$  control flow graphs - data flow values  $\equiv$  sets or bit vectors

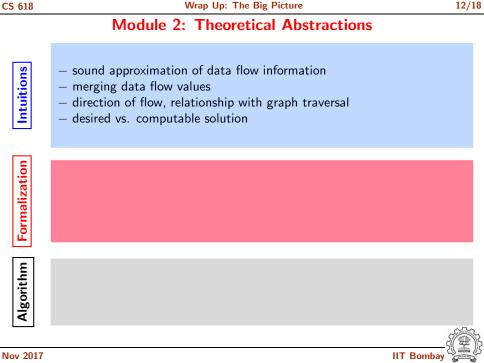
# **Algorithm**

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convergence iterative refinement initialization

- round robin method

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sound approximation of data flow information Intuitions merging data flow values direction of flow, relationship with graph traversal desired vs. computable solution Formalization lattices, partial order, meet, descending chain condition (DCC) monotonicity, distributivity and non-separability of flow functions MFP and MoP assignments

information flow paths, depth and width of a CFG

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

Module 2: Theoretical Abstractions

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**Algorithm** 

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 sound approximation of data flow information Intuitions merging data flow values direction of flow, relationship with graph traversal desired vs. computable solution

> lattices, partial order, meet, descending chain condition (DCC) monotonicity, distributivity and non-separability of flow functions

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

Module 2: Theoretical Abstractions

 MFP and MoP assignments information flow paths, depth and width of a CFG

complexity

conservative initialization work list based method

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**Algorithm** 

 sound approximation of data flow information Intuitions merging data flow values direction of flow, relationship with graph traversal

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

Module 2: Theoretical Abstractions

Formalization

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 monote MFP at

lattices

desired vs. computable solution

- conservative initialization

**Algorithm**  complexity work list based method

Learning outcome: Add the following

Theme: Generalization in formulations

ns requirements to the set of first principles Monotonic flow functions and meet informa semi-lattice satisfying DCC

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Formalization modelling non-separability in flow functions using dependent parts flow function operations (e.g. path removal, factorization, extension, relation application)

- Representations for data flow values: Sets, tuples, strings, graphs

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Module 3: General Frameworks

 generation and killing depending upon the incoming information - flow insensitivity, may and must nature in flow sensitivity

dependence of data flow values across entities

use of program point in data flow information

**Algorithm** 

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Intuitions

dependence of data flow values across entities Intuitions generation and killing depending upon the incoming information

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

Module 3: General Frameworks

- use of program point in data flow information
- Rep
- mod flow

(e.g

- flow insensitivity, may and must nature in flow sensitivity

Generalizations in formulation

Observations:

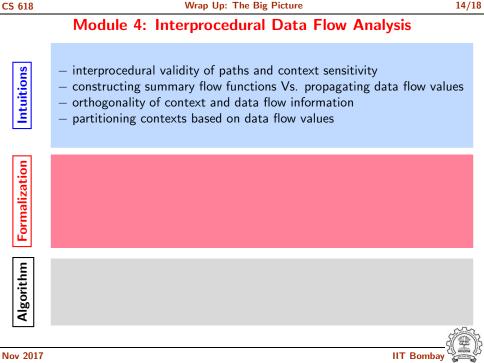
Structure of heap accesses consist of repeating patterns that resemble the program structure

Program analysis should be driven by liveness to restrict the information to usable information

Algorithm

Formalization

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interprocedural validity of paths and context sensitivity Intuitions constructing summary flow functions Vs. propagating data flow values orthogonality of context and data flow information partitioning contexts based on data flow values

value contexts, their exit values, and transitions

 lattices of flow functions, reducing function compositions and meets data flow equations for constructing summary flow functions

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

Module 4: Interprocedural Data Flow Analysis

Formalization

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**Algorithm** 

interprocedural validity of paths and context sensitivity Intuitions constructing summary flow functions Vs. propagating data flow values orthogonality of context and data flow information partitioning contexts based on data flow values

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Wrap Up: The Big Picture

Module 4: Interprocedural Data Flow Analysis

Formalization value contexts, their exit values, and transitions

> work list based method ordering of nodes in post or reverse post order

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Intuitions constructing summary flow functions Vs. propagating data flow values orthogonality of context and data flow information partitioning contexts based on data flow values Formalization Generalizations in formulation and algorithm latt dat Observation: — val Separating relevant information from irrelevant information can have a significant impact Algorithm work list based method ordering of nodes in post or reverse post order

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Module 4: Interprocedural Data Flow Analysis

interprocedural validity of paths and context sensitivity

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Sequence of Generalizations in the Course Modules

Bit Vector Frameworks



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Bit Vector Frameworks

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**Sequence of Generalizations in the Course Modules** 

Theoretical abstractions

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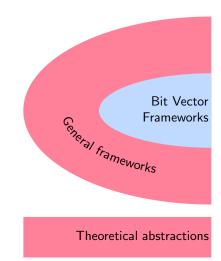
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Sequence of Generalizations in the Course Modules

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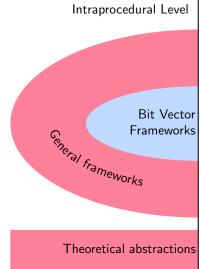
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**Sequence of Generalizations in the Course Modules** 

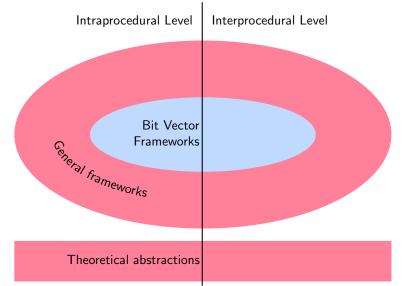




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Wrap Up: The Big Picture



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# Takeaways of the Course

Data Flow Analysis:

Minimal conditions for devising a data flow framework

- Intraprocedural formulation:
  - Meet semilattice satisfying the descending chain condition, and
  - Monotonic flow functions
- Extension to interprocedural level: Additional restrictions
  - Value based approach: Finiteness of lattice
  - Functional approach: Distributive primitive entity functions



Data Flow Analysis:

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

Takeaways of the Course

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Minimal conditions for devising a data flow framework

- Intraprocedural formulation:
  - Meet semilattice satisfying the descending chain condition, and
  - Monotonic flow functions
- Extension to interprocedural level: Additional restrictions
  - Value based approach: Finiteness of lattice
  - Functional approach: Distributive primitive entity functions
- General:

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- Generalization, refinements, distilling the essense
- Asking the right questions
- Separating relevant information from the irrelevant information

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Still Bigger Picture ...

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 Influences of other languages features ► Concurrency, Object orientation, Coroutines, Exception handling

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# Scope of the course: Generic static analyses for imperative languages

Did not cover

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Still Bigger Picture ...

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Declarative paradigms: functional or logic languages

Wrap Up: The Big Picture Still Bigger Picture . . .

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Scope of the course: Generic static analyses for imperative languages

## Did not cover

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- Influences of other languages features
  - Concurrency, Object orientation, Coroutines, Exception handling
  - ▶ Declarative paradigms: functional or logic languages
- Influences of other goals
  - Verification and validation, testing (e.g. analyses for finding bugs does not require exhaustiveness or soundness)
  - Path sensitive analyses
  - Shape analysis
  - Optimization specific analyses
  - Adhoc techniques of achieving efficiency
  - Analyses for JIT compilation
  - Parallelization, Vetorization, Dependence analysis

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- Influences of other languages features
  - Concurrency, Object orientation, Coroutines, Exception handling

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Still Bigger Picture . . .

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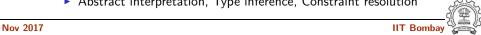
▶ Declarative paradigms: functional or logic languages

Scope of the course: Generic static analyses for imperative languages

Influences of other goals

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- Verification and validation, testing (e.g. analyses for finding bugs does not require exhaustiveness or soundness)
- Path sensitive analyses
- Shape analysis
- Optimization specific analyses
- Adhoc techniques of achieving efficiency
- Analyses for JIT compilation
- Parallelization, Vetorization, Dependence analysis
- Other analysis methods
  - ► Abstract interpretation, Type inference, Constraint resolution



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Thank You!

Wrap Up: The Big Picture

Last But Not the Least

