

First Level Gray Box Probing

GCC Resource Center
(www.cse.iitb.ac.in/grc)

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July 2010

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Graybox Probing-I: Outline

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Outline

- Introduction to Graybox Probing of GCC
- Examining GIMPLE Dumps
 - ▶ Translation of data accesses
 - ▶ Translation of intraprocedural control flow
 - ▶ Translation of interprocedural control flow
- Examining RTL Dumps
- Examining Assembly Dumps
- Conclusions



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Outline

Notes



Part 1

Preliminaries

Notes

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Graybox Probing-I: Preliminaries

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What is Gray Box Probing of GCC?

- **Black Box probing:**
Examining only the input and output relationship of a system
- **White Box probing:**
Examining internals of a system for a given set of inputs
- **Gray Box probing:**
Examining input and output of various components/modules
 - ▶ Overview of translation sequence in GCC
 - ▶ Overview of intermediate representations
 - ▶ Intermediate representations of programs across important phases



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Graybox Probing-I: Preliminaries

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What is Gray Box Probing of GCC?

Notes



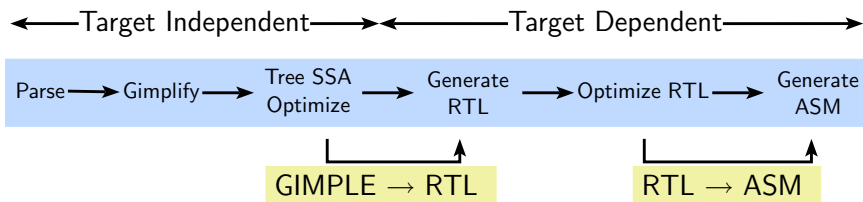
First Level Gray Box Probing of GCC

- Restricted to the most important translations in GCC



Basic Transformations in GCC

Transformation from a language to a *different* language



First Level Gray Box Probing of GCC

Notes



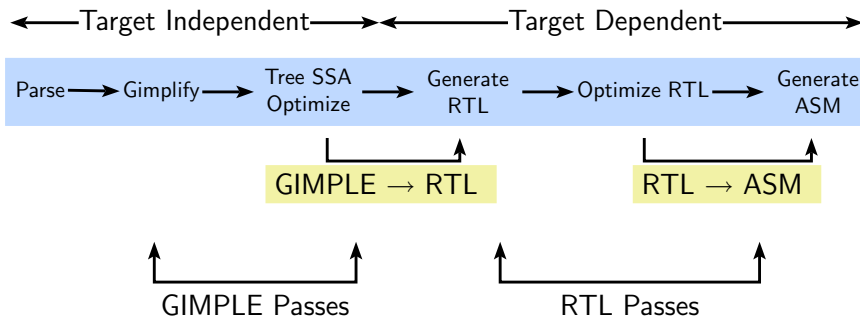
Basic Transformations in GCC

Notes



Basic Transformations in GCC

Transformation from a language to a *different* language



Transformation Passes in GCC 4.5.0

- A total of 203 unique pass names initialized in `$(SOURCE)/gcc/passes.c`
Total number of passes is 239.
 - ▶ Some passes are called multiple times in different contexts
Conditional constant propagation and dead code elimination are called thrice
 - ▶ Some passes are enabled for specific architectures
 - ▶ Some passes have many variations (eg. special cases for loops)
Common subexpression elimination, dead code elimination
- The pass sequence can be divided broadly in two parts
 - ▶ Passes on GIMPLE
 - ▶ Passes on RTL
- Some passes are organizational passes to group related passes



Basic Transformations in GCC

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Transformation Passes in GCC 4.5.0

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Passes On GIMPLE in GCC 4.5.0

Pass Group	Examples	Number of passes
Lowering	GIMPLE IR, CFG Construction	12
Interprocedural Optimizations	Conditional Constant Propagation, Inlining, SSA Construction, LTO	49
Intraprocedural Optimizations	Constant Propagation, Dead Code Elimination, PRE	42
Loop Optimizations	Vectorization, Parallelization	27
Remaining Intraprocedural Optimizations	Value Range Propagation, Rename SSA	23
Generating RTL		01
Total number of passes on GIMPLE		154

**Passes On RTL in GCC 4.5.0**

Pass Group	Examples	Number of passes
Intraprocedural Optimizations	CSE, Jump Optimization	21
Loop Optimizations	Loop Invariant Movement, Peeling, Unswitching	7
Machine Dependent Optimizations	Register Allocation, Instruction Scheduling, Peephole Optimizations	54
Assembly Emission and Finishing		03
Total number of passes on RTL		85

**Passes On GIMPLE in GCC 4.5.0**

Notes

**Passes On RTL in GCC 4.5.0**

Notes



Finding Out List of Optimizations

Along with the associated flags

- A complete list of optimizations with a brief description

```
gcc -c --help=optimizers
```

- Optimizations enabled at level 2 (other levels are 0, 1, 3, and s)

```
gcc -c -O2 --help=optimizers -Q
```



Producing the Output of GCC Passes

- Use the option `-fdump-<ir>-<passname>`

`<ir>` could be

- ▶ `tree`: Intraprocedural passes on GIMPLE
- ▶ `ipa`: Interprocedural passes on GIMPLE
- ▶ `rtl`: Intraprocedural passes on RTL

- Use `all` in place of `<pass>` to see all dumps

Example: `gcc -fdump-tree-all -fdump-rtl-all test.c`

- Dumping more details:

Suffix `raw` for tree passes and `details` or `slim` for RTL passes

Individual passes may have more verbosity options (e.g. `-fsched-verbose=5`)

- Use `-S` to stop the compilation with assembly generation
- Use `--verbose-asm` to see more detailed assembly dump



Finding Out List of Optimizations

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Producing the Output of GCC Passes

Notes



Dumps for Our Code Fragments

GIMPLE dumps (t)	140t.optimized	180r.outof_cfglayout
001t.tu	219t.statistics	181r.split1
003t.original	ipa dumps (i)	183r.dfinit
004t.gimple	000i.cgraph	184r.mode_sw
006t.vcg	015i.visibility	185r.asmcons
008t.omplower	019i.early_local_cleanups	188r.ira
009t.lower	044i.whole-program	191r.split2
011t.eh	046i.inline	193r.pro_and_epilogue
012t.cfg	rtl dumps (r)	206r.stack
013t.vecloer	141r.expand	207r.alignments
014t.inline_param1	142r.sibling	210r.mach
021t.cleanup_cfg	144r.initvals	211r.barriers
023t.ssa	145r.unshare	215r.shorten
024t.einline2	146r.vregs	216r.nothrow
040t.release_ssa	147r.into_cfglayout	217r.final
041t.inline_param3	148r.jump	218r.dfinish
135t.cplxlower0	160r.reginfo	



Total Number of Dumps

Optimization Level	Number of Dumps	Goals
Default	47	Fast compilation
O1	134	
O2	156	
O3	165	
Os	154	Optimize for space



Dumps for Our Code Fragments

Notes



Total Number of Dumps

Notes



Selected Dumps for Our Example Program

GIMPLE dumps (t)	140t.optimized	180r.outof_cfglayout
001t.tu	219t.statistics	181r.split1
003t.original	ipa dumps (i)	183r.dfinit
004t.gimple	000i.cgraph	184r.mode_sw
006t.vcg	015i.visibility	185r.asmcons
008t.omplower	019i.early_local_cleanups	188r.ira
009t.lower	044i.whole-program	191r.split2
011t.eh	046i.inline	193r.pro_and_epilogue
012t.cfg	rtl dumps (r)	206r.stack
013t.vecloer	141r.expand	207r.alignments
014t.inline_param1	142r.sibling	210r.mach
021t.cleanup_cfg	144r.initvals	211r.barriers
023t.ssa	145r.unshare	215r.shorten
024t.einline2	146r.vregs	216r.nothrow
040t.release_ssa	147r.into_cfglayout	217r.final
041t.inline_param3	148r.jump	218r.dfinish
135t.cplxlower0	160r.reginfo	assembly output

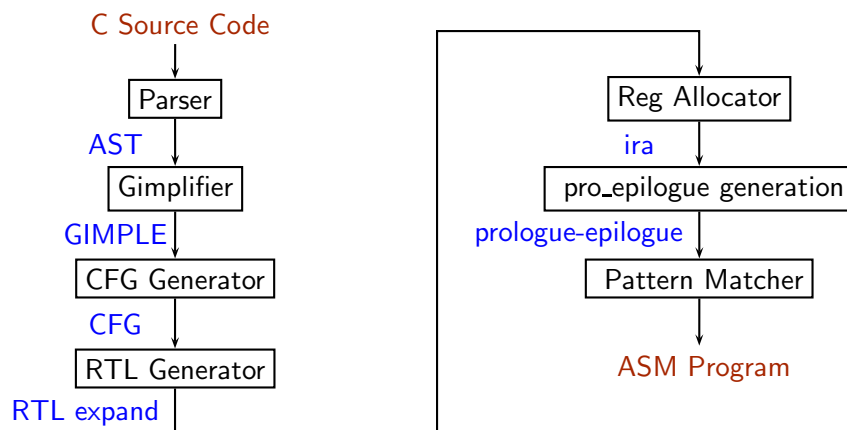


Selected Dumps for Our Example Program

Notes



Passes for First Level Graybox Probing of GCC



Lowering of abstraction!



Passes for First Level Graybox Probing of GCC

Notes



Part 2

Examining GIMPLE Dumps

Notes

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Gimplifier

- About GIMPLE
 - ▶ Three-address representation derived from GENERIC
 - Computation represented as a sequence of basic operations
 - Temporaries introduced to hold intermediate values
 - ▶ Control constructs are explicated into conditional jumps
- Examining GIMPLE Dumps
 - ▶ Examining translation of data accesses
 - ▶ Examining translation of control flow
 - ▶ Examining translation of function calls

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Graybox Probing-I: Examining GIMPLE Dumps

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Gimplifier

Notes



GIMPLE: Composite Expressions Involving Local and Global Variables

test.c

int a;

int main()

{

int x = 10;

int y = 5;

x = a + x * y;

y = y - a * x;

}

test.c.004t.gimple

x = 10;

y = 5;

D.1954 = x * y;

a.0 = a;

x = D.1954 + a.0;

a.1 = a;

D.1957 = a.1 * x;

y = y - D.1957;



GIMPLE: 1-D Array Accesses

test.c

int main()

{

int a[3], x;

a[1] = a[2] = 10;

x = a[1] + a[2];

a[0] = a[1] + a[1]*x;

}

test.c.004t.gimple

a[2] = 10;

D.1952 = a[2];

a[1] = D.1952;

D.1953 = a[1];

D.1954 = a[2];

x = D.1953 + D.1954;

D.1955 = x + 1;

D.1956 = a[1];

D.1957 = D.1955 * D.1956;

a[0] = D.1957;



GIMPLE: Composite Expressions Involving Local and Global Variables

Notes



GIMPLE: 1-D Array Accesses

Notes



GIMPLE: 2-D Array Accesses

test.c

```
int main()
{
    int a[3][3], x, y;
    a[0][0] = 7;
    a[1][1] = 8;
    a[2][2] = 9;
    x = a[0][0] / a[1][1];
    y = a[1][1] % a[2][2];
}
```

test.c.004t.gimple

```
a[0][0] = 7;
a[1][1] = 8;
a[2][2] = 9;
D.1953 = a[0][0];
D.1954 = a[1][1];
x = D.1953 / D.1954;
D.1955 = a[1][1];
D.1956 = a[2][2];
y = D.1955 % D.1956;
```

**GIMPLE: 2-D Array Accesses**

Notes

**GIMPLE: Use of Pointers**

test.c

```
int main()
{
    int **a,*b,c;
    b = &c;
    a = &b;
    **a = 10; /* c = 10 */
}
~
```

test.c.004t.gimple

```
main ()
{
    int * D.1953;
    int * * a;
    int * b;
    int c;

    b = &c;
    a = &b;
    D.1953 = *a;
    *D.1953 = 10;
}
```

**GIMPLE: Use of Pointers**

Notes



GIMPLE: Use of Structures

test.c

```
typedef struct address
{ char *name;
} addr;

typedef struct student
{ int roll;
  addr *city;
} stud;

int main()
{ stud *s;

  s = malloc(sizeof(stud));
  s->roll = 1;
  s->city=malloc(sizeof(addr));
  s->city->name = "Mumbai";
}
```

test.c.004t.gimple

```
main ()
{
  void * D.2052;
  void * D.2053;
  struct addr * D.2054;
  struct addr * D.2055;
  struct stud * s;

  D.2052 = malloc (8);
  s = (struct stud *) D.2052;
  s->roll = 1;
  D.2053 = malloc (4);
  D.2054 = (struct addr *) D.2053;
  s->city = D.2054;
  D.2055 = s->city;
  D.2055->name = &"Mumbai"[0];
}
```

**GIMPLE: Use of Structures**

Notes

**GIMPLE: Pointer to Array**

test.c

```
int main()
{
  int *p_a, a[3];

  p_a = &a[0];

  *p_a = 10;
  *(p_a+1) = 20;
  *(p_a+2) = 30;
}
```

test.c.004t.gimple

```
main ()
{
  int * D.2048;
  int * D.2049;
  int * p_a;
  int a[3];

  p_a = &a[0];
  *p_a = 10;
  D.2048 = p_a + 4;
  *D.2048 = 20;
  D.2049 = p_a + 8;
  *D.2049 = 30;
}
```

**GIMPLE: Pointer to Array**

Notes



GIMPLE: Translation of Conditional Statements

test.c

```
int main()
{
    int a=2, b=3, c=4;
    while (a<=7)
    {
        a = a+1;
    }
    if (a<=12)
        a = a+b+c;
}
```

test.c.004t.gimple

```
if (a <= 12) goto <D.1200>;
else goto <D.1201>;
<D.1200>:
D.1199 = a + b;
a = D.1199 + c;
<D.1201>:
```



GIMPLE: Translation of Conditional Statements

Notes



GIMPLE: Translation of Loops

test.c

```
int main()
{
    int a=2, b=3, c=4;
    while (a<=7)
    {
        a = a+1;
    }
    if (a<=12)
        a = a+b+c;
}
```

test.c.004t.gimple

```
goto <D.1197>;
<D.1196>:
a = a + 1;
<D.1197>:
if (a <= 7) goto <D.1196>;
else goto <D.1198>;
<D.1198>:
```



GIMPLE: Translation of Loops

Notes



GIMPLE: Translation of Loops

test.c

```
int main()
{
    int a=2, b=3, c=4;
    while (a<=7)
    {
        a = a+1;
    }
    if (a<=12)
        a = a+b+c;
}
```

test.c.004t.gimple

```
goto <D.1197>;
<D.1196>:
a = a + 1;
<D.1197>:
if (a <= 7) goto <D.1196>;
else goto <D.1198>;
<D.1198>:
```



GIMPLE: Translation of Loops

Notes



Control Flow Graph: Textual View

test.c.004t.gimple

```
if (a <= 12) goto <D.1200>;
else goto <D.1201>;
<D.1200>:
D.1199 = a + b;
a = D.1199 + c;
<D.1201>:
```

test.c.012t.cfg

```
<bb 5>:
  if (a <= 12)
    goto <bb 6>;
  else
    goto <bb 7>;

<bb 6>:
  D.1199 = a + b;
  a = D.1199 + c;

<bb 7>:
  return;
```



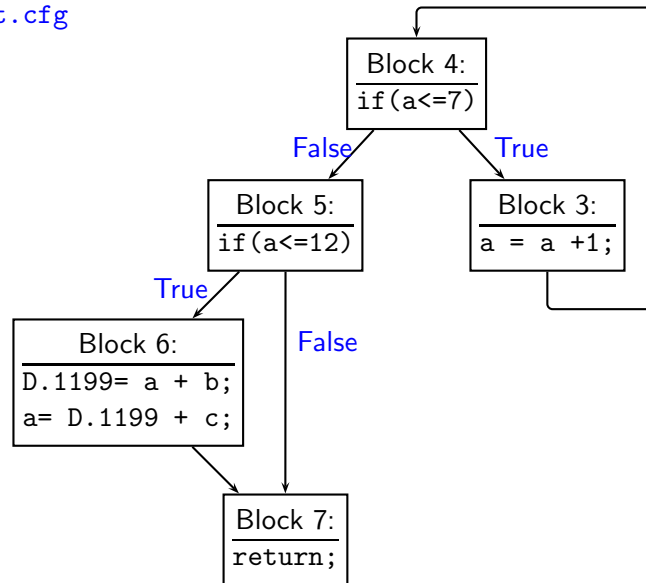
Control Flow Graph: Textual View

Notes



Control Flow Graph: Pictorial View

test.c.012t.cfg



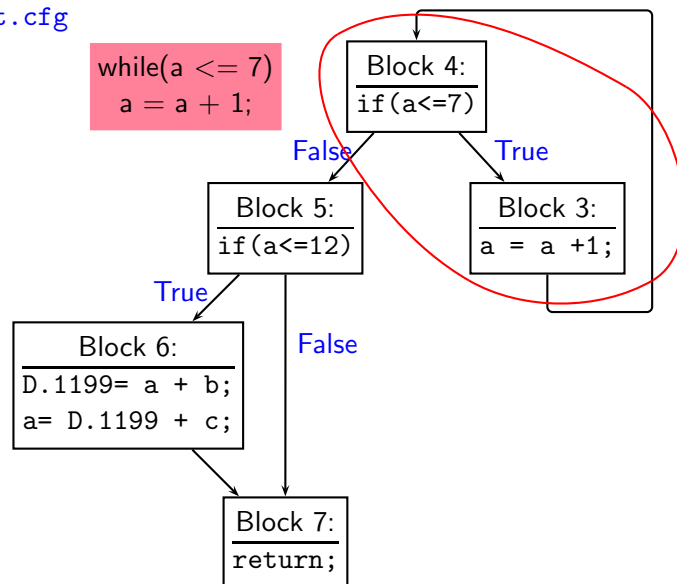
Control Flow Graph: Pictorial View

Notes



Control Flow Graph: Pictorial View

test.c.012t.cfg



Control Flow Graph: Pictorial View

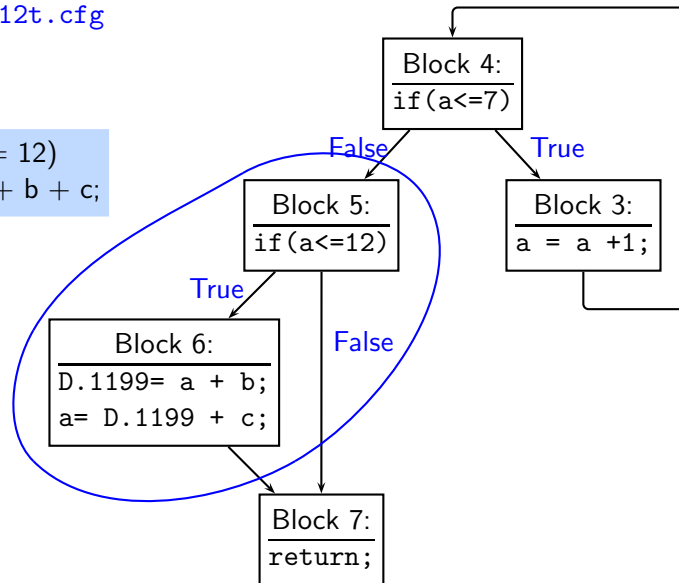
Notes



Control Flow Graph: Pictorial View

test.c.012t.cfg

```
if(a <= 12)
a = a + b + c;
```



Control Flow Graph: Pictorial View

Notes



GIMPLE: Function Calls and Call Graph

test.c

```
extern int divide(int, int);
int multiply(int a, int b)
{
    return a*b;
}

int main()
{ int x,y;
  x = divide(20,5);
  y = multiply(x,2);
  printf("%d\n", y);
}
```

test.c.000i.cgraph

```
printf/3(-1) @0xb73c7ac8 availability:not_availa
  called by: main/1 (1.00 per call)
  calls:
divide/2(-1) @0xb73c7a10 availability:not_availa
  called by: main/1 (1.00 per call)
  calls:
main/1(1) @0xb73c7958 availability:available 38
  called by:
  calls: printf/3 (1.00 per call)
         multiply/0 (1.00 per call)
         divide/2 (1.00 per call)
multiply/0(0) @0xb73c78a0 availability:available
  called by: main/1 (1.00 per call)
  calls:
```

Notes



GIMPLE: Function Calls and Call Graph

test.c

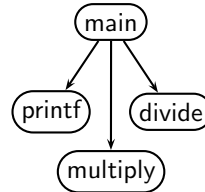
```
extern int divide(int, int);
int multiply(int a, int b)
{
    return a*b;
}

int main()
{ int x,y;
  x = divide(20,5);
  y = multiply(x,2);
  printf("%d\n", y);
}
```

test.c.000i.cgraph

```
printf/3(-1)
  called by: main/1
  calls:
    divide/2(-1)
      called by: main/1
      calls:
        main/1(1)
          called by:
            calls: printf/3
                  multiply/0
                  divide/2
        multiply/0(0)
          called by: main/1
          calls:
```

call graph



GIMPLE: Function Calls and Call Graph

Notes



GIMPLE: Call Graphs for Recursive Functions

test.c

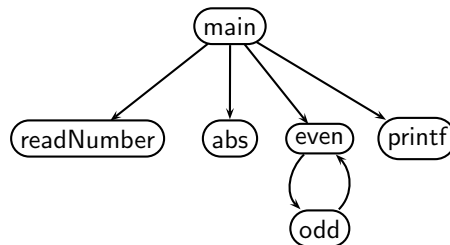
```
int even(int n)
{ if (n == 0) return 1;
  else return (!odd(n-1));
}

int odd(int n)
{ if (n == 1) return 1;
  else return (!even(n-1));
}

main()
{ int n;

  n = abs(readNumber());
  if (even(n))
    printf ("n is even\n");
  else printf ("n is odd\n");
}
```

call graph



GIMPLE: Call Graphs for Recursive Functions

Notes



Inspect GIMPLE When in Doubt

```
int x=2,y=3;
x = y++ + ++x + ++y;
```

What are the values of x and y?

$x = 10$, $y = 5$

x	3
y	3
$(y + x)$	6
$(y + x) + y$	



Inspect GIMPLE When in Doubt

```
int x=2,y=3;
x = y++ + ++x + ++y;
```

What are the values of x and y?

$x = 10$, $y = 5$

x	3
y	4
$(y + x)$	6
$(y + x) + y$	



Inspect GIMPLE When in Doubt

Notes



Inspect GIMPLE When in Doubt

Notes



Inspect GIMPLE When in Doubt

```
int x=2,y=3;
x = y++ + ++x + ++y;
```

What are the values of x and y?

$x = 10$, $y = 5$

x	3
y	5
$(y + x)$	6
$(y + x) + y$	



Inspect GIMPLE When in Doubt

```
int x=2,y=3;
x = y++ + ++x + ++y;
```

What are the values of x and y?

$x = 10$, $y = 5$

x	3
y	5
$(y + x)$	6
$(y + x) + y$	11



Inspect GIMPLE When in Doubt

Notes



Inspect GIMPLE When in Doubt

Notes



Inspect GIMPLE When in Doubt

```
int x=2,y=3;
x = y++ + ++x + ++y;
```

What are the values of x and y?

$x = 10$, $y = 5$

x	3
y	5
$(y + x)$	6
$(y + x) + y$	11

```
x = 2;
y = 3;
x = x + 1; /* 3 */
D.1572 = y + x; /* 6 */
y = y + 1; /* 4 */
x = D.1572 + y; /* 10 */
y = y + 1; /* 5 */
```



Part 3

Examining RTL Dumps

Inspect GIMPLE When in Doubt

Notes



Notes

RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (1)

Translation of $a = a + 1$

Dump file: [test.c.141r.expand](#)

```
(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [
  (set (mem/c/i:SI
    (plus:SI
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
      (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
    (plus:SI
      (mem/c/i:SI
        (plus:SI
          (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
          (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
        (const_int 1 [0x1])))
    (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
  ]) -1 (nil))
```

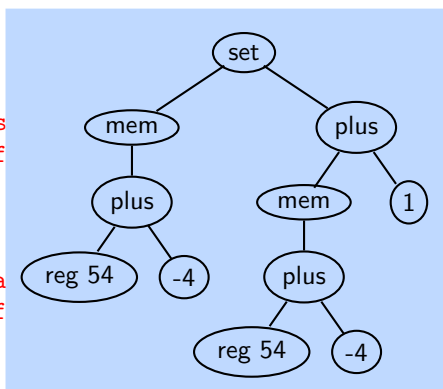


RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (1)

Translation of $a = a + 1$

Dump file: [test.c.141r.expand](#)

```
(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [
  (set (mem/c/i:SI
    (plus:SI
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-s
      (const_int -4 [0xfffff
    (plus:SI
      (mem/c/i:SI
        (plus:SI
          (reg/f:SI 54 virtua
          (const_int -4 [0xff
        (const_int 1 [0x1])))
      (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
    ]) -1 (nil))
```



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (1)

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (1)

Notes

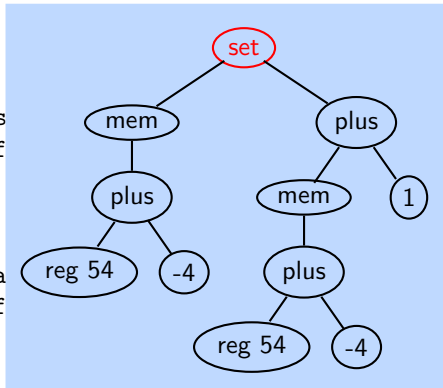


RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (1)

Translation of $a = a + 1$

Dump file: [test.c.141r.expand](#)

```
(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [
  (set (mem/c/i:SI
    (plus:SI
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-s
        (const_int -4 [0xfffff
      (plus:SI
        (mem/c/i:SI
          (plus:SI
            (reg/f:SI 54 virtua
              (const_int -4 [0xff
            (const_int 1 [0x1])))
          (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
        ]) -1 (nil))
```



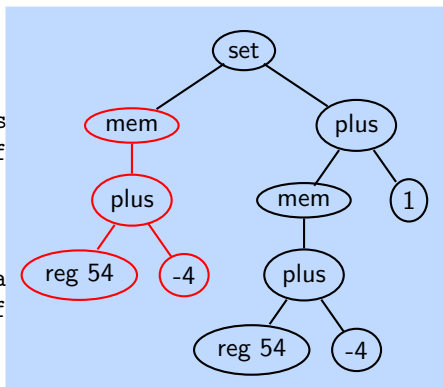
RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (1)

Translation of $a = a + 1$

Dump file: [test.c.141r.expand](#)

a is a local variable
allocated on stack

```
(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [
  (set (mem/c/i:SI
    (plus:SI
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-s
        (const_int -4 [0xfffff
      (plus:SI
        (mem/c/i:SI
          (plus:SI
            (reg/f:SI 54 virtua
              (const_int -4 [0xff
            (const_int 1 [0x1])))
          (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
        ]) -1 (nil))
```



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (1)

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (1)

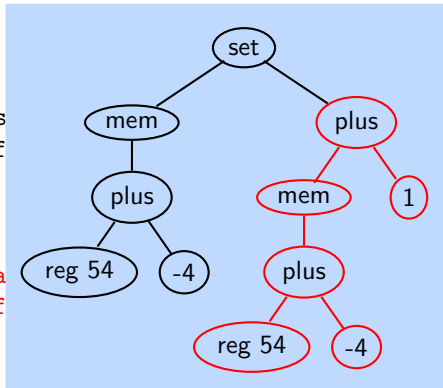
Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (1)

Translation of $a = a + 1$ Dump file: `test.c.141r.expand`a is a local variable
allocated on stack

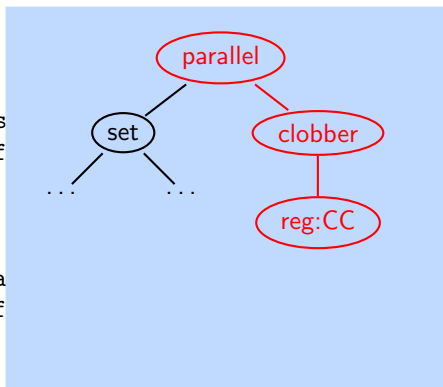
```
(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [
  (set (mem/c/i:SI
    (plus:SI
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-s
        (const_int -4 [0xfffff
  (plus:SI
    (mem/c/i:SI
      (plus:SI
        (reg/f:SI 54 virtua
          (const_int -4 [0xff
        (const_int 1 [0x1])))
    (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
  ]) -1 (nil))
```



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (1)

Translation of $a = a + 1$ Dump file: `test.c.141r.expand`side-effect of plus may
modify condition code register
non-deterministically

```
(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [
  (set (mem/c/i:SI
    (plus:SI
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-s
        (const_int -4 [0xfffff
  (plus:SI
    (mem/c/i:SI
      (plus:SI
        (reg/f:SI 54 virtua
          (const_int -4 [0xff
        (const_int 1 [0x1])))
    (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
  ]) -1 (nil))
```



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (1)

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (1)

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (1)

Translation of $a = a + 1$

Dump file: test.c.141r.e

Output with slim suffix

```

(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [
  (set (mem/c/i:SI
    (plus:SI
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
      (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
    (plus:SI
      (mem/c/i:SI
        (plus:SI
          (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
          (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
        (const_int 1 [0x1])))
    (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
  ]) -1 (nil))

```



Additional Information in RTL

```

(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [
  (set (mem/c/i:SI
    (plus:SI
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
      (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
    (plus:SI
      (mem/c/i:SI
        (plus:SI
          (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
          (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
        (const_int 1 [0x1])))
    (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
  ]) -1 (nil))

```

Current Instruction



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (1)

Notes



Additional Information in RTL

Notes



Additional Information in RTL

```
(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [
  (set (mem/c/i:SI
    (plus:SI
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
      (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32]))
  (plus:SI
    (mem/c/i:SI
      (plus:SI
        (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
        (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32]))
    (const_int 1 [0x1])))
  (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
]) -1 (nil))
```

Previous Instruction



Additional Information in RTL

```
(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [
  (set (mem/c/i:SI
    (plus:SI
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
      (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32]))
  (plus:SI
    (mem/c/i:SI
      (plus:SI
        (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
        (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32]))
    (const_int 1 [0x1])))
  (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
]) -1 (nil))
```

Next Instruction



Additional Information in RTL

Notes



Additional Information in RTL

Notes



Additional Information in RTL

```
(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [
  (set (mem/c/i:SI
    (plus:SI
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
      (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
    (plus:SI
      (mem/c/i:SI
        (plus:SI
          (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
          (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
        (const_int 1 [0x1])))
    (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
  ]) -1 (nil))
```

Basic Block



Additional Information in RTL

```
(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [
  (set (mem/c/i:SI
    (plus:SI
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
      (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
    (plus:SI
      (mem/c/i:SI
        (plus:SI
          (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
          (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
        (const_int 1 [0x1])))
    (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
  ]) -1 (nil))
```

File name: Line number



Additional Information in RTL

Notes



Additional Information in RTL

Notes



Additional Information in RTL

```
(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [  
  (set (mem/c/i:SI  
    (plus:SI  
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)  
      (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32]))  
  (plus:SI  
    (mem/c/i:SI  
      (plus:SI  
        (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)  
        (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32]))  
    (const_int 1 [0x1])))  
  (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))  
) -1 (nil))
```

memory reference
that does not trap



Additional Information in RTL

```
(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [  
  (set (mem/c/i:SI  
    (plus:SI  
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)  
      (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32]))  
  (plus:SI  
    (mem/c/i:SI  
      (plus:SI  
        (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)  
        (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32]))  
    (const_int 1 [0x1])))  
  (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))  
) -1 (nil))
```

scalar that is not a
part of an aggregate



Additional Information in RTL

Notes



Additional Information in RTL

Notes



Additional Information in RTL

```
(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [
  (set (mem/c/i:SI
    (plus:SI
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
      (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
    (plus:SI
      (mem/c/i:SI
        (plus:SI
          (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
          (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
        (const_int 1 [0x1])))
    (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
  ]) -1 (nil))
```

register that holds a pointer



Additional Information in RTL

```
(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:24 (parallel [
  (set (mem/c/i:SI
    (plus:SI
      (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
      (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
    (plus:SI
      (mem/c/i:SI
        (plus:SI
          (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
          (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
        (const_int 1 [0x1])))
    (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
  ]) -1 (nil))
```

single integer



Additional Information in RTL

Notes



Additional Information in RTL

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (2)

Translation of $a = a + 1$ when a is a global variable

Dump file: `test.c.141r.expand`

```
(insn 11 10 12 4 t.c:26 (set
  (reg:SI 64 [ a.0 ])
  (mem/c/i:SI
    (symbol_ref:SI ("a") <var_decl 0xb7d8d000 a>) [0 a+0 S4 A32]))) -1 (nil))

(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:26 (parallel [
  (set (reg:SI 63 [ a.1 ])
    (plus:SI
      (reg:SI 64 [ a.0 ])
      (const_int 1 [0x1])))
  (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
]) -1 (nil))

(insn 13 12 14 4 t.c:26 (set
  (mem/c/i:SI (symbol_ref:SI ("a") <var_decl 0xb7d8d000 a>) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
  (reg:SI 63 [ a.1 ])) -1 (nil))
```



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (2)

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (2)

Translation of $a = a + 1$ when a is a global variable

Dump file: `test.c.141r.expand`

```
(insn 11 10 12 4 t.c:26 (set
  (reg:SI 64 [ a.0 ])
  (mem/c/i:SI
    (symbol_ref:SI ("a") <var_decl 0xb7d8d000 a>) [0 a+0 S4 A32]))) -1 (nil))

(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:26 (parallel [
  (set (reg:SI 63 [ a.1 ])
    (plus:SI
      (reg:SI 64 [ a.0 ])
      (const_int 1 [0x1])))
  (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
]) -1 (nil))

(insn 13 12 14 4 t.c:26 (set
  (mem/c/i:SI (symbol_ref:SI ("a") <var_decl 0xb7d8d000 a>) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
  (reg:SI 63 [ a.1 ])) -1 (nil))
```

Load a into reg64

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (2)



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (2)

Translation of $a = a + 1$ when a is a global variable

Dump file: `test.c.141r.expand`

```
(insn 11 10 12 4 t.c:26 (set
  (reg:SI 64 [ a.0 ])
  (mem/c/i:SI
    (symbol_ref:SI ("a") <var_decl 0xb7d8d000 a> [0 a+0 S4 A32])) -1 (nil)))

(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:26 (parallel [
  (set (reg:SI 63 [ a.1 ])
    (plus:SI
      (reg:SI 64 [ a.0 ])
      (const_int 1 [0x1])))
  (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
]) -1 (nil))

(insn 13 12 14 4 t.c:26 (set
  (mem/c/i:SI (symbol_ref:SI ("a") <var_decl 0xb7d8d000 a> [0 a+0 S4 A32]))
  (reg:SI 63 [ a.1 ])) -1 (nil))
```

Load a into reg64
 $\text{reg63} = \text{reg64} + 1$

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (2)

Translation of $a = a + 1$ when a is a global variable

Dump file: `test.c.141r.expand`

```
(insn 11 10 12 4 t.c:26 (set
  (reg:SI 64 [ a.0 ])
  (mem/c/i:SI
    (symbol_ref:SI ("a") <var_decl 0xb7d8d000 a> [0 a+0 S4 A32])) -1 (nil)))

(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:26 (parallel [
  (set (reg:SI 63 [ a.1 ])
    (plus:SI
      (reg:SI 64 [ a.0 ])
      (const_int 1 [0x1])))
  (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
]) -1 (nil))

(insn 13 12 14 4 t.c:26 (set
  (mem/c/i:SI (symbol_ref:SI ("a") <var_decl 0xb7d8d000 a> [0 a+0 S4 A32]))
  (reg:SI 63 [ a.1 ])) -1 (nil))
```

Load a into reg64
 $\text{reg63} = \text{reg64} + 1$

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (2)

Translation of $a = a + 1$ when a is a global variable

Dump file: `test.c.141r.expand`

```
(insn 11 10 12 4 t.c:26 (set
  (reg:SI 64 [ a.0 ])
  (mem/c/i:SI
    (symbol_ref:SI ("a") <var_decl 0xb7d8d000 a> [0 a+0 S4 A32])) -1 (nil)))

(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:26 (parallel [
  (set (reg:SI 63 [ a.1 ])
    (plus:SI
      (reg:SI 64 [ a.0 ])
      (const_int 1 [0x1])))
  (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
]) -1 (nil))

(insn 13 12 14 4 t.c:26 (set
  (mem/c/i:SI (symbol_ref:SI ("a") <var_decl 0xb7d8d000 a> [0 a+0 S4 A32]))
  (reg:SI 63 [ a.1 ])) -1 (nil))
```

Load a into reg64
 $\text{reg63} = \text{reg64} + 1$
 store reg63 into a

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (2)

Translation of $a = a + 1$ when a is a global variable

Dump file: `test.c.141r.expand`

```
(insn 11 10 12 4 t.c:26 (set
  (reg:SI 64 [ a.0 ])
  (mem/c/i:SI
    (symbol_ref:SI ("a") <var_decl 0xb7d8d000 a> [0 a+0 S4 A32])) -1 (nil)))

(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:26 (parallel [
  (set (reg:SI 63 [ a.1 ])
    (plus:SI
      (reg:SI 64 [ a.0 ])
      (const_int 1 [0x1])))
  (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
]) -1 (nil))

(insn 13 12 14 4 t.c:26 (set
  (mem/c/i:SI (symbol_ref:SI ("a") <var_decl 0xb7d8d000 a> [0 a+0 S4 A32]))
  (reg:SI 63 [ a.1 ])) -1 (nil))
```

Load a into reg64
 $\text{reg63} = \text{reg64} + 1$
 store reg63 into a

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (2)

Translation of $a = a + 1$ when a is a global variable

Dump file: `test.c.141r.expand`

```
(insn 11 10 12 4 t.c:26 (set
  (reg:SI 64 [ a.0 ])
  (mem/c/i:SI
    (symbol_ref:SI ("a") <var_decl 0xb7d8d000 a> [0 a+0 S4 A32])) -1 (nil))

(insn 12 11 13 4 t.c:26 (parallel [
  (set (reg:SI 63 [ a.1 ])
    (plus:SI
      (reg:SI 64 [ a.0 ])
      (const_int 1 [0x1])))
  (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
]) -1 (nil))

(insn 13 12 14 4 t.c:26 (set
  (mem/c/i:SI (symbol_ref:SI ("a") <var_decl 0xb7d8d000 a> [0 a+0 S4 A32])
    (reg:SI 63 [ a.1 ])) -1 (nil))
```

Load a into reg64
 $\text{reg63} = \text{reg64} + 1$
 store reg63 into a

Output with slim suffix
 $\text{r64:SI} = [\text{'a'}]$
 $\{\text{r63:SI} = \text{r64:SI} + 0x1;$
 clobber $\text{flags:CC};$
 $\}$
 $[\text{'a'}] = \text{r63:SI}$

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (2)



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (3)

Translation of $a = a + 1$ when a is a formal parameter

Dump file: `test.c.141r.expand`

```
(insn 10 9 11 4 t1.c:25 (parallel [
  (set
    (mem/c/i:SI
      (reg/f:SI 53 virtual-incoming-args) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
    (plus:SI
      (mem/c/i:SI
        (reg/f:SI 53 virtual-incoming-args) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
        (const_int 1 [0x1])))
  (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
]) -1 (nil))
```

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (3)



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (3)

Translation of $a = a + 1$ when a is a formal parameter

Dump file: `test.c.141r.expand`

```
(insn 10 9 11 4 t1.c:25 (parallel [
  (set
    (mem/c/i:SI
      (reg/f:SI 53 virtual-incoming-
        plus:SI
          (mem/c/i:SI
            (reg/f:SI 53 virtual-incoming-
              (const_int 1 [0x1]))))
        (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
      ]) -1 (nil))
```

Access through argument
pointer register instead of
frame pointer register
No offset required?



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (3)

Translation of $a = a + 1$ when a is a formal parameter

Dump file: `test.c.141r.expand`

```
(insn 10 9 11 4 t1.c:25 (parallel [
  (set
    (mem/c/i:SI
      (reg/f:SI 53 virtual-incoming-
        plus:SI
          (mem/c/i:SI
            (reg/f:SI 53 virtual-incoming-
              (const_int 1 [0x1]))))
        (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
      ]) -1 (nil))
```

Access through argument
pointer register instead of
frame pointer register
No offset required?
Output with slim suffix

{ [r53:SI]=[r53:SI]+0x1;
clobber flags:CC;
}



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (3)

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operations (3)

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operation (4)

Translation of $a = a + 1$ when a is the second formal parameter

Dump file: [test.c.141r.expand](#)

```
(insn 10 9 11 4 t1.c:25 (parallel [
  (set
    (mem/c/i:SI
      (plus:SI
        (reg/f:SI 53 virtual-incoming-args)
        (const_int 4 [0x4]))) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
    (plus:SI
      (mem/c/i:SI
        (plus:SI
          (reg/f:SI 53 virtual-incoming-args)
          (const_int 4 [0x4]))) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
      (const_int 1 [0x1])))
  (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
]) -1 (nil))
```



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operation (4)

Translation of $a = a + 1$ when a is the second formal parameter

Dump file: [test.c.141r.expand](#)

```
(insn 10 9 11 4 t1.c:25 (parallel
  (set
    (mem/c/i:SI
      (plus:SI
        (reg/f:SI 53 virtual-
          (const_int 4 [0x4])))
      (plus:SI
        (mem/c/i:SI
          (plus:SI
            (reg/f:SI 53 virtu
              (const_int 4 [0x4]
                (const_int 1 [0x1])))
            (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
          ]) -1 (nil))
```

Offset 4 added to the argument pointer register

When a is the first parameter, its offset is 0!



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operation (4)

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operation (4)

Notes



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operation (4)

Translation of $a = a + 1$ when a is the second formal parameter

Dump file: [test.c.141r.expand](#)

```
(insn 10 9 11 4 t1.c:25 (parallel
  (set
    (mem/c/i:SI
      (plus:SI
        (reg/f:SI 53 virtual-
          (const_int 4 [0x4]))
      (plus:SI
        (mem/c/i:SI
          (plus:SI
            (reg/f:SI 53 virtu-
              (const_int 4 [0x4]
                (const_int 1 [0x1]))
          (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
        ]) -1 (nil)))
```

Offset 4 added to the argument pointer register

When a is the first parameter, its offset is 0!

Output with slim suffix

```
{[r53:SI+0x4]=[r53:SI+0x4]+0x1;
 clobber flags:CC;
}
```



RTL for i386: Arithmetic Operation (4)

Notes



RTL for spim: Arithmetic Operations

Translation of $a = a + 1$ when a is a local variable

Dump file: [test.c.141r.expand](#)

```
(insn 7 6 8 4 test.c:6 (set (reg:SI 39)
  (mem/c/i:SI (plus:SI (reg/f:SI 33 virtual-stack-vars)
    (const_int -4 [...])) [...])) -1 (nil))
(insn 8 7 9 4 test.c:6 (set (reg:SI 40)
  (plus:SI (reg:SI 39)
    (const_int 1 [...])) -1 (nil))
(insn 9 8 10 4 test.c:6 (set
  (mem/c/i:SI (plus:SI (reg/f:SI 33 virtual-stack-vars)
    (const_int -4 [...])) [...])
  (reg:SI 40)) -1 (nil))
```

```
r39=stack($fp - 4)
r40=r39+1
stack($fp - 4)=r40
```

In spim, a variable is loaded into register to perform any instruction, hence three instructions are generated



RTL for spim: Arithmetic Operations

Notes



RTL for i386: Control Flow

What does this represent?

```
(jump_insn 15 14 16 4 p1.c:6 (set (pc)
  (if_then_else (lt (reg:CCGC 17 flags)
    (const_int 0 [0x0]))
    (label_ref 12)
    (pc))) (nil)
  (nil))
```

$pc = r17 < 0 ? \text{label}(12) : pc$



RTL for i386: Control Flow

Translation of `if (a > b) { /* something */ }`

Dump file: `test.c.141r.expand`

```
(insn 8 7 9 test.c:7 (set (reg:SI 61)
  (mem/c/i:SI (plus:SI (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
    (const_int -8 [0xffffffff8])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])) -1 (nil))
(insn 9 8 10 test.c:7 (set (reg:CCGC 17 flags)
  (compare:CCGC (reg:SI 61)
    (mem/c/i:SI (plus:SI (reg/f:SI 54 virtual-stack-vars)
      (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 b+0 S4 A32]))) -1 (nil))
(jump_insn 10 9 0 test.c:7 (set (pc)
  (if_then_else (le (reg:CCGC 17 flags)
    (const_int 0 [0x0]))
    (label_ref 0)
    (pc))) -1 (nil))
```



RTL for i386: Control Flow

Notes



RTL for i386: Control Flow

Notes



Observing Register Allocation for i386

test.c

```
int main()
{
    int a=2, b=3;
    if(a<=12)
        a = a * b;
}
```

test.c.185r.asmcons

(observable dump before register allocation)

```
(insn 10 9 11 3 test.c:5 (set (reg:SI 59)
  (mem/c/i:SI (plus:SI (reg/f:SI 20 frame)
    (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])) 44 *move

(insn 11 10 12 3 test.c:5 (parallel [
  (set (reg:SI 60)
    (mult:SI (reg:SI 59)
      (mem/c/i:SI (plus:SI (reg/f:SI 20 frame)
        (const_int -8 [0xffffffff8])) [0 b+0 S4 A32])))
  (clobber (reg:CC 17 flags))
]) 262 *mulsi3_1 (nil))

(insn 12 11 22 3 test.c:5 (set
  (mem/c/i:SI (plus:SI (reg/f:SI 20 frame)
    (const_int -4 [0xffffffffc])) [0 a+0 S4 A32])
  (reg:SI 60)) 44 *movsi_1 (nil))
```



Observing Register Allocation for i386

Notes



Observing Register Allocation for i386

test.c.185r.asmcons

```
(set (reg:SI 59) (mem/c/i:SI
  (plus:SI
    (reg/f:SI 20 frame)
    (const_int -4))))
```

```
(set (reg:SI 60)
  (mult:SI
    (reg:SI 59)
    (mem/c/i:SI
      (plus:SI
        (reg/f:SI 20 frame)
        (const_int -8)) )))
```

```
(set (mem/c/i:SI (plus:SI
  (reg/f:SI 20 frame)
  (const_int -4)))
  (reg:SI 60))
```

test.c.188r.ira

```
(set (reg:SI 0 ax [59]) (mem/c/i:SI
  (plus:SI
    (reg/f:SI 6 bp)
    (const_int -4))))
```

```
(set (reg:SI 0 ax [60])
  (mult:SI
    (reg:SI 0 ax [59])
    (mem/c/i:SI
      (plus:SI
        (reg/f:SI 6 bp)
        (const_int -8)) )))
```

```
(set (mem/c/i:SI (plus:SI
  (reg/f:SI 6 bp)
  (const_int -4)))
  (reg:SI 0 ax [60]))
```

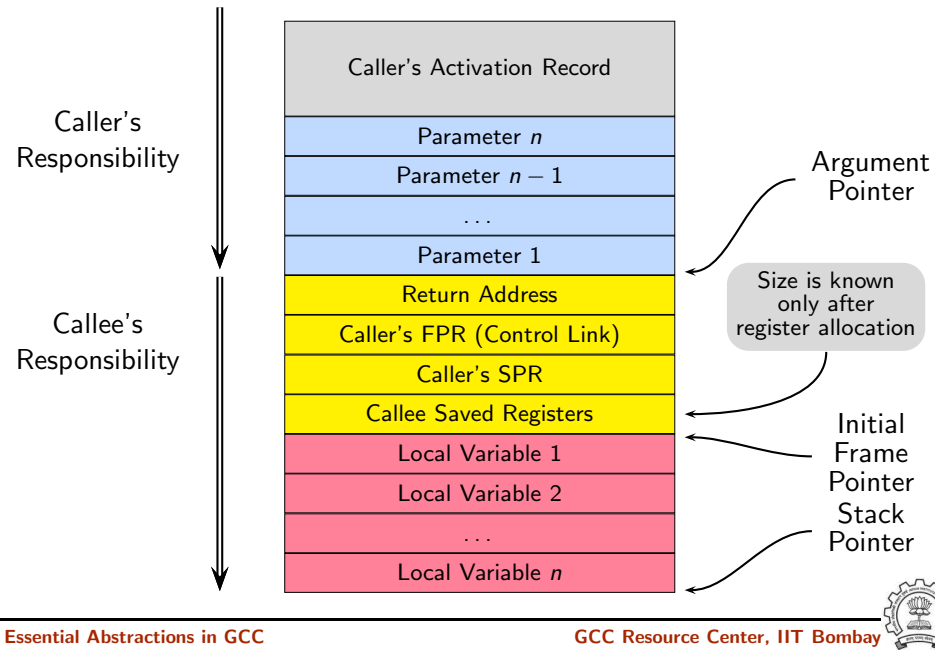


Observing Register Allocation for i386

Notes



Activation Record Structure in Spim



Activation Record Structure in Spim

Notes

RTL for Function Calls in spim

Calling function	Called function
- Allocate memory for actual parameters on stack - Copy actual parameters Call function - Get result from stack (pop) - Deallocate memory for activation record (pop)	- Allocate memory for return value (push) - Store mandatory callee save registers (push) - Set frame pointer - Allocate local variables (push) Execute code - Put result in return value space - Deallocate local variables (pop) - Load callee save registers (pop) - Return

RTL for Function Calls in spim

Notes

Prologue and Epilogue: spim

Dump file: test.c.193r.pro_and_epilogue

```
(insn 17 3 18 2 test.c:2
  (set (mem:SI (reg/f:SI 29 $sp) [0 S4 A8])
    (reg:SI 31 $ra)) -1 (nil))
(insn 18 17 19 2 test.c:2
  (set (mem:SI (plus:SI (reg/f:SI 29 $sp)
    (const_int -4 [...])) [...])
    (reg/f:SI 29 $sp)) -1 (nil))
(insn 19 18 20 2 test.c:2 (set
  (mem:SI (plus:SI (reg/f:SI 29 $sp)
    (const_int -8 [...])) [...])
    (reg/f:SI 30 $fp)) -1 (nil))
(insn 20 19 21 2 test.c:2 (set (reg/f:SI 30 $fp)
  (reg/f:SI 29 $sp)) -1 (nil))
(insn 21 20 22 2 test.c:2 (set (reg/f:SI 29 $sp)
  (plus:SI (reg/f:SI 30 $fp)
    (const_int -32 [...])))) -1 (nil))
```



Part 4

Examining Assembly Dumps

Prologue and Epilogue: spim

Notes



Notes

i386 Assembly

Dump file: test.s

```
    jmp .L2
.L3: addl $1, -4(%ebp)
.L2: cmpl $7, -4(%ebp)
     jle .L3
     cmpl $12, -4(%ebp)
     jg  .L6
     movl -8(%ebp), %edx
     movl -4(%ebp), %eax
     leal (%edx,%eax), %eax
     addl -12(%ebp), %eax
     movl %eax, -4(%ebp)
.L6:
```

```
while (a <= 7)
{
    a = a+1;
}
if (a <= 12)
{
    a = a+b+c;
}
```

**i386 Assembly**

Dump file: test.s

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    jmp .L2
.L3: addl $1, -4(%ebp)
.L2: cmpl $7, -4(%ebp)
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     jg  .L6
     movl -8(%ebp), %edx
     movl -4(%ebp), %eax
     leal (%edx,%eax), %eax
     addl -12(%ebp), %eax
     movl %eax, -4(%ebp)
.L6:
```

```
while (a <= 7)
{
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}
if (a <= 12)
{
    a = a+b+c;
}
```

**i386 Assembly**

Notes

**i386 Assembly**

Notes



i386 Assembly

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    movl -8(%ebp), %edx
    movl -4(%ebp), %eax
    leal (%edx,%eax), %eax
    addl -12(%ebp), %eax
    movl %eax, -4(%ebp)
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```
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**i386 Assembly**

Dump file: test.s

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    movl -4(%ebp), %eax
    leal (%edx,%eax), %eax
    addl -12(%ebp), %eax
    movl %eax, -4(%ebp)
.L6:
```

```
while (a <= 7)
{
    a = a+1;
}
if (a <= 12)
{
    a = a+b+c;
}
```

**i386 Assembly**

Notes

**i386 Assembly**

Notes



Conclusions

Notes

Gray Box Probing of GCC: Conclusions

- Source code is transformed into assembly by lowering the abstraction level step by step to bring it close to machine architecture
- This transformation can be understood to a large extent by observing inputs and output of the different steps in the transformation
- In gcc, the output of almost all the passes can be examined
- The complete list of dumps can be figured out by the command

`man gcc`

Gray Box Probing of GCC: Conclusions

Notes

