

Workshop on Essential Abstractions in GCC

GCC for Cross Compilation

GCC Resource Center

(www.cse.iitb.ac.in/grc)

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Outline

- Overview
- Building Binutils
- Building First GCC
- Installing Header Files
- Building Second GCC
- Building Final C Libraries
- Final Build
- Using the Cross Compiler Tool Chain



Part 1

Overview

Overview of the Cross Compilation Procedure

1. Build a cross compiler with certain facilities disabled (First GCC build).
2. Configure the C library using the compiler built in Step 1. Build a few of the C run-time object files, but not rest of the library. Install the library's header files and run-time object file, and create dummy libc.so.
3. Build a second cross-compiler (Second GCC build), using the header files and object files installed in Step 2.
4. Configure, build and install fresh C library, using the compiler built in Step 3.
5. Build a third cross compiler (Third GCC build), based on the C library built in Step 4.



Why Such a Complex Procedure?

GCC4.5.0



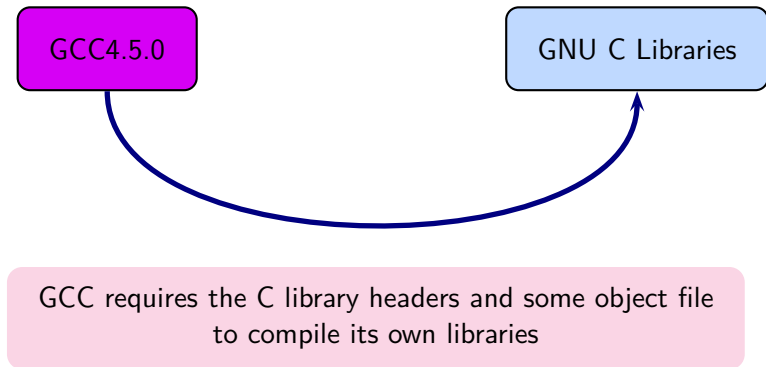
Why Such a Complex Procedure?

GCC4.5.0

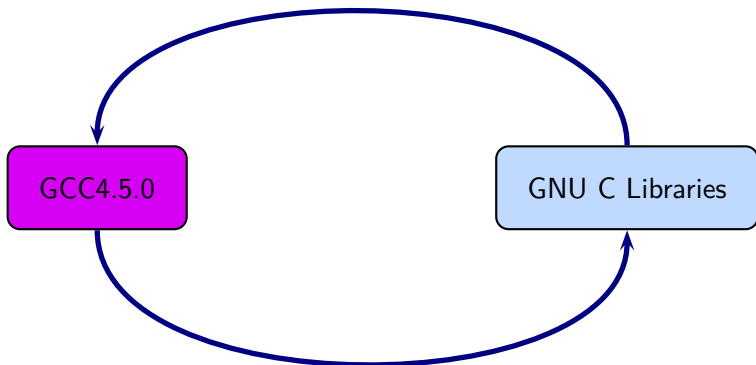
GNU C Libraries



Why Such a Complex Procedure?



Why Such a Complex Procedure?



C library depends on GCC's libraries

Downloading Source Tarballs

Download the latest version of source tarballs

Tar File Name	Download URL
gcc-4.5.0.tar.gz	gcc.cybermirror.org/releases/gcc-4.5.0/
binutils-2.20.tar.gz	ftp.gnu.org/gnu/binutils/
Latest revision of EGLIBC	svn co svn://svn.eglibc.org/trunk eglibc
linux-2.6.33.3.tar.gz	www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/



Setting Up the Environment for Cross Compilation

- Create a folder 'crossbuild' that will contain the crossbuilt compiler sources and binaries.

```
$.mkdir crossbuild  
$.cd crossbuild
```

- Create independent folders that will contain the source code of gcc-4.5.0, binutil, and eglibc.

```
crossbuild$.mkdir gcc  
crossbuild$.mkdir eglibc  
crossbuild$.mkdir binutils
```

Setting Up the Environment for Cross Compilation

- Create a folder that will contain the cross toolchain.

```
crossbuild$ mkdir install
```

- Create a folder that will have a complete EGLIBC installation, as well as all the header files, library files, and the startup C files for the target system.

```
crossbuild$ mkdir sysroot
```



Setting Up the Environment for Cross Compilation

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```
crossbuild$ mkdir sysroot
```

sysroot \equiv standard linux directory layout



Setting the Environment Variables

Set the environment variables to generalize the later steps for cross build.

```
crossbuild$.export prefix=<path_to_crossbuild/install>
crossbuild$.export sysroot=<path_to_crossbuild/sysroot>
crossbuild$.export host=i686-pc-linux-gnu
crossbuild$.export build=i686-pc-linux-gnu
crossbuild$.export target=mips-linux OR
                    export target=powerpc-linux
crossbuild$.export linuxarch=mips OR
                    export linuxarch=powerpc
```



Part 2

Building Binutils

Building Binutils

- Change the working directory to binutils.

```
crossbuild$. cd binutils
```

- Untar the binutil source tarball here.

```
crossbuild/binutils$. tar -xvf binutils-2.20.tar.gz
```

- Make a build directory to configure and build the binutils, and go to that directory.

```
crossbuild/binutils$. mkdir build
```

```
crossbuild/binutils$. cd build
```



Building Binutils

- Configure the binutils:

```
crossbuild/binutils/build$. ../binutils-2.20/configure  
--target=$target --prefix=$prefix --with-sysroot=$sysroot
```

- Install the binutils:

```
crossbuild/binutils/build$. make  
crossbuild/binutils/build$. make install
```

- Change the working directory back to crossbuild.

```
crossbuild/binutils/build$. cd ~/crossbuild
```



Part 3

Building First GCC

Building First GCC

- Change the working directory to gcc.

```
crossbuild$. cd gcc
```

- Untar the gcc-4.5.0 source tarball here.

```
crossbuild/gcc$. tar -xvf gcc-4.5.0.tar.gz
```

- Make a build directory to configure and build gcc, and go to that directory.

```
crossbuild/gcc$. mkdir build
```

```
crossbuild/gcc$. cd build
```

libgcc and other libraries are built using libc headers. Shared libraries like 'libgcc_s.so' are to be compiled against EGLIBC headers (not installed yet), and linked against 'libc.so' (not built yet). We need configure time options to tell GCC not to build 'libgcc_s.so'.



Building First GCC

- Configure gcc:

```
crossbuild/gcc/build$. ../gcc-4.5.0/configure  
--target=$target --prefix=$prefix --without-headers  
--with-newlib --disable-shared --disable-threads  
--disable-libssp --disable-libgomp --disable-libmudflap  
--enable-languages=c
```

'--without-headers' \Rightarrow build libgcc without any headers at all.

'--with-newlib' \Rightarrow use newlib header while building other libraries than libgcc.

Using both the options together results in libgcc being built without requiring the presence of any header, and other libraries being built with newlib headers.



Building First GCC

- Install gcc in the install folder:

```
crossbuild/gcc/build$. PATH=$prefix/bin:$PATH make all-gcc  
crossbuild/gcc/build$. PATH=$prefix/bin:$PATH make  
install-gcc
```

- change the working directory back to crossbuild.

```
crossbuild/gcc/build$. cd ~/crossbuild
```



Part 4

Installing Header Files

Installing Linux Kernel Headers

Linux makefiles are target-specific

- Untar the linux kernel source tarball.

```
crossbuild$.tar -xvf linux-2.6.33.3.tar.gz
```

- Change the working directory to linux-2.6.33.3

```
crossbuild$.cd linux-2.6.33.3
```

- Install the kernel headers in the sysroot directory:

```
crossbuild/linux-2.6.33.3$.PATH=$prefix/bin:$PATH make  
headers_install CROSS_COMPILE=$target-  
INSTALL_HDR_PATH=$sysroot/usr ARCH=$linuxarch
```

- change the working directory back to crossbuild.

```
crossbuild/linux-2.6.33.3$.cd ~/crossbuild
```



Installing EGLIBC Headers and Preliminary Objects

Using the cross compiler that we have just built, configure EGLIBC to install the headers and build the object files that the full cross compiler will need.

- Change the working directory to eglibc.

```
crossbuild$. cd eglibc
```

- Check the latest eglibc source revision here.

```
crossbuild/eglibc$. svn co svn://svn.eglibc.org/trunk  
eglibc
```

- Some of the targets are not supported by glibc (e.g. mips). The support for such targets is provided in the 'ports' folder in eglibc. We need to copy this folder inside the libc folder to create libraries for the new target.

```
crossbuild/eglibc$. cp -r eglibc/ports eglibc/libc
```



Installing EGLIBC Headers and Preliminary Objects

- Make a build directory to configure and build eglibc headers, and go to that directory.

```
crossbuild/eglibc$. mkdir build
crossbuild/eglibc$. cd build
```

- Configure eglibc:

```
crossbuild/eglibc/build$. BUILD_CC=gcc
CC=$prefix/bin/$target-gcc AR=$prefix/bin/$target-ar
RANLIB=$prefix/bin/$target-ranlib ../eglibc/libc/configure
--prefix=/usr --with-headers=$sysroot/usr/include
--build=$build --host=$target --disable-profile
--without-gd --without-cvs --enable-add-ons
```

EGLIBC must be configured with option '--prefix=/usr', because the EGLIBC build system checks whether the prefix is '/usr', and does special handling only if that is the case.



Installing EGLIBC Headers and Preliminary Objects

- We can now use the 'install-headers' makefile target to install the headers:

```
crossbuild/eglibc/build$. make install-headers  
install_root=$sysroot \install-bootstrap-headers=yes
```

'install-bootstrap-headers' variable requests special handling for certain tricky header files.

- There are a few object files that are needed to link shared libraries. We will build and install them by hand:

```
crossbuild/eglibc/build$. mkdir -p $sysroot/usr/lib  
crossbuild/eglibc/build$. make csu/subdir_lib  
crossbuild/eglibc/build$. cd csu  
crossbuild/eglibc/build/csu$. cp crt1.o crt1.o crtn.o  
$sysroot/usr/lib
```



Installing EGLIBC Headers and Preliminary Objects

- Finally, 'libgcc_s.so' requires a 'libc.so' to link against. However, since we will never actually execute its code, it doesn't matter what it contains. So, treating '/dev/null' as a C source code, we produce a dummy 'libc.so' in one step:

```
crossbuild/eglibc/build/csu$. $prefix/bin/$target-gcc  
-nostdlib -nostartfiles -shared -x c /dev/null -o  
$sysroot/usr/lib/libc.so
```

- change the working directory back to crossbuild.

```
crossbuild/gcc/build$. cd ~/crossbuild
```



Part 5

Building Second GCC

Building the Second GCC

With the EGLIBC headers and the selected object files installed, build a GCC that is capable of compiling EGLIBC.

- Change the working directory to build directory inside gcc folder.

```
crossbuild$. cd gcc/build
```

- Clean the build folder.

```
crossbuild/gcc/build$. rm -rf *
```

- Configure the second gcc:

```
crossbuild/gcc/build$. ../gcc-4.5.0/configure  
--target=$target --prefix=$prefix --with-sysroot=$sysroot  
--disable-libssp --disable-libgomp --disable-libmudflap  
--enable-languages=c
```



Building the Second GCC

- install the second gcc in the install folder:

```
crossbuild/gcc/build$. PATH=$prefix/bin:$PATH make
```

```
crossbuild/gcc/build$. PATH=$prefix/bin:$PATH make install
```

- change the working directory back to crossbuild.

```
crossbuild/gcc/build$. cd ~/crossbuild
```



Part 6

Building Final C Libraries

Building Complete EGLIBC

With the second compiler built and installed, build EGLIBC completely.

- Change the working directory to the build directory inside eglibc folder.

```
crossbuild$. cd eglibc/build
```

- Clean the build folder.

```
crossbuild/eglibc/build$. rm -rf *
```

- Configure eglibc:

```
crossbuild/eglibc/build$. BUILD_CC=gcc  
CC=$prefix/bin/$target-gcc AR=$prefix/bin/$target-ar  
RANLIB=$prefix/bin/$target-ranlib ../eglibc/libc/configure  
--prefix=/usr --with-headers=$sysroot/usr/include  
--build=$build --host=$target --disable-profile  
--without-gd --without-cvs --enable-add-ons
```



Building Complete EGLIBC

- install the required libraries in \$sysroot:

```
crossbuild/eglibc/build$. PATH=$prefix/bin:$PATH make  
crossbuild/eglibc/build$. PATH=$prefix/bin:$PATH make  
install install_root=$sysroot
```

- change the working directory back to crossbuild.

```
crossbuild/gcc/build$. cd ~/crossbuild
```

At this point, we have a complete EGLIBC installation in '\$sysroot', with header files, library files, and most of the C runtime startup files in place.



Part 7

The Final Build

Building fully Cross-compiled GCC

Recompile GCC against this full installation, enabling whatever languages and libraries you would like to use.

- Change the working directory to build directory inside gcc folder.

```
crossbuild$. cd gcc/build
```

- Clean the build folder.

```
crossbuild/gcc/build$. rm -rf *
```

- Configure the third gcc:

```
crossbuild/gcc/build$. ../gcc-4.5.0/configure  
--target=$target --prefix=$prefix --with-sysroot=$sysroot  
--disable-libssp --disable-libgomp --disable-libmudflap  
--enable-languages=c
```



Building fully Cross-compiled GCC

- Install the final gcc in the install folder:

```
crossbuild/gcc/build$. PATH=$prefix/bin:$PATH make
```

```
crossbuild/gcc/build$. PATH=$prefix/bin:$PATH make install
```

- change the working directory back to crossbuild.

```
crossbuild/gcc/build$. cd ~/crossbuild
```



Maintaining \$sysroot Folder

Since GCC's installation process is not designed to help construct sysroot trees, certain libraries must be manually copied into place in the sysroot.

- Copy the libgcc_s.so files to the lib folder in \$sysroot.

```
crossbuild$.cp -d $prefix/$target/lib/libgcc_s.so*  
$sysroot/lib
```

- If c++ language was enabled, copy the libstdc++.so files to the usr/lib folder in \$sysroot.

```
crossbuild$.cp -d $prefix/$target/lib/libstdc++.so*  
$sysroot/usr/lib
```

At this point, we have a ready cross compile toolchain in \$prefix, and EGLIBC installation in \$sysroot.



Part 8

Using the Cross Compiler Tool Chain

Testing the Cross Compiler

Sample input file test.c:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main ()
{
    int a, b, c, *d;
    d = &a;
    a = b + c;
    printf ("%d", a);
    return 0;
}
```

```
$. $prefix/bin/$target-gcc -o test test.c
```



Testing the Cross Compiler

For a powerpc architecture,

```
$. $prefix/bin/powerpc-unknown-linux-gnu-gcc -o test test.c
```

Use readelf to verify whether the executable is indeed for powerpc

```
$. $prefix/bin/powerpc-unknown-linux-gnu-readelf -lh test
```

ELF Header:

```
Magic:  7f 45 4c 46 01 02 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

```
...
```

```
Type:                                EXEC (Executable file)
```

```
Machine:                             PowerPC
```

```
...
```

Program Headers:

```
...
```

```
[Requesting program interpreter: /lib/ld.so.1]
```

```
...
```

