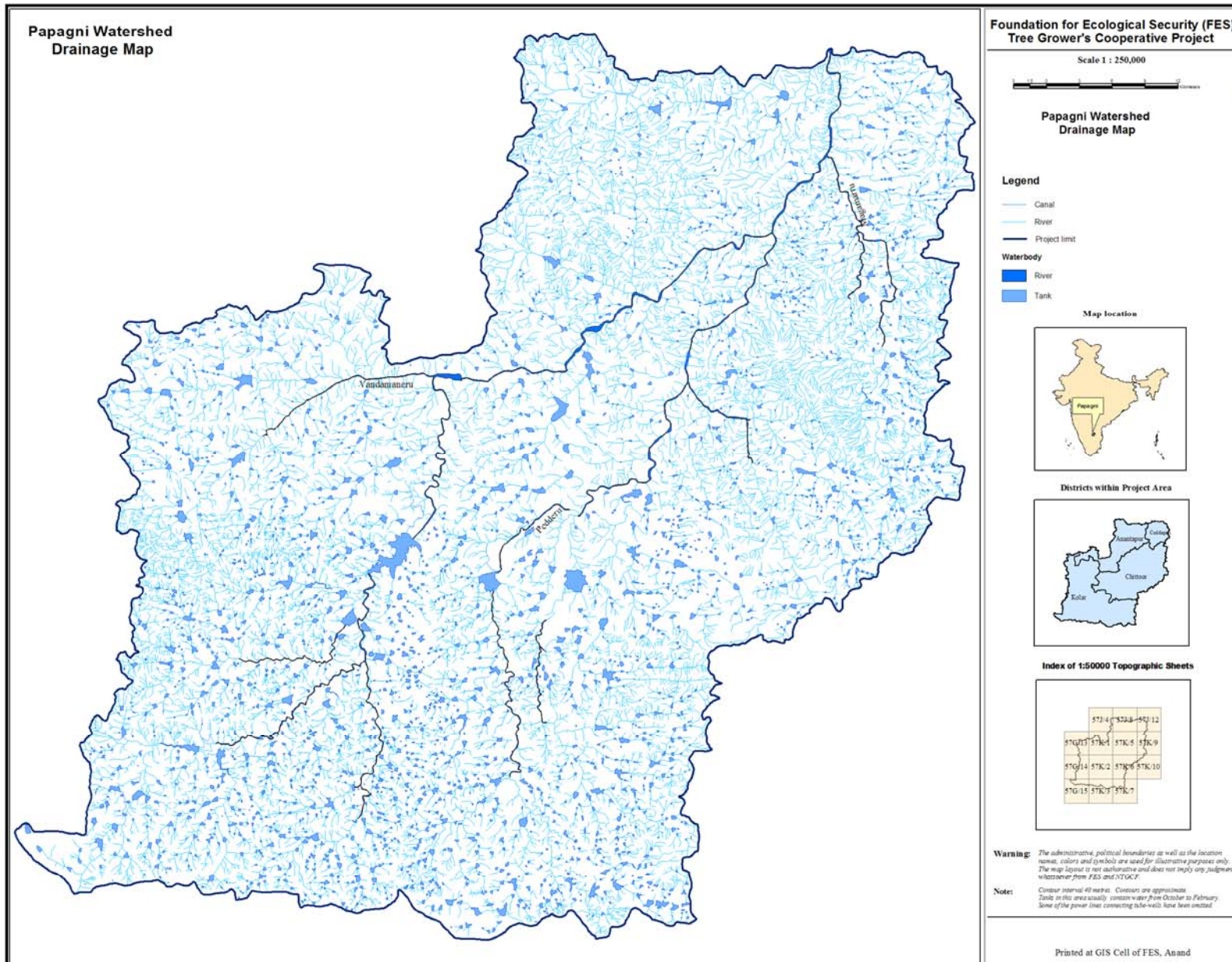
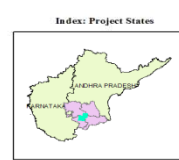
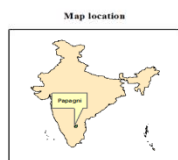


# Papagni River Basin : GIS Database

Foundation for Ecological Security (FES)

Anand

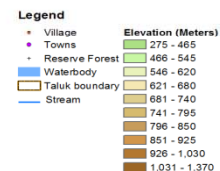




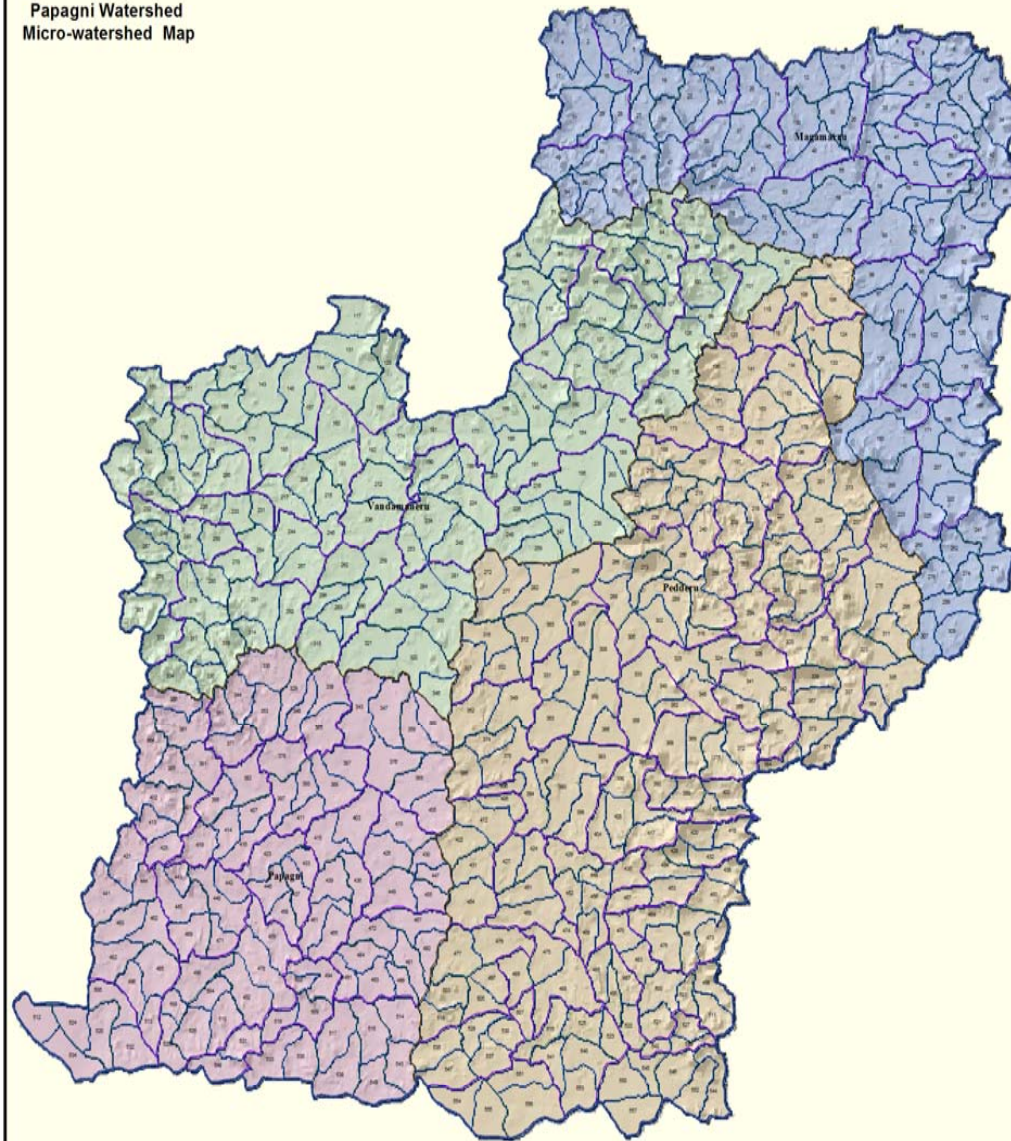
Note: The administrative, political boundaries as well as the location names, colors and symbols are used for illustrative purposes only. The map layout is not authoritative and does not imply any judgement whatsoever from FES and NTGCF.

Contour interval 20 meters. Contours are approximate. Tanks in this area usually contain water from October to February.

Printed at GIS Cell of FES, Anand.



Papagni Watershed  
Micro-watershed Map



Foundation for Ecological Security (FES)  
Tree Growers' Cooperatives Project (TGCP)

Scale 1:250,000

Legend

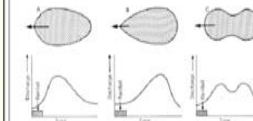
- Watershed Level**
- Sub Catchment
  - Watershed
  - Sub-watershed
  - Mini-watershed
  - Microwatershed
  - Watershed Boundary

- Watershed**
- Magamam
  - Vandamaneru
  - Papagni
  - Pedderu

**Basin Circularity (BC)**

Area (Sq.Km.)	Basin Perimeter (in km.)	Basin Circularity
4401	414	0.57

The Basin Circularity is defined as the ratio between the total contributing area and the area of a circle with the same perimeter, as per Miller, 1953. In general terms, watershed shape has a direct impact on the runoff rate as illustrated below:



**Watershed Elongation Or Elongation Ratio (ER)**

Area (Sq.Km.)	Basin Perimeter in Km. (P)	Basin Length in Km.	Watershed Elongation Ratio (ER)
4401	414	106	0.50

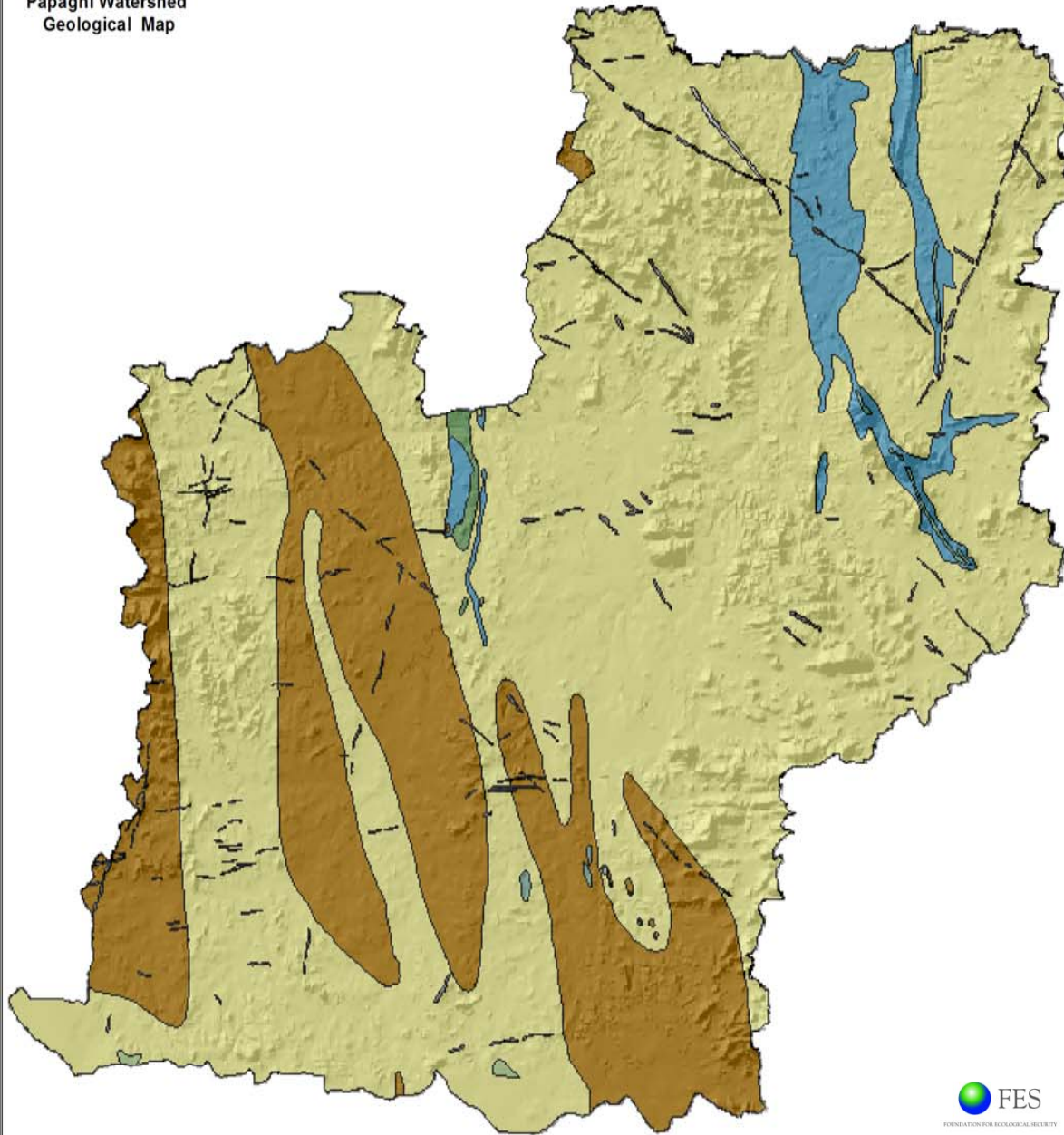
$ER = \text{Diameter of the Circle with same Area as Basin} / EL$   
that is:  
 $ER = \sqrt{2 \text{ square root of } CDA / P} / EL$   
Where: EL = Basin length in Km.  
CDA = total contributing area (in Km square)

The Elongation Ratio factor is dimensionless and varies from 0 (for a circle) to 1 (for a straight line). An elongated form will increase the concentration time of the runoff water to the outlet, and therefore the intensities of the stream flows after a rainstorm should be lower.

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**Note:** Contour interval of maps: Contours are approximate. Data in this area usually collected after from October to February. Some of the power lines connecting tube-wells have been omitted.

Papagni Watershed  
Geological Map



Foundation for Ecological Security (FES)  
Tree Grower's Cooperative Project

Scale 1: 250,000



Papagni Watershed  
Geological Map

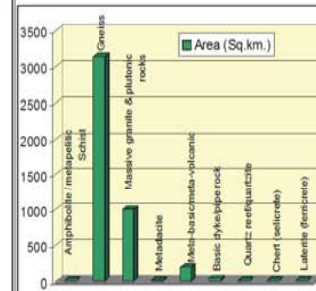
Legend

Geology

- Crystalline rocks -Amphibolite / metapelitic Schist / Calcisilicate rock
- Crystalline rocks -Gneiss
- Crystalline rocks -Massive granite & plutonic rocks
- Crystalline rocks -Metadacite
- Crystalline rocks -Meta-basalt/meta-volcanic
- Intrusive rocks -Basic dyke/diapa rock
- Intrusive rocks -Quartz reef/quartzite
- Residual -Chert (selicrete)
- Residual -Laterite (ferrocrite)

Lithological area (in Sq.km):

Sno.	Geological formation	Area	% to Total
<b>I Crystalline rocks:</b>			
1	Amphibolite / metapelitic Schist Calcisilicate rock	3	0.07
2	Gneiss	3142	71.39
3	Massive granite & plutonic rocks	1004	22.81
4	Metadacite	11	0.25
5	Meta-basalt/meta-volcanic	194	4.41
<b>II Intrusive rocks:</b>			
6	Basic dyke/diapa rock	36	0.82
7	Quartz reef/quartzite	3	0.07
<b>III Residual rocks:</b>			
8	Chert (selicrete)	5	0.11
9	Laterite (ferrocrite)	3	0.07
<b>Total:</b>		<b>4401</b>	<b>100.00</b>

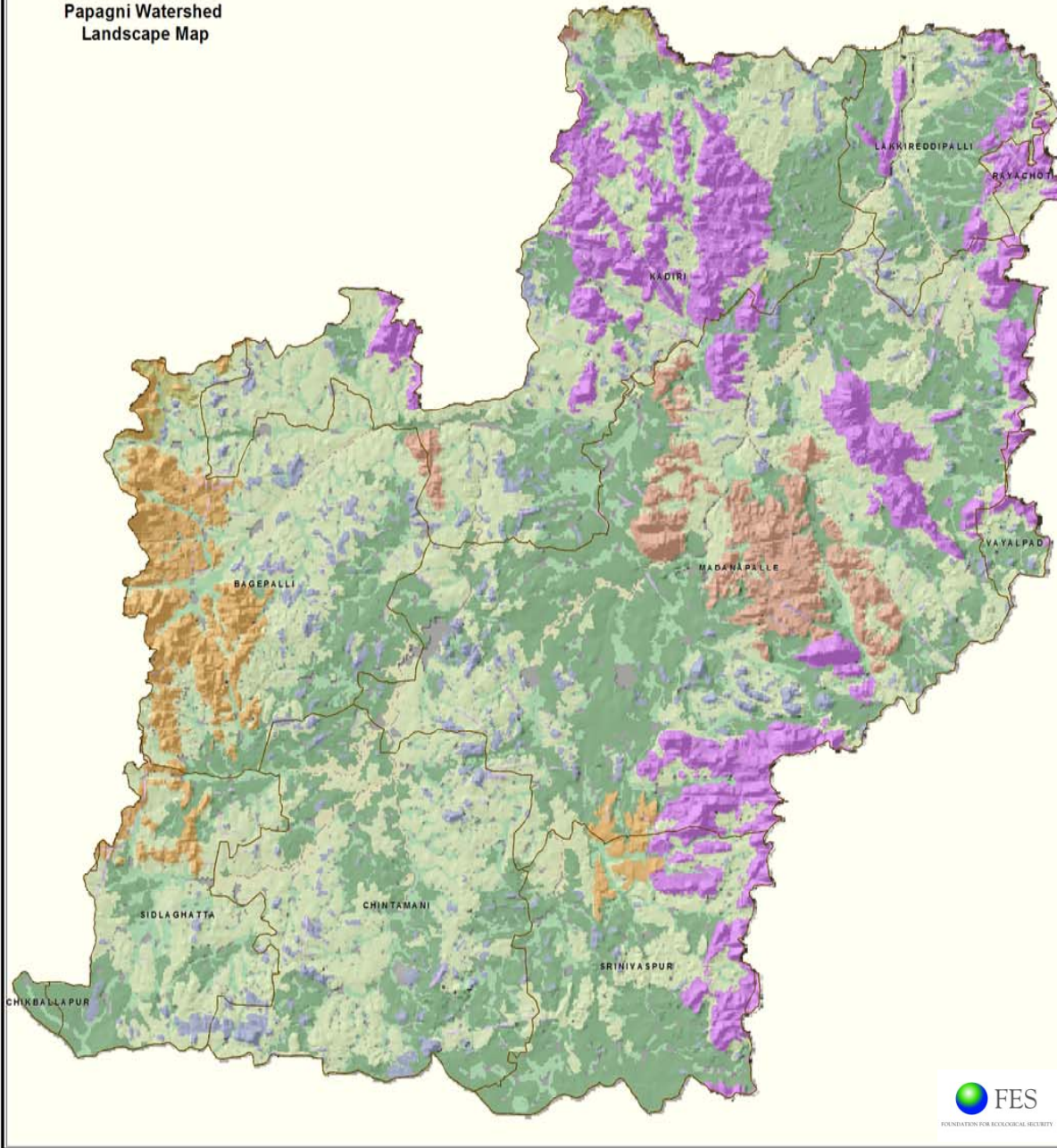


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**Note:** Contour interval 40 meters. Contours are approximate. There is no area usually contains water from October to February. Some of the power lines connecting tube-wells have been omitted.



Papagni Watershed  
Landscape Map



Foundation for Ecological Security (FES)  
Tree Growers' Cooperatives Project (TGCP)

Scale 1: 250,000



Papagni Watershed  
Landscape Map

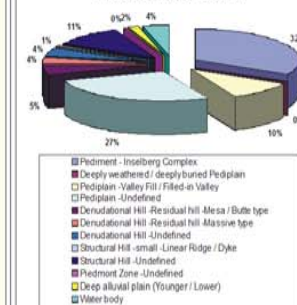
Legend

- Taluka Boundary
- Pediment-Inselberg Complex
- Deeply Weathered/Deeply Buried Pediplan
- Pediplan Valley Fill
- Pediplan Weathered/Undefined
- Deep Alluvial Plain(Younger/Lower)
- Piedmont Zone Undefined
- Denudational Hill-Residual Hill-Mesa/Butte Type
- Denudational Hill-Residual Hill-Massive Type
- Denudational Hill-Undefined
- Structural Hill-Small-Linear Ridge/Dyke
- Structural Hill Undefined

Landscape unit Area (in Sq.km):

Sno.	Landscape Name	Area	% to Total
1	Pediment - Inselberg Complex	1439	32.70
2	Deeply weathered / deeply buried Pediplan	1	0.02
3	Pediplan -Valley Fill / Filled-in Valley	450	10.22
4	Pediplan -Undefined	1174	26.68
5	Residual hill -Mesa / Butte type	207	4.70
6	Residual hill -Massive type	155	3.52
7	Denudational Hill-Undefined	197	4.25
8	Structural Hill -small -Linear Ridge / Dyke	35	0.80
9	Structural Hill -Undefined	484	11.00
10	Piedmont Zone -Undefined	17	0.39
11	Deep alluvial plain (Younger / Lower)	72	1.64
12	Water body	180	4.09
<b>Total:</b>		<b>4401</b>	<b>100.00</b>

Landscape Unit Area (Sq.km.)

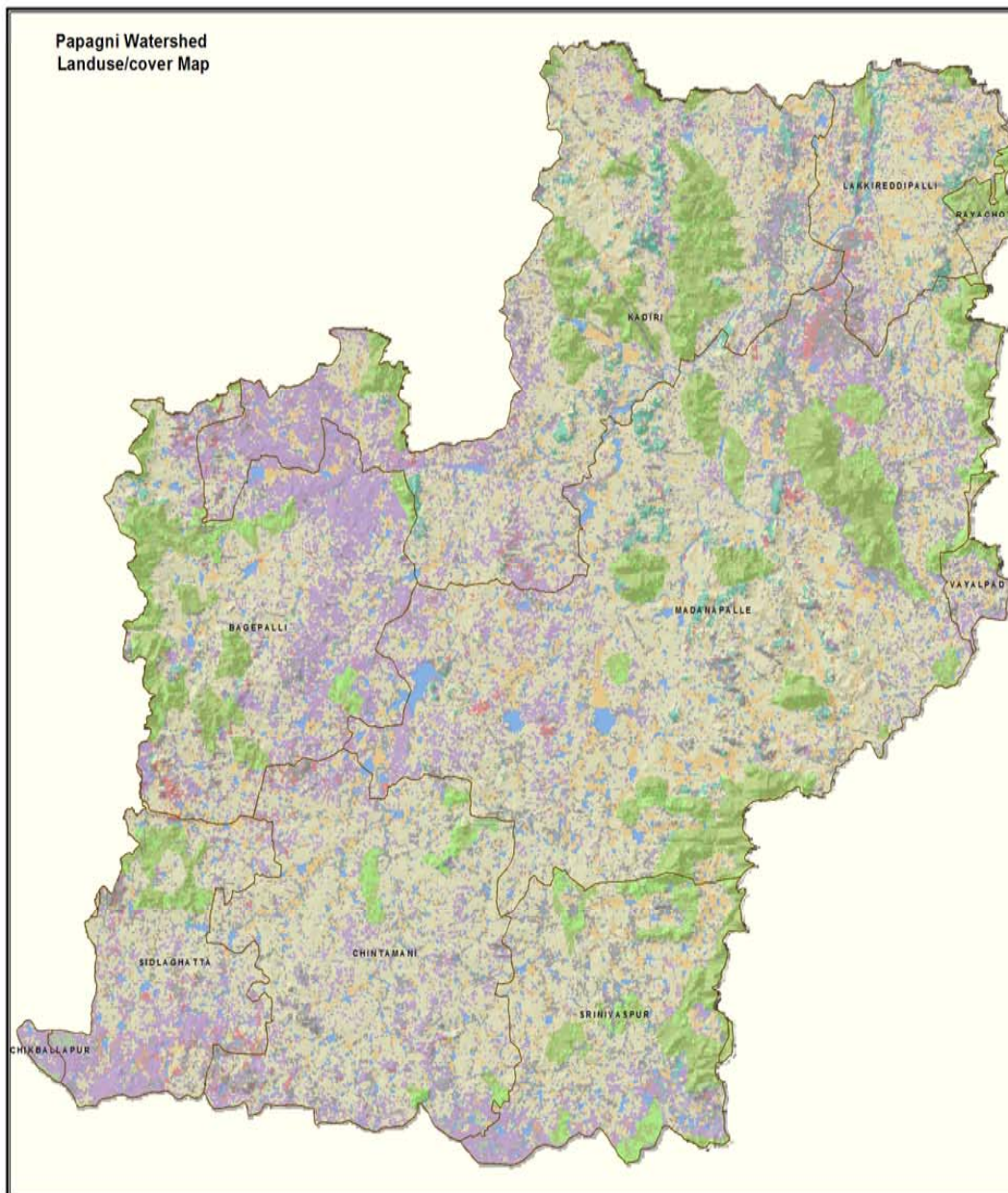


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**Note:** Contour interval 40 meters. Contours are approximate. Tanks in this area usually contain water from October to February. Some of the power lines connecting tube-wells have been omitted.



Papagni Watershed  
Landuse/cover Map



Foundation for Ecological Security (FES)  
Tree Growers' Cooperative Project (TGCP)

Scale 1:250,000



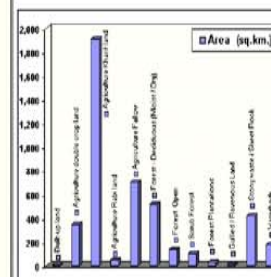
Papagni Watershed  
Landuse/cover Map

Legend

- Tansa Boundary
- Landuse/cover**
  - Agriculture - Crop Land - Kharif and Rabi (paddy cropped) - Undefined
  - Agriculture - Crop Land - Kharif - Undefined
  - Agriculture - Crop Land - Rabi - Undefined
  - Agriculture - Fallow - Undefined
  - Built-up - Village (Rural) - Undefined
  - Forest - Deciduous (Moist / Dry) - Dense / Closed - Undefined
  - Forest - Deciduous (Moist / Dry) - Open - Undefined
  - Forest - Deciduous (Moist / Dry) - Scrub Forest - Undefined
  - Forest - Forest Plantations - Undefined
  - Waterland - Gullied / Ravennous Land - Undefined
  - Waterland - Barren Rocky / Stony waste / Sheet Rock - Undefined
  - Waterbody

Details of Landuse/cover:

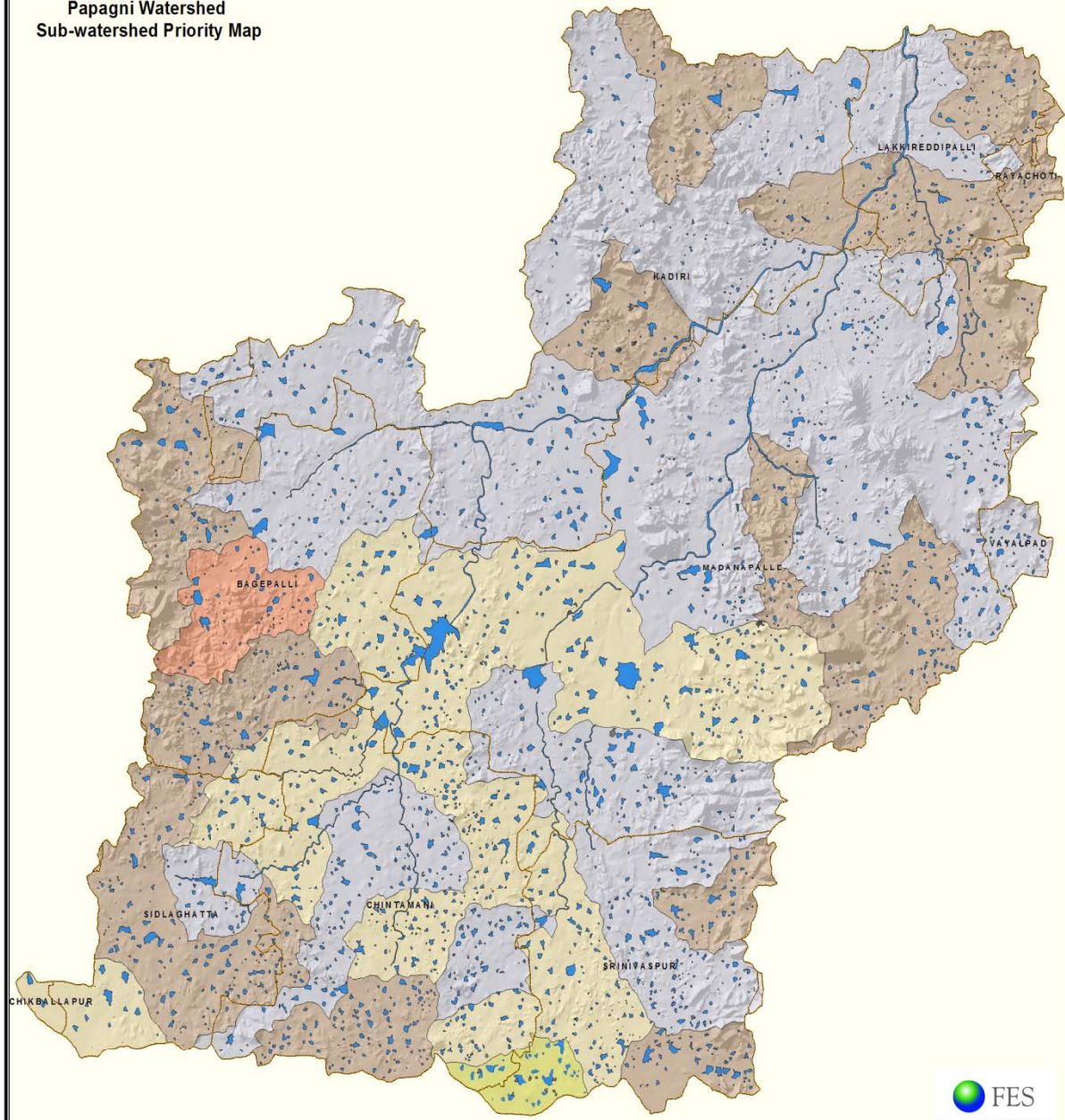
Dr.no.	Landuse/cover	Area (sq.km)	% to Total area
1	Built-up land	4	0.10
2	Agriculture double crop land	345	7.83
3	Agriculture Kharif land	1,513	43.48
4	Agriculture Rabi land	47	1.08
5	Agriculture Fallow	699	15.89
6	Forest - Deciduous (Moist / Dry)	515	11.70
7	Forest Open	137	3.11
8	Scrub Forest	101	2.29
9	Forest Plantations	27	0.62
10	Gullied / Ravennous Land	10	0.23
11	Stony waste / Sheet Rock	422	9.60
12	Waterbody	179	4.07
<b>Total:</b>		<b>4,401</b>	<b>100.00</b>



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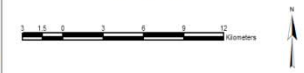
**Note:** Contour interval 40 meters. Contours are approximate. Tanks in this area usually contain water from October to February. Some of the power lines connecting table-wells have been omitted.

**Papagni Watershed  
Sub-watershed Priority Map**



**Foundation for Ecological Security (FES)  
Tree Growers' Cooperatives Project (TGCP)**

Scale 1 : 250,000



**Legend**

- Taluk boundary
- Priority**
- Very High
- High
- Medium
- Low
- Very low
- Waterbodies
- Built-up

**Map location**



**Districts within Project Area**



**Warning:** The administrative, political boundaries as well as the location names, colors and symbols are used for illustrative purposes only. The map layout is not authoritative and does not imply any judgment whatsoever from FES and TGCP.

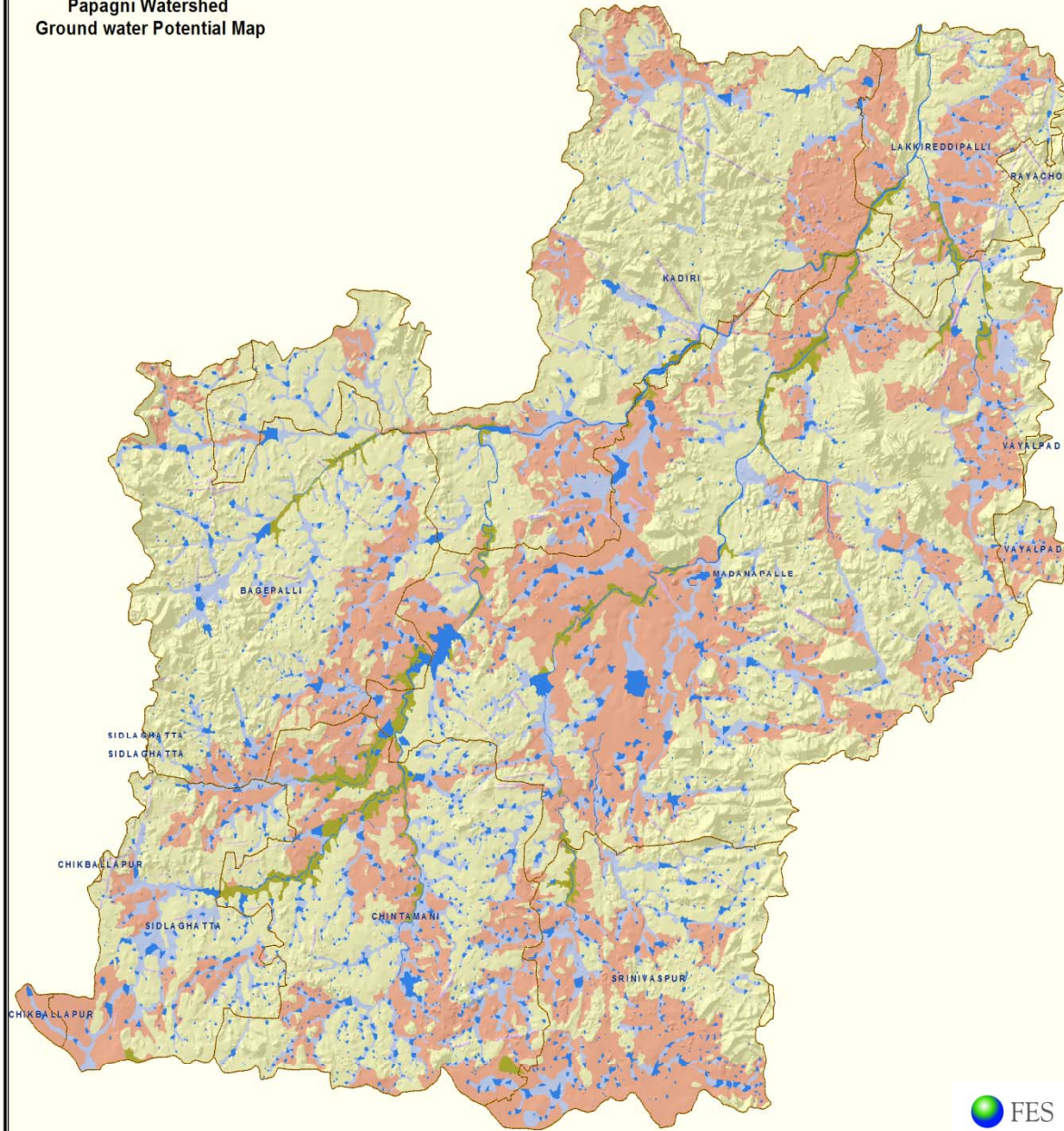
**Note:** Contour interval 40 meters. Contours are approximate. Tanks in this area usually contain water from October to February. Some of the power lines connecting tube-wells have been omitted.



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**Papagni Watershed  
Ground water Potential Map**



Foundation for Ecological Security (FES)  
Tree Growers' Cooperatives Project (TGCP)

Scale 1 : 250,000



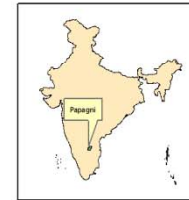
**Legend**

- Taluk boundary
- Groundwater Potential**
- Excellent
- Good
- Moderate to good
- Moderate
- Poor
- Waterbodies

**Groundwater Potential:**

Sr.No.	Ground water Potential	Area (Sqkm.)	%
1	Excellent	450	10
2	Good	75	2
3	Moderate to good	36	1
4	Moderate	1190	27
5	Poor	2471	56
6	Waterbodies	180	4
<b>Total area:</b>		<b>4401</b>	<b>100</b>

**Map location**



**Districts within Project Area**



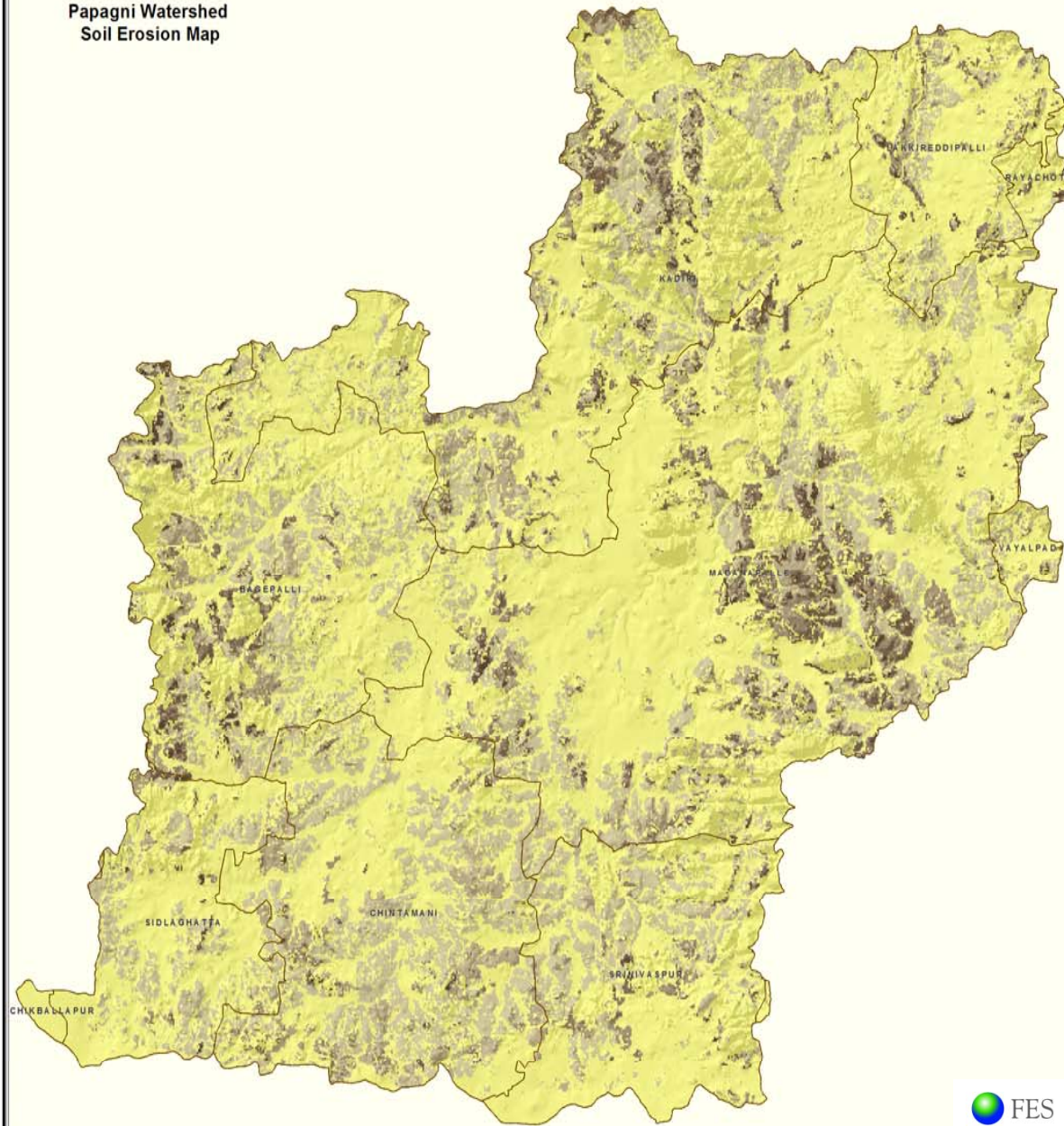
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**Note:** Contour interval 40 metre. Contours are approximate. Tanks in this area usually contain water from October to February. Some of the power lines connecting tube-wells have been omitted.



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**Papagni Watershed  
Soil Erosion Map**



**Foundation for Ecological Security (FES)  
Tree Grower's Cooperative Project**

Scale 1: 250,000



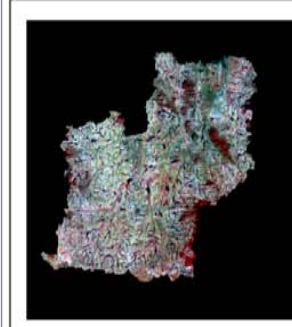
**Papagni Watershed  
Soil Erosion Map (Preliminary)**

**Legend**

- Taluka Boundary
- Soil Erosion (Metric Ha./year)**
- 0 - 25
- 26 - 96
- 97 - 203
- 204 - 389
- 390 - 895
- 896 - 2617

The risk of soil erosion refers to the land degradation by rainfall and runoff. The prediction is done in terms of mean annual soil loss (metric tons per hectare per year), using the "Universal Soil Loss Equation (USLE)". The Soil Loss Equation does not take into account gully, stream bank, and landslide erosion, which are often significant erosion forms. Furthermore, it does not include the influence of chemical components (such as the calcium and magnesium ions as well as the iron oxides (Oxisol) and aluminum), which may improve the soil stability.

**Satellite Imagery (IRS L3)**



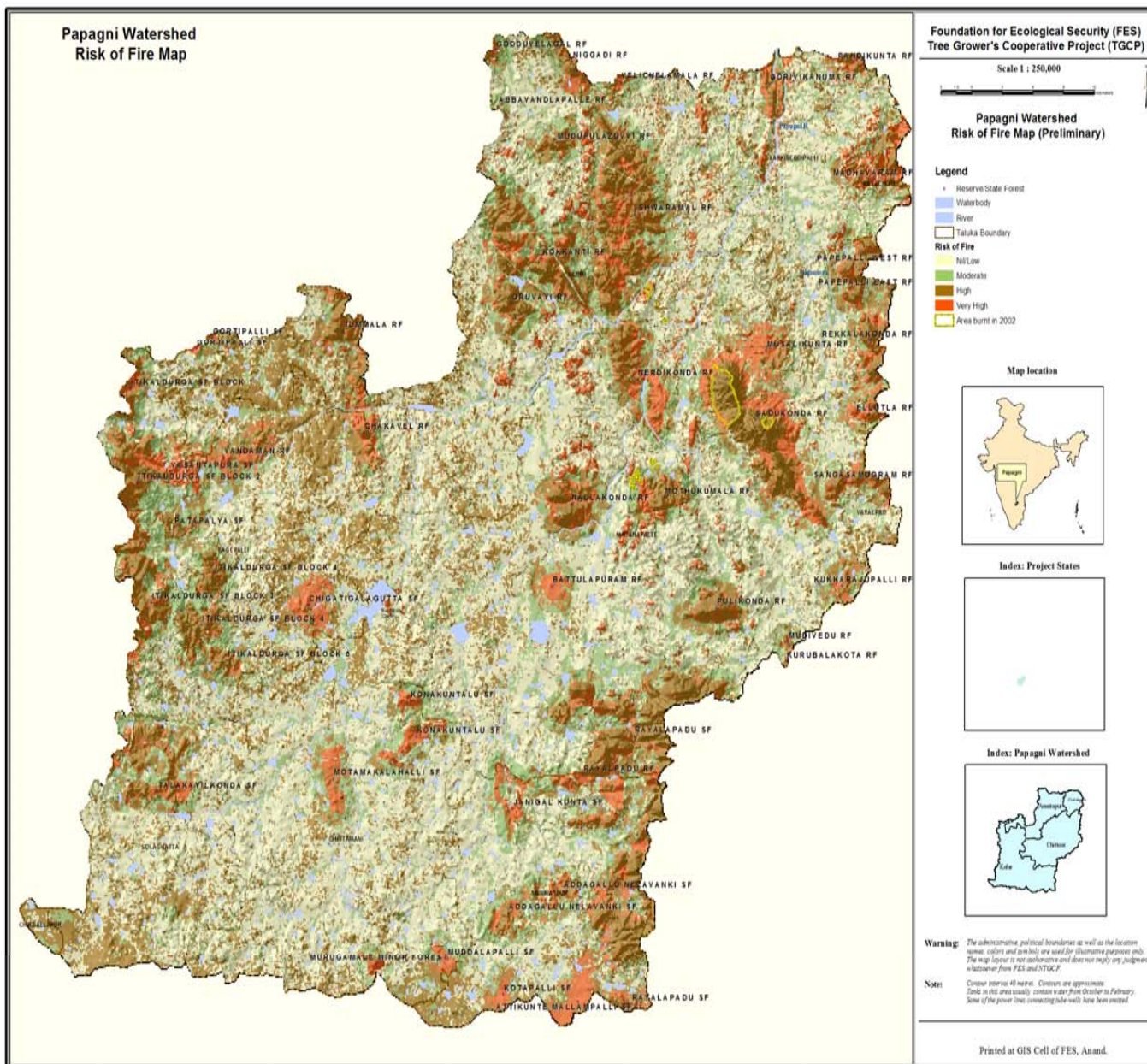
**Warning:** The administrative, political boundaries as well as the location names, colors and symbols are used for illustrative purposes only. The map layout is not authoritative and does not imply any judgment whatsoever from FES and NTGF.

**Note:** Contour interval 40 metres. Contours are approximate. Fields in this area usually contain water from October to February. Some of the power lines connecting tube-wells have been omitted.



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Papagni Watershed  
Risk of Fire Map



Foundation for Ecological Security (FES)  
Tree Grower's Cooperative Project (TGCP)

Scale 1 : 250,000



Papagni Watershed  
Risk of Fire Map (Preliminary)

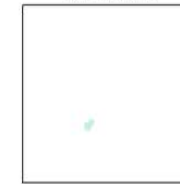
Legend

- Reserve/State Forest
- Waterbody
- River
- Taluka Boundary
- Risk of Fire
  - Nil/Low
  - Moderate
  - High
  - Very High
  - Area burnt in 2002

Map location



Index: Project States



Index: Papagni Watershed



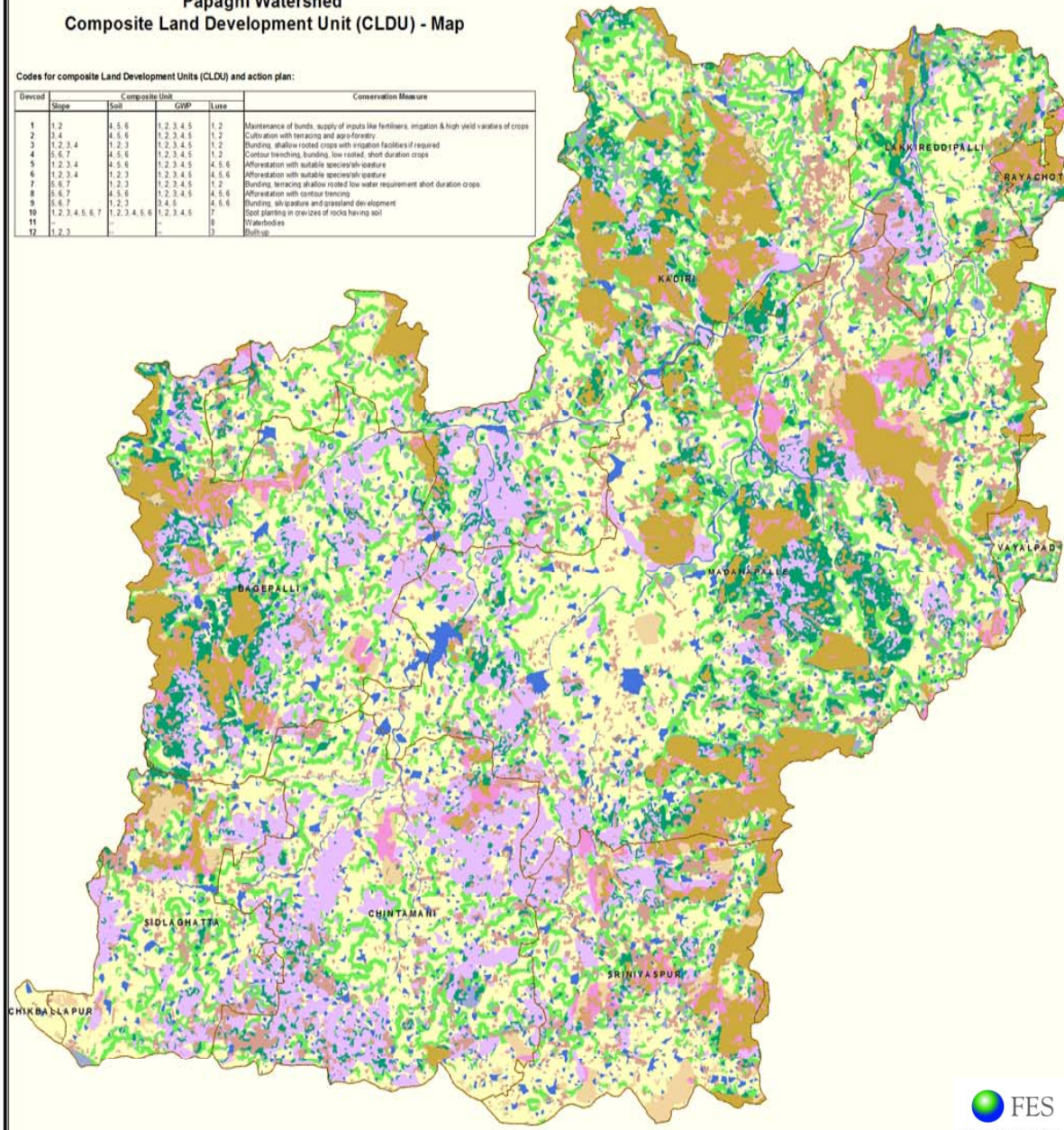
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**Note:** Contour interval 40 meters. Contours are approximate. Tanks in this area usually contain water from October to February. Some of the power lines connecting tube-wells have been omitted.

## Papagni Watershed Composite Land Development Unit (CLDU) - Map

Codes for composite Land Development Units (CLDU) and action plan:

Devcod	Composite Unit				Conservation Measure
	Slope	Soil	GWP	Use	
1	1,2	4,5,6	1,2,3,4,5	1,2	Maintenance of bunds, supply of inputs like fertilizers, irrigation & high yield varieties of crops
2	3,4	4,5,6	1,2,3,4,5	1,2	Cultivation with terracing and agro-forestry
3	1,2,3,4	1,2,3	1,2,3,4,5	1,2	Bundling, shallow rooted crops with irrigation facilities if required
4	5,6,7	4,5,6	1,2,3,4,5	1,2	Contour trenching, bunding, low raised, short duration crops
5	1,2,3,4	4,5,6	1,2,3,4,5	4,5,6	Afforestation with suitable species/shrub cover
6	1,2,3,4	1,2,3	1,2,3,4,5	4,5,6	Afforestation with suitable species/shrub cover
7	5,6,7	1,2,3	1,2,3,4,5	1,2	Bundling, terracing shallow rooted low water requirement short duration crops
8	5,6,7	4,5,6	1,2,3,4,5	4,5,6	Afforestation with contour trenching
9	5,6,7	1,2,3	1,2,3,4,5	4,5,6	Bundling, shrub cover and grassland development
10	1,2,3,4,5,6,7	1,2,3,4,5,6	1,2,3,4,5	7	Soil planting in crevices of rock having soil
11	-	-	-	8	Waterbodies
12	1,2,3	-	-	3	Built-up



### Foundation for Ecological Security (FES) Tree Growers' Cooperatives Project (TGCP)

Scale 1 : 250,000



#### Legend

□ Taluk boundary

CLDU (DEVCOD)



DEVCOD	Area (Sqkm.)	%
1	1455	33
2	633	14
3	600	14
4	105	2
5	130	3
6	100	2
7	304	7
8	21	0
9	509	12
10	352	8
11	179	4
12	2	0
<b>Total Area:</b>	<b>4400</b>	<b>100</b>

Composite Land Development Unit (CLDU) unit codes:

Sr.No.	Code	Description	Assigned Code
<b>Slope:</b>			
		Percent slope	
	1	0 - 1	1
	2	1 - 3	2
	3	3 - 5	3
	4	5 - 10	4
	5	10 - 25	5
	6	25 - 50	6
	7	> 50	7
<b>Soil Depth:</b>			
	1	ES Extremely shallow	1
	2	VS Very shallow	2
	3	SH Shallow	3
	4	MD Moderately deep	4
	5	DP Deep	5
	6	VD Very deep	6
<b>Soil Texture:</b>			
	1	MF Moderately fine	1
	2	MM Medium	2
	3	MC Moderately coarse	3
<b>Ground water Potential:</b>			
	1	Excellent	1
	2	Good	2
	3	Moderately good	3
	4	Moderate	4
	5	Poor	5
<b>Landuse Classification:</b>			
	1	AC_CD Agriculture double crop area	1
	2	AC_KX Agriculture kharif crop area	1
	3	AC_RX Agriculture rabi crop area	1
	4	AF_XX Agriculture Fallow land	2
	5	BT_VX Built up land	3
	6	FD_DX Deciduous dry forest dense	4
	7	FD_XX Deciduous dry forest open	4
	8	FD_SX Deciduous dry forest scrub	4
	9	FP_XX Forest plantations	5
	10	TG_XX Wasteland/grazed or overused	6
	11	TR_XX Wasteland barren, rocky, sheet rock etc.	7
	12	WT_XX Waterbody	8

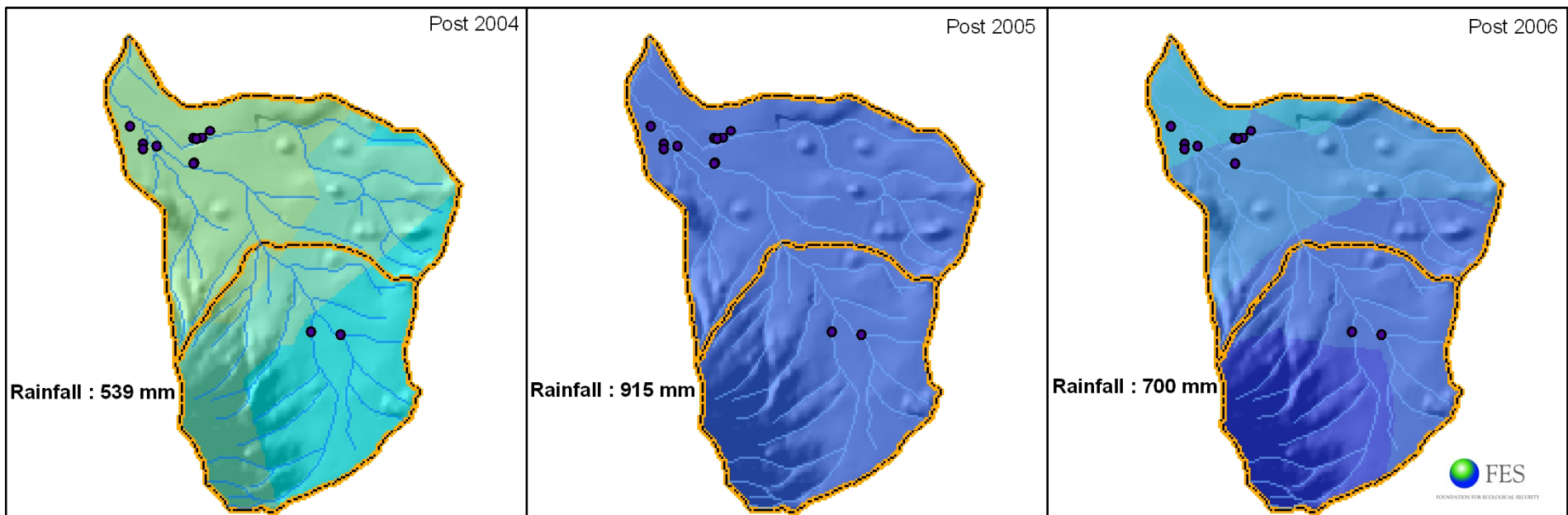
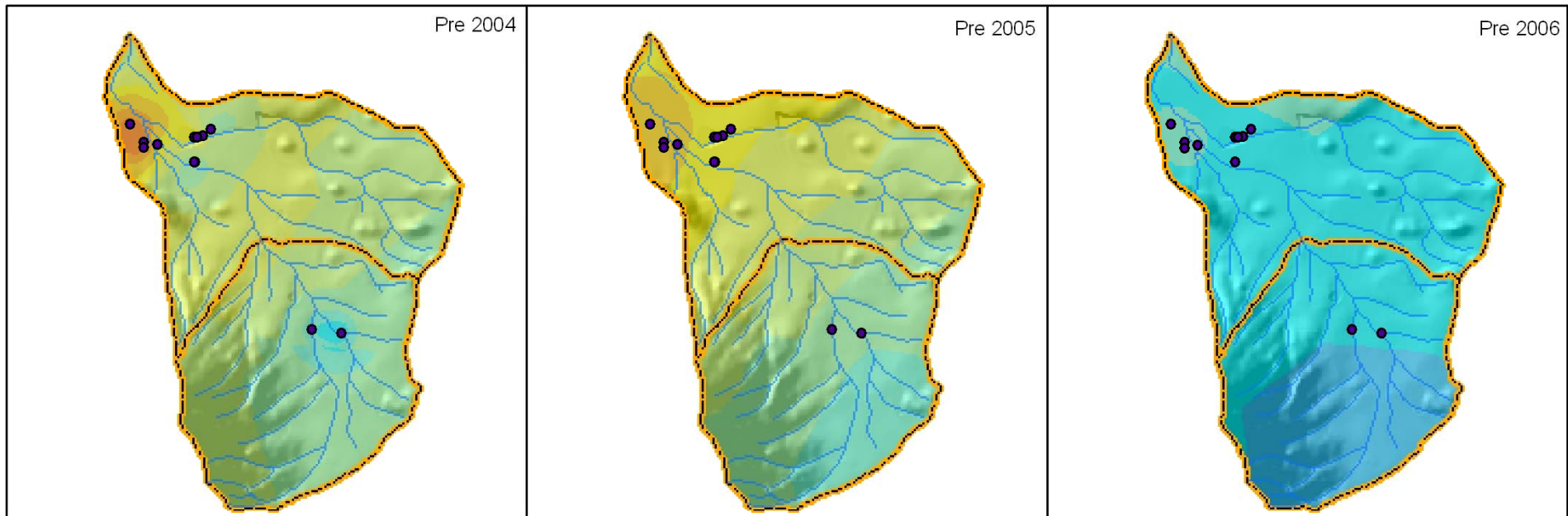
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**Notes:** Contour interval 40 metres. Contours are approximate. Ticks in blue areas usually, contour water flow direction as follows. Some of the power lines connecting tube-wells have been omitted.



Printed at GIS Lab. of FES, Anand

# Status of water level of wells of Kalicherla Micro-watershed , AP Project for the period 2004 - 06



VL (Mts) 0 - 1 1 - 2 2 - 3 3 - 4 4 - 5 5 - 6 6 - 7 7 - 10 10 - 13 13 - 16 16 - 19 19 - 24 23 - 28 28 - 32