

GCC Control Flow and Plugins

GCC Resource Center
(www.cse.iitb.ac.in/grc)

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1 July 2012

Part 1

Motivation

- Motivation
- Plugins in GCC
- GCC Control Flow
- Link time optimization in GCC
- Conclusions



Module Binding Mechanisms

- The need for adding, removing, and maintaining modules relatively independently
- The mechanism for supporting this is called by many names:
 - ▶ Plugin, hook, callback, . . .
 - ▶ Sometimes it remains unnamed (eg. compilers in gcc driver)
- It may involve
 - ▶ Minor changes in the main source
Requires static linking
We call this a [static plugin](#)
 - ▶ No changes in the main source
Requires dynamic linking
We call this a [dynamic plugin](#)



Plugin as a Module Binding Mechanisms

- We view plugin at a more general level than the conventional view
Adjectives “static” and “dynamic” create a good contrast
- Most often a plugin in a C based software is a data structure containing function pointers and other related information

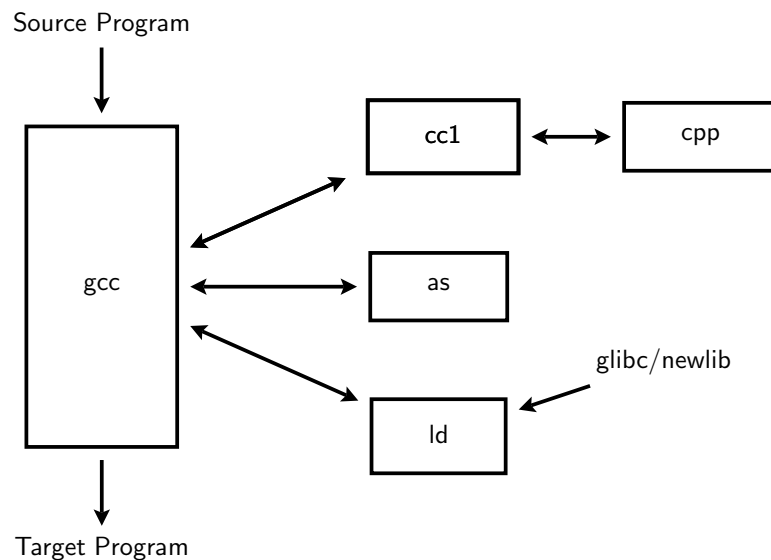


Static Vs. Dynamic Plugins

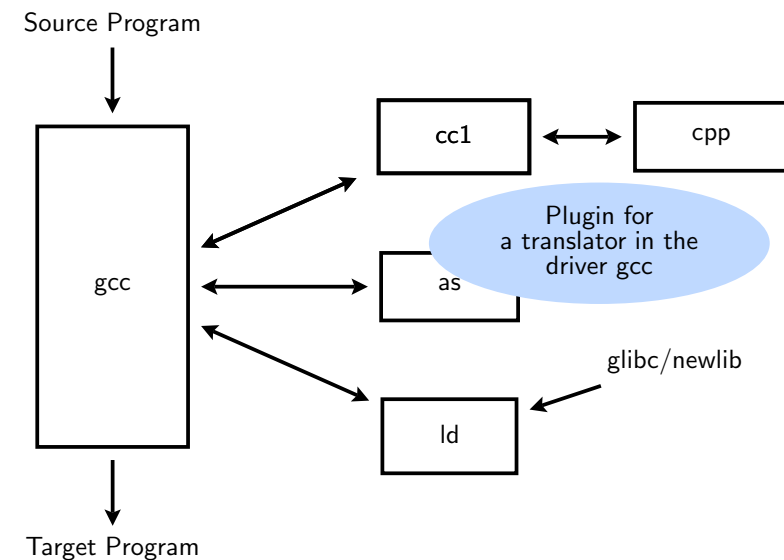
- Static plugin requires static linking
 - ▶ Changes required in `gcc/Makefile.in`, some header and source files
 - ▶ At least `cc1` may have to be rebuilt
All files that include the changed headers will have to be recompiled
- Dynamic plugin uses dynamic linking
 - ▶ Supported on platforms that support `-ld1 -rdynamic`
 - ▶ Loaded using `dlopen` and invoked at pre-determined locations in the compilation process
 - ▶ Command line option
`-fplugin=/path/to/name.so`
Arguments required can be supplied as name-value pairs



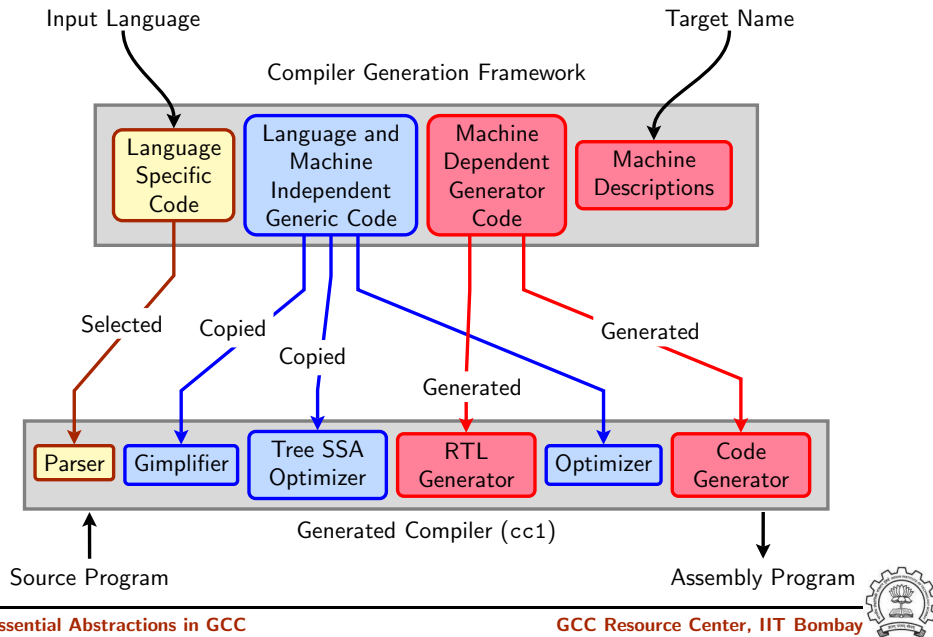
Static Plugins in the GCC Driver



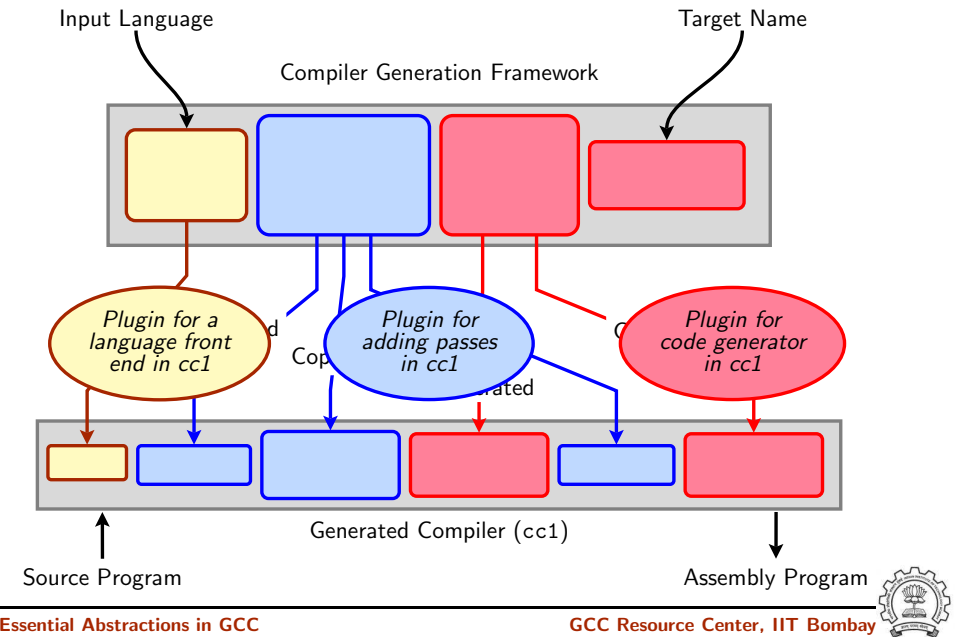
Static Plugins in the GCC Driver



Static Plugins in the Generated Compiler



Static Plugins in the Generated Compiler



GCC's Solution

Plugin	Implementation	
	Data Structure	Initialization
Translator in gcc	Array of C structures	Development time
Front end in cc1	C structure	Build time
Passes in cc1	Linked list of C structures	Development time
Back end in cc1	Arrays of structures	Build time

Part 2

Static Plugins in GCC

Plugin Data Structure in the GCC Driver

```

struct compiler
{
  const char *suffix;      /* Use this compiler for input files
                           whose names end in this suffix. */

  const char *spec;       /* To use this compiler, run this spec. */

  const char *cpp_spec;   /* If non-NULL, substitute this spec
                           for 'C', rather than the usual
                           cpp_spec. */

  const int combinable;   /* If nonzero, compiler can deal with
                           multiple source files at once (IMA). */

  const int needs_preprocessing;
                          /* If nonzero, source files need to
                           be run through a preprocessor. */
};

```



Complete Entry for C in gcc.c

```

{"@c",
 /* cc1 has an integrated ISO C preprocessor. We should invoke the
  external preprocessor if -save-temps is given. */
  "%{E|M|MM:%(trad_capable_cpp) %{cpp_options) %{cpp_debug_options}}\
  %{!E:%{!M:%{!MM:\
    %{traditional|ftraditional:\
%eGNU C no longer supports -traditional without -E}\
    %{!combine:\
    %{save-temps|traditional-cpp|no-integrated-cpp:%(trad_capable_cpp) \
%(cpp_options) -o %{save-temps:%b.i} %{!save-temps:%g.i} \n\
    cc1 -fpreprocessed %{save-temps:%b.i} %{!save-temps:%g.i} \
%(cc1_options)}\
    %{!save-temps:%{!traditional-cpp:%{!no-integrated-cpp:\
cc1 %(cpp_unique_options) %(cc1_options)}}}\
    %{!fsyntax-only:%(invoke_as)}} \
    %{combine:\
    %{save-temps|traditional-cpp|no-integrated-cpp:%(trad_capable_cpp) \
%(cpp_options) -o %{save-temps:%b.i} %{!save-temps:%g.i}}\
    %{!save-temps:%{!traditional-cpp:%{!no-integrated-cpp:\
cc1 %(cpp_unique_options) %(cc1_options)}}}\
    %{!fsyntax-only:%(invoke_as)}}}}}}", 0, 1, 1},

```



Default Specs in the Plugin Data Structure in gcc.c

All entries of Objective C/C++ and some entries of Fortran removed.

```

static const struct compiler default_compilers[] =
{
  {".cc", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},      {" .cxx", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
  {" .cpp", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},   {" .cp", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
  {" .c++", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},  {" .C", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
  {" .CPP", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},  {" .ii", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
  {" .ads", "#Ada", 0, 0, 0},   {" .adb", "#Ada", 0, 0, 0},
  {" .f", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0}, {" .F", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
  {" .for", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0}, {" .FOR", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
  {" .f90", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0}, {" .F90", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
  {" .p", "#Pascal", 0, 0, 0},  {" .pas", "#Pascal", 0, 0, 0},
  {" .java", "#Java", 0, 0, 0}, {" .class", "#Java", 0, 0, 0},
  {" .c", "@c", 0, 1, 1},
  {" .h", "@c-header", 0, 0, 0},
  {" .i", "@cpp-output", 0, 1, 0},
  {" .s", "@assembler", 0, 1, 0}
}

```

- @: Aliased entry
- #: Default specs not available



Populated Plugin Data Structure for C++:

gcc/cp/lang-specs.h

```

{" .cc", "@c++", 0, 0, 0},
 {" .cp", "@c++", 0, 0, 0},
 {" .cxx", "@c++", 0, 0, 0},
 {" .cpp", "@c++", 0, 0, 0},
 {" .c++", "@c++", 0, 0, 0},
 {" .C", "@c++", 0, 0, 0},
 {" .CPP", "@c++", 0, 0, 0},
 {" .H", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},
 {" .hpp", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},
 {" .hp", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},
 {" .hxx", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},
 {" .h++", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},
 {" .HPP", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},
 {" .tcc", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},
 {" .hh", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},

```



Populated Plugin Data Structure for C++:

gcc/cp/lang-specs.h

```

{"@c++-header",
 "%{E|M|MM:cc1plus -E %(cpp_options) %2 %(cpp_debug_options)}\
 %{!E:%{!M:%{!MM:\
   %{save-temps|no-integrated-cpp:cc1plus -E\
 %(cpp_options) %2 -o %{save-temps:%b.ii} %{!save-temps:%g.ii} \n}\
   cc1plus %{save-temps|no-integrated-cpp:-fpreprocessed %{save-temps:%b.ii} %{!save-
   %{!save-temps:%{!no-integrated-cpp:%(cpp_unique_options)}}}\
 %(cc1_options) %2\
 %{!fsyntax-only:%{!fdump-ada-spec*:-o %g.s %{!o*:-output-pch=%i.gch}\
   %W{o*:-output-pch=%*}}%V}}}",
 CPLUSPLUS_CPP_SPEC, 0, 0},

```



Populated Plugin Data Structure for LTO:

gcc/lto/lang-specs.h

```

/* LTO contributions to the "compilers" array in gcc.c. */

{"@lto", "lto1 %(cc1_options) %i %{!fsyntax-only:%(invoke_as)}",
 /*cpp_spec=*/NULL, /*combinable=*/1, /*needs_preprocessing=*/0},

```



Populated Plugin Data Structure for C++:

gcc/cp/lang-specs.h

```

{"@c++",
 "%{E|M|MM:cc1plus -E %(cpp_options) %2 %(cpp_debug_options)}\
 %{!E:%{!M:%{!MM:\
   %{save-temps|no-integrated-cpp:cc1plus -E\
 %(cpp_options) %2 -o %{save-temps:%b.ii} %{!save-temps:%g.ii} \n}\
   cc1plus %{save-temps|no-integrated-cpp:-fpreprocessed %{save-temps:%b.ii} \
   %{!save-temps:%{!no-integrated-cpp:%(cpp_unique_options)}}}\
 %(cc1_options) %2\
   %{!fsyntax-only:%(invoke_as)}}}",
 CPLUSPLUS_CPP_SPEC, 0, 0},
{".ii", "@c++-cpp-output", 0, 0, 0},

{"@c++-cpp-output",
 "%{!M:%{!MM:%{!E:\
   cc1plus -fpreprocessed %i %(cc1_options) %2\
   %{!fsyntax-only:%(invoke_as)}}}", 0, 0, 0},

```

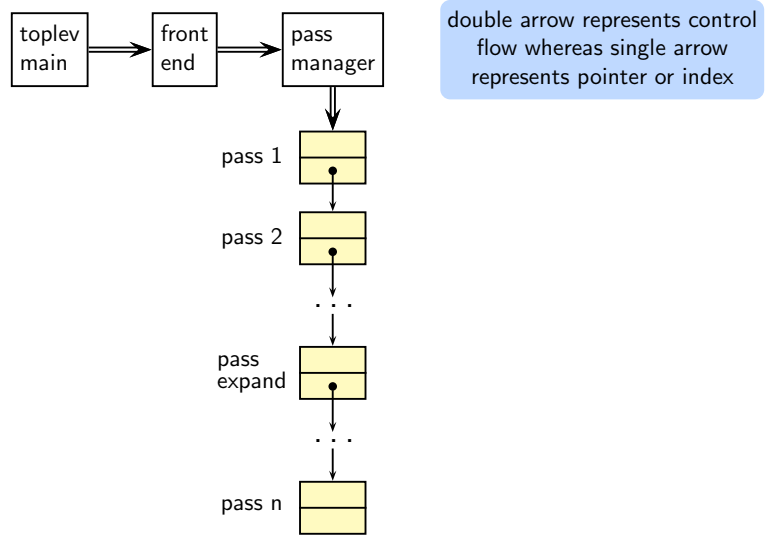


What about the Files to be Procecded by the Linker?

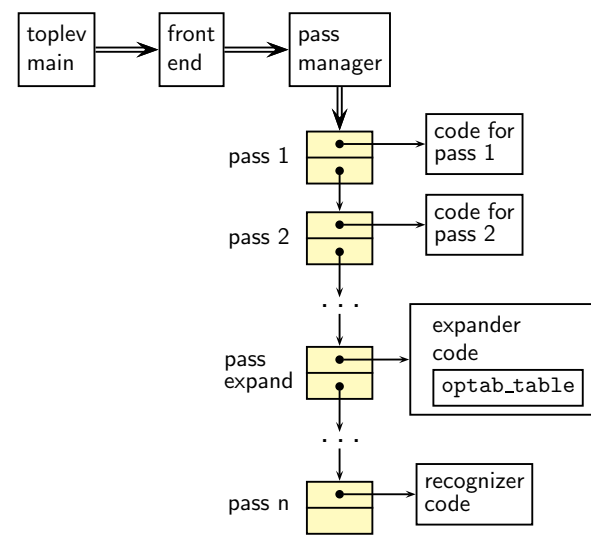
- Linking is the last step
- Every file is passed on to linker unless it is suppressed
- If a translator is not found, input file is assumed to be a file for linker



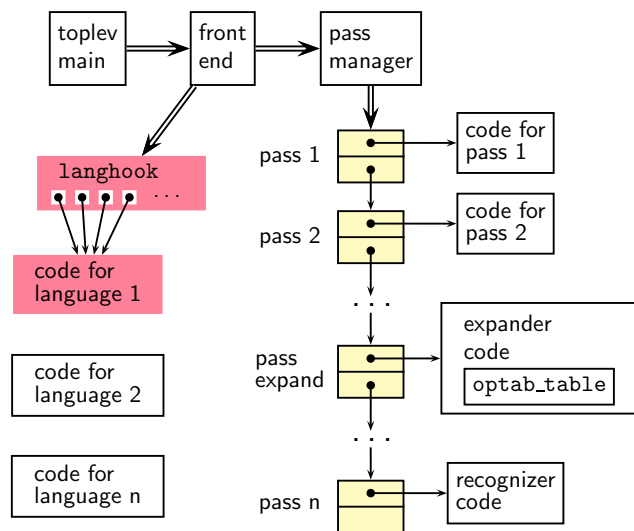
Plugin Structure in cc1



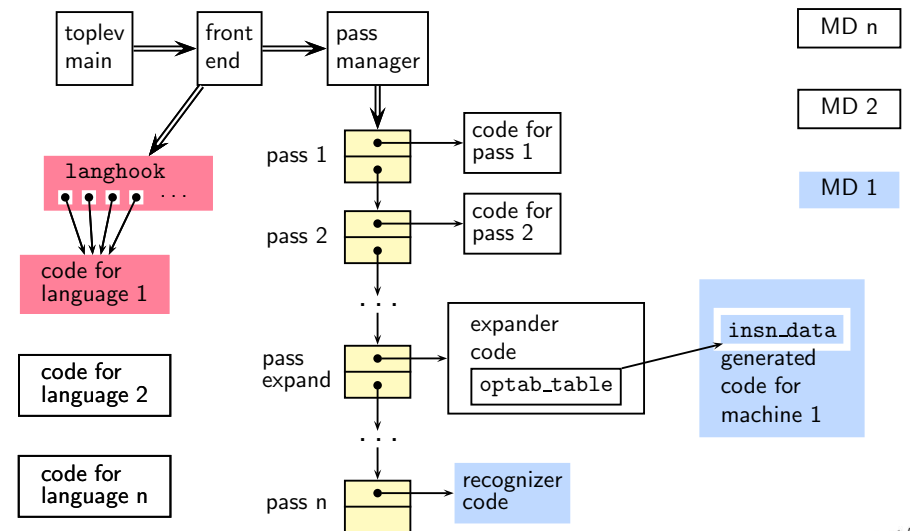
Plugin Structure in cc1



Plugin Structure in cc1



Plugin Structure in cc1



Front End Plugin

Important fields of struct lang_hooks instantiated for C

```
#define LANG_HOOKS_FINISH c_common_finish
#define LANG_HOOKS_EXPAND_EXPR c_expand_expr
#define LANG_HOOKS_PARSE_FILE c_common_parse_file
#define LANG_HOOKS_WRITE_GLOBALS c_write_global_declarations
```



Plugins for Interprocedural Passes on a Translation Unit

Pass variable: all_simple_ipa_passes

```
struct simple_ipa_opt_pass
{
    struct opt_pass pass;
};
```



Plugins for Intraprocedural Passes

```
struct opt_pass
{
    enum opt_pass_type type;
    const char *name;
    bool (*gate) (void);
    unsigned int (*execute) (void);
    struct opt_pass *sub;
    struct opt_pass *next;
    int static_pass_number;
    timevar_id_t tv_id;
    unsigned int properties_required;
    unsigned int properties_provided;
    unsigned int properties_destroyed;
    unsigned int todo_flags_start;
    unsigned int todo_flags_finish;
};

struct gimple_opt_pass
{
    struct opt_pass pass;
};

struct rtl_opt_pass
{
    struct opt_pass pass;
};
```



Plugins for Interprocedural Passes across a Translation Unit

Pass variable: all_regular_ipa_passes

```
struct ipa_opt_pass_d
{
    struct opt_pass pass;
    void (*generate_summary) (void);
    void (*read_summary) (void);
    void (*write_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                          struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*write_optimization_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                                       struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*read_optimization_summary) (void);
    void (*stmt_fixup) (struct cgraph_node *, gimple *);
    unsigned int function_transform_todo_flags_start;
    unsigned int (*function_transform) (struct cgraph_node *);
    void (*variable_transform) (struct varpool_node *);
};
```



Predefined Pass Lists

Pass Name	Purpose
all_lowering_passes	Lowering
all_small_ipa_passes	Early optimization passes. Invokes intraprocedural passes over the call graph.
all_regular_ipa_passes	
all_lto_gen_passes	
all_passes	Intraprocedural passes on GIMPLE and RTL



Part 3

Dynamic Plugins in GCC

Registering a Pass as a Static Plugin

1. Write the driver function in your file
2. Declare your pass in file `tree-pass.h`:

```
extern struct gimple_opt_pass your_pass_name;
```
3. Add your pass to the appropriate pass list in `init_optimization_passes()` using the macro `NEXT_PASS`
4. Add your file details to `$(SOURCE)/gcc/Makefile.in`
5. Configure and build gcc
(For simplicity, you can make `cc1` only)
6. Debug `cc1` using `ddd/gdb` if need arises
(For debugging `cc1` from within `gcc`, see:
<http://gcc.gnu.org/ml/gcc/2004-03/msg01195.html>)

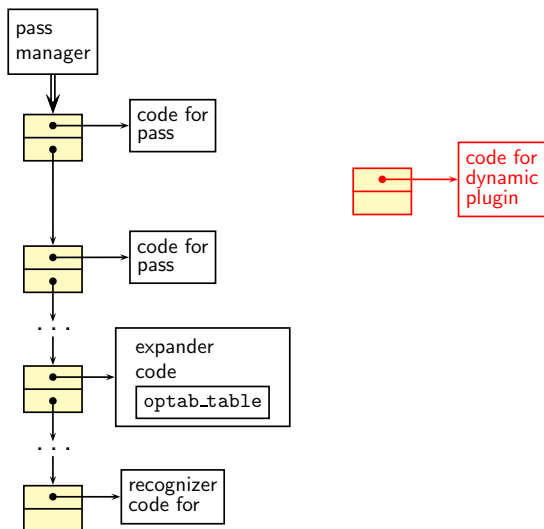


Dynamic Plugins

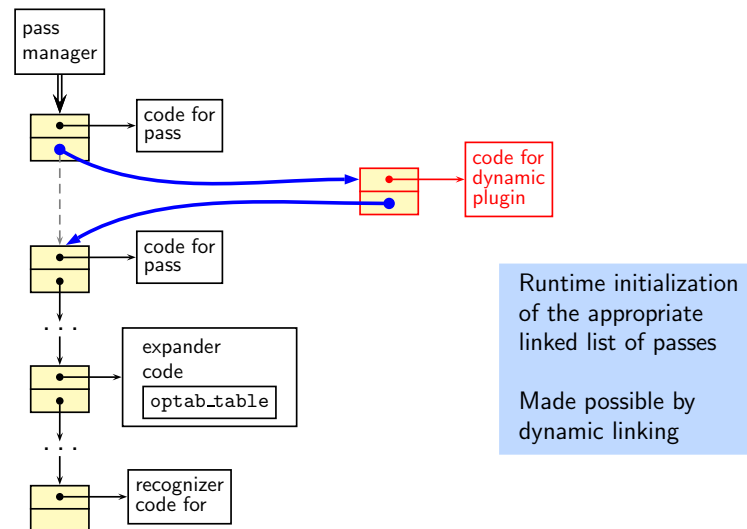
- Supported on platforms that support `-ldl -rdynamic`
- Loaded using `dlopen` and invoked at pre-determined locations in the compilation process
- Command line option
`-fplugin=/path/to/name.so`
Arguments required can be supplied as name-value pairs



The Mechanism of Dynamic Plugin



The Mechanism of Dynamic Plugin



Specifying an Example Pass

```

struct simple_ipa_opt_pass pass_plugin = {
  {
    SIMPLE_IPA_PASS,
    "dynamic_plug",          /* name */
    0,                       /* gate */
    execute_pass_plugin,    /* execute */
    NULL,                   /* sub */
    NULL,                   /* next */
    0,                      /* static pass number */
    TV_INTEGRATION,        /* tv_id */
    0,                      /* properties required */
    0,                      /* properties provided */
    0,                      /* properties destroyed */
    0,                      /* todo_flags start */
    0                       /* todo_flags end */
  }
};

```



Registering Our Pass as a Dynamic Plugin

```

struct register_pass_info pass_info = {
  &(pass_plugin.pass),     /* Address of new pass, here, the
                           struct opt_pass field of
                           simple_ipa_opt_pass defined above */
  "pta",                  /* Name of the reference pass (string
                           in the structure specification) for
                           hooking up the new pass. */
  0,                      /* Insert the pass at the specified
                           instance number of the reference
                           pass. Do it for every instance if
                           it is 0. */
  PASS_POS_INSERT_AFTER   /* how to insert the new pass:
                           before, after, or replace. Here we
                           are inserting our pass the pass
                           named pta */
};

```



Registering Callback for Our Pass for a Dynamic Plugins

```
int plugin_init(struct plugin_name_args *plugin_info,
               struct plugin_gcc_version *version)
{ /* Plugins are activated using this callback */

  register_callback (
    plugin_info->base_name, /* char *name: Plugin name,
                           could be any name.
                           plugin_info->base_name
                           gives this filename */
    PLUGIN_PASS_MANAGER_SETUP, /* int event: The event code.
                               Here, setting up a new
                               pass */
    NULL, /* The function that handles
          the event */
    &pass_info); /* plugin specific data */

  return 0;
}
```



Makefile for Creating and Using a Dynamic Plugin

```
CC = $(INSTALL_D)/bin/gcc
PLUGIN_SOURCES = new-pass.c
PLUGIN_OBJECTS = $(patsubst %.c,%.o,$(PLUGIN_SOURCES))
GCCPLUGINS_DIR = $(shell $(CC) -print-file-name=plugin)
CFLAGS+= -fPIC -O2
INCLUDE = -Iplugin/include

%.o : %.c
$(CC) $(CFLAGS) $(INCLUDE) -c $<

new-pass.so: $(PLUGIN_OBJECTS)
$(CC) $(CFLAGS) $(INCLUDE) -shared $^ -o $@

test_plugin: test.c
$(CC) -fplugin=./new-pass.so $^ -o $@ -fdump-tree-all
```



Part 4

Flow of Control in the Generated Compiler

- If you use conventional editors such as vi or emacs
 - ▶ Use cscope
 - cd \$SOURCE
 - cscope -R
 - ▶ Use ctags
 - cd \$SOURCE
 - ctags -R
- Make sure you use `exeburant-ctags`
- Or use IDE such as eclipse



Walking the Maze of a Large Code Base

gcc Driver Control Flow

```

main /* In file gcc.c */
  validate_all_switches
  lookup_compiler
  do_spec
  do_spec_2
    do_spec_1 /* Get the name of the compiler */
  execute
    pex_init
    pex_run
      pex_run_in_environment
      obj->funcs->exec_child

```



cc1 Top Level Control Flow

```

main
  toplev_main /* In file toplev.c */
  decode_options
  do_compile
    compile_file
      lang_hooks.parse_file => c_common_parse_file
      lang_hooks.decls.final_write_globals =>
        c_write_global_declarations
      targetm.asm_out.file_end
    finalize

```



gcc Driver Control Flow

```

main /* In file gcc.c */
  validate_all_switches
  lookup_compiler
  do_spec
  do_spec_2
    do_spec_1 /*
  execute
    pex_init
    pex_run
      pex_run_in
      obj->fu

```

Observations

- All compilers are invoked by this driver
- Assembler is also invoked by this driver
- Linker is invoked in the end by default



cc1 Top Level Control Flow

```

main
  toplev_main /* In file toplev.c */
  decode_options
  do_compile
    compile_file
      lang_hooks.p
      lang_hooks.d
    targetm.asm
  finalize

```

Observations

- The entire compilation is driven by functions specified in language hooks
- Not a good design!

larations



cc1 Control Flow: Parsing for C

```

lang_hooks.parse_file => c_common_parse_file
  c_parse_file
    c_parser_translation_unit
      c_parser_external_declaration
        c_parser_declaration_or_fndef
          c_parser_declspecs /* parse declarations */
          c_parser_compound_statement
          finish_function /* finish parsing */
          c_genericize
          cgraph_finalize_function
          /* finalize AST of a function */

```

Observations

- GCC has moved to a recursive descent parser from version 4.1.0
- Earlier parser was generated using Bison specification



cc1 Control Flow: Parsing for C

```

lang_hooks.parse_file => c_common_parse_file
  c_parse_file
    c_parser_translation_unit
      c_parser_e
        c_parse
        c_pa
        c_pa
        fini
        c
        c
        /*

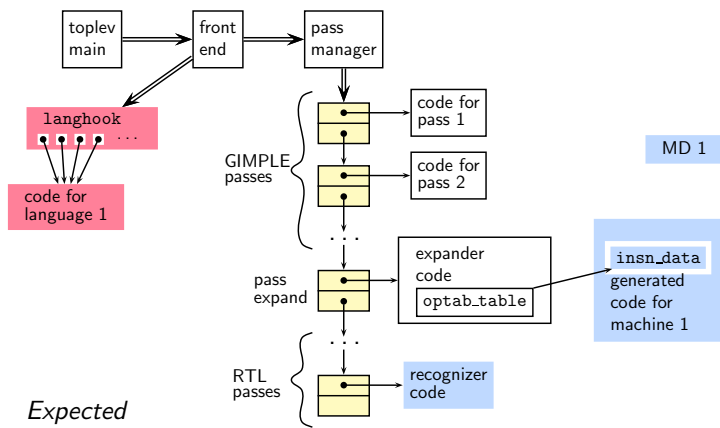
```

Observations

- GCC has moved to a recursive descent parser from version 4.1.0
- Earlier parser was generated using Bison specification



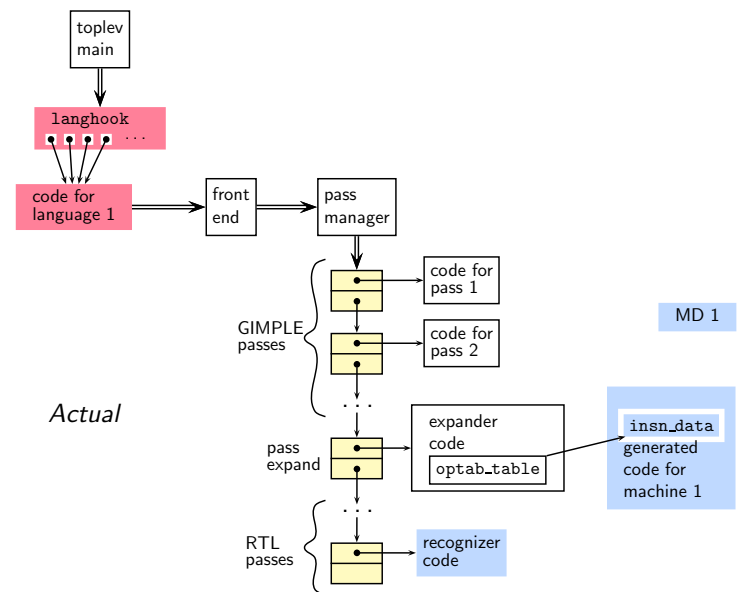
Expected Vs. Actual Schematic



Expected



Expected Vs. Actual Schematic



Actual



cc1 Control Flow: Lowering Passes for C

```

lang_hooks.decls.final_write_globals =>
    c_write_global_declarations
cgraph_finalize_compilation_unit
  cgraph_analyze_functions /* Create GIMPLE */
  cgraph_analyze_function
    gimplify_function_tree
    gimplify_body
    gimplify_stmt
    gimplify_expr
  cgraph_lower_function /* Intraprocedural */
  tree_lowering_passes
  execute_pass_list (all_lowering_passes)

```



Organization of Passes

Order	Task	IR	Level	Pass data structure
1	Lowering	GIMPLE	Intra	gimple_opt_pass
2	Optimizations	GIMPLE	Inter	ipa_opt_pass
3	Optimizations	GIMPLE	Intra	gimple_opt_pass
4	RTL Generation	GIMPLE	Intra	rtl_opt_pass
5	Optimization	RTL	Intra	rtl_opt_pass



cc1 Control Flow: Lowering Passes for C

```

lang_hooks.decls.final_write_globals =>
    c_write_global_declarations
cgraph_finalize_compilation_unit
  cgraph_analyze
  cgraph_anal
  gimpli
  gim
  cgraph_lowe
  tree_low
  execu

```

Observations

- Lowering passes are language independent
- Yet they are being called from a function in language hooks
- Not a good design!



cc1 Control Flow: Optimization and Code Generation Passes

```

cgraph_analyze_function /* Create GIMPLE */
... /* previous slide */
cgraph_optimize
  ipa_passes
    execute_ipa_pass_list(all_small_ipa_passes) /*!in_lto_p*/
    execute_ipa_summary_passes(all_regular_ipa_passes)
    execute_ipa_summary_passes(all_lto_gen_passes)
  ipa_write_summaries
cgraph_expand_all_functions
  cgraph_expand_function
  /* Intraprocedural passes on GIMPLE, */
  /* expansion pass, and passes on RTL. */
  tree_rest_of_compilation
  execute_pass_list (all_passes)

```



cc1 Control Flow: Optimization and Code Generation Passes

```

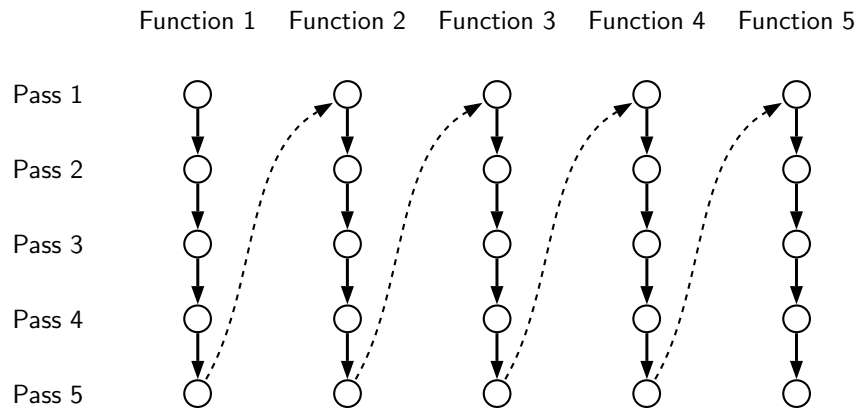
cgraph_analyze_function    /* Create GIMPLE */
...                        /* previous slide */
cgraph_optimize
  ipa_passes
    execute_ipa_passes     /* in_lto_p*/
    execute_ipa_summary    (es)
    execute_ipa_summary
    ipa_write_summary
  cgraph_expand_all
  cgraph_expand
  /* Intraprocedural expansion */
  tree_restoration
  execute
  
```

Observations

- Optimization and code generation passes are language independent
- Yet they are being called from a function in language hooks
- Not a good design!



Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes

	Function 1	Function 2	Function 3	Function 4	Function 5
Pass 1	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Pass 2	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Pass 3	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Pass 4	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Pass 5	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

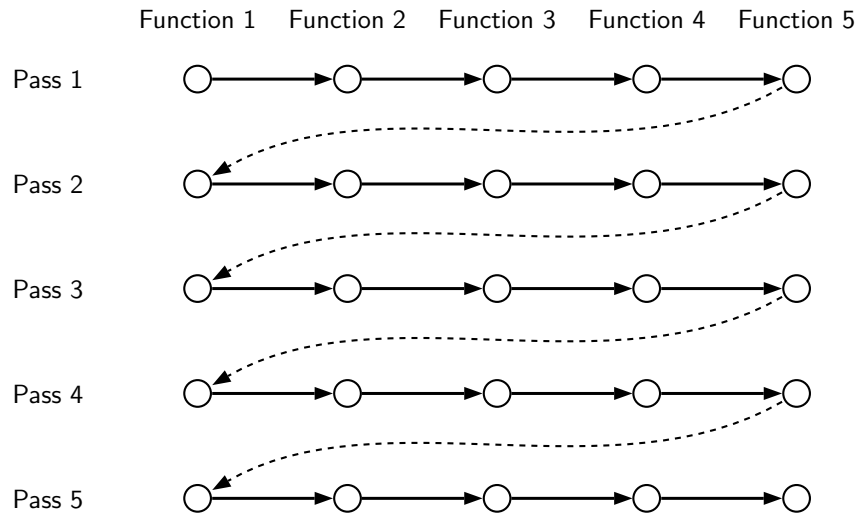


Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes

	Function 1	Function 2	Function 3	Function 4	Function 5
Pass 1	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Pass 2	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Pass 3	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Pass 4	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Pass 5	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>



Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



cc1 Control Flow: GIMPLE to RTL Expansion (pass_expand)

```
gimple_expand_cfg
  expand_gimple_basic_block(bb)
  expand_gimple_cond(stmt)
  expand_gimple_stmt(stmt)
  expand_gimple_stmt_1(stmt)
  expand_expr_real_2
  expand_expr /* Operands */
  expand_expr_real
  optab_for_tree_code
  expand_binop /* Now we have rtx for operands */
  expand_binop_directly
  /* The plugin for a machine */
  code=optab_handler(binoptab,mode);
  GEN_FCN
  emit_insn
```



Part 5

Link Time Optimization

- Default cgraph creation is restricted to a translation unit (i.e. a single file)
⇒ Interprocedural analysis and optimization is restricted to a single file
- All files (or their equivalents) are available only at link time (assuming static linking)
- LTO enables interprocedural optimizations across different files



Link Time Optimization

- LTO framework supported in GCC-4.6.0
- Use `-flto` option during compilation
- Generates conventional `.o` files with GIMPLE level information inserted
Complete translation is performed in this phase
- During linking all object modules are put together and `lto1` is invoked
- `lto1` re-executes optimization passes from the function `cgraph_optimize`

Basic Idea: Provide a larger call graph to regular ipa passes



Assembly Output without LTO Information (1)

```

.file "t0.c"
.section .rodata
.LC0:
.string "hello, world"
.text
.globl main
.type main, @function
main:
.LFBO:
.cfi_startproc
pushl %ebp
.cfi_def_cfa_offset 8
.cfi_offset 5, -8
movl %esp, %ebp
.cfi_def_cfa_register 5
andl $-16, %esp
subl $16, %esp
movl $.LC0, (%esp)
call puts
leave
.cfi_restore 5
.cfi_def_cfa 4, 4
ret
.cfi_endproc
.LFE0:
.size main, .-main
.ident "GCC: (GNU) 4.6.0"
.section .note.GNU-stack,"",@progbits

```



Understanding LTO Framework

```

main ()
{
    printf ("hello, world\n");
}

```



Assembly Output with LTO Information (2)

```

.ascii "\007"
.text
.section .gnu.lto_.refs.6a5c5521,"",@progbits
.string "x\234cb'\006b&\006\030"
.string ""
.string ""
.string "t"
.ascii "\b"
.text
.section .gnu.lto_.statics.6a5c5521,"",@progbits
.string "x\234cb'\b\300\016@\342\214\020&"
.string ""
.string "\330"
.ascii "\b"
.text
.section .gnu.lto_.decls.6a5c5521,"",@progbits
.string "x\234\225R=0\002A\020}\273w\352\236\247(Q/\!026\!\F-\214\215\326"
.ascii "\021A\360\003\254\355\314jG\207\263w\007\334E\2058\311\333\235"
.ascii "\331\371|s\307\341I\206\320&\251s'\226t\272\260\210\236({\233"
.ascii "\260\213\237\242\336\207\b{\204}B\222p@\320}\277F8\3\037"

```



Assembly Output with LTO Information (3)

```
.ascii "/\342\312)\254G\204\323j\307\035\207[w\230qN\204\032gB2\335p"
.ascii "\025\304$\033\365U\241\f\341\033\314\255a\225\376\237#Y\t\326"
.ascii "&|\215\273\276\245{\342\255\374n\f\035b\332\213\236/#\221_\260"
.ascii "\321\253.Y\021q/ \320\310\0166\322\303\305\275^\357L\373\342"
.ascii "\017'f\005\227D\267\3400\333\365Z\325_8h\217j\367f-\034j\324"
.ascii "!r\237y[\f\344\231x\302\034\335\222\301{\343\317@\204\371\364"
.ascii "\\211u}p\324\351\252\201\307\213^\262\027\3757S\311j0\257\325"
.ascii "\277\302$[\325\006\r\247\275\0207\376nLu\246\221\254\n+\307"
.ascii "\007\367\251\3001\251\244h\003\223\216\350\354\254\016\343\206"
.ascii "\033M\210\356\242\272\211\375\352\005\314\2201F\215\2320\312"
.ascii "zx\236t0f\334\237\273\201\350\255\356}\334\017\376F\344\206\267"
.ascii "v\222\366\006\206\316V\226S\320S\351\243\323\221\354q6{\236\311"
.ascii "|\003\262q\030\362"
.text
.section .gnu.lto_.symtab.6a5c5521,"",@progbits
.string "main"
.string ""
.string ""
.string ""
.string ""
```



Assembly Output with LTO Information (5)

```
.text
.globl main
.type main, @function
main:
.LFBO:
.cfi_startproc
pushl %ebp
.cfi_def_cfa_offset 8
.cfi_offset 5, -8
movl %esp, %ebp
.cfi_def_cfa_register 5
andl $-16, %esp
subl $16, %esp
movl $.LC0, (%esp)
call puts
```



Assembly Output with LTO Information (4)

```
.string ""
.string ""
.string ""
.string ""
.string ""
.string ""
.string ""
.string "K"
.string ""
.string ""
.string ""
.text
.section .gnu.lto_.opts,"",@progbits
.string "x\234cb'\340\002bs\006\b'\002\021\r\f\f\273\230\031\030\030A\02"
.ascii "\002\370\tL"
.text
.section .rodata
.LCO:
.string "hello, world"
```



Assembly Output with LTO Information (6)

```
leave
.cfi_restore 5
.cfi_def_cfa 4, 4
ret
.cfi_endproc
.LFEO:
.size main, .-main
.comm __gnu_lto_v1,1,1
.ident "GCC: (GNU) 4.6.0"
.section .note.GNU-stack,"",@progbits
```



Single Process and Multi Process LTO

Whole program optimization needs to see the entire program

- Does it need the entire program *together* in the memory?
- Load only the call graph without function bodies
 - ▶ Independent computation of summary information of functions
 - ▶ “Adjusting” summary information through whole program analysis over the call graph
 - ▶ Perform transformation independently on functions

Multi process LTO

- Process the entire program together

Single process LTO



Multi Process LTO (aka WHOPR Mode of LTO)

- Three steps
 - ▶ LGEN: Local generation of summary information and translation unit information [Potentially Parallel](#)
 - ▶ WPA: Whole Program Analysis [Sequential](#)
 - Reads the call graph and not function bodies
 - Summary information for each function
 - ▶ LTRANS: Local Transformations [Potentially Parallel](#)
- Why do we call this LTO *Multi Process* LTO?
 - ▶ gcc executes LGEN
 - ▶ Subsequent process of lto1 executes WPA
 - ▶ Subsequent independent processes of lto1 execute LTRANS



Why Avoid Loading Function Bodies?

- Practical programs could be rather large and compilation could become very inefficient
- Many optimizations decisions can be taken by looking at the call graph alone
 - ▶ Procedure Inlining: just looking at the call graph is sufficient
Perhaps some summary size information can be used
 - ▶ Procedure Cloning: some additional summary information about actual parameters of a call is sufficient



Single Process LTO

- Three steps
 - ▶ LGEN: Local Generation of translation unit information (no summary) [Potentially Parallel](#)
 - ▶ IPA: Inter-Procedural Analysis [Sequential](#)
 - Reads the call graph and function bodies
 - ▶ LTRANS: Local Transformations [Sequential](#)
- Why do we call this LTO *Single Process* LTO?
 - ▶ gcc executes LGEN
 - ▶ Subsequent process of lto1 executes both IPA and LTRANS
- When `-flto-partition=none`, IPA = WPA



LTO Pass Hooks

```

struct ipa_opt_pass_d
{
    struct opt_pass pass;
    void (*generate_summary) (void);
    void (*read_summary) (void);
    void (*write_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                          struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*write_optimization_summary)(struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                                      struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*read_optimization_summary) (void);
    void (*stmt_fixup) (struct cgraph_node *, gimple *);
    unsigned int function_transform_todo_flags_start;
    unsigned int (*function_transform) (struct cgraph_node *);
    void (*variable_transform) (struct varpool_node *);
};

```



LTO Pass Hooks

```

struct ipa_opt_pass_d
{
    struct opt_pass pass;
    void (*generate_summary) (void);
    void (*read_summary) (void);
    void (*write_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                          struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*write_optimization_summary)(struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                                      struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*read_optimization_summary) (void);
    void (*stmt_fixup) (struct cgraph_node *, gimple *);
    unsigned int function_transform_todo_flags_start;
    unsigned int (*function_transform) (struct cgraph_node *);
    void (*variable_transform) (struct varpool_node *);
};

```

LGEN for Single Process LTO



LTO Pass Hooks

```

struct ipa_opt_pass_d
{
    struct opt_pass pass;
    void (*generate_summary) (void);
    void (*read_summary) (void);
    void (*write_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                          struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*write_optimization_summary)(struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                                      struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*read_optimization_summary) (void);
    void (*stmt_fixup) (struct cgraph_node *, gimple *);
    unsigned int function_transform_todo_flags_start;
    unsigned int (*function_transform) (struct cgraph_node *);
    void (*variable_transform) (struct varpool_node *);
};

```

LGEN for Multi Process LTO



LTO Pass Hooks

```

struct ipa_opt_pass_d
{
    struct opt_pass pass; (member void (*execute) (void);)
    void (*generate_summary) (void);
    void (*read_summary) (void);
    void (*write_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                          struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*write_optimization_summary)(struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                                      struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*read_optimization_summary) (void);
    void (*stmt_fixup) (struct cgraph_node *, gimple *);
    unsigned int function_transform_todo_flags_start;
    unsigned int (*function_transform) (struct cgraph_node *);
    void (*variable_transform) (struct varpool_node *);
};

```

WPA for Multi Process LTO



LTO Pass Hooks

```

struct ipa_opt_pass_d
{
  struct opt_pass pass; (member void (*execute) (void));
  void (*generate_summary) (void);
  void (*read_summary) (void);
  void (*write_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                        struct varpool_node_set_def *);
  void (*write_optimization_summary)(struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                                    struct varpool_node_set_def *);
  void (*read_optimization_summary) (void);
  void (*stmt_fixup) (struct cgraph_node *, gimple *);
  unsigned int function_transform_todo_flags_start;
  unsigned int (*function_transform) (struct cgraph_node *);
  void (*variable_transform) (struct varpool_node *);
};

```

IPA for Single Process LTO



LTO Pass Hooks

```

struct ipa_opt_pass_d
{
  struct opt_pass pass;
  void (*generate_summary) (void);
  void (*read_summary) (void);
  void (*write_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                        struct varpool_node_set_def *);
  void (*write_optimization_summary)(struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                                    struct varpool_node_set_def *);
  void (*read_optimization_summary) (void);
  void (*stmt_fixup) (struct cgraph_node *, gimple *);
  unsigned int function_transform_todo_flags_start;
  unsigned int (*function_transform) (struct cgraph_node *);
  void (*variable_transform) (struct varpool_node *);
};

```

LTRANS for Multi Process LTO



LTO Pass Hooks

```

struct ipa_opt_pass_d
{
  struct opt_pass pass;
  void (*generate_summary) (void);
  void (*read_summary) (void);
  void (*write_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                        struct varpool_node_set_def *);
  void (*write_optimization_summary)(struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                                    struct varpool_node_set_def *);
  void (*read_optimization_summary) (void);
  void (*stmt_fixup) (struct cgraph_node *, gimple *);
  unsigned int function_transform_todo_flags_start;
  unsigned int (*function_transform) (struct cgraph_node *);
  void (*variable_transform) (struct varpool_node *);
};

```

LTRANS for Single Process LTO



LTO Support in GCC

		Transformation		
		In the same process as that of analysis		In an independent process (possibly multiple processes)
		Single partition of the program	Single partition of the program	Multiple partitions of the program
Whole Program Analysis	Call graph without function bodies	Not supported	Supported in GCC-4.6.0	Will be supported in future
	Call graph with function bodies	Supported in GCC-4.6.0	Not supported	Not supported

-flto

-flto -flto-partition=none

WHOPR mode



lto1 Control Flow

```

lto_main
  lto_process_name
  lto_init_reader
  read_cgraph_and_symbols
  if (flag_wpa)
    /* WPA for multi process LTO */
    do_whole_program_analysis
      materialize_cgraph
      execute_ipa_pass_list (all_regular_ipa_passes)
      lto_wpa_write_files
  else
    /* WPA and LTRANS for single process LTO */
    /* Only LTRANS for multi process LTO */
    materialize_cgraph
    cgraph_optimize

```

**cc1 Control Flow: A Recap**

```

toplev_main /* In file toplev.c */
  compile_file
    lang_hooks.parse_file=>c_common_parse_file
    lang_hooks.decls.final_write_globals=>c_write_global_declarations
    cgraph_finalize_compilation_unit
      cgraph_analyze_functions /* Create GIMPLE */
      cgraph_analyze_function /* Create GIMPLE */
      ...
    cgraph_optimize
      ipa_passes
        execute_ipa_pass_list(all_small_ipa_passes) /*!in lto*/
        execute_ipa_summary_passes(all_regular_ipa_passes)
        execute_ipa_summary_passes(all_lto_gen_passes)
        ipa_write_summaries
      cgraph_expand_all_functions
      cgraph_expand_function
      /* Intraprocedural passes on GIMPLE, */
      /* expansion pass, and passes on RTL. */

```

**cc1 and Single Process lto1**

```

toplev_main
...
compile_file
...
cgraph_analyze_function

cc1
  cgraph_optimize
  ...
  ipa_passes
  ...
  cgraph_expand_all_functions
  ...
  tree_rest_of_compilation

```

**cc1 and Single Process lto1**

```

toplev_main
...
compile_file
...
cgraph_analyze_function

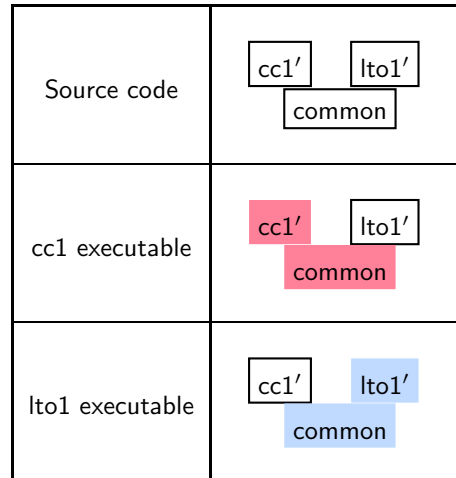
lto1
  lto_main
  ...
  read_cgraph_and_symbols
  ...
  materialize_cgraph

cc1
  cgraph_optimize
  ...
  ipa_passes
  ...
  cgraph_expand_all_functions
  ...
  tree_rest_of_compilation

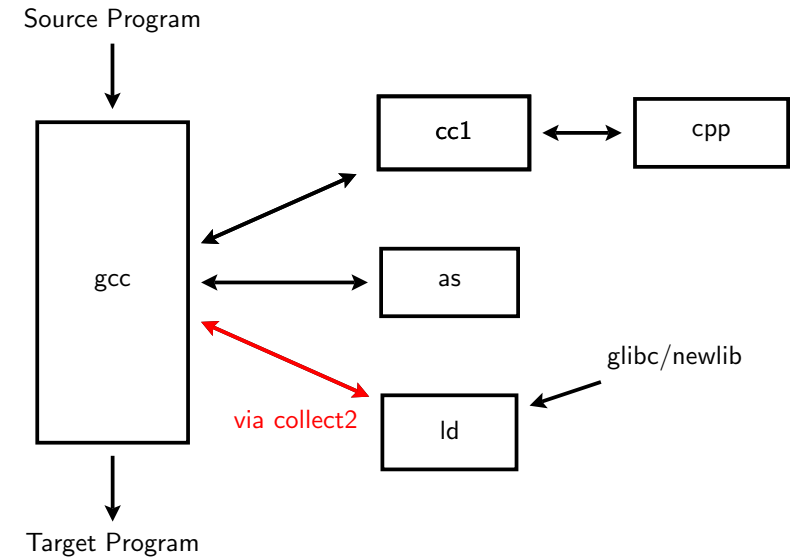
```



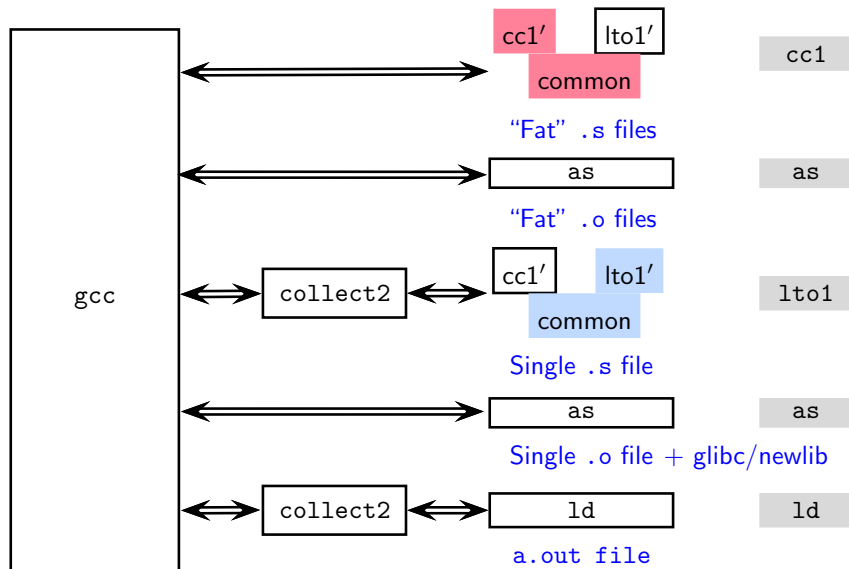
Our Pictorial Convention



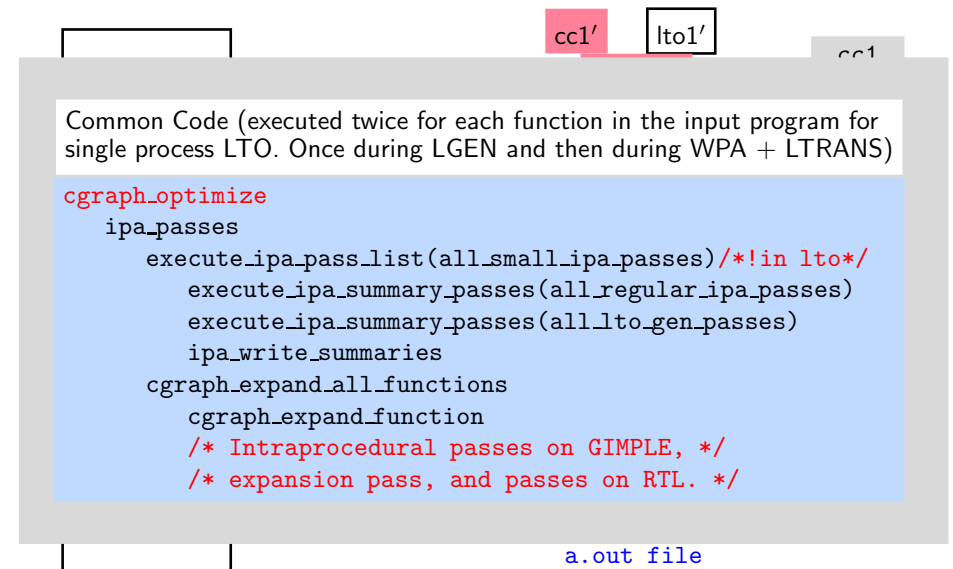
The GNU Tool Chain: Our First Picture



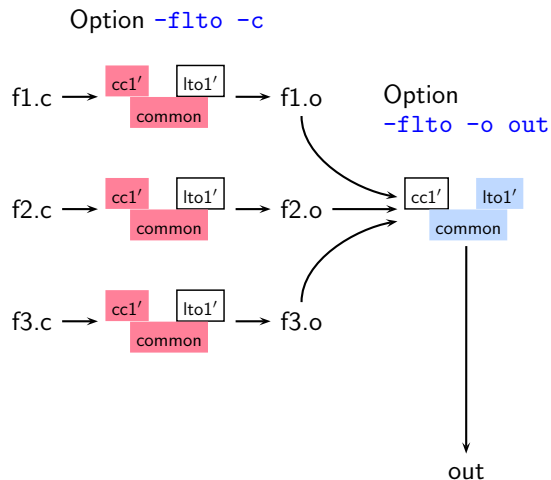
The GNU Tool Chain for Single Process LTO Support



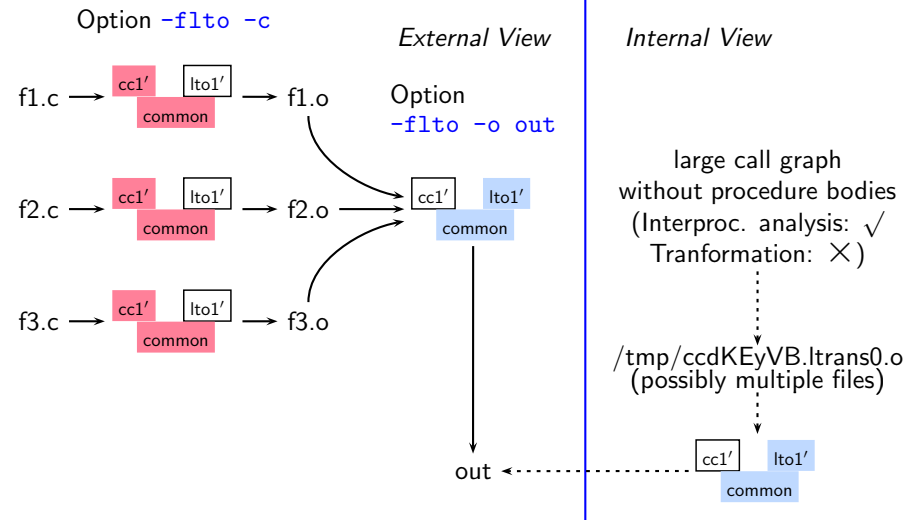
The GNU Tool Chain for Single Process LTO Support



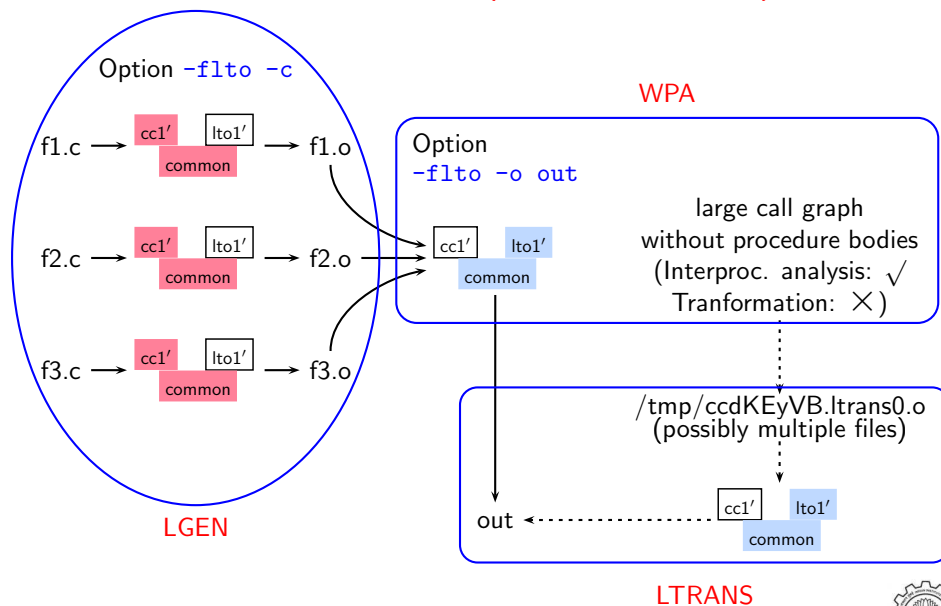
Multi Process LTO (aka WHOPR LTO)



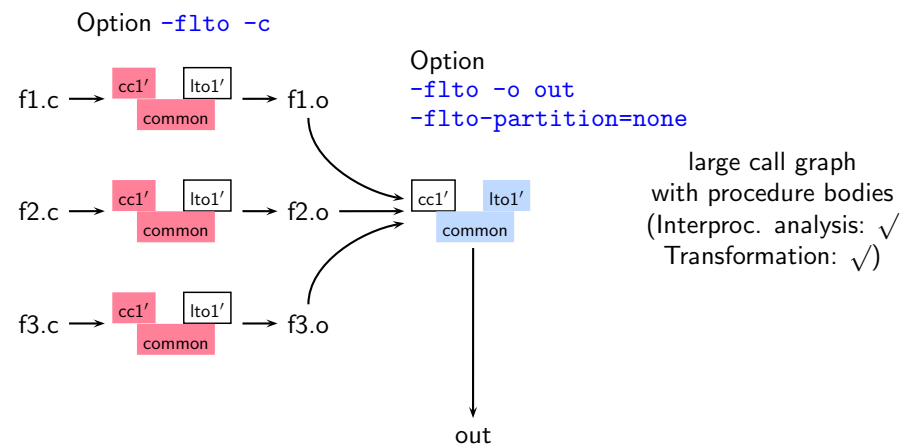
Multi Process LTO (aka WHOPR LTO)



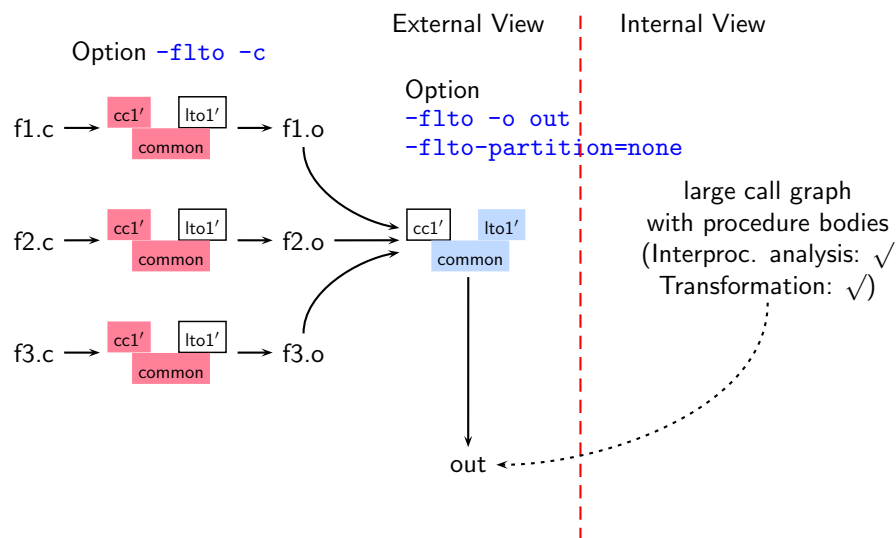
Multi Process LTO (aka WHOPR LTO)



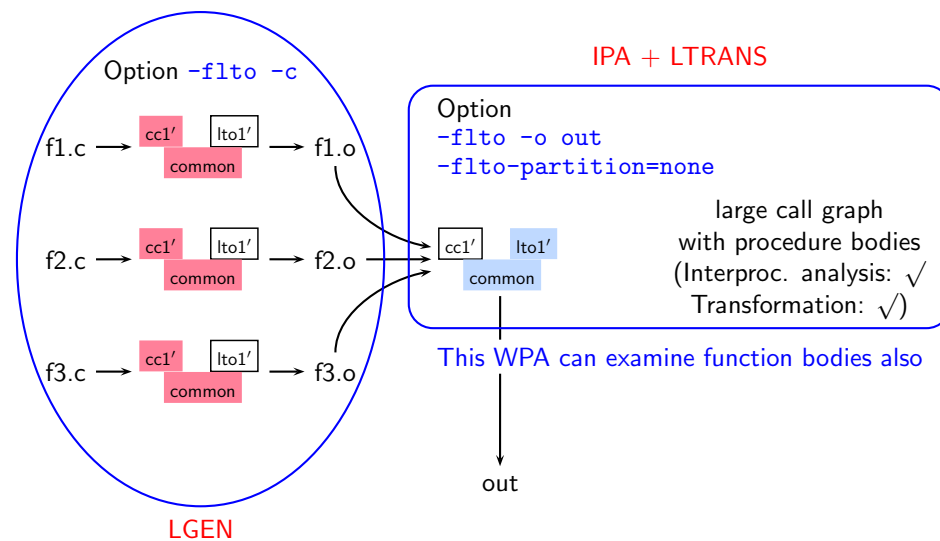
Single Process LTO



Single Process LTO



Single Process LTO



Part 6

Conclusions

- Excellent mechanism of plugging in different
 - ▶ translators in the main driver
 - ▶ front ends, passes, and back ends in the main compiler
- However, the plugins have been used in an adhoc manner
- LTO is a good support for interprocedural analysis and optimization
 - It would be useful to support
 - a single process LTO mode that
 - creates a large call graph of the entire program with
 - on-demand loading of procedure bodies for
 - enabling examining procedure bodies for interprocedural analysis



Conclusions