

# *A Summary of Essential Abstractions*

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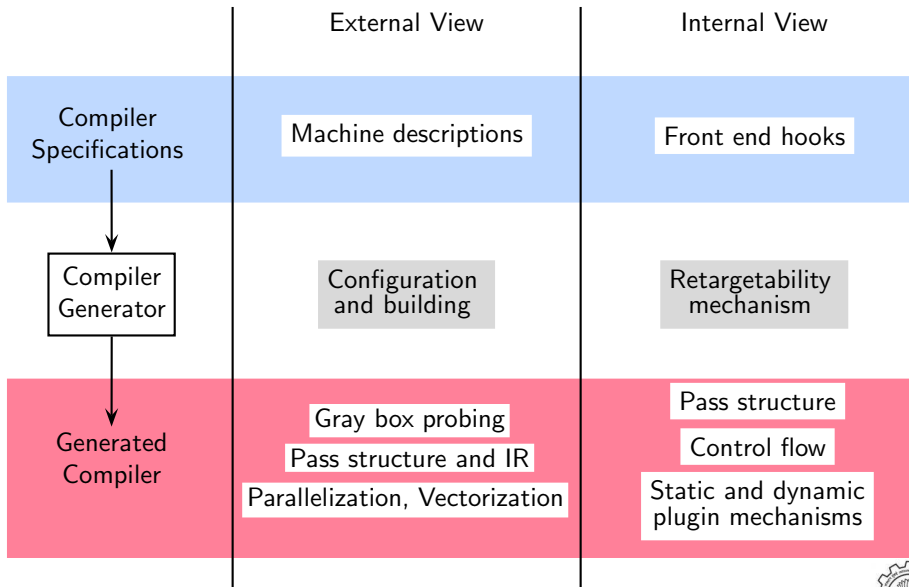


13 June 2014

*Part 2*

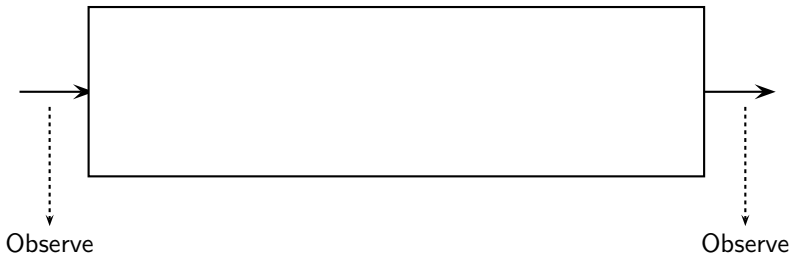
# *Methodology*

## Our Pedagogy



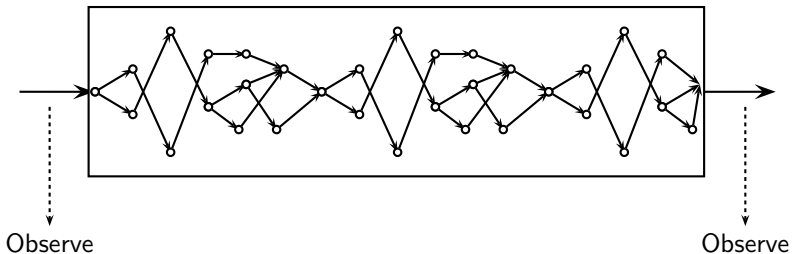
# Gray Box Probing

*Black Box Probing*



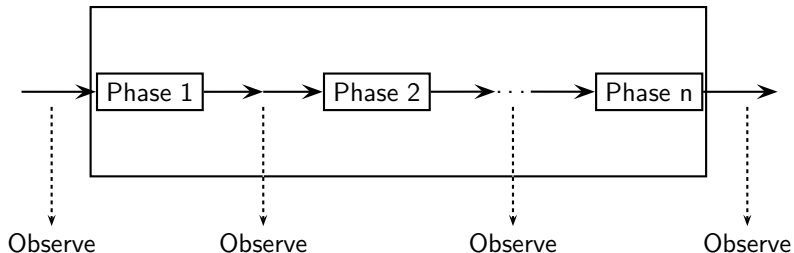
# Gray Box Probing

*White Box Probing*

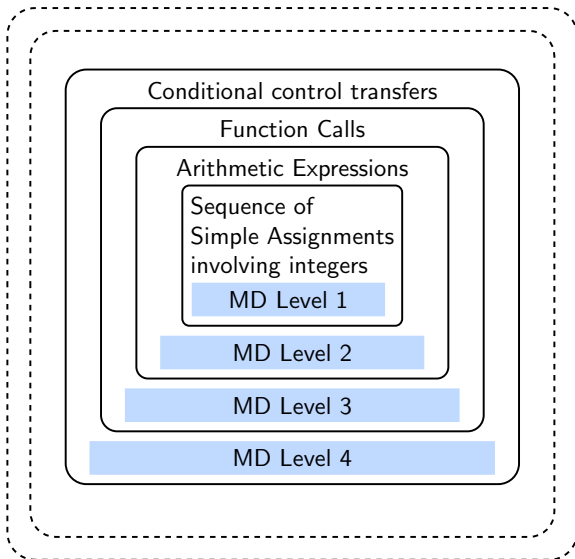


# Gray Box Probing

*Gray Box Probing*



# Systematic Development of Machine Descriptions

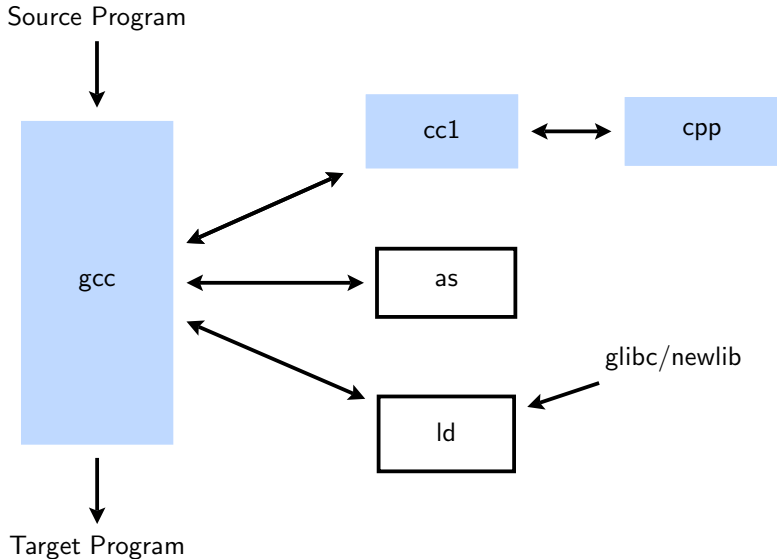


*Part 3*

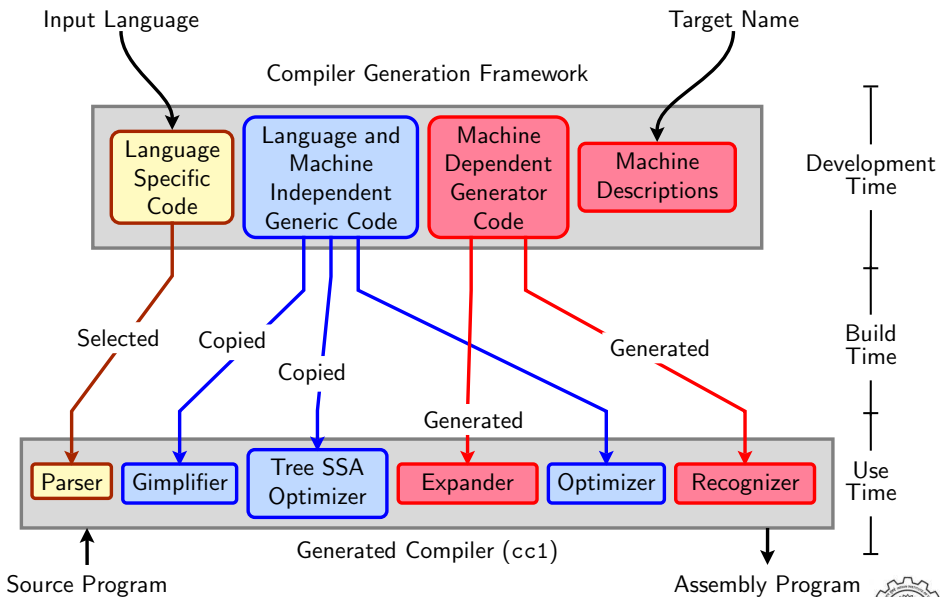
# *The Framework*



# The GNU Tool Chain for C



# The Architecture of GCC

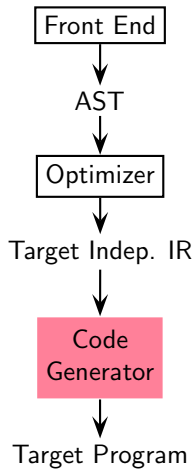


*Part 4*

# *The Generated Compiler*

## Compilation Models

### Aho Ullman Model



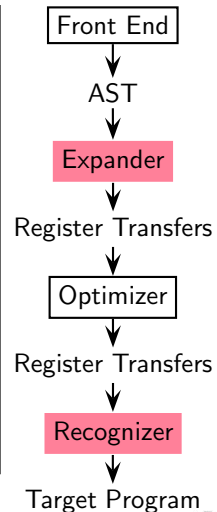
Aho Ullman: Instruction selection

- over optimized IR using
- cost based tree pattern matching

Davidson Fraser: Instruction selection

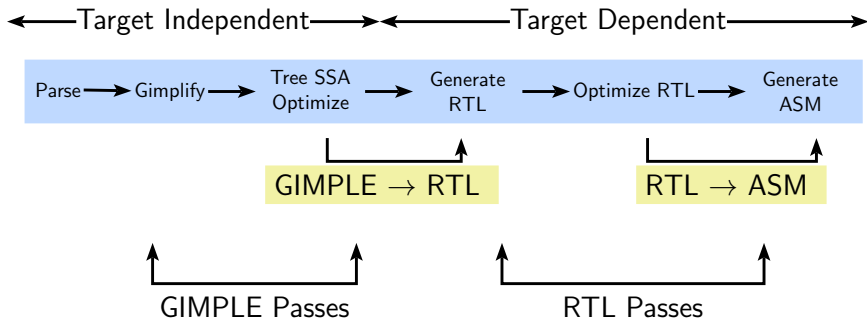
- over AST using
- structural tree pattern matching
- naive code which is
  - ▶ target dependent, and is
  - ▶ optimized subsequently

### Davidson Fraser Model

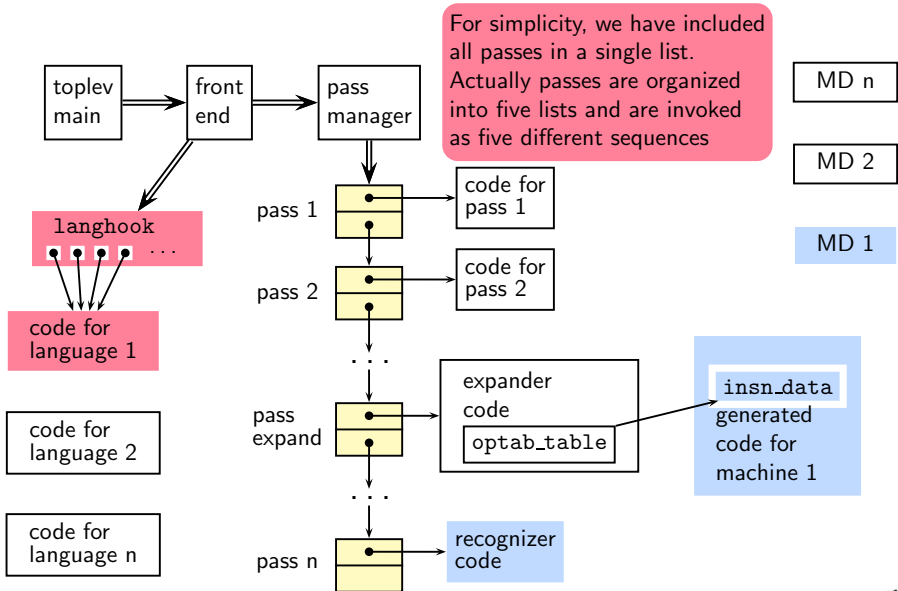


# Basic Transformations in GCC

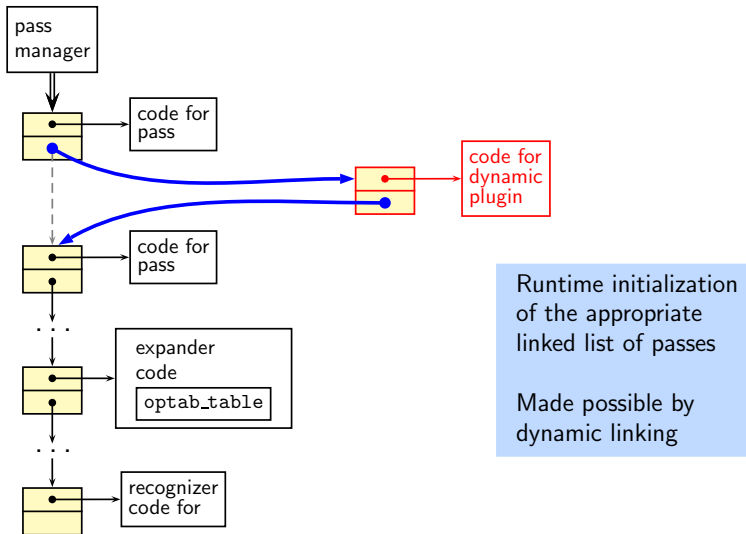
Transformation from a language to a *different* language



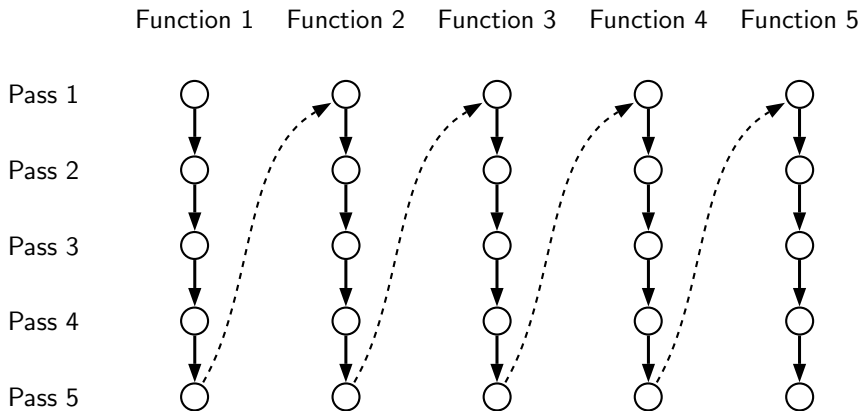
## Plugin Structure in cc1



# The Mechanism of Dynamic Plugin

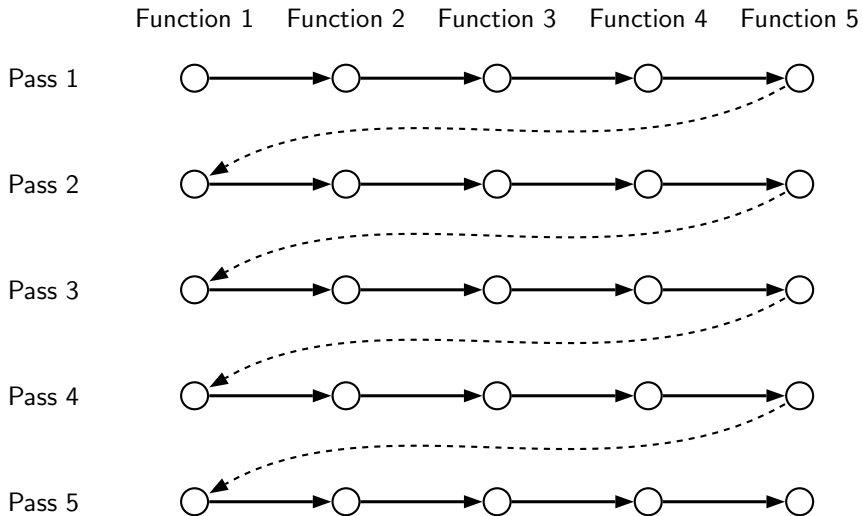


## Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes





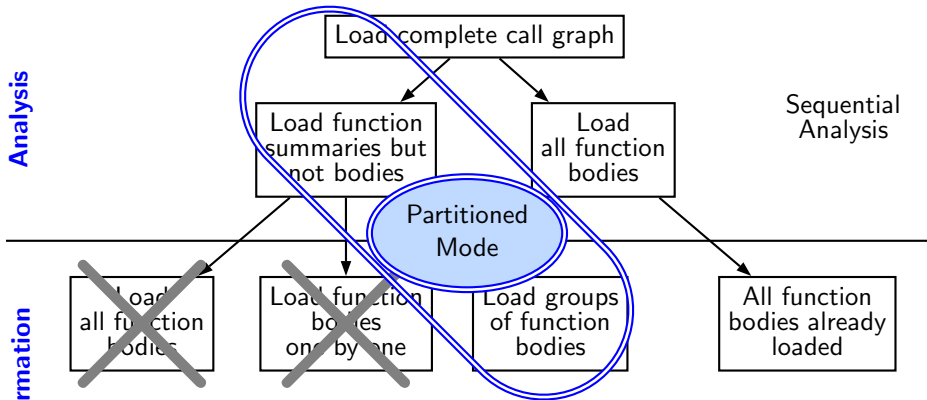
## Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



*Part 5*

*LTO*

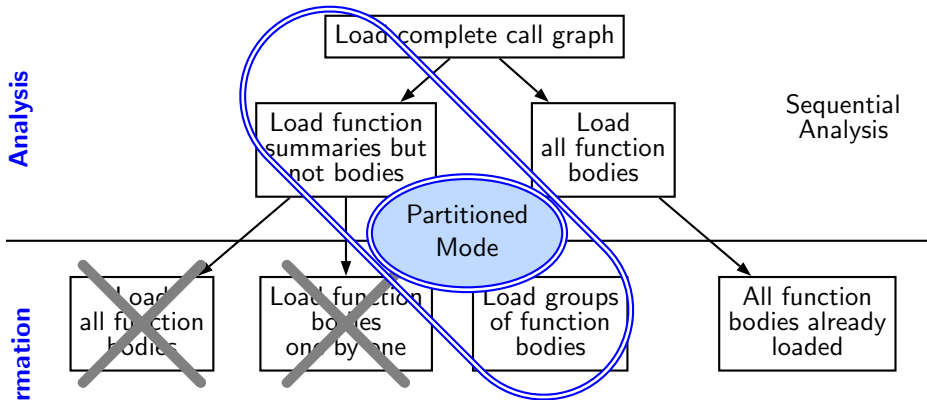
# Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO



No need to load the entire program in memory  
 IPA possible (multiple function bodies)  
 Parallel transformations possible  
 Analysis and transformations in independent processes



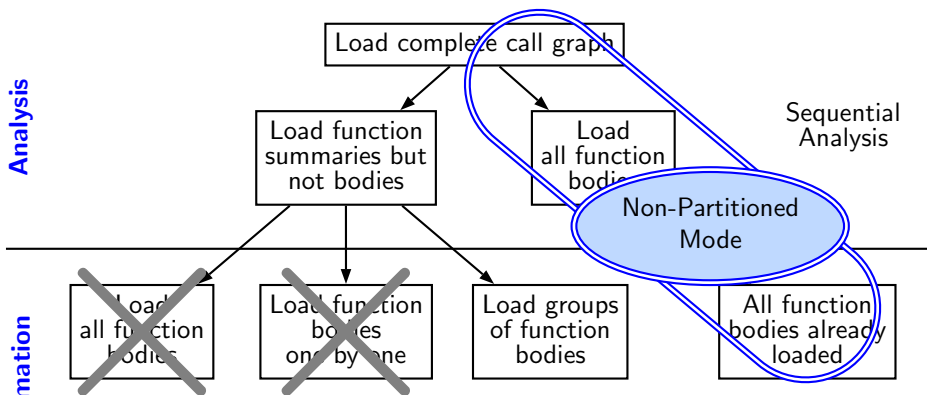
## Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO



Balanced partitions `-flto -flto-partitions=balanced`  
 One Partition per file `-flto -flto-partitions=1to1`  
 Partitions by number `-flto --params lto-partitions=n`  
 Partitions by size `-flto --params lto-min-partition=s`



## Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO



Entire program needs to be loaded in memory  
 No partitions `-flto -flto-partitions=None`  
 Strictly sequential transformations  
 Analysis and transformations in the same processes



## cc1 and Single Process lto1

```
toplevel_main
...
  compile_file
  ...
    cgraph_analyze_function
```

```
cc1
  cgraph_optimize
  ...
    ipa_passes
  ...
    cgraph_expand_all_functions
  ...
    tree_rest_of_compilation
```



## cc1 and Single Process lto1

```
toplevel_main
...
  compile_file
  ...
    cgraph_analyze_function
```

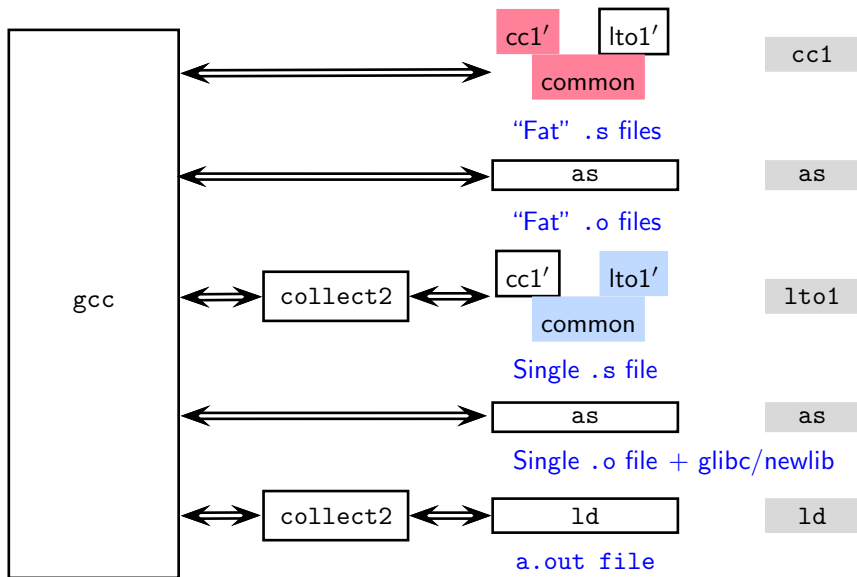
```
lto_main
...
  read_cgraph_and_symbols
  ...
    materialize_cgraph
```

```
cgraph_optimize
...
  ipa_passes
  ...
    cgraph_expand_all_functions
    ...
      tree_rest_of_compilation
```

lto1



# The GNU Tool Chain for Single Process LTO Support





## The GNU Tool Chain for Single Process LTO Support

cc1'

lto1'

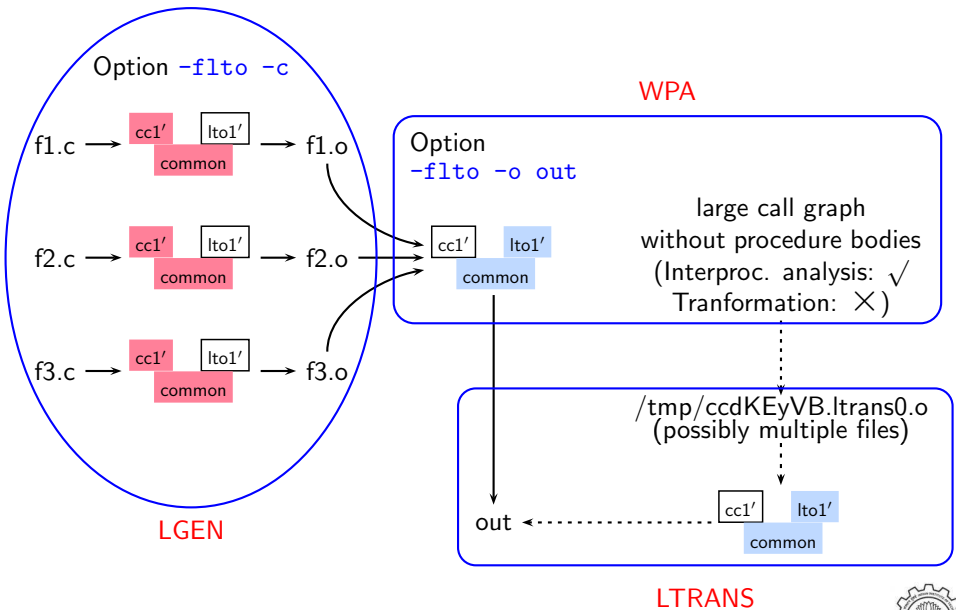
Common Code (executed twice for each function in the input program for single process LTO. Once during LGEN and then during WPA + LTRANS)

```
cgraph_optimize
  ipa_passes
    execute_ipa_pass_list(all_small_ipa_passes) /*!in lto*/
    execute_ipa_summary_passes(all_regular_ipa_passes)
    execute_ipa_summary_passes(all_lto_gen_passes)
    ipa_write_summaries
  execute_ipa_pass_list(all_late_ipa_passes)
  cgraph_expand_all_functions
  cgraph_expand_function
  /* Intraprocedural passes on GIMPLE, */
  /* expansion pass, and passes on RTL. */
```

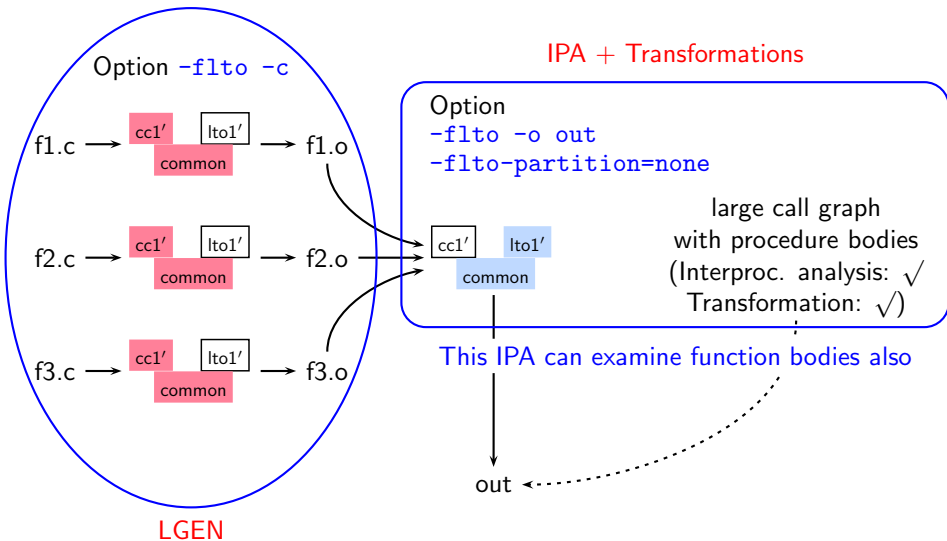
g.c.o file



# Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR LTO)



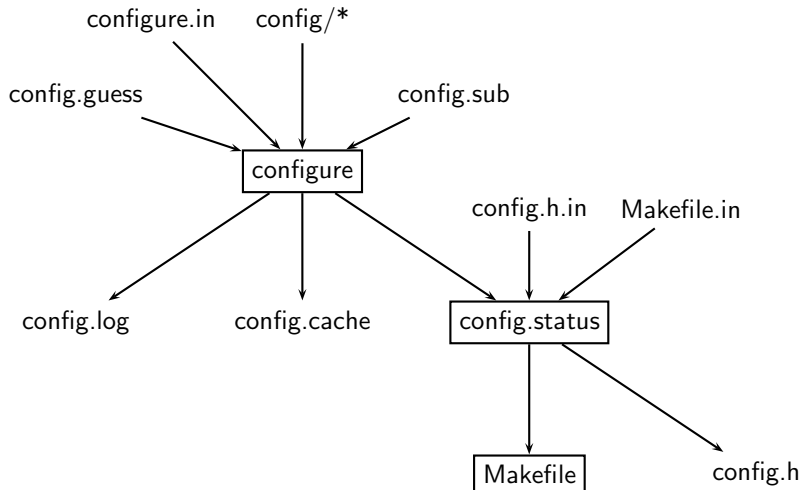
# Non-Partitioned LTO



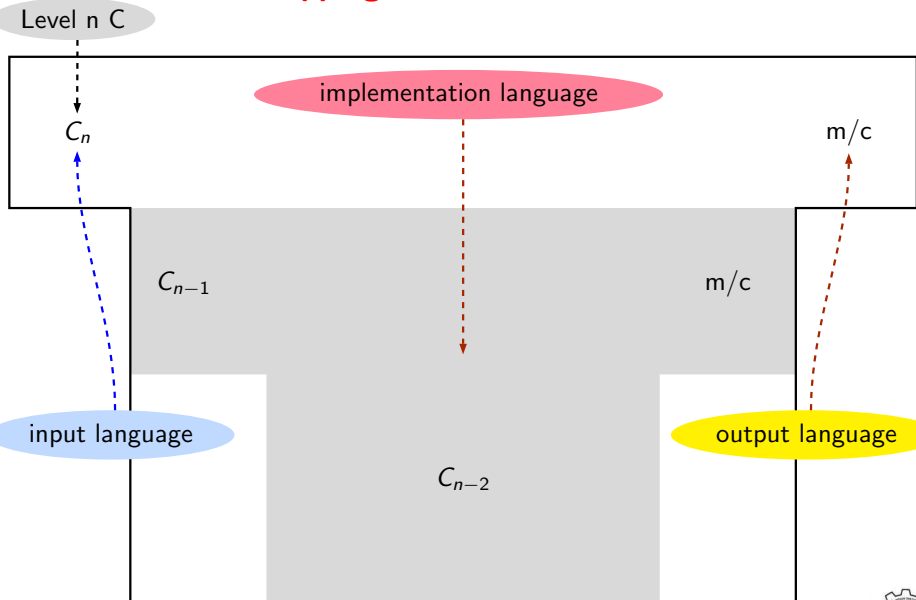
*Part 6*

# *The Build Process*

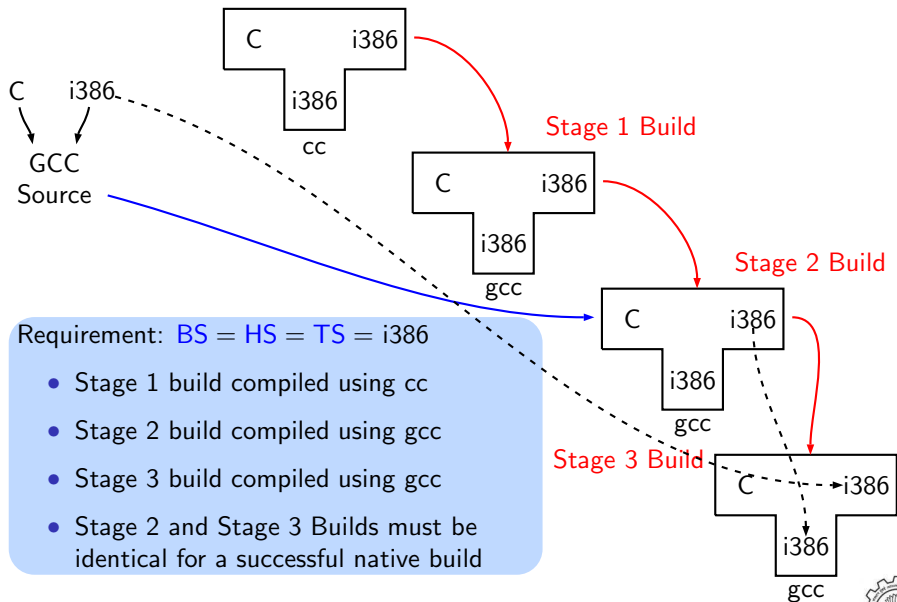
## Configuring GCC



## Bootstrapping: The Conventional View



## A Native Build on i386



## Build for a Given Machine

This is what actually happens!

- Generation
  - ▶ Generator sources ( $\$(SOURCE\_D)/gcc/gen*.c$ ) are read and generator executables are created in  $\$(BUILD)/gcc/build$
  - ▶ MD files are read by the generator executables and back end source code is generated in  $\$(BUILD)/gcc$
- Compilation

Other source files are read from  $\$(SOURCE\_D)$  and executables created in corresponding subdirectories of  $\$(BUILD)$
- Installation

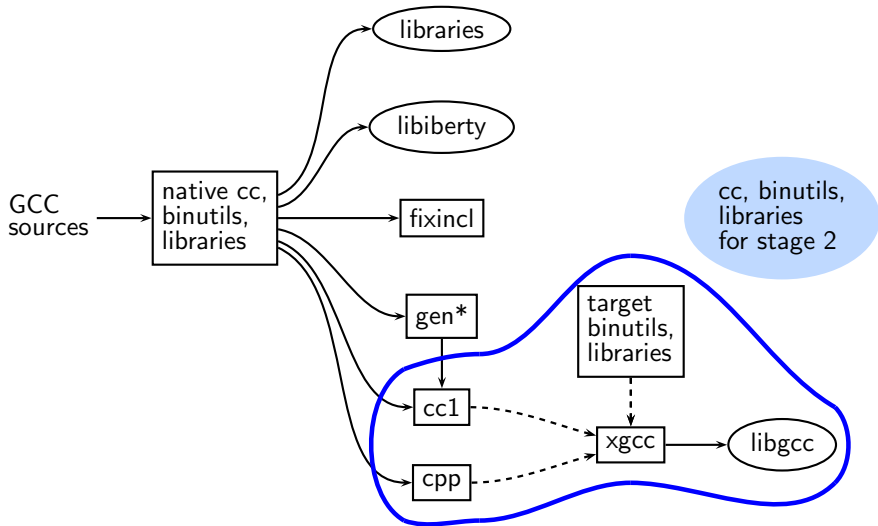
Created executables and libraries are copied in  $\$(INSTALL)$

```
genattr
gencheck
genconditions
genconstants
genflags
genopinit
genpreds
genattrtab
genchecksum
gencondmd
genemit
gengenrtl
genmddeps
genoutput
genrecog
genautomata
gencodes
genconfig
genextract
gengtype
genmodes
genpeep
```

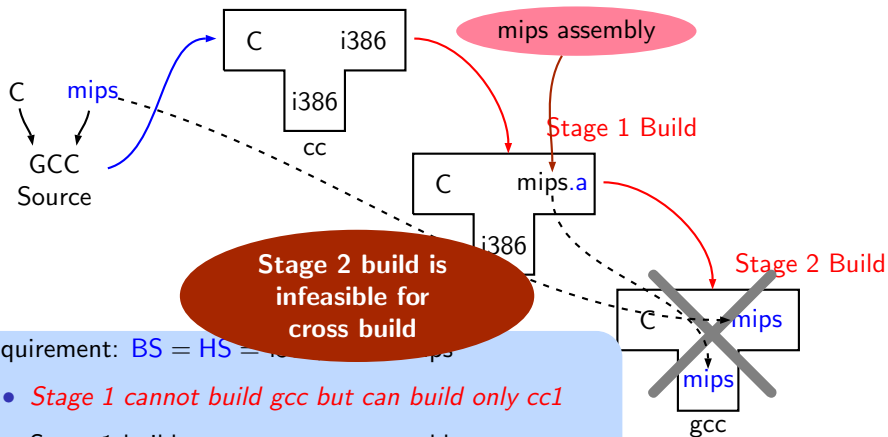




## More Details of an Actual Stage 1 Build for C



# Building a MIPS Cross Compiler on i386: A Closer Look

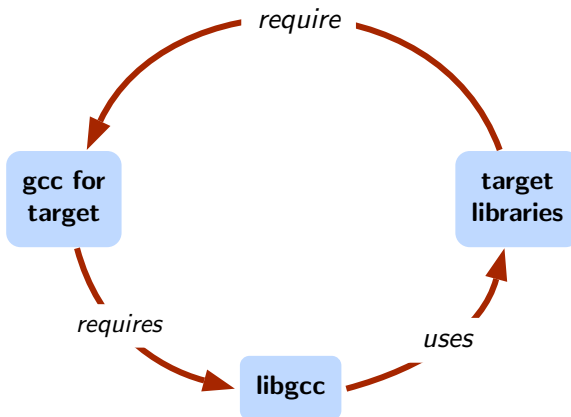


Requirement:  $BS = HS = \dots$

- *Stage 1 cannot build gcc but can build only cc1*
- Stage 1 build cannot create executables
- Library sources cannot be compiled for mips using stage 1 build
- Stage 2 build is not possible



## Difficulty in Building a Cross Compiler



## Generated Compiler Executable for All Languages

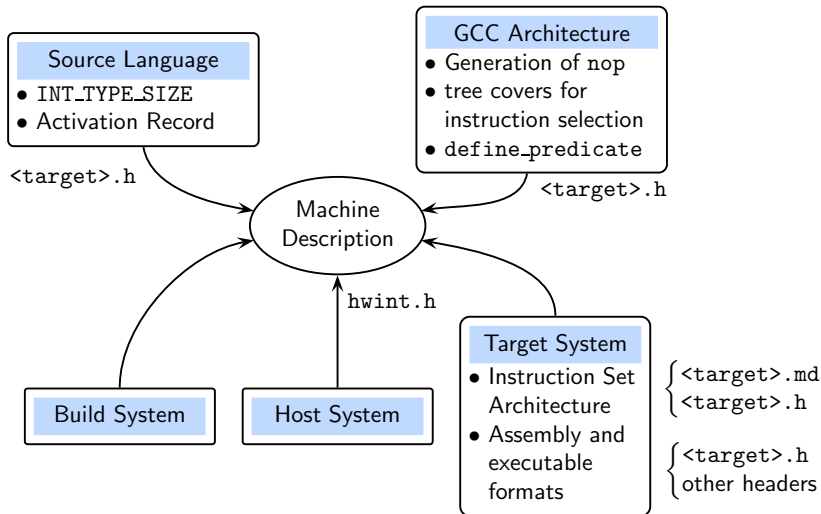
- Main driver `$BUILD/gcc/xgcc`
- C compiler `$BUILD/gcc/cc1`
- C++ compiler `$BUILD/gcc/cc1plus`
- Fortran compiler `$BUILD/gcc/f951`
- Ada compiler `$BUILD/gcc/gnat1`
- Java compiler `$BUILD/gcc/jc1`
- Java compiler for generating main class `$BUILD/gcc/jvgenmain`
- LTO driver `$BUILD/gcc/lto1`
- Objective C `$BUILD/gcc/cc1obj`
- Objective C++ `$BUILD/gcc/cc1objplus`



*Part 7*

# *Retargetability*

## Examples of Influences on the Machine Descriptions



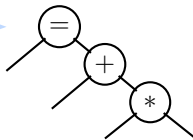
## Redundancy in MIPS Machine Descriptions: Example 3

```
[(set (match_operand: m 0 "register_operand" "c0") (plus: m
  (mult: m (match_operand: m 1 "register_operand" "c1")
    (match_operand: m 2 "register_operand" "c2"))))
  (match_operand: m 3 "register_operand" "c3")))]
```

RTL Template

Structure

Details



Pattern name	<u>m</u>	<u>c0</u>	<u>c1</u>	<u>c2</u>	<u>c3</u>
*mul_acc_si	SI	=1*?*,d?	d,d	d,d	0,d
*mul_acc_si_r3900	SI	=1*?*,d*?,d?	d,d,d	d,d,d	0,1,d
*macc	SI	=1,d	d,d	d,d	0,1
*madd4<mode>	ANYF	=f	f	f	f
*madd3<mode>	ANYF	=f	f	f	0



# Instruction Specification and Translation: A Recap



- GIMPLE: target independent
  - RTL: target dependent
  - **Need:** associate the *semantics*
- ⇒ GCC Solution: **Standard Pattern Names**

GIMPLE → RTL

RTL → ASM

RTL Template

ASM

GIMPLE\_ASSIGN

```
(define_insn "movsi"
  [(set (match_operand 0 "register_operand" "r")
        (match_operand 1 "const_int_operand" "k"))]
  "" /* C boolean expression, if required */
  "li %0, %1"
)
```





## Translation Sequence in GCC

```
(define_insn
  "movsi"
  [(set
    (match_operand 0 "register_operand" "r")
    (match_operand 1 "const_int_operand" "k")
  )]
  "" /* C boolean expression, if required */
  "li %0, %1"
)
```

Development

D.1283 = 10;

⇒

```
(set
  (reg:SI 58 [D.1283])
  (const_int 10: [0xa])
)
```

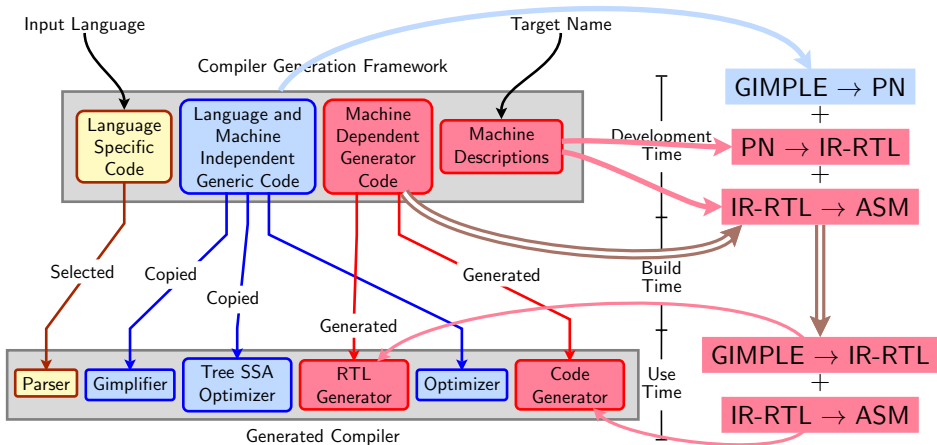
⇒

li \$t0, 10

Use



# Retargetability Mechanism of GCC



## Hooking up Back End Details

```
$(SOURCE)/gcc/optabs.h
$(SOURCE)/gcc/optabs.c
```

optab\_table

Runtime initialization of data structure in cc1 through function `init_all_optabs`

OTI\_mov

SI	insn_code <code>CODE_FOR_movsi</code>
SF	insn_code <code>CODE_FOR_nothing</code>

```
$(BUILD)/gcc/insn-output.c
```

insn\_data

...	...
1280	"movsi" ... gen_movsi ...

```
$(BUILD)/gcc/insn-codes.h
```

```
CODE_FOR_movsi=1280
CODE_FOR_movsf=CODE_FOR_nothing
```

```
$(BUILD)/gcc/insn-opinit.c
```

...



## The Process of Expansion

