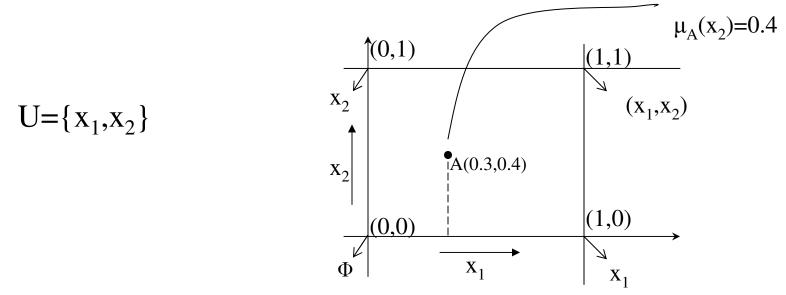
CS 344 Artificial Intelligence By Prof: Pushpak Bhattacharya Class on 12/Mar/2007

Representation of Fuzzy sets

Let U = { $x_1, x_2, ..., x_n$ }

 $|\mathbf{U}| = \mathbf{n}$

The various sets composed of elements from U are presented as points on and inside the n-dimensional hypercube. The crisp sets are the corners of the hypercube. $\mu_A(x_1)=0.3$



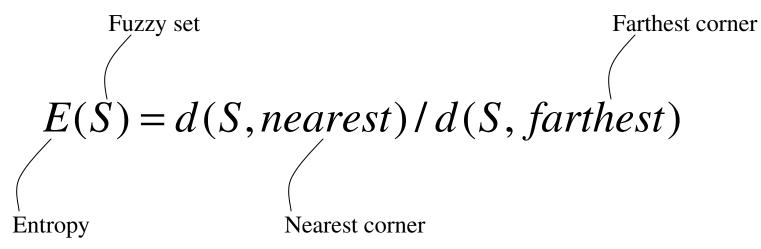
A fuzzy set A is represented by a point in the n-dimensional space as the point { $\mu_A(x_1), \mu_A(x_2), \dots, \mu_A(x_n)$ }

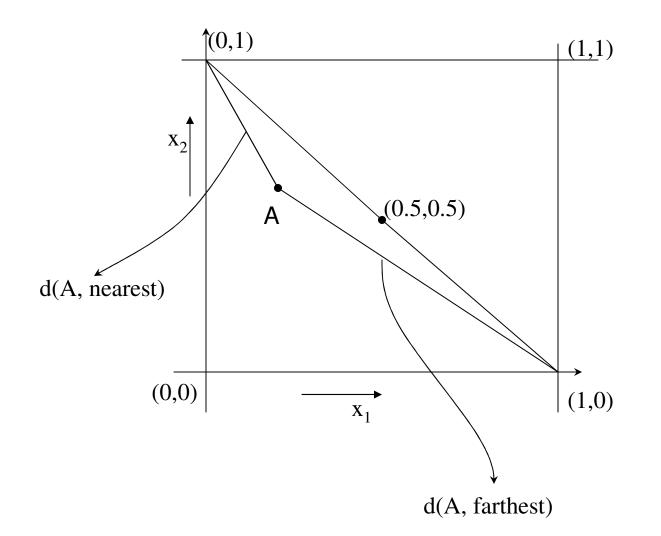
Degree of fuzziness

The centre of the hypercube is the "most fuzzy" set. Fuzziness decreases as one nears the corners

Measure of fuzziness

Called the entropy of a fuzzy set





Definition

Distance between two fuzzy sets

$$d(S_1, S_2) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} |\mu_{s_1}(x_i) - \mu_{s_2}(x_i)|$$

$$L_1 - \text{norm}$$

Let C = fuzzy set represented by the centre point d(c,nearest) = |0.5-1.0| + |0.5 - 0.0|

> = 1 = d(C, farthest)=> E(C) = 1

Definition

Cardinality of a fuzzy set

$$m(s) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mu_s(x_i)$$
 [generalization of cardinality of classical sets]

Union, Intersection, complementation, subset hood

$$\mu_{s_1 \cup s_2}(x) = \max[\mu_{s_1}(x), \mu_{s_2}(x)] \forall x \in U$$
$$\mu_{s_1 \cap s_2}(x) = \min[\mu_{s_1}(x), \mu_{s_2}(x)] \forall x \in U$$

$$\mu_{s^c}(x) = 1 - \mu_s(x)$$

Note on definition by extension and intension $S_1 = \{x_i | x_i \mod 2 = 0\}$ – Intension $S_2 = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, \dots\}$ – extension

How to define subset hood?