

*Workshop on Essential Abstractions in GCC*

# Graybox Probing for Machine Independent Optimizations

GCC Resource Center

([www.cse.iitb.ac.in/grc](http://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/grc))

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30 June 2011

# Outline

- Example 1
  - ▶ Constant Propagation
  - ▶ Copy Propagation
  - ▶ Dead Code Elimination
  - ▶ Loop unrolling
- Example 2
  - ▶ Partial Redundancy Elimination
  - ▶ Copy Propagation
  - ▶ Dead Code Elimination



*Part 1*

# *First Example Program*

## Example Program 1

```
int main()
{ int a, b, c, n;

  a = 1;
  b = 2;
  c = 3;
  n = c*2;
  while (a <= n)
  {
    a = a+1;
  }
  if (a < 12)
    a = a+b+c;
  return a;
}
```

- What does this program return?



## Example Program 1

```
int main()
{ int a, b, c, n;

  a = 1;
  b = 2;
  c = 3;
  n = c*2;
  while (a <= n)
  {
    a = a+1;
  }
  if (a < 12)
    a = a+b+c;
  return a;
}
```

- What does this program return?
- 12



## Example Program 1

```
int main()
{ int a, b, c, n;

  a = 1;
  b = 2;
  c = 3;
  n = c*2;
  while (a <= n)
  {
    a = a+1;
  }
  if (a < 12)
    a = a+b+c;
  return a;
}
```

- What does this program return?
- 12
- We use this program to illustrate various shades of the following optimizations:  
Constant propagation, Copy propagation, Loop unrolling, Dead code elimination



## Compilation Command

```
$gcc -fdump-tree-all -O2 ccp.c
```



## Example Program 1

Program ccp.c

```
int main()
{ int a, b, c, n;

  a = 1;
  b = 2;
  c = 3;
  n = c*2;
  while (a <= n)
  {
    a = a+1;
  }
  if (a < 12)
    a = a+b+c;
  return a;
}
```

Control flow graph





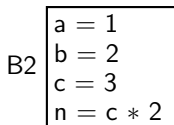
## Example Program 1

Program ccp.c

```
int main()
{ int a, b, c, n;

  a = 1;
  b = 2;
  c = 3;
  n = c*2;
  while (a <= n)
  {
    a = a+1;
  }
  if (a < 12)
    a = a+b+c;
  return a;
}
```

Control flow graph



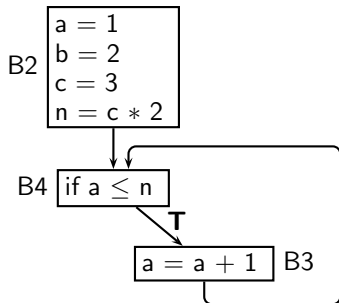
## Example Program 1

Program ccp.c

```
int main()
{ int a, b, c, n;

  a = 1;
  b = 2;
  c = 3;
  n = c*2;
  while (a <= n)
  {
    a = a+1;
  }
  if (a < 12)
    a = a+b+c;
  return a;
}
```

Control flow graph



## Example Program 1

Program ccp.c

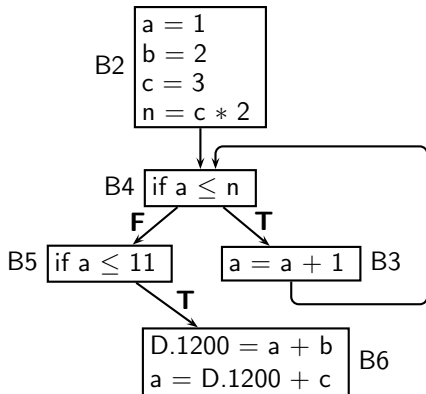
```

int main()
{ int a, b, c, n;

  a = 1;
  b = 2;
  c = 3;
  n = c*2;
  while (a <= n)
  {
    a = a+1;
  }
  if (a < 12)
    a = a+b+c;
  return a;
}

```

Control flow graph



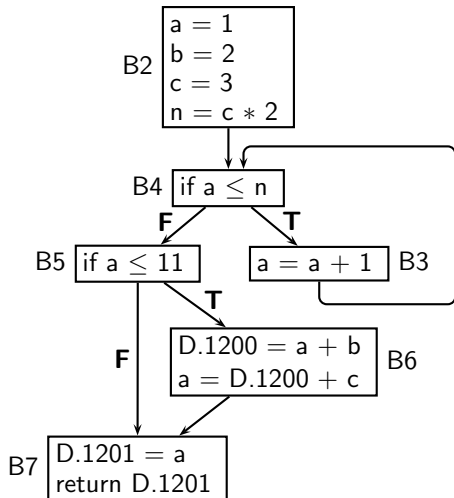
## Example Program 1

Program ccp.c

```
int main()
{ int a, b, c, n;

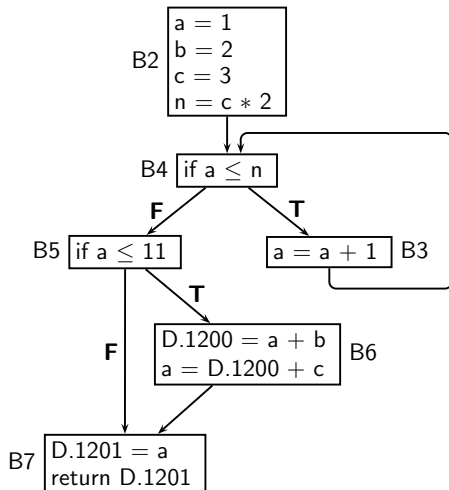
  a = 1;
  b = 2;
  c = 3;
  n = c*2;
  while (a <= n)
  {
    a = a+1;
  }
  if (a < 12)
    a = a+b+c;
  return a;
}
```

Control flow graph



# Control Flow Graph: Pictorial and Textual View

Control flow graph

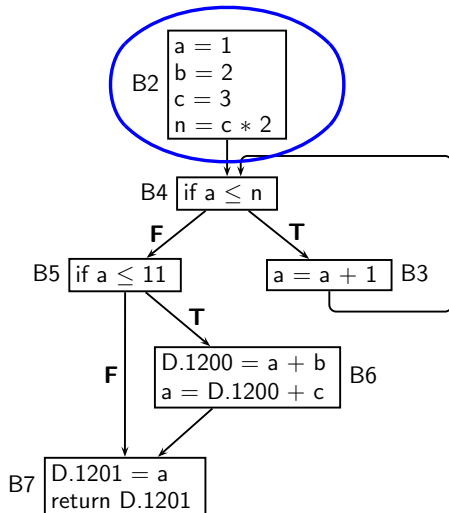


Dump file `ccp.c.013t.cfg`



# Control Flow Graph: Pictorial and Textual View

Control flow graph



Dump file ccp.c.013t.cfg

```

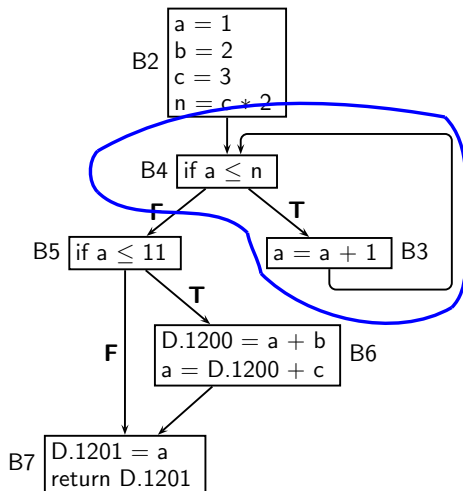
<bb 2>:
a = 1;
b = 2;
c = 3;
n = c * 2;
goto <bb 4>;

```



# Control Flow Graph: Pictorial and Textual View

Control flow graph



Dump file ccp.c.013t.cfg

```

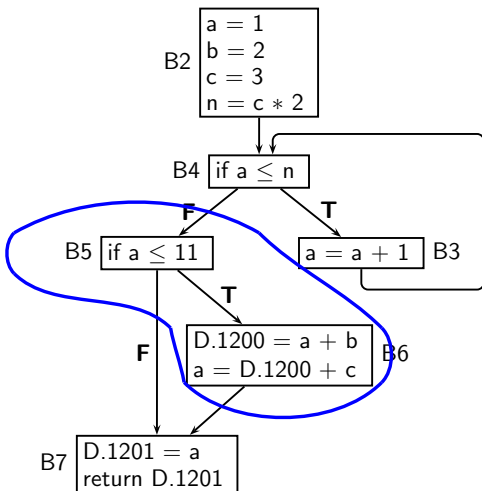
<bb 3>:
a = a + 1;

<bb 4>:
if (a <= n)
    goto <bb 3>;
else
    goto <bb 5>;
  
```



## Control Flow Graph: Pictorial and Textual View

Control flow graph



Dump file ccp.c.013t.cfg

```

<bb 5>:
if (a <= 11)
    goto <bb 6>;
else
    goto <bb 7>;

```

```

<bb 6>:
D.1200 = a + b;
a = D.1200 + c;

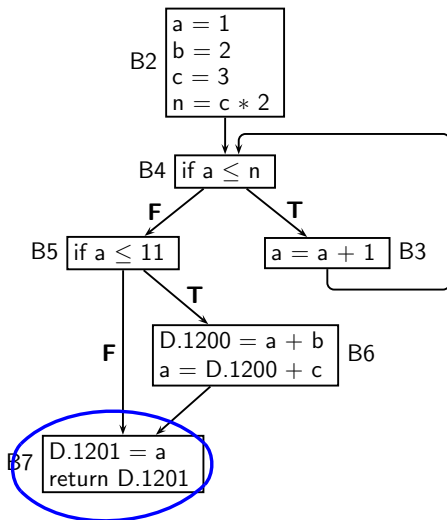
```





# Control Flow Graph: Pictorial and Textual View

Control flow graph



Dump file `ccp.c.013t.cfg`

```

<bb 7>:
D.1201 = a;
return D.1201;

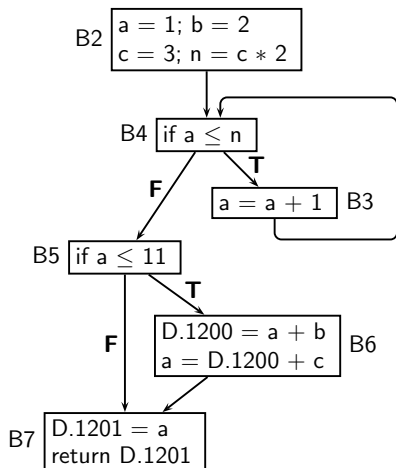
```



# Single Static Assignment (SSA) Form

Control flow graph

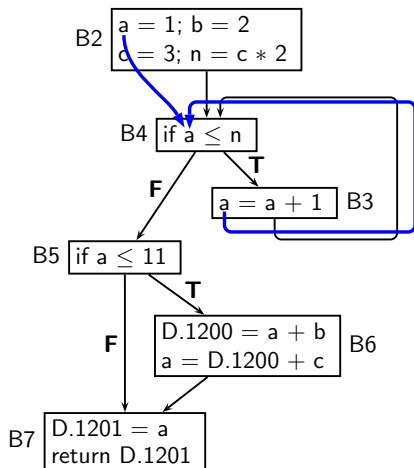
SSA Form



# Single Static Assignment (SSA) Form

Control flow graph

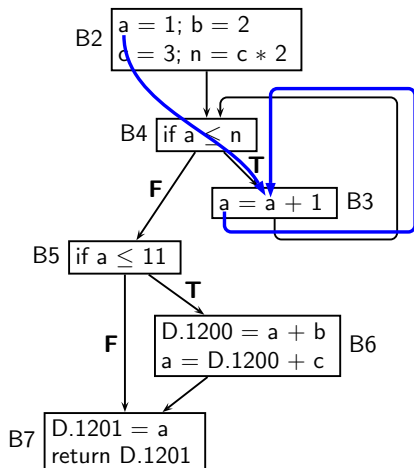
SSA Form



# Single Static Assignment (SSA) Form

Control flow graph

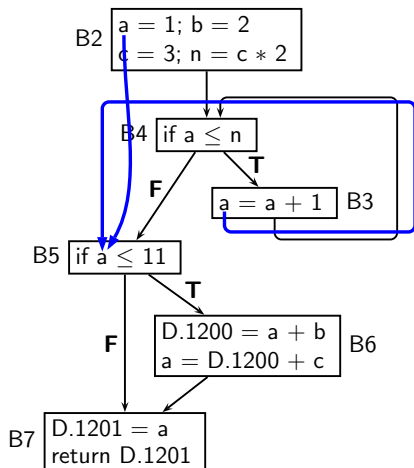
SSA Form



# Single Static Assignment (SSA) Form

Control flow graph

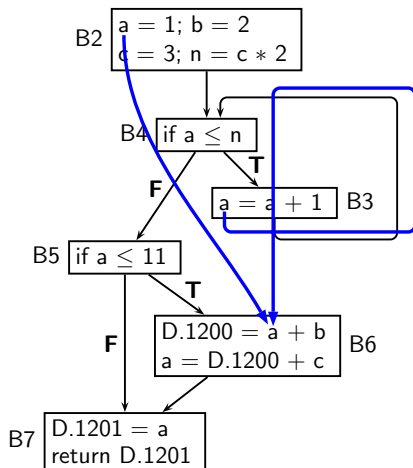
SSA Form



# Single Static Assignment (SSA) Form

Control flow graph

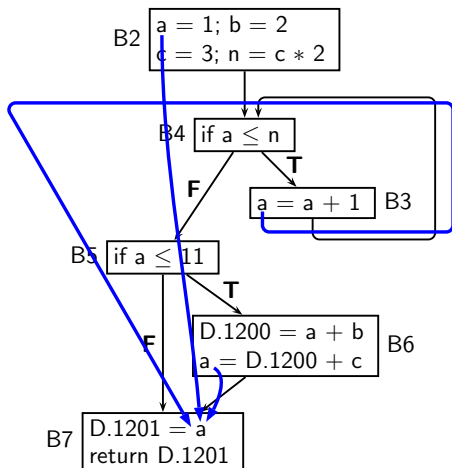
SSA Form



# Single Static Assignment (SSA) Form

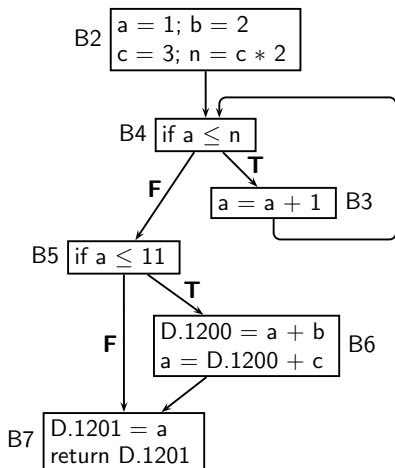
Control flow graph

SSA Form

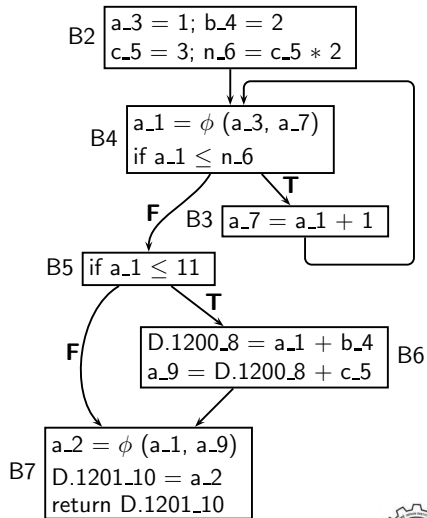


# Single Static Assignment (SSA) Form

Control flow graph

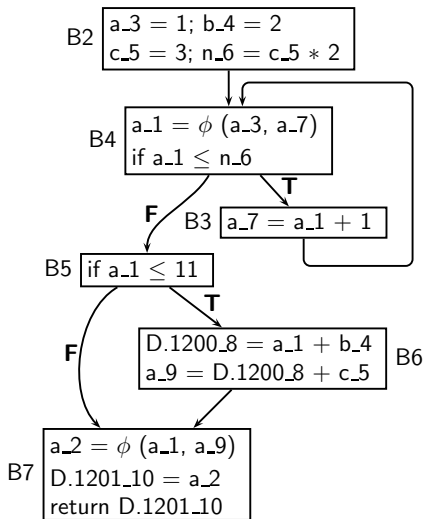


SSA Form





## Properties of SSA Form



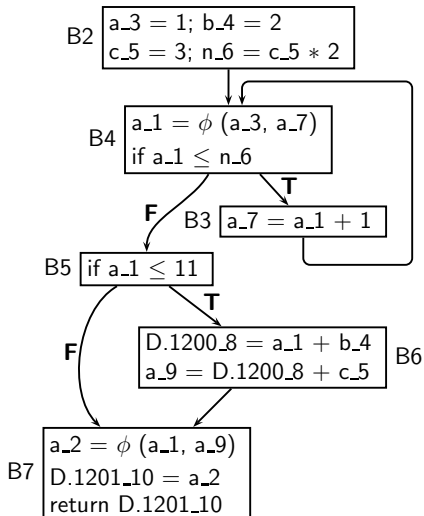
- A  $\phi$  function is a multiplexer or a selection function
- Every use of a variable corresponds to a unique definition of the variable
- For every use, the definition is guaranteed to appear on every path leading to the use

SSA construction algorithm is expected to insert as few  $\phi$  functions as possible to ensure the above properties



# SSA Form: Pictorial and Textual View

CFG in SSA form

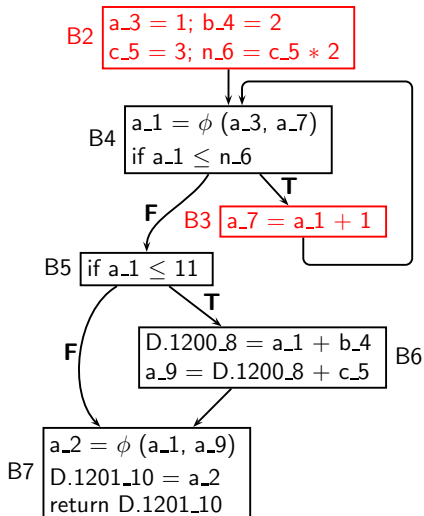


Dump file [ccp.c.017t.ssa](#)



## SSA Form: Pictorial and Textual View

CFG in SSA form



Dump file `ccp.c.017t.ssa`

```
<bb 2>:
```

```
a_3 = 1;
```

```
b_4 = 2;
```

```
c_5 = 3;
```

```
n_6 = c_5 * 2;
```

```
goto <bb 4>;
```

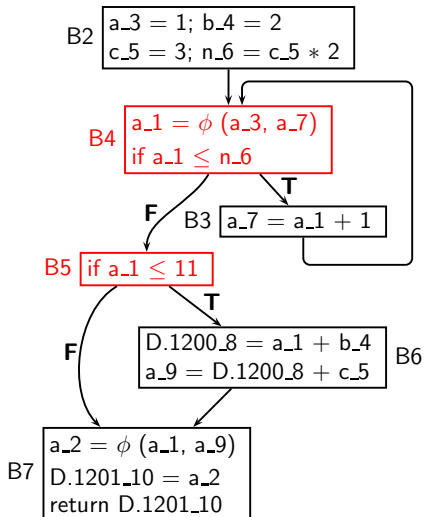
```
<bb 3>:
```

```
a_7 = a_1 + 1;
```



## SSA Form: Pictorial and Textual View

CFG in SSA form



Dump file `ccp.c.017t.ssa`

<bb 4>:

```

# a_1 = PHI <a_3(2), a_7(3)>
if (a_1 <= n_6)
    goto <bb 3>;
else
    goto <bb 5>;

```

<bb 5>:

```

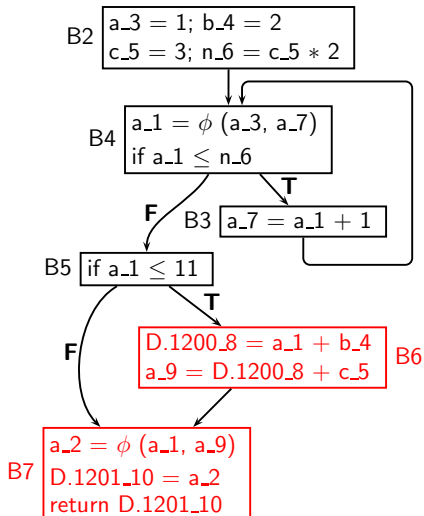
if (a_1 <= 11)
    goto <bb 6>;
else
    goto <bb 7>;

```



## SSA Form: Pictorial and Textual View

CFG in SSA form



Dump file `ccp.c.017t.ssa`

<bb 6>:

```
D.1200_8 = a_1 + b_4;
a_9 = D.1200_8 + c_5;
```

<bb 7>:

```
# a_2 = PHI <a_1(5), a_9(6)>
D.1201_10 = a_2;
return D.1201_10;
```



## A Comparison of CFG and SSA Dumps

Dump file ccp.c.013t.cfg

Dump file ccp.c.017t.ssa



## A Comparison of CFG and SSA Dumps

Dump file ccp.c.013t.cfg

```
<bb 2>:  
  a = 1;  
  b = 2;  
  c = 3;  
  n = c * 2;  
  goto <bb 4>;
```

```
<bb 3>:  
  a = a + 1;
```

Dump file ccp.c.017t.ssa

```
<bb 2>:  
  a_3 = 1;  
  b_4 = 2;  
  c_5 = 3;  
  n_6 = c_5 * 2;  
  goto <bb 4>;
```

```
<bb 3>:  
  a_7 = a_1 + 1;
```



## A Comparison of CFG and SSA Dumps

Dump file ccp.c.013t.cfg

```
<bb 4>:
  if (a <= n)
    goto <bb 3>;
  else
    goto <bb 5>;

<bb 5>:
  if (a <= 11)
    goto <bb 6>;
  else
    goto <bb 7>;
```

Dump file ccp.c.017t.ssa

```
<bb 4>:
  # a_1 = PHI <a_3(2), a_7(3)>
  if (a_1 <= n_6)
    goto <bb 3>;
  else
    goto <bb 5>;

<bb 5>:
  if (a_1 <= 11)
    goto <bb 6>;
  else
    goto <bb 7>;
```





## A Comparison of CFG and SSA Dumps

Dump file ccp.c.013t.cfg

```
<bb 6>:  
D.1200 = a + b;  
a = D.1200 + c;
```

```
<bb 7>:  
D.1201 = a;  
return D.1201;
```

Dump file ccp.c.017t.ssa

```
<bb 6>:  
  D.1200_8 = a_1 + b_4;  
  a_9 = D.1200_8 + c_5;
```

```
<bb 7>:  
  # a_2 = PHI <a_1(5), a_9(6)>  
  D.1201_10 = a_2;  
  return D.1201_10;
```



## Copy Renaming

Input dump: ccp.c.017t.ssa

```
<bb 7>:  
# a_2 = PHI <a_1(5), a_9(6)>  
D.1201_10 = a_2;  
return D.1201_10;
```

Output dump: ccp.c.022t.copyrename1

```
<bb 7>:  
# a_2 = PHI <a_1(5), a_9(6)>  
a_10 = a_2;  
return a_10;
```



## First Level Constant and Copy Propagation

Input dump: ccp.c.022t.copyrename1

```
<bb 2>:
  a_3 = 1;
  b_4 = 2;
  c_5 = 3;
  n_6 = c_5 * 2;
  goto <bb 4>;
```

```
<bb 3>:
  a_7 = a_1 + 1;
```

```
<bb 4>:
  # a_1 = PHI < a_3(2), a_7(3)>
  if (a_1 <= n_6)
    goto <bb 3>;
  else
    goto <bb 5>;
```

Output dump: ccp.c.023t.ccp1

```
<bb 2>:
  a_3 = 1;
  b_4 = 2;
  c_5 = 3;
  n_6 = 6;
  goto <bb 4>;
```

```
<bb 3>:
  a_7 = a_1 + 1;
```

```
<bb 4>:
  # a_1 = PHI < 1(2), a_7(3)>
  if (a_1 <= 6)
    goto <bb 3>;
  else
    goto <bb 5>;
```



## First Level Constant and Copy Propagation

Input dump: ccp.c.022t.copyrename1

```
<bb 2>:  
  a_3 = 1;  
  b_4 = 2;  
  c_5 = 3;  
  n_6 = 6;  
  goto <bb 4>;
```

...

```
<bb 6>:  
  D.1200_8 = a_1 + b_4;  
  a_9 = D.1200_8 + c_5;
```

Output dump: ccp.c.023t.ccp1

```
<bb 2>:  
  a_3 = 1;  
  b_4 = 2;  
  c_5 = 3;  
  n_6 = 6;  
  goto <bb 4>;
```

...

```
<bb 6>:  
  D.1200_8 = a_1 + 2;  
  a_9 = D.1200_8 + 3;
```



## Second Level Copy Propagation

Input dump: ccp.c.023t.ccp1

<bb 6>:

D.1200\_8 = a\_1 + 2;

a\_9 = D.1200\_8 + 3;

<bb 7>:

# a\_2 = PHI <a\_1(5), a\_9(6)>

a\_10 = a\_2;

return a\_10;

Output dump: ccp.c.027t.copyprop1

<bb 6>:

a\_9 = a\_1 + 5;

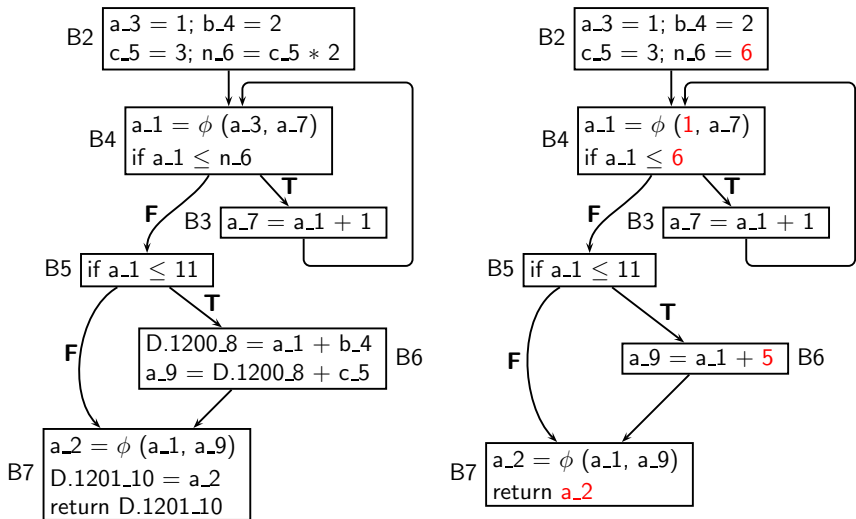
<bb 7>:

# a\_2 = PHI <a\_1(5), a\_9(6)>

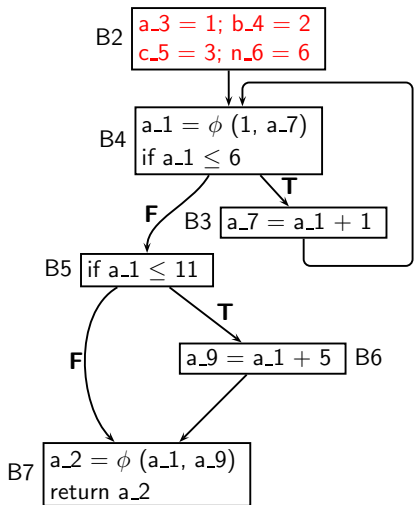
return a\_2;



## The Result of Copy Propagation and Renaming



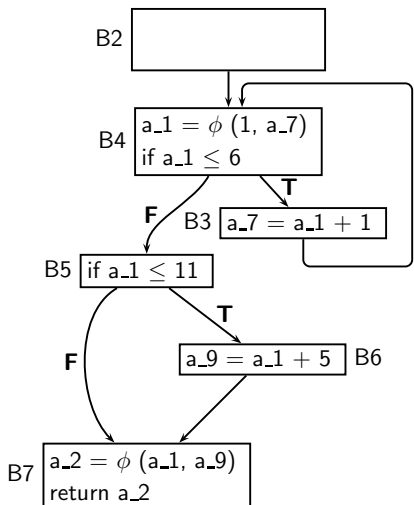
## The Result of Copy Propagation and Renaming



- No uses for variables  $a_3$ ,  $b_4$ ,  $c_5$ , and  $n_6$
- Assignments to these variables can be deleted



# Dead Code Elimination Using Control Dependence



Dump file `ccp.c.029t.cddcel`

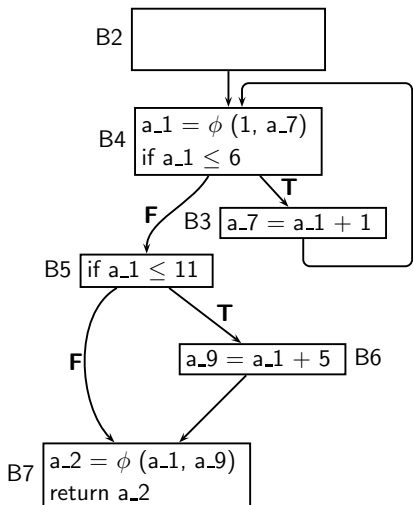
```

<bb 2>:
    goto <bb 4>;
<bb 3>:
    a_7 = a_1 + 1;
<bb 4>:
    # a_1 = PHI <1(2), a_7(3)>
    if (a_1 <= 6) goto <bb 3>;
    else goto <bb 5>;
<bb 5>:
    if (a_1 <= 11) goto <bb 6>;
    else goto <bb 7>;
<bb 6>:
    a_9 = a_1 + 5;
<bb 7>:
    # a_2 = PHI <a_1(5), a_9(6)>
    return a_2;
  
```

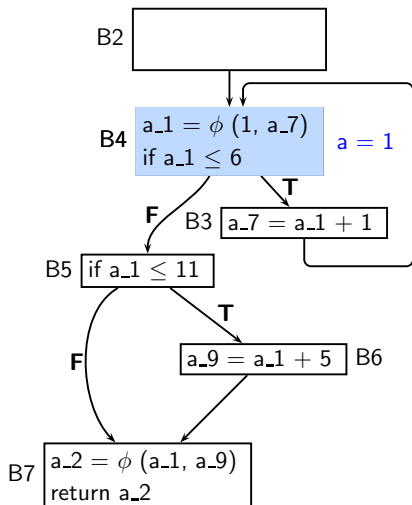




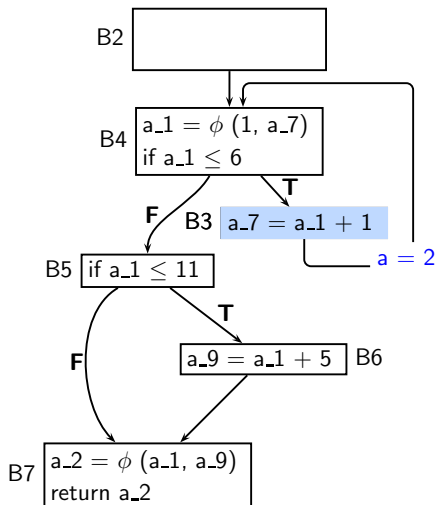
## Loop Unrolling



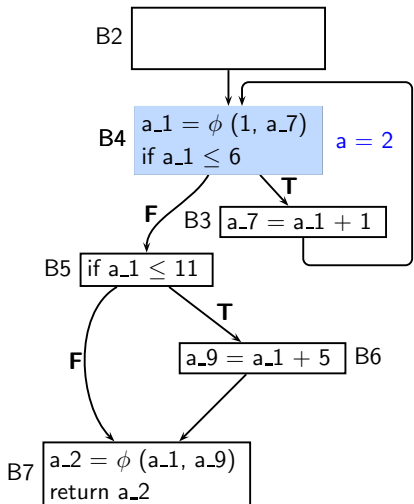
## Loop Unrolling



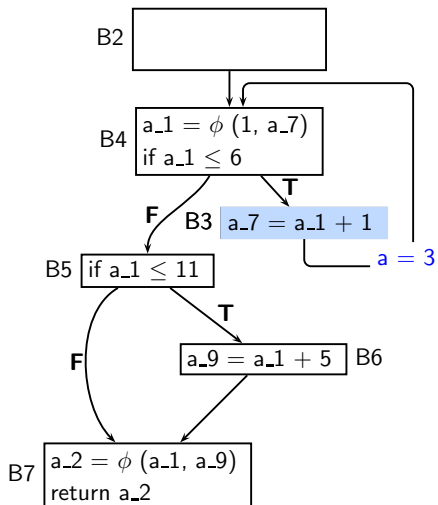
## Loop Unrolling



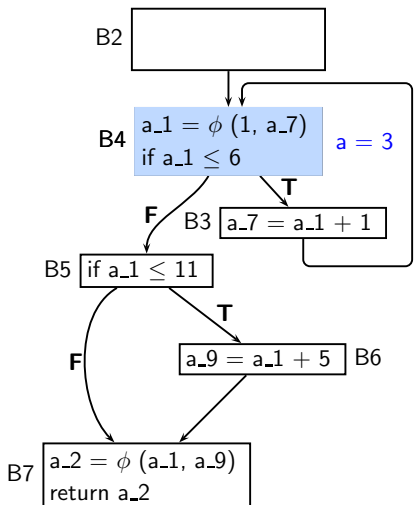
## Loop Unrolling



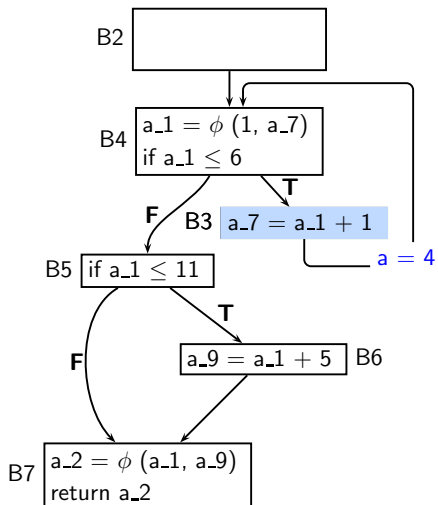
## Loop Unrolling



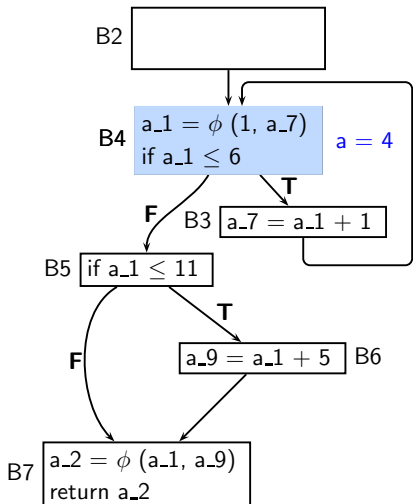
## Loop Unrolling



## Loop Unrolling

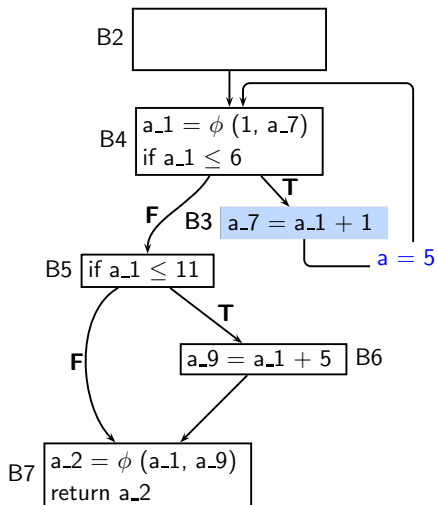


## Loop Unrolling

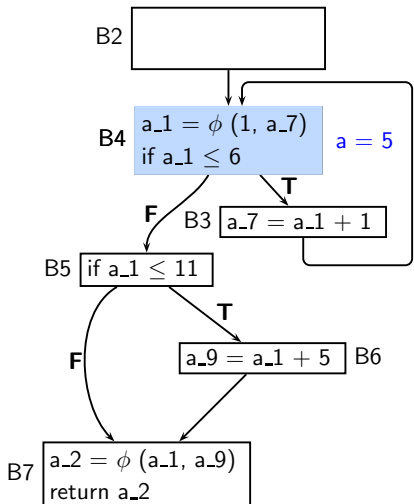




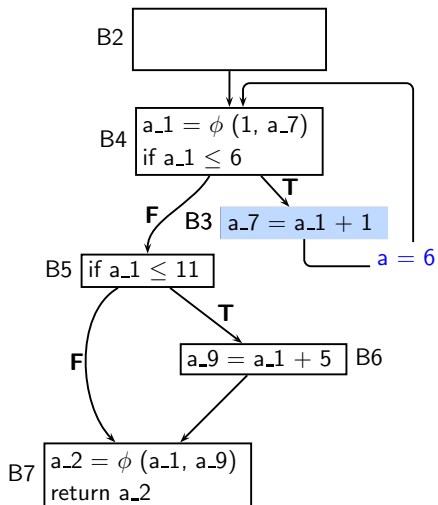
## Loop Unrolling



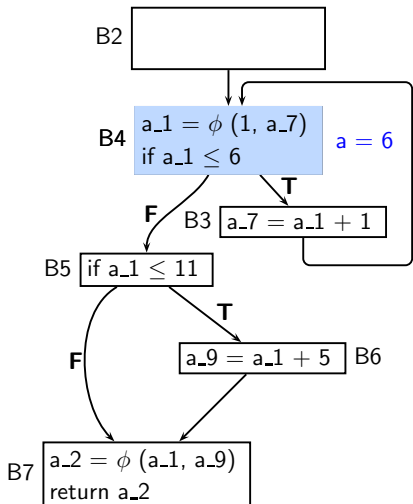
## Loop Unrolling



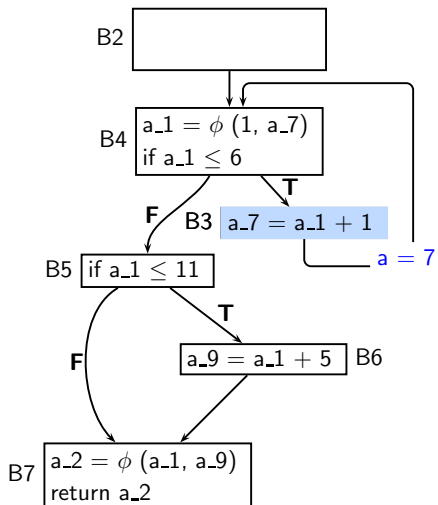
## Loop Unrolling



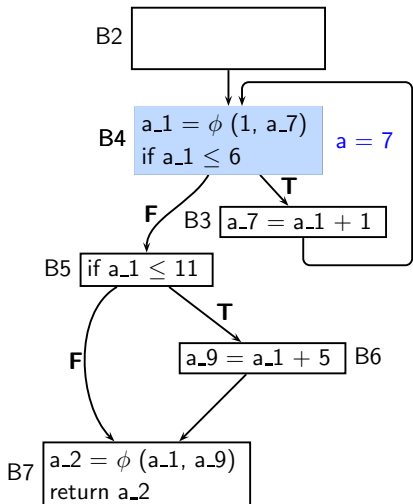
## Loop Unrolling



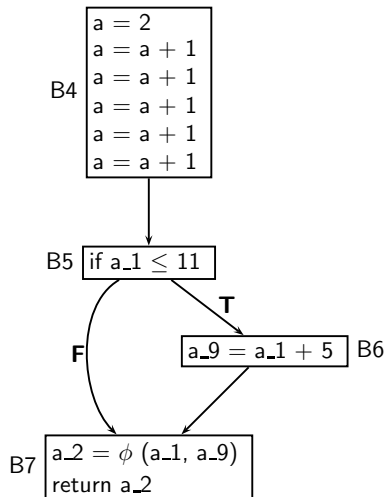
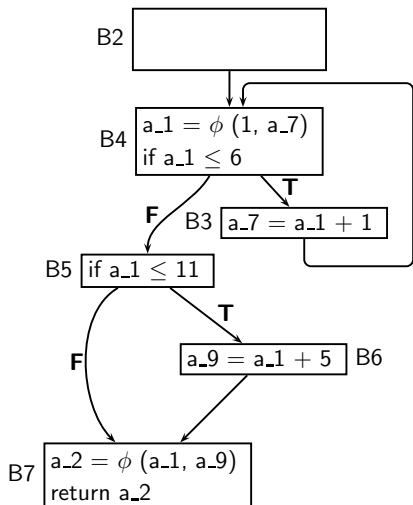
## Loop Unrolling



## Loop Unrolling



## Loop Unrolling



## Complete Unrolling of Inner Loops

Dump file: ccp.c.058t.cunrolli

<bb 2>:

```

a_12 = 2;
a_14 = a_12 + 1;
a_16 = a_14 + 1;
a_18 = a_16 + 1;
a_20 = a_18 + 1;
a_22 = a_20 + 1;
if (a_22 <= 11) goto <bb 3>;
else goto <bb 4>;

```

<bb 3>:

```

a_9 = a_22 + 5;

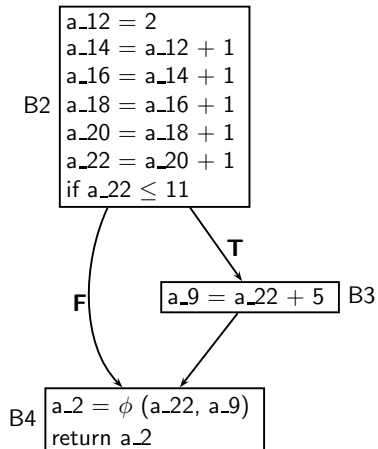
```

<bb 4>:

```

# a_2 = PHI <a_22(2), a_9(3)>
return a_2;

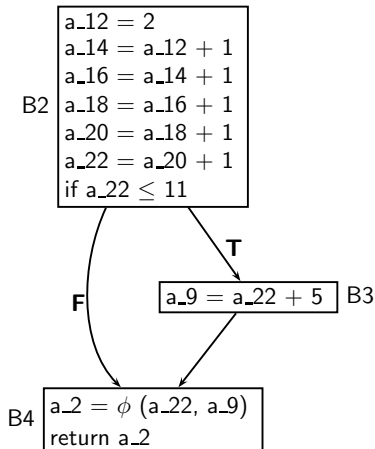
```





## Another Round of Constant Propagation

Input



Dump file: ccp.c.059t.ccp2

```

main ()
{
  <bb 2>:
    return 12;
}
  
```



*Part 2*

# *Second Example Program*

## Example Program 2

```
int f(int b, int c, int n)
{ int a;

  do
  {
    a = b+c;
  }
  while (a <= n);

  return a;
}
```

We use this program to illustrate the following optimizations:

Partial Redundancy Elimination,  
Copy Propagation, Dead Code  
Elimination



## Compilation Command

```
$gcc -fdump-tree-all -O2 -S ccp.c
```



## Example Program 2

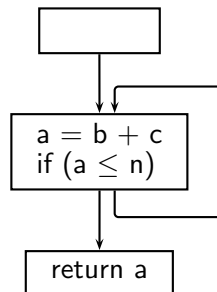
loop.c

```
int f(int b, int c, int n)
{ int a;

  do
  {
    a = b+c;
  }
  while (a <= n);

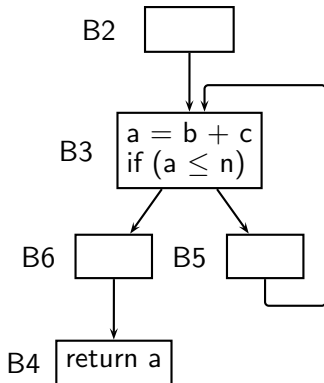
  return a;
}
```

Control Flow Graph



## Dump of Input to PRE Pass

Control Flow Graph



`loop.c.091t.critcd`

<bb 2>:

<bb 3>:

```
a_3 = b_1(D) + c_2(D);
```

```
if (a_3 <= n_4(D)) goto <bb 5>;
```

```
else goto <bb 6>;
```

<bb 5>:

```
goto <bb 3>;
```

<bb 6>:

<bb 4>:

```
# a_6 = PHI <a_3(6)>
```

```
return a_6;
```



## Input and Output of PRE Pass

loop.c.091t.critcd

<bb 2>:

<bb 3>:

```
a_3 = b_1(D) + c_2(D);  
if (a_3 <= n_4(D))  
    goto <bb 5>;  
else goto <bb 6>;
```

<bb 5>:

```
goto <bb 3>;
```

<bb 6>:

<bb 4>:

```
# a_6 = PHI <a_3(6)>  
return a_6;
```

loop.c.092t.pre

<bb 2>:

```
pretmp.2_7 = b_1(D) + c_2(D);
```

<bb 3>:

```
a_3 = pretmp.2_7;  
if (a_3 <= n_4(D))  
    goto <bb 5>;  
else goto <bb 6>;
```

<bb 5>:

```
goto <bb 3>;
```

<bb 6>:

<bb 4>:

```
# a_6 = PHI <a_3(6)>  
return a_6;
```



## Copy Propagation after PRE

loop.c.092t.pre

```
<bb 2>:
    pretmp.2_7 = b_1(D) + c_2(D);
```

```
<bb 3>:
    a_3 = pretmp.2_7;
    if ( a_3 <= n_4(D) )
        goto <bb 5>;
    else goto <bb 6>;
```

```
<bb 5>:
    goto <bb 3>;
```

```
<bb 6>:
```

```
<bb 4>:
    # a_6 = PHI <a_3(6)>
    return a_6;
```

loop.c.097t.copyprop4

```
<bb 2>:
    pretmp.2_7 = b_1(D) + c_2(D);
```

```
<bb 3>:
    a_3 = pretmp.2_7;
    if ( n_4(D) >= pretmp.2_7 )
        goto <bb 4>;
    else
        goto <bb 5>;
```

```
<bb 4>:
    goto <bb 3>;
```

```
<bb 5>:
```

```
# a_8 = PHI <pretmp.2_7(3)>
a_6 = a_8;
return a_8;
```





## Dead Code Elimination

loop.c.097t.copyprop4

<bb 2>:

```
    pretmp.2_7 = b_1(D) + c_2(D);
```

<bb 3>:

```
    a_3 = pretmp.2_7;
```

```
    if (n_4(D) >= pretmp.2_7)
```

```
        goto <bb 4>;
```

```
    else
```

```
        goto <bb 5>;
```

<bb 4>:

```
    goto <bb 3>;
```

<bb 5>:

```
    # a_8 = PHI <pretmp.2_7(3)>
```

```
    a_6 = a_8;
```

```
    return a_8;
```

loop.c.098t.dceloop1

<bb 2>:

```
    pretmp.2_7 = b_1(D) + c_2(D);
```

<bb 3>:

```
    if (n_4(D) >= pretmp.2_7)
```

```
        goto <bb 4>;
```

```
    else
```

```
        goto <bb 5>;
```

<bb 4>:

```
    goto <bb 3>;
```

<bb 5>:

```
    # a_8 = PHI <pretmp.2_7(3)>
```

```
    return a_8;
```



## Redundant $\phi$ Function Elimination and Copy Propagation

### loop.c.098t.dceloop1

```
<bb 2>:
  pretmp.2_7 = b_1(D) + c_2(D);

<bb 3>:
  if (n_4(D) >= pretmp.2_7)
    goto <bb 4>;
  else
    goto <bb 5>;

<bb 4>:
  goto <bb 3>;

<bb 5>:
  # a_8 = PHI <pretmp.2_7(3)>
  return a_8;
```

### loop.c.125t.phicprop2

```
<bb 2>:
  pretmp.2_7 = c_2(D) + b_1(D);
  if (n_4(D) >= pretmp.2_7)
    goto <bb 4>;
  else
    goto <bb 3>;

<bb 3>:
  return pretmp.2_7;

<bb 4>:
  goto <bb 4>;
```



## Final Assembly Program

### loop.c.125t.phicprop2

```
<bb 2>:
  pretmp.2_7 = c_2(D) + b_1(D);
  if (n_4(D) >= pretmp.2_7)
    goto <bb 4>;
  else
    goto <bb 3>;

<bb 3>:
  return pretmp.2_7;

<bb 4>:
  goto <bb 4>;
```

### loop.s

```
movl    8(%esp), %eax
addl    4(%esp), %eax
cmpl    %eax, 12(%esp)
jge     .L2
rep
ret

.L2:
.L3:
      jmp     .L3
```

*Why infinite loop?*



## Infinite Loop in Example Program 2

```
int f(int b, int c, int n)
{ int a;

  do
  {
    a = b+c;
  }
  while (a <= n);

  return a;
}
```

The program does not terminate  
unless  $a > n$



*Part 3*

# *Conclusions*

## Conclusions

- GCC performs many machine independent optimizations
- The dumps of optimizations are easy to follow, particularly at the GIMPLE level
- It is easy to prepare interesting test cases and observe the effect of transformations
- One optimization often leads to another  
Hence GCC performs many optimizations repeatedly  
(eg. copy propagation, dead code elimination)

