

Workshop on Essential Abstractions in GCC

An Overview of Compilation and GCC

GCC Resource Center

(www.cse.iitb.ac.in/grc)

Department of Computer Science and Engineering,
Indian Institute of Technology, Bombay



July 2010

Outline

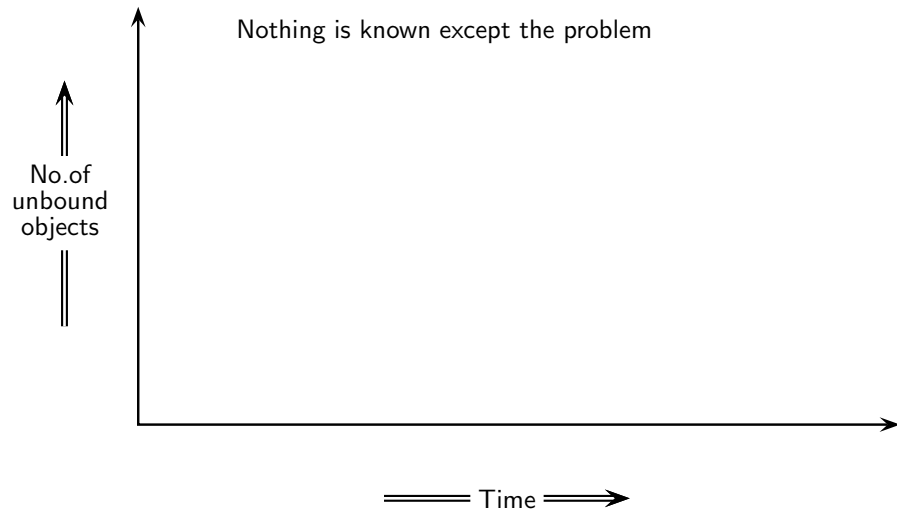
- Introduction to Compilation
- An Overview of Compilation Phases
- An Overview of GCC



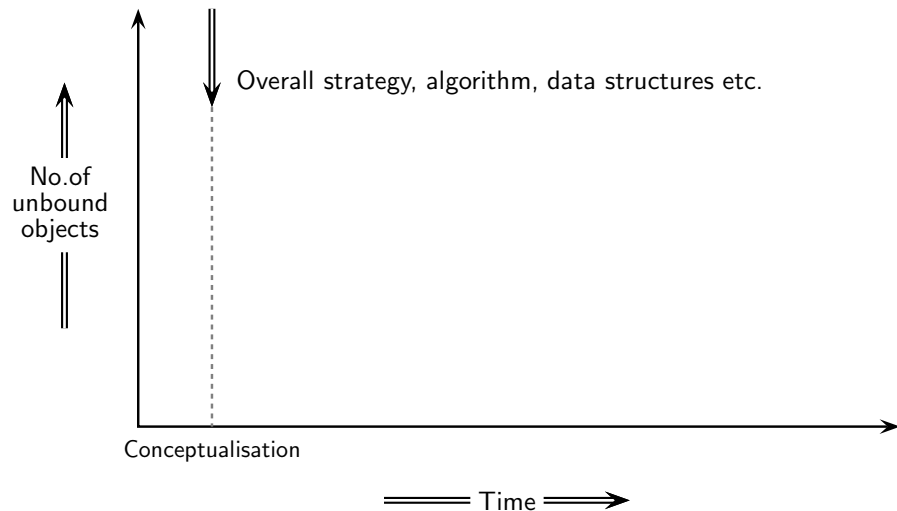
Part 1

Introduction to Compilation

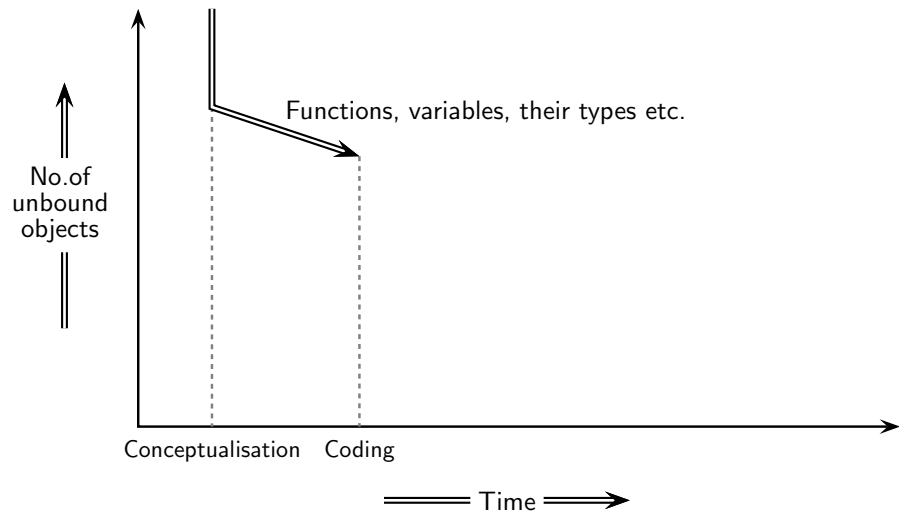
Binding



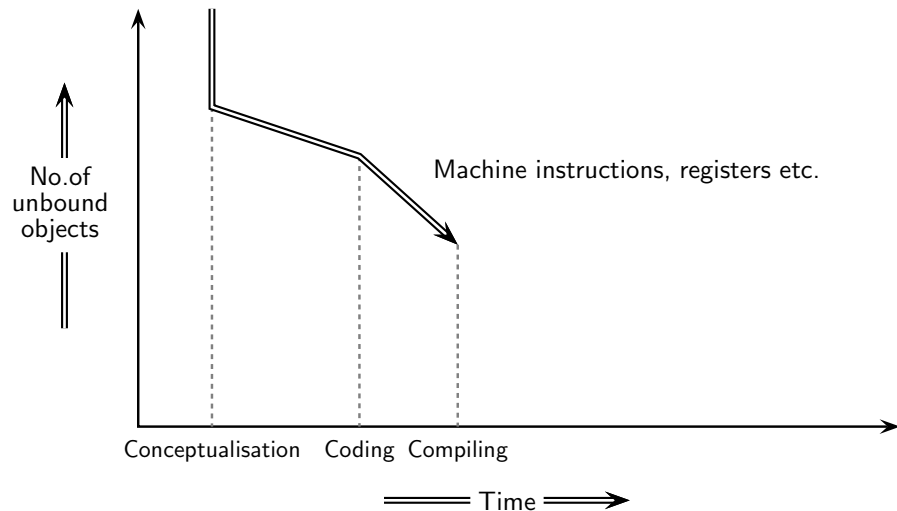
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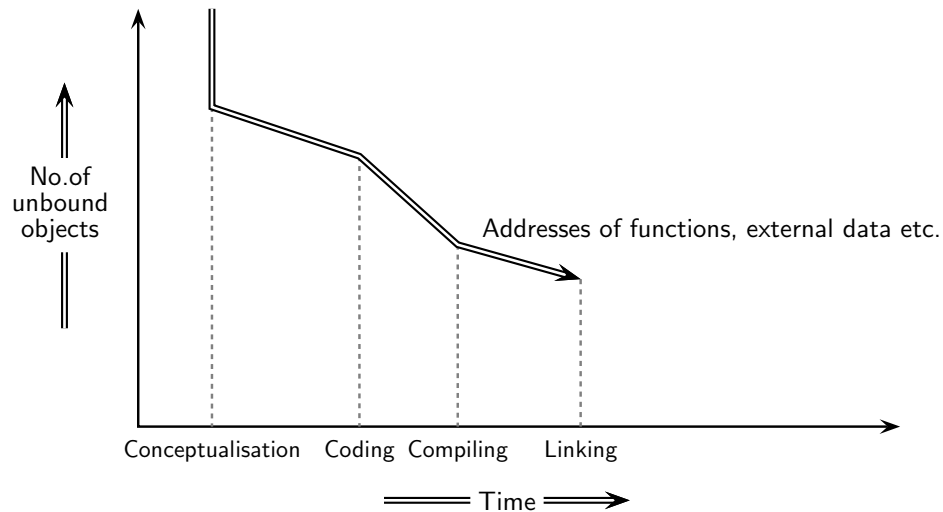
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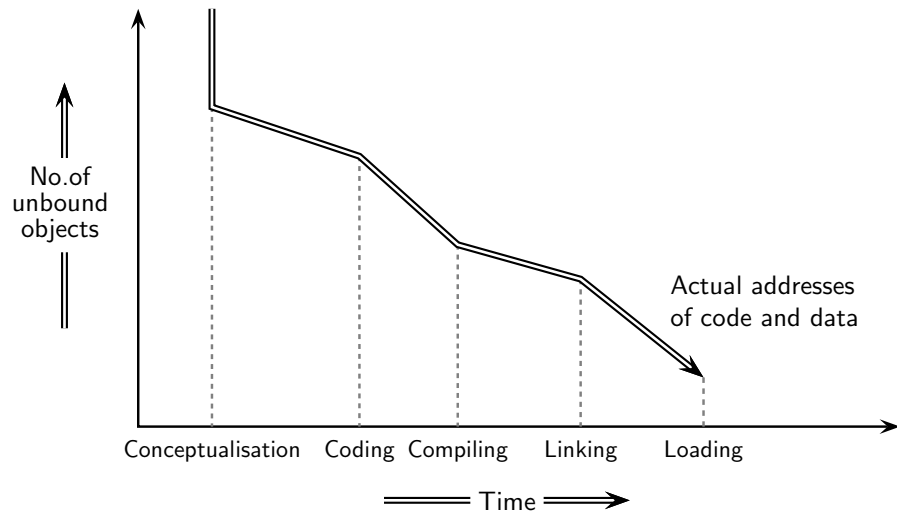
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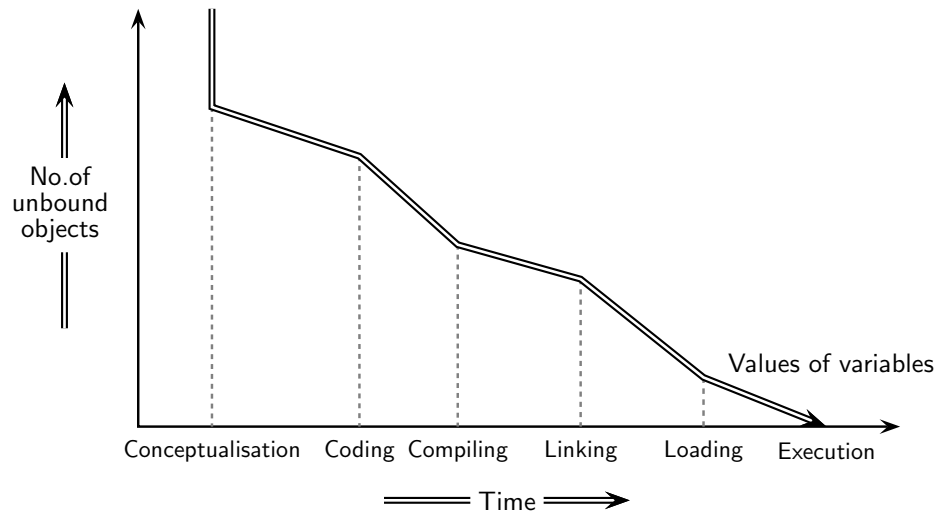
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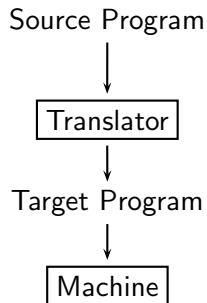
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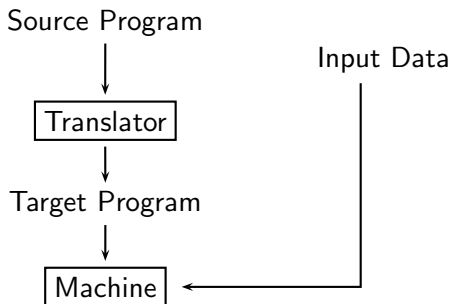
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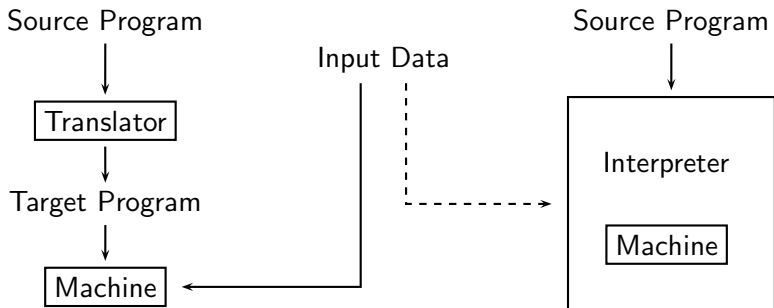
Implementation Mechanisms



Implementation Mechanisms



Implementation Mechanisms



Implementation Mechanisms as “Bridges”

- “Gap” between the “levels” of program specification and execution

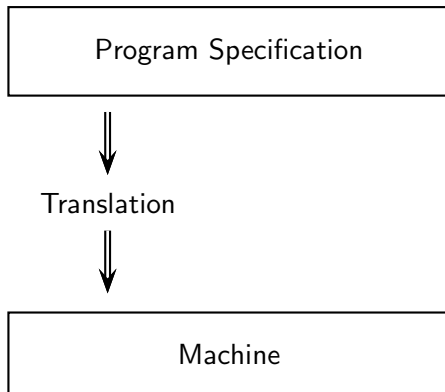
Program Specification

Machine



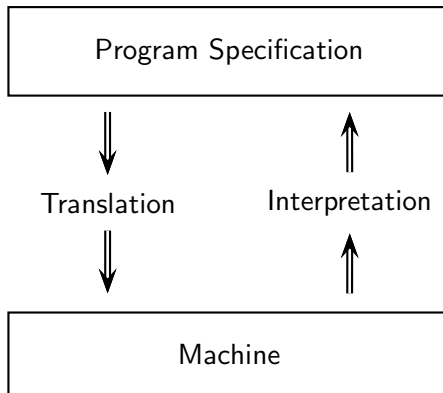
Implementation Mechanisms as “Bridges”

- “Gap” between the “levels” of program specification and execution



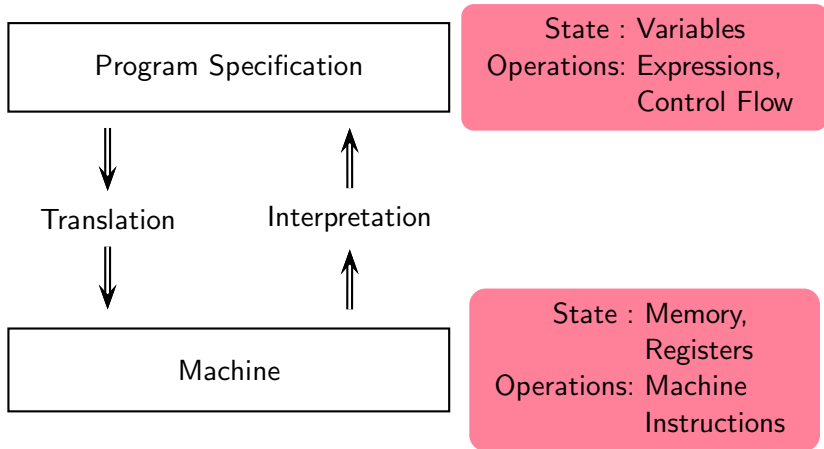
Implementation Mechanisms as “Bridges”

- “Gap” between the “levels” of program specification and execution



Implementation Mechanisms as “Bridges”

- “Gap” between the “levels” of program specification and execution



High and Low Level Abstractions

Input C statement

```
a = b<10?b:c;
```

Spim Assembly Equivalent

```
lw    $t0, 4($fp) ;    t0 <- b           # Is b smaller
slti  $t0, $t0, 10 ;    t0 <- t0 < 10     # than 10?
not   $t0, $t0       ;    t0 <- !t0
bgtz  $t0, L0:        ;    if t0>=0 goto L0
lw    $t0, 4($fp) ;    t0 <- b           # YES
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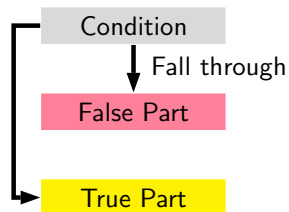


High and Low Level Abstractions

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Conditional jump



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High and Low Level Abstractions

NOT Condition

Input C statement

True Part

False Part

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```

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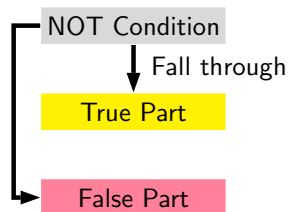


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Implementation Mechanisms

- Translation = Analysis + Synthesis
- Interpretation = Analysis + Execution



Implementation Mechanisms

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Interpretation = Analysis + Execution

- Translation Instructions $\Rightarrow$ Equivalent Instructions



Implementation Mechanisms

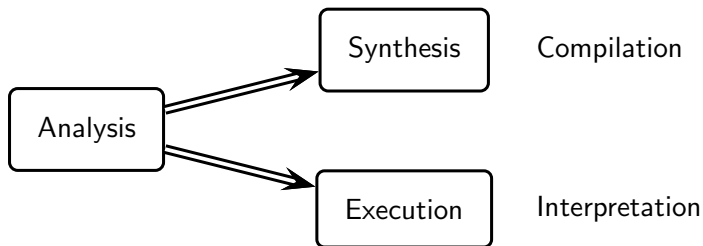
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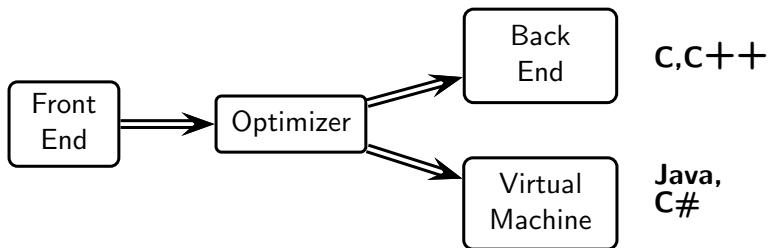
Interpretation Instructions $\Rightarrow$ Actions Implied by Instructions



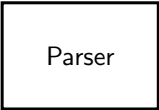
Language Implementation Models



Language Processor Models



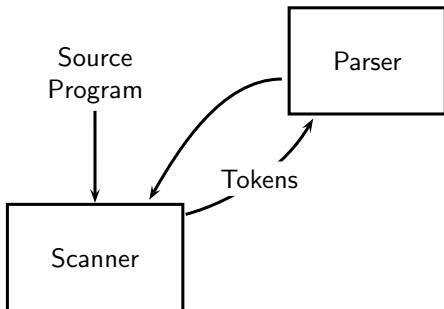
Typical Front Ends



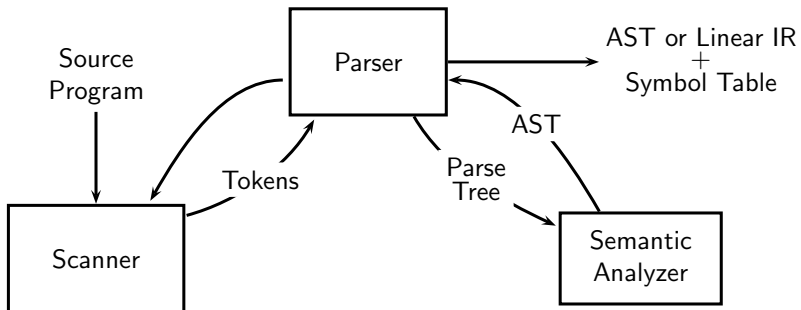
Parser



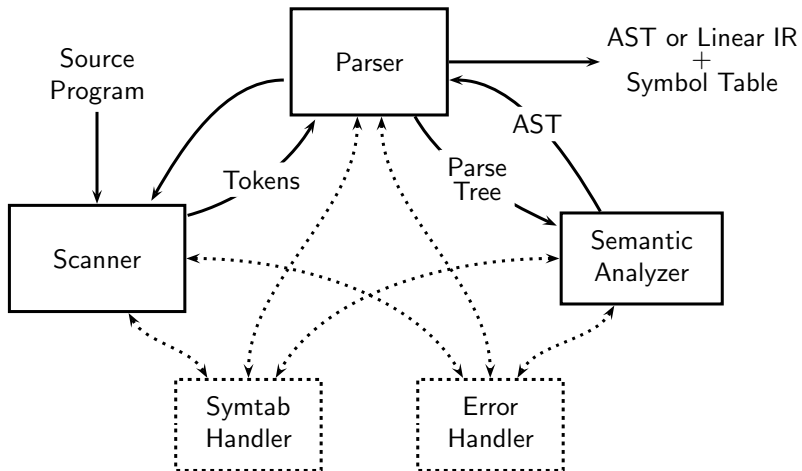
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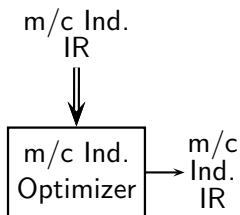
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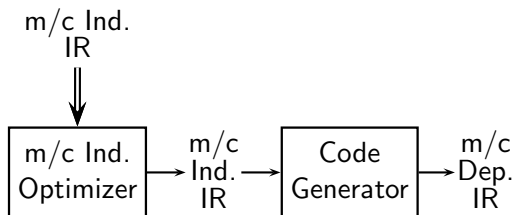
Typical Back Ends



- Compile time evaluations
- Eliminating redundant computations



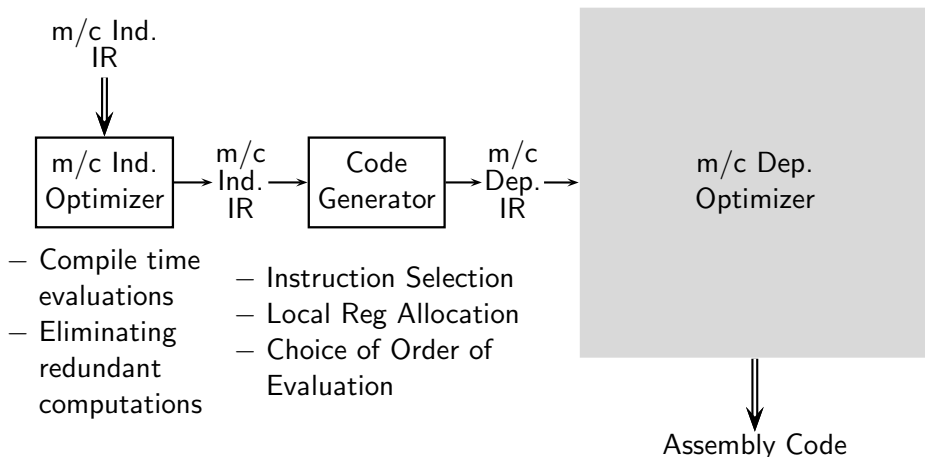
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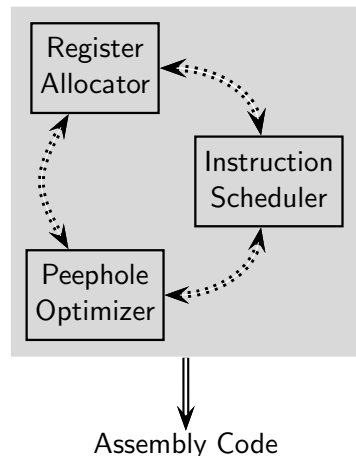
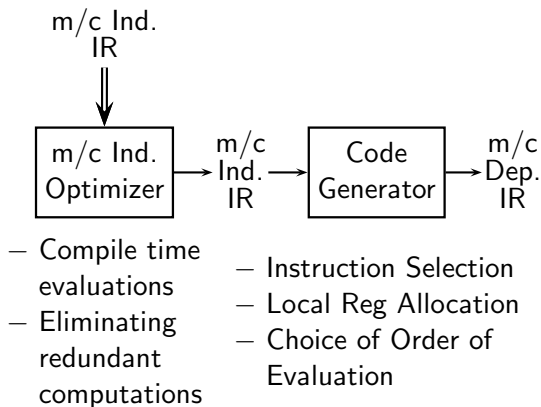
- Compile time evaluations
- Eliminating redundant computations
- Instruction Selection
- Local Reg Allocation
- Choice of Order of Evaluation



Typical Back Ends



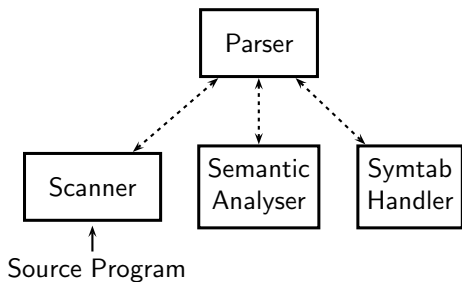
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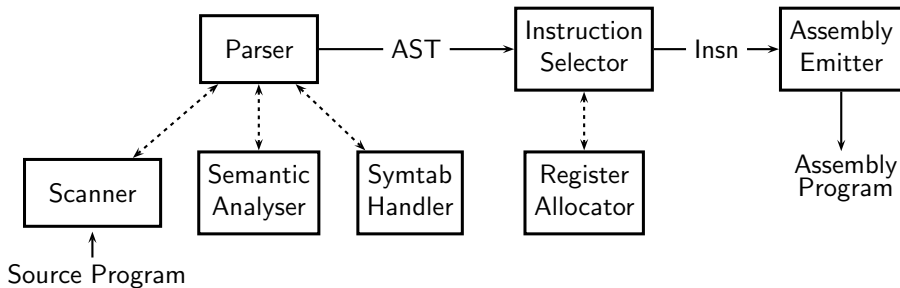
Part 2

An Overview of Compilation Phases

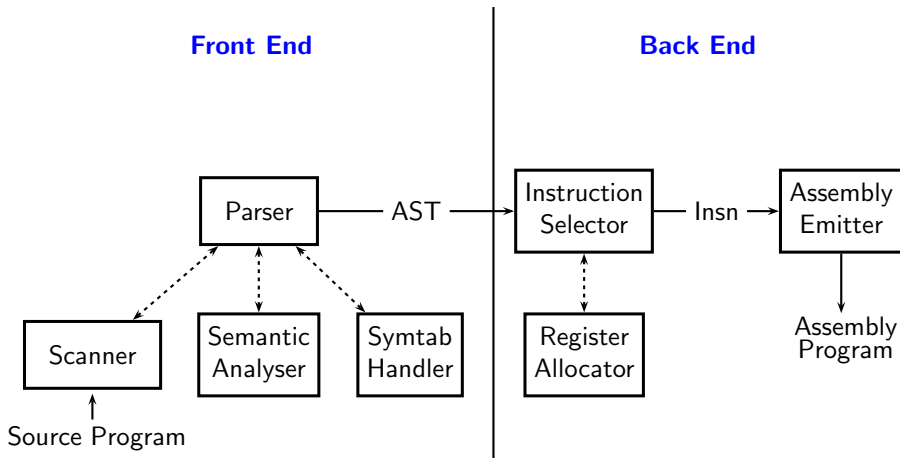
The Structure of a Simple Compiler



The Structure of a Simple Compiler



The Structure of a Simple Compiler



Translation Sequence in Our Compiler: Parsing

```
a=b<10?b:c;
```

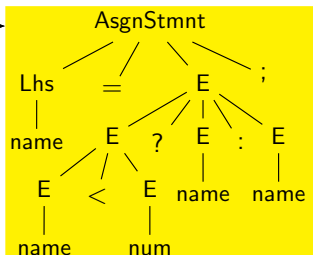
Input



Translation Sequence in Our Compiler: Parsing

a=b<10?b:c;

Input



Parse Tree

Issues:

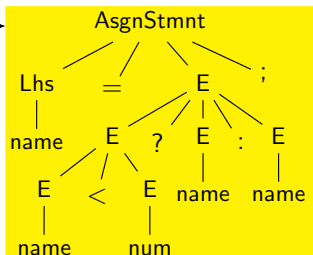
- Grammar rules, terminals, non-terminals
- Order of application of grammar rules
eg. is it (a = b<10?) followed by (b:c)?
- Values of terminal symbols
eg. string "10" vs. integer number 10.



Translation Sequence in Our Compiler: Semantic Analysis

a=b<10?b:c;

Input



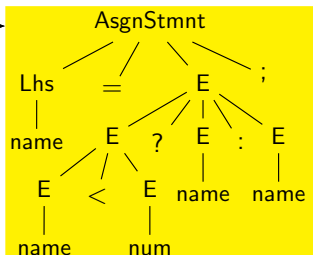
Parse Tree



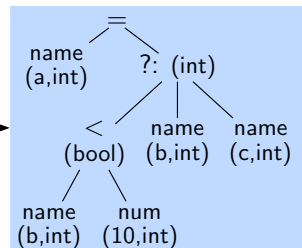
Translation Sequence in Our Compiler: Semantic Analysis

`a=b<10?b:c;`

Input



Parse Tree



Abstract Syntax Tree
(with attributes)

Issues:

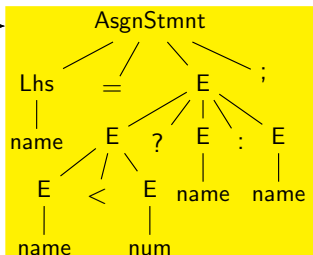
- Symbol tables
Have variables been declared? What are their types?
What is their scope?
- Type consistency of operators and operands
The result of computing `b<10?` is `bool` and not `int`



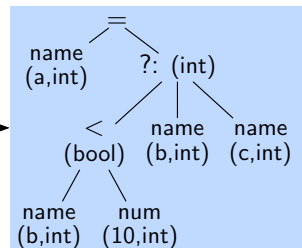
Translation Sequence in Our Compiler: IR Generation

`a=b<10?b:c;`

Input



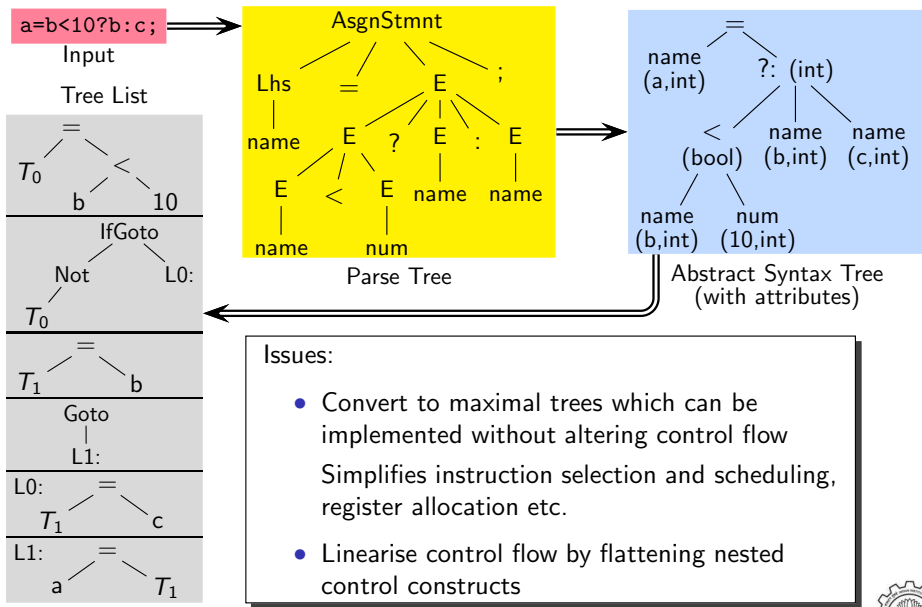
Parse Tree



Abstract Syntax Tree
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Translation Sequence in Our Compiler: IR Generation

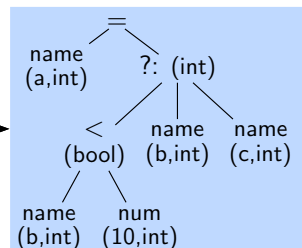
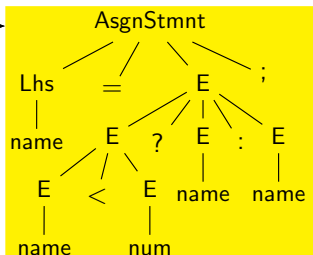
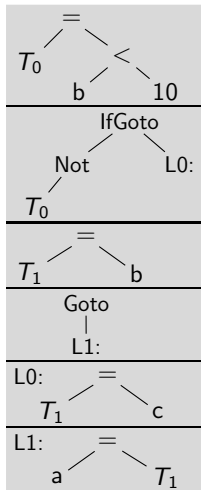


Translation Sequence in Our Compiler: Instruction Selection

`a=b<10?b:c;`

Input

Tree List

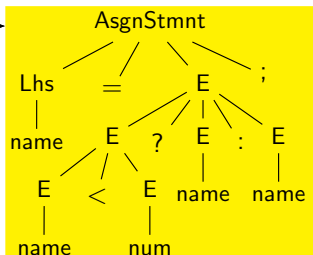
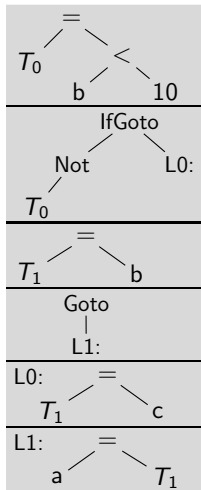


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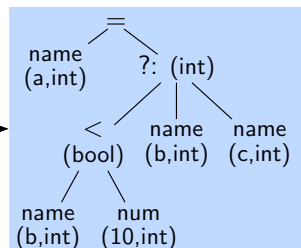
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Input

Tree List



Parse Tree



Abstract Syntax Tree
(with attributes)

Instruction List

```

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T0 ← T0 < 10
T0 ← ! T0
if T0 > 0 goto L0:
T1 ← b
goto L1:
L0: T1 ← c
L1: a ← T1
  
```

Issues:

- Cover trees with as few machine instructions as possible
- Use temporaries and local registers

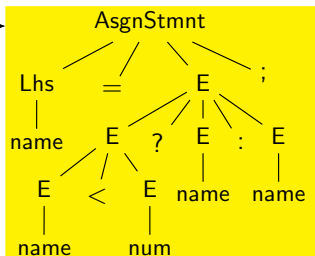
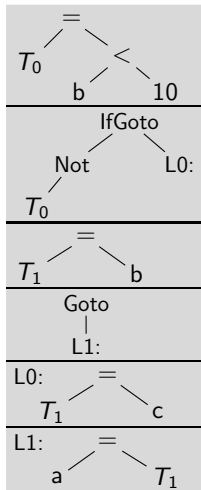


Translation Sequence in Our Compiler: Emitting Instructions

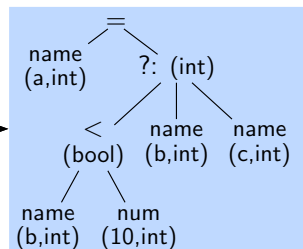
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Parse Tree



Abstract Syntax Tree
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Instruction List

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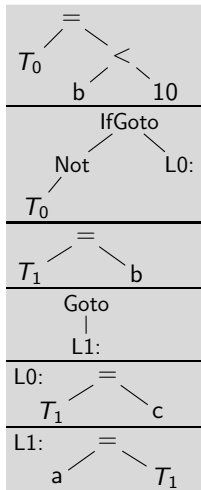


Translation Sequence in Our Compiler: Emitting Instructions

`a=b<10?b:c;`

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Tree List



AsgnStmt

Issues:

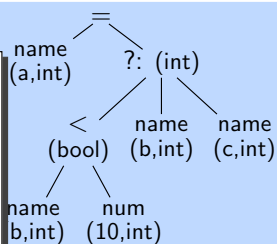
- Offsets of variables in the stack frame
- Actual register numbers and assembly mnemonics
- Code to construct and discard activation records

Instruction List

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```



Abstract Syntax Tree (with attributes)

Assembly Code

```

lw  $t0, 4($fp)
slti $t0, $t0, 10
not  $t0, $t0
bgtz $t0, L0:
lw  $t0, 4($fp)
b   L1:
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L1: sw  0($fp), $t0

```



Part 3

*$GCC \equiv$ The **G**reat **C**ompiler **C**hallenge*

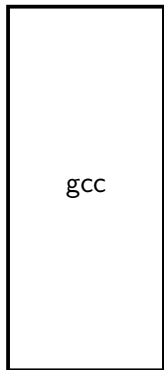
What is GCC?

- For the GCC developer community: [The GNU Compiler Collection](#)
- For other compiler writers: [The Great Compiler Challenge](#) 😊



The GNU Tool Chain

Source Program



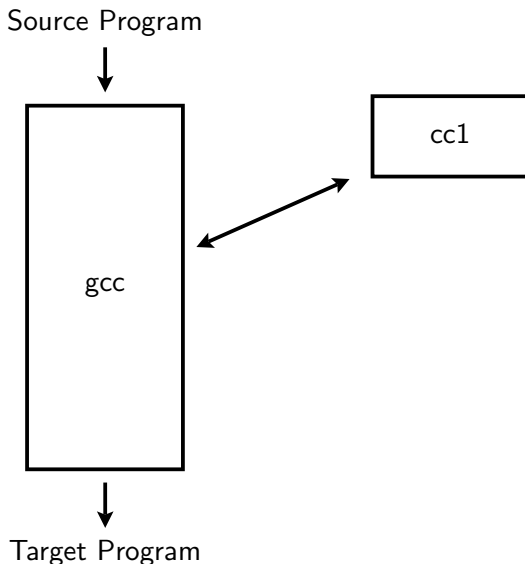
gcc



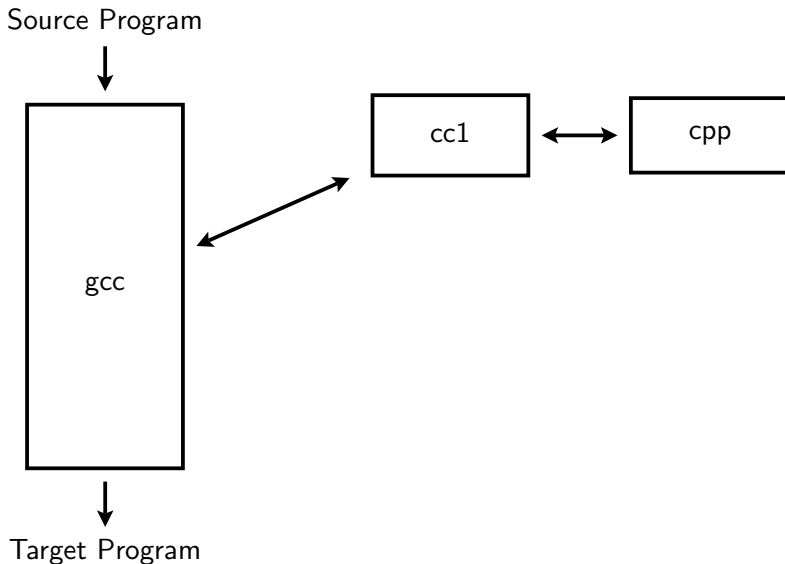
Target Program



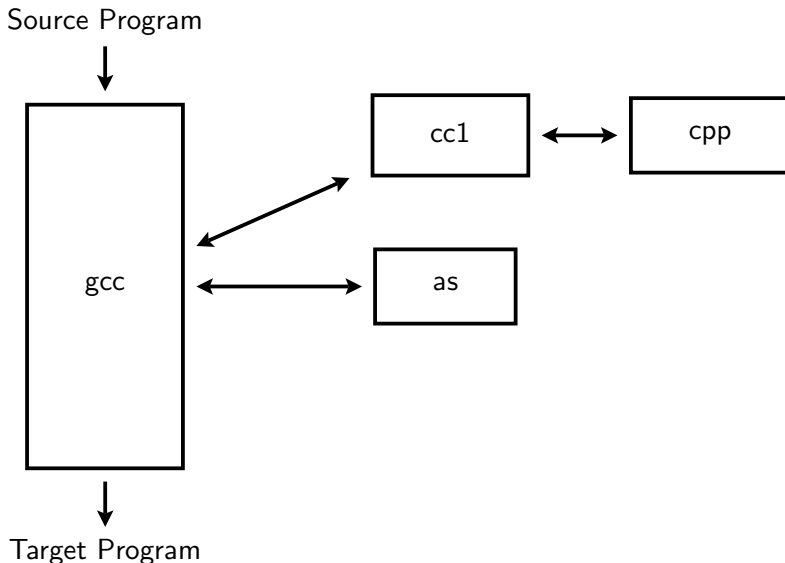
The GNU Tool Chain



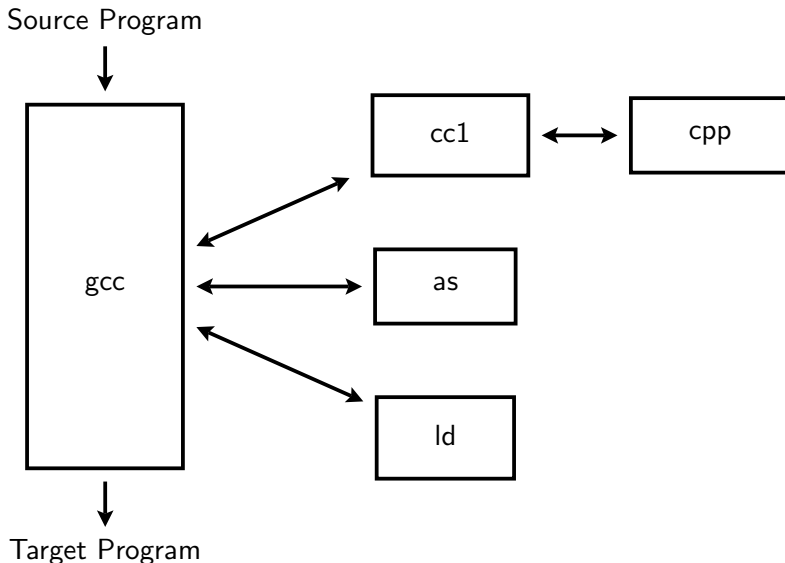
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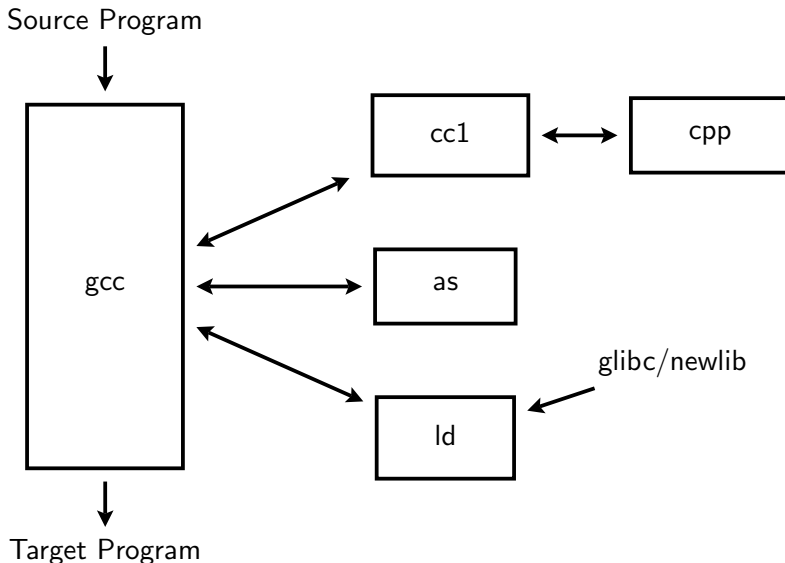
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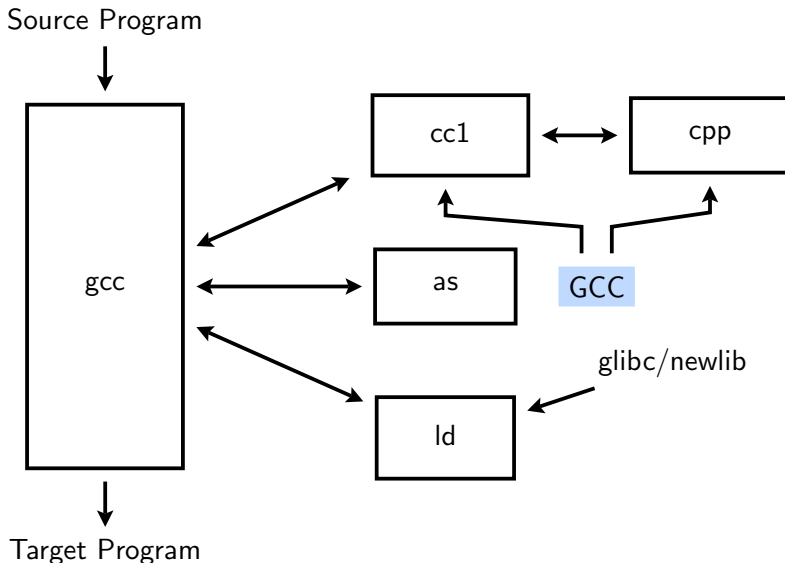
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The GNU Tool Chain



The GNU Tool Chain



Why is Understanding GCC Difficult?

Some of the obvious reasons:

- **Comprehensiveness**

GCC is a production quality framework in terms of completeness and practical usefulness

- **Open development model**

Could lead to heterogeneity. Design flaws may be difficult to correct

- **Rapid versioning**

GCC maintenance is a race against time. Disruptive corrections are difficult



Open Source and Free Software Development Model

The Cathedral and the Bazaar [Eric S Raymond, 1997]



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Design, implement, test, release



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Code errors, logical errors, and architectural errors

A combination of the two seems more sensible



The Current Development Model of GCC

GCC follows a combination of the Cathedral and the Bazaar approaches

- GCC Steering Committee: Free Software Foundation has given charge
 - ▶ Major policy decisions
 - ▶ Handling Administrative and Political issues
- Release Managers:
 - ▶ Coordination of releases
- Maintainers:
 - ▶ Usually area/branch/module specific
 - ▶ Responsible for design and implementation
 - ▶ Take help of reviewers to evaluate submitted changes



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- Input languages supported:
C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada
- Processors supported in standard releases:



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Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- Input languages supported:
C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada
- Processors supported in standard releases:
 - ▶ Common processors:
Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12,
 - ▶ Lesser-known target processors:
 - ▶ Additional processors independently supported:



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**
C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada
- **Processors supported in standard releases:**
 - ▶ **Common processors:**
Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300,
 - ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**
 - ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- Input languages supported:

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- Processors supported in standard releases:

- ▶ Common processors:

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86),

- ▶ Lesser-known target processors:

- ▶ Additional processors independently supported:



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- Input languages supported:

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- Processors supported in standard releases:

- ▶ Common processors:

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64,

- ▶ Lesser-known target processors:

- ▶ Additional processors independently supported:



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- Input languages supported:

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- Processors supported in standard releases:

- ▶ Common processors:

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64,

- ▶ Lesser-known target processors:

- ▶ Additional processors independently supported:



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- Input languages supported:

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- Processors supported in standard releases:

- ▶ Common processors:

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000,

- ▶ Lesser-known target processors:

- ▶ Additional processors independently supported:



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- Input languages supported:

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- Processors supported in standard releases:

- ▶ Common processors:

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS,

- ▶ Lesser-known target processors:

- ▶ Additional processors independently supported:



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- Input languages supported:

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- Processors supported in standard releases:

- ▶ Common processors:

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC,

- ▶ Lesser-known target processors:

- ▶ Additional processors independently supported:



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11,

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- Input languages supported:

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- Processors supported in standard releases:

- ▶ Common processors:

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC,

- ▶ Lesser-known target processors:

- ▶ Additional processors independently supported:



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- Input languages supported:

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- Processors supported in standard releases:

- ▶ Common processors:

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C,

- ▶ Lesser-known target processors:

- ▶ Additional processors independently supported:



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

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C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU,

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- Input languages supported:

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- Processors supported in standard releases:

- ▶ Common processors:

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries,

- ▶ Lesser-known target processors:

- ▶ Additional processors independently supported:



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH,

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC,

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

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- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

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C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

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Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

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Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

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C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

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Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11,

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Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

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Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11, MCORE,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

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C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

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Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11, MCORE, MMIX,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11, MCORE, MMIX, MN10200,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11, MCORE, MMIX, MN10200, MN10300,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

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Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11, MCORE, MMIX, MN10200, MN10300, Motorola 88000,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11, MCORE, MMIX, MN10200, MN10300, Motorola 88000, NS32K,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11, MCORE, MMIX, MN10200, MN10300, Motorola 88000, NS32K, ROMP,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11, MCORE, MMIX, MN10200, MN10300, Motorola 88000, NS32K, ROMP, Stormy16,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11, MCORE, MMIX, MN10200, MN10300, Motorola 88000, NS32K, ROMP, Stormy16, V850,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11, MCORE, MMIX, MN10200, MN10300, Motorola 88000, NS32K, ROMP, Stormy16, V850, Xtensa,

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11, MCORE, MMIX, MN10200, MN10300, Motorola 88000, NS32K, ROMP, Stormy16, V850, Xtensa, AVR32

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11, MCORE, MMIX, MN10200, MN10300, Motorola 88000, NS32K, ROMP, Stormy16, V850, Xtensa, AVR32

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**

D10V,



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11, MCORE, MMIX, MN10200, MN10300, Motorola 88000, NS32K, ROMP, Stormy16, V850, Xtensa, AVR32

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**

D10V, LatticeMico32, MeP,



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11, MCORE, MMIX, MN10200, MN10300, Motorola 88000, NS32K, ROMP, Stormy16, V850, Xtensa, AVR32

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**

D10V, LatticeMico32, MeP,



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

Alpha, ARM, Atmel AVR, Blackfin, HC12, H8/300, IA-32 (x86), x86-64, IA-64, Motorola 68000, MIPS, PA-RISC, PDP-11, PowerPC, R8C/M16C/M32C, SPU, System/390/zSeries, SuperH, SPARC, VAX

- ▶ **Lesser-known target processors:**

A29K, ARC, ETRAX CRIS, D30V, DSP16xx, FR-30, FR-V, Intel i960, IP2000, M32R, 68HC11, MCORE, MMIX, MN10200, MN10300, Motorola 88000, NS32K, ROMP, Stormy16, V850, Xtensa, AVR32

- ▶ **Additional processors independently supported:**

D10V, LatticeMico32, MeP, Motorola 6809,



Comprehensiveness of GCC: Wide Applicability

- **Input languages supported:**

C, C++, Objective-C, Objective-C++, Java, Fortran, and Ada

- **Processors supported in standard releases:**

- ▶ **Common processors:**

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Comprehensiveness of GCC: Size

Count		gcc-4.3.0	gcc-4.4.2	gcc-4.5.0
Lines	The main source	2029115	2187216	2320963
	Libraries	1546826	1633558	1671501
	Subdirectories	3527	3794	4055
Files	Total number of files	57660	62301	77782
	C source files	15477	18225	20024
	Header files	9646	9213	9389
	C++ files	3708	4232	4801
	Java files	6289	6340	6340
	Makefiles and templates	163	163	169
	Configuration scripts	52	52	56
	Machine description files	186	206	229

(Line counts estimated by David A. Wheeler's `sloccount` program)



Why is Understanding GCC Difficult?

Deeper reason: GCC is not a *compiler* but a *compiler generation framework*

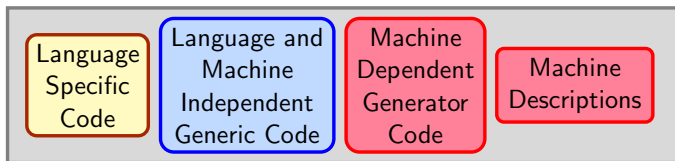
There are two distinct gaps that need to be bridged:

- Input-output of the generation framework: The target specification and the generated compiler
- Input-output of the generated compiler: A source program and the generated assembly program



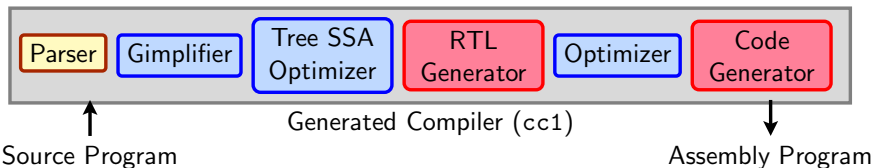
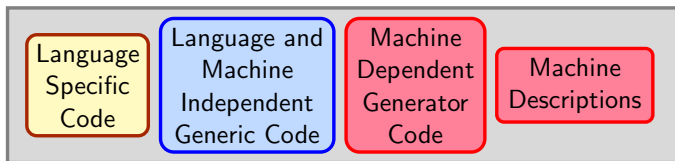
The Architecture of GCC

Compiler Generation Framework

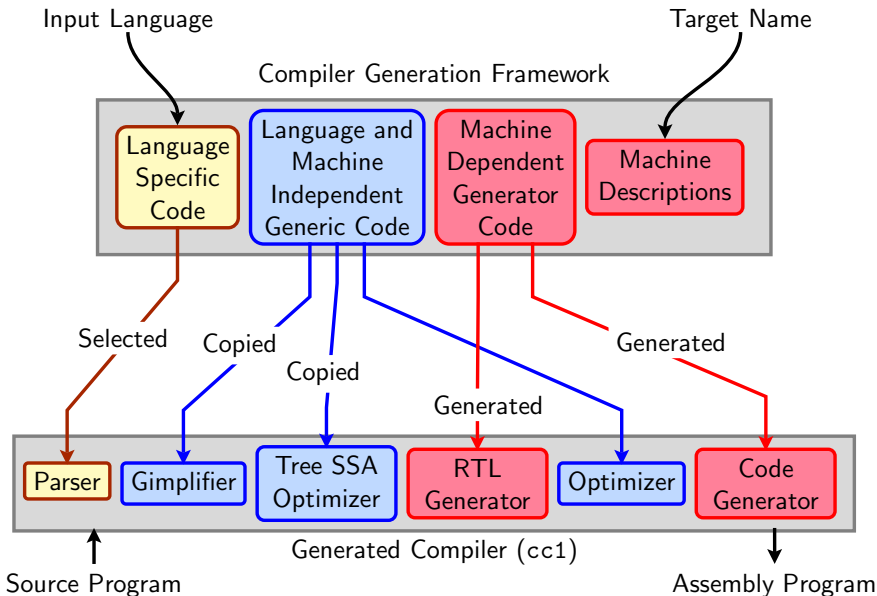


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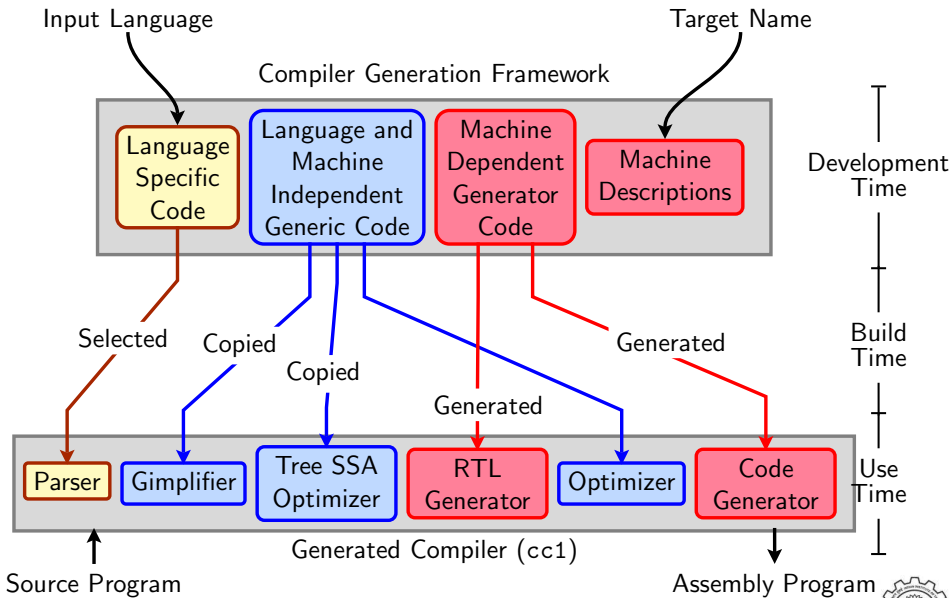
Compiler Generation Framework



The Architecture of GCC



The Architecture of GCC



An Example of The Generation Related Gap

- Predicate function for invoking the loop distribution pass

```
static bool  
gate_tree_loop_distribution (void)  
{  
    return flag_tree_loop_distribution != 0;  
}
```



An Example of The Generation Related Gap

- Predicate function for invoking the loop distribution pass

```
static bool  
gate_tree_loop_distribution (void)  
{  
    return flag_tree_loop_distribution != 0;  
}
```

- There is no declaration of or assignment to variable `flag_tree_loop_distribution` in the entire source!
- It is described in `common.opt` as follows

```
ftree-loop-distribution  
Common Report Var(flag_tree_loop_distribution) Optimization  
Enable loop distribution on trees
```

- The required C statements are generated during the build



Another Example of The Generation Related Gap

Locating the `main` function in the directory `gcc-4.5.0/gcc` using `cscope`



Another Example of The Generation Related Gap

Locating the main function in the directory gcc-4.5.0/gcc using cscope

File	Line	
0 collect2.c	1111	main (int argc, char **argv)
1 fp-test.c	85	main (void)
2 gcc.c	6803	main (int argc, char **argv)
3 gcov-dump.c	76	main (int argc ATTRIBUTE_UNUSED, char **argv)
4 gcov-iov.c	29	main (int argc, char **argv)
5 gcov.c	355	main (int argc, char **argv)
6 genattr.c	89	main (int argc, char **argv)
7 genattrtab.c	4439	main (int argc, char **argv)
8 genautomata.c	9475	main (int argc, char **argv)
9 genchecksum.c	67	main (int argc, char ** argv)
a gencodes.c	51	main (int argc, char **argv)
b genconditions.c	209	main (int argc, char **argv)
c genconfig.c	261	main (int argc, char **argv)
d genconstants.c	50	main (int argc, char **argv)
e genemit.c	825	main (int argc, char **argv)
f genextract.c	401	main (int argc, char **argv)



Another Example of The Generation Related Gap

Locating the main function in the directory gcc-4.5.0/gcc using cscope

File	Line	
g genflags.c	250	main (int argc, char **argv)
h gengenrtl.c	350	main (int argc, char **argv)
i gengtype.c	3694	main (int argc, char **argv)
j genmddeps.c	45	main (int argc, char **argv)
k genmodes.c	1376	main (int argc, char **argv)
l genopinit.c	469	main (int argc, char **argv)
m genoutput.c	1023	main (int argc, char **argv)
n genpeep.c	353	main (int argc, char **argv)
o genpreds.c	1404	main (int argc, char **argv)
p genrecog.c	2722	main (int argc, char **argv)
q lto-wrapper.c	412	main (int argc, char *argv[])
r main.c	33	main (int argc, char **argv)
s mips-tdump.c	1393	main (int argc, char **argv)
t mips-tfile.c	655	main (void)
u mips-tfile.c	4695	main (int argc, char **argv)
v tlink.c	61	const char *main;



The GCC Challenge: Poor Retargetability Mechanism

- Symptom of poor retargetability mechanism

Large size of specifications



The GCC Challenge: Poor Retargetability Mechanism

- Symptom of poor retargetability mechanism

Large size of specifications

- Size in terms of line counts

Files	i386	mips
*.md	35766	12930
*.c	28643	12572
*.h	15694	5105



Meeting the GCC Challenge

Goal of Understanding	Methodology	Needs Examining		
		Makefiles	Source	MD
Translation sequence of programs	Gray box probing	No	No	No
Build process	Customizing the configuration and building	Yes	No	No
Retargetability issues and machine descriptions	Incremental construction of machine descriptions	No	No	Yes
IR data structures and access mechanisms	Adding passes to massage IRs	No	Yes	Yes
Retargetability mechanism		Yes	Yes	Yes

