

Computer Programming

Dr. Deepak B Phatak

Dr. Supratik Chakraborty

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

IIT Bombay

Session: Pointers in Function Calls

Quick Recap of Relevant Topics



- Basic programming constructs
- Pointer data type in C++
- “Address of” operator in C++
- “Content of” operator in C++

Used “address of” and “content of” operators within the same function

Overview of This Lecture



- Using pointers across functions
 - Pointers as parameters to functions
 - Comparison with call-by-reference
 - Returning pointers from functions

Recap: Memory, Addresses and Pointers



- Main memory is a sequence of storage locations
- Each location contains a value (content) and has a unique address
- A pointer is an address of a location allocated in main memory to store a value
- Pointer valued variables can store addresses of memory locations

Recap: Function Calls



- Passing parameters to functions
 - Call-by-value
 - Call-by-reference
- Use of activation records in call stack to manage local variables, passing of parameters and also flow of control
- All local variables of a function allocated space in the activation record of the function

Can We Pass Pointers as Function Parameters?



- Why not?
- Should it be call-by-value or call-by-reference?
 - Mostly call-by-value for our purposes
 - However, C++ allows passing references to pointers as well
 - References to pointer-valued (`int *`, `char *`, ...) variables treated in same way as references to variables of other basic data types (`int`, `char`, ...)

Pointers as Function Parameters



```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY);

int main()
{ int m; int n;
    cout << "Give m and n: ";
    cin >> m >> n;
    swapByPtr(&m, &n);
    cout << "m: " << m << endl;
    cout << "n: " << n << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY)
{
    int temp;
    temp = *ptrX;
    *ptrX = *ptrY;
    *ptrY = temp;
    return;
}
```

Pointers as Function Parameters

```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY);

int main()
{
    int m; int n;

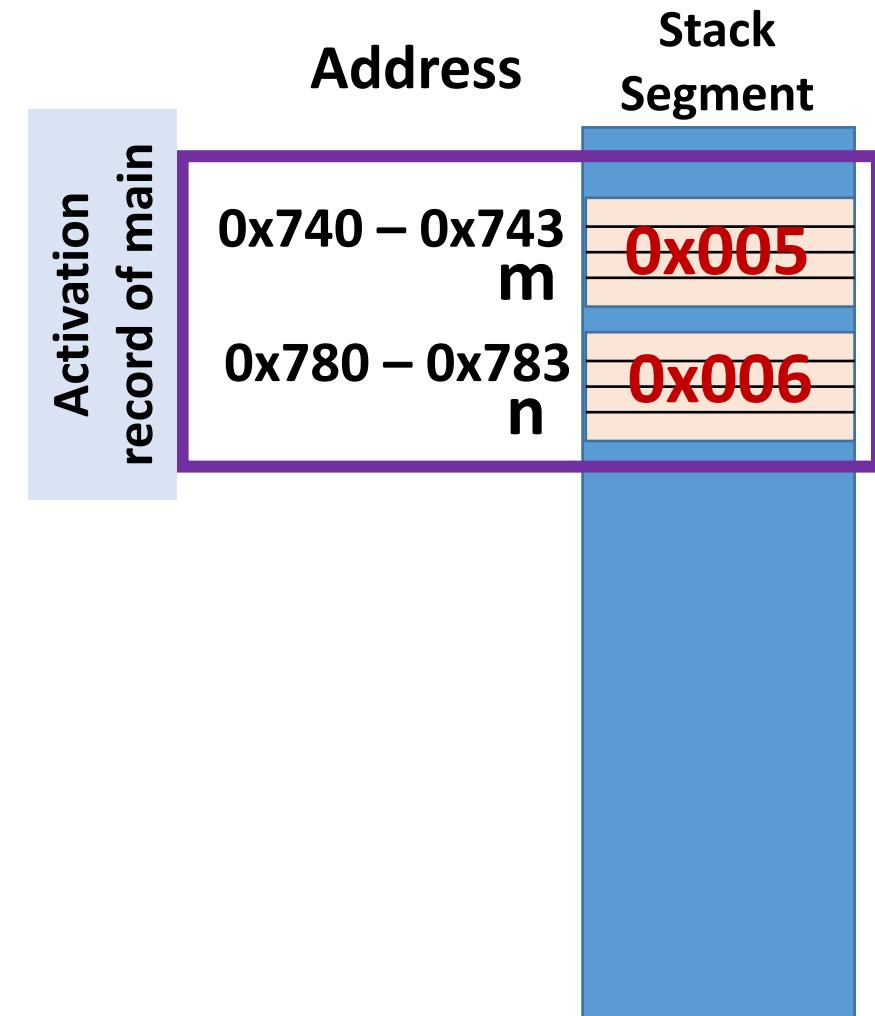
    cout << "Give m and n: ";

    cin >> m >> n;

    swapByPtr(&m, &n);

    cout << "m: " << m << endl;
    cout << "n: " << n << endl;

    return 0;
}
```

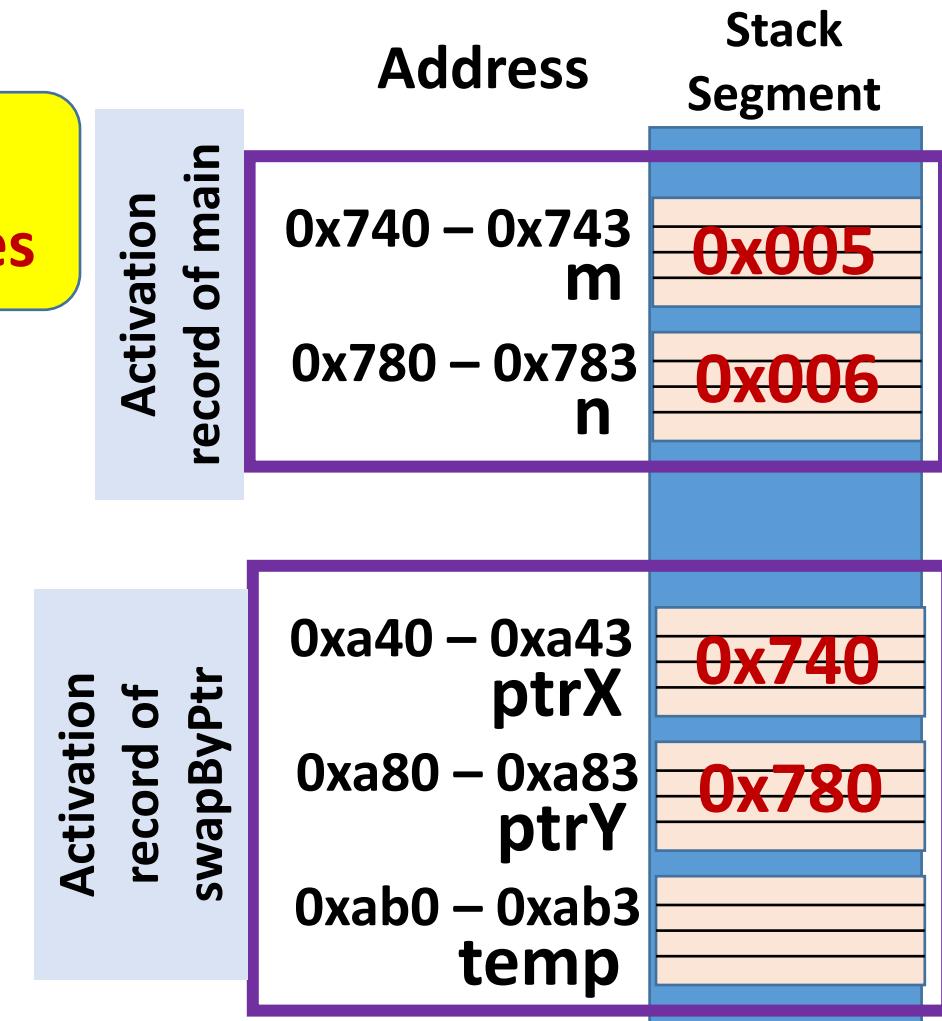


Pointers as Function Parameters

```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY);
```

```
int main()
{
    int m; int n;
    cout << "Give values of m and n: ";
    cin >> m >> n;
    swapByPtr(&m, &n);
    cout << "m: " << m << endl;
    cout << "n: " << n << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

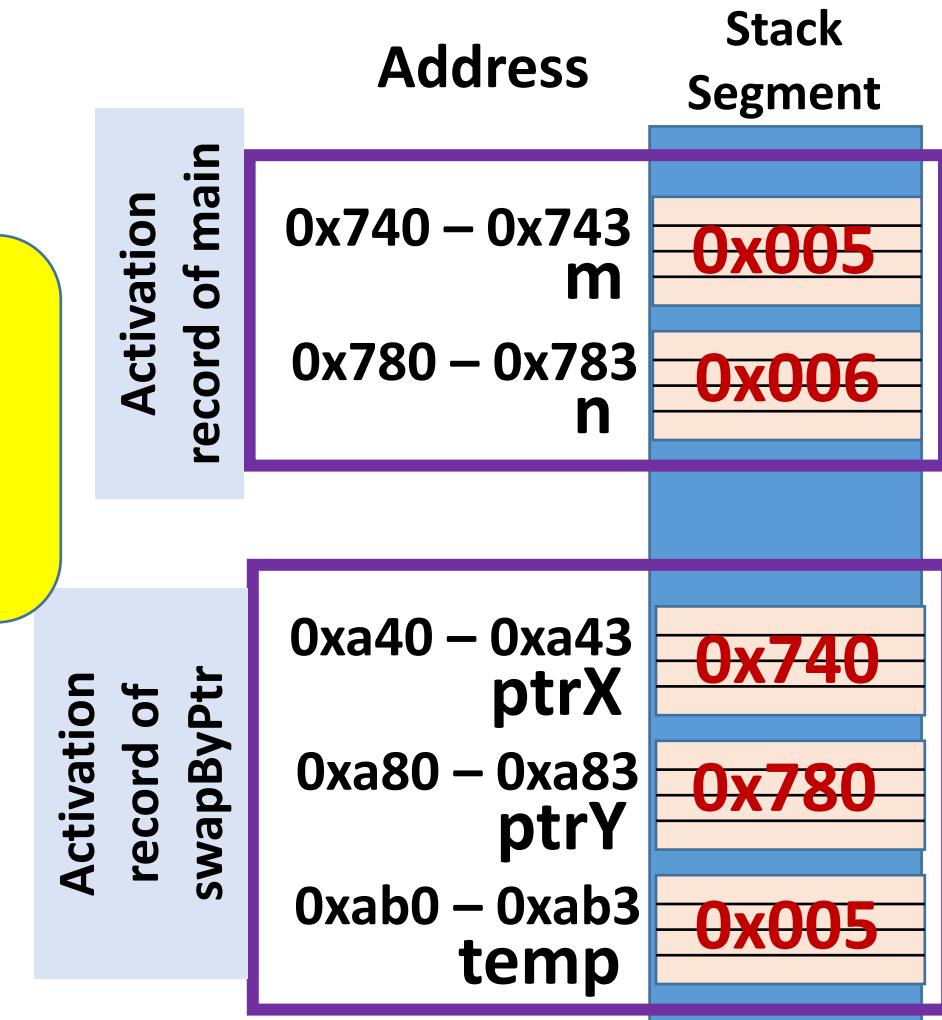
Parameters are addresses.
“call-by-value” with addresses



Pointers as Function Parameters

```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY)
{
    int temp;
    temp = *ptrX;
    *ptrX = *ptrY;
    *ptrY = temp;
    return;
}
```

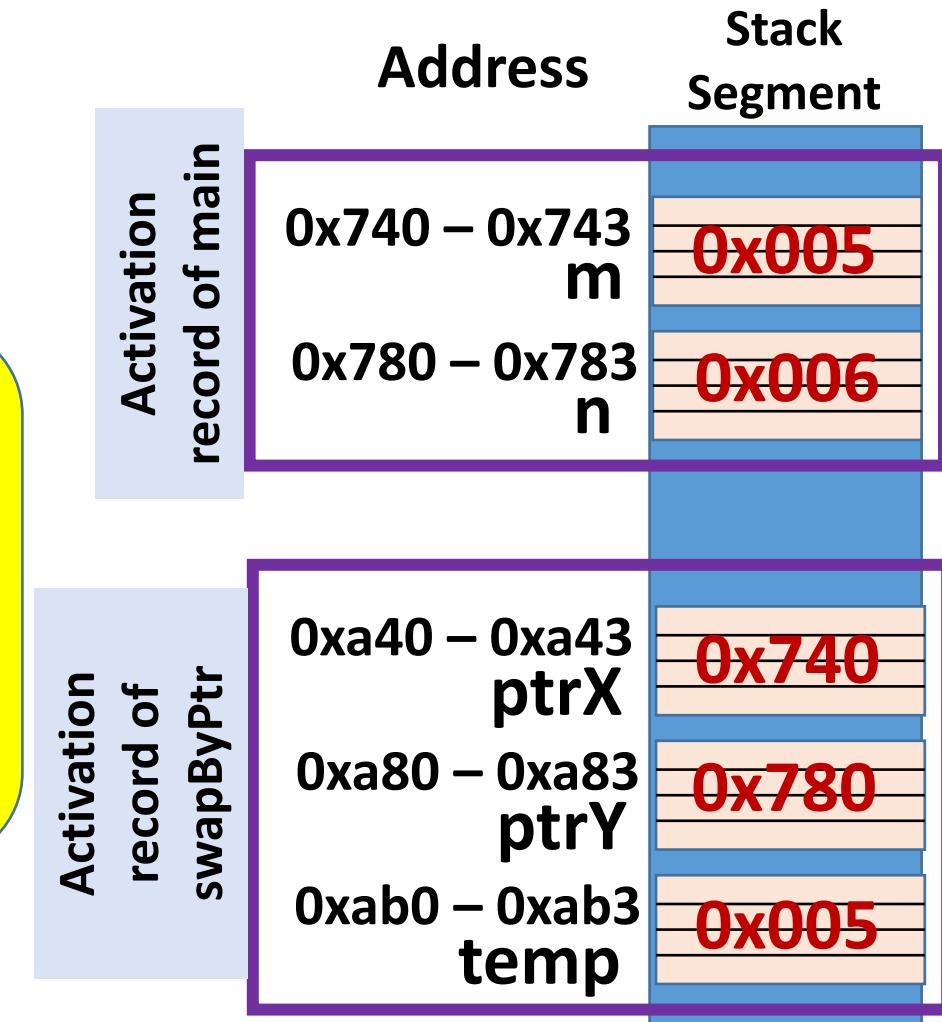
Accessing contents of memory location in activation record of main from swapByPtr



Pointers as Function Parameters

```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY)
{
    int temp;
    temp = *ptrX;
    *ptrX = *ptrY; *
    *ptrY = temp;
    return;
}
```

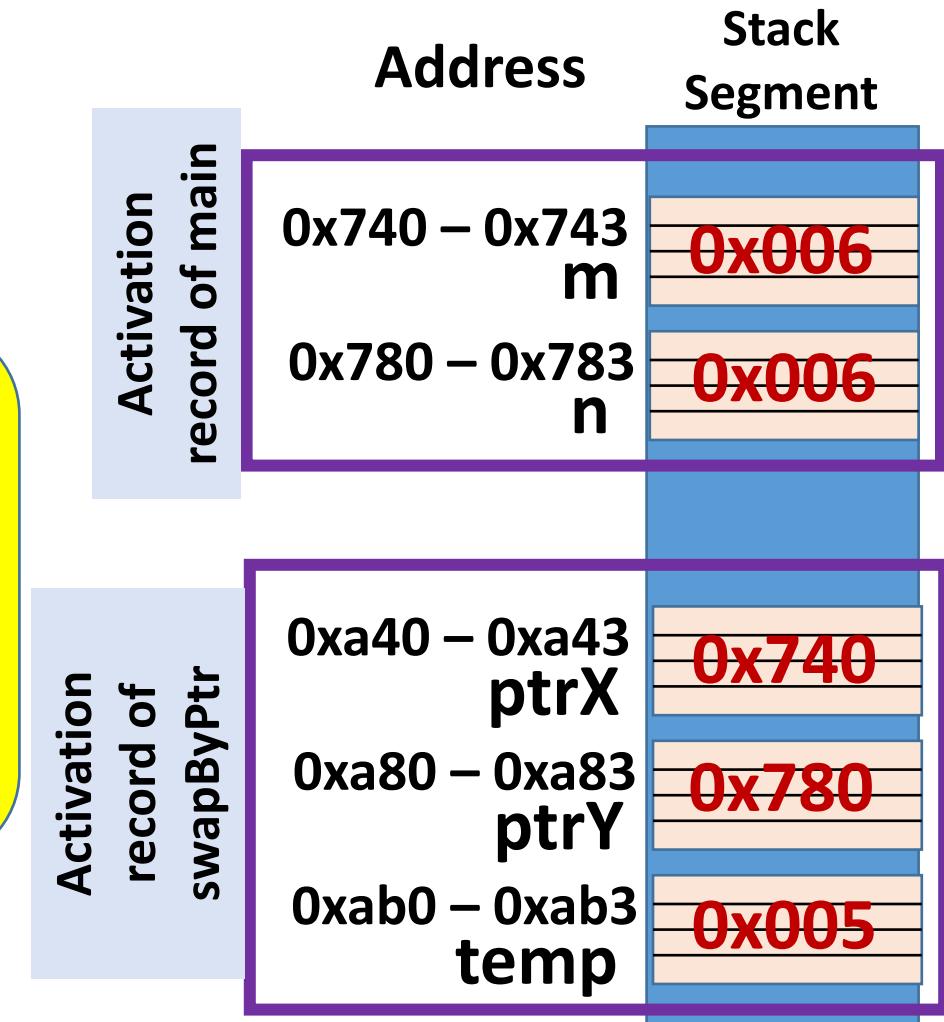
Update contents of
memory at address
0x740
with
contents of memory
at address **0x780**



Pointers as Function Parameters

```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY)
{
    int temp;
    temp = *ptrX;
    *ptrX = *ptrY; *
    *ptrY = temp;
    return;
}
```

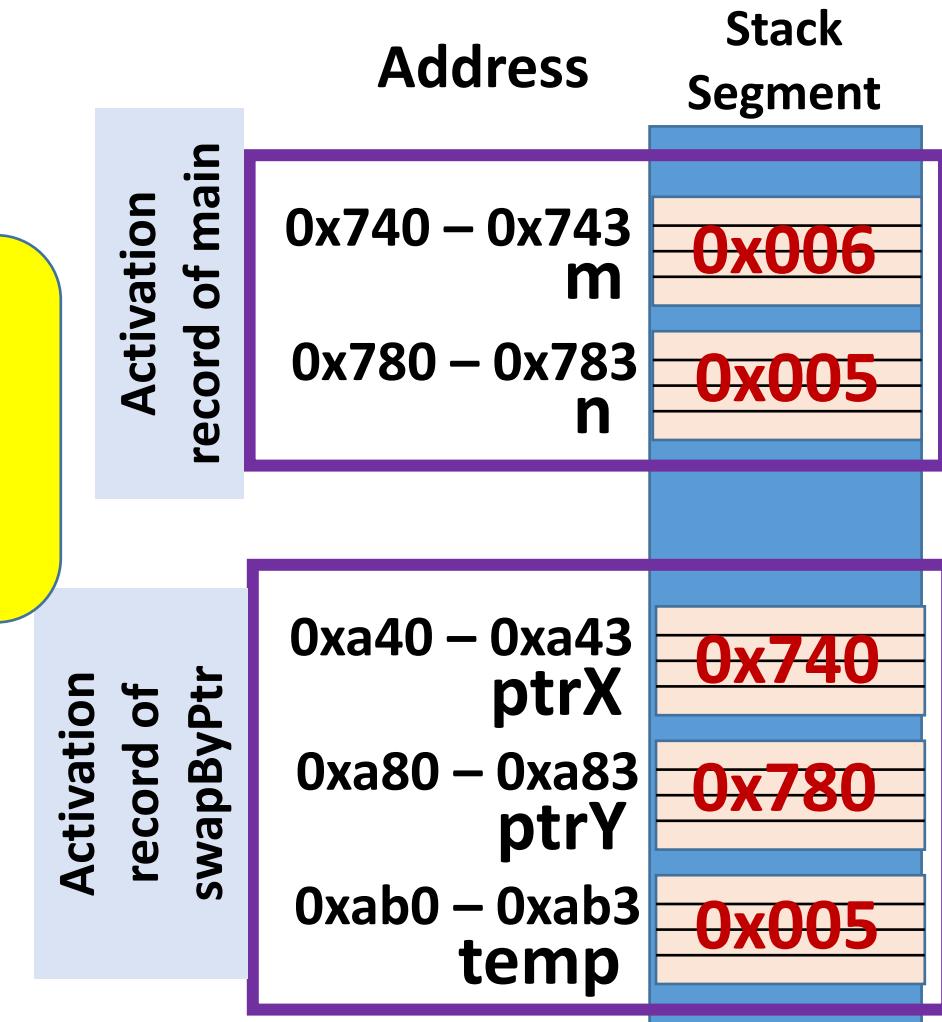
Update m in activation record of main with value of n in activation record of main



Pointers as Function Parameters

```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY)
{
    int temp;
    temp = *ptrX;
    *ptrX = *ptrY;
    *ptrY = temp;
    return;
}
```

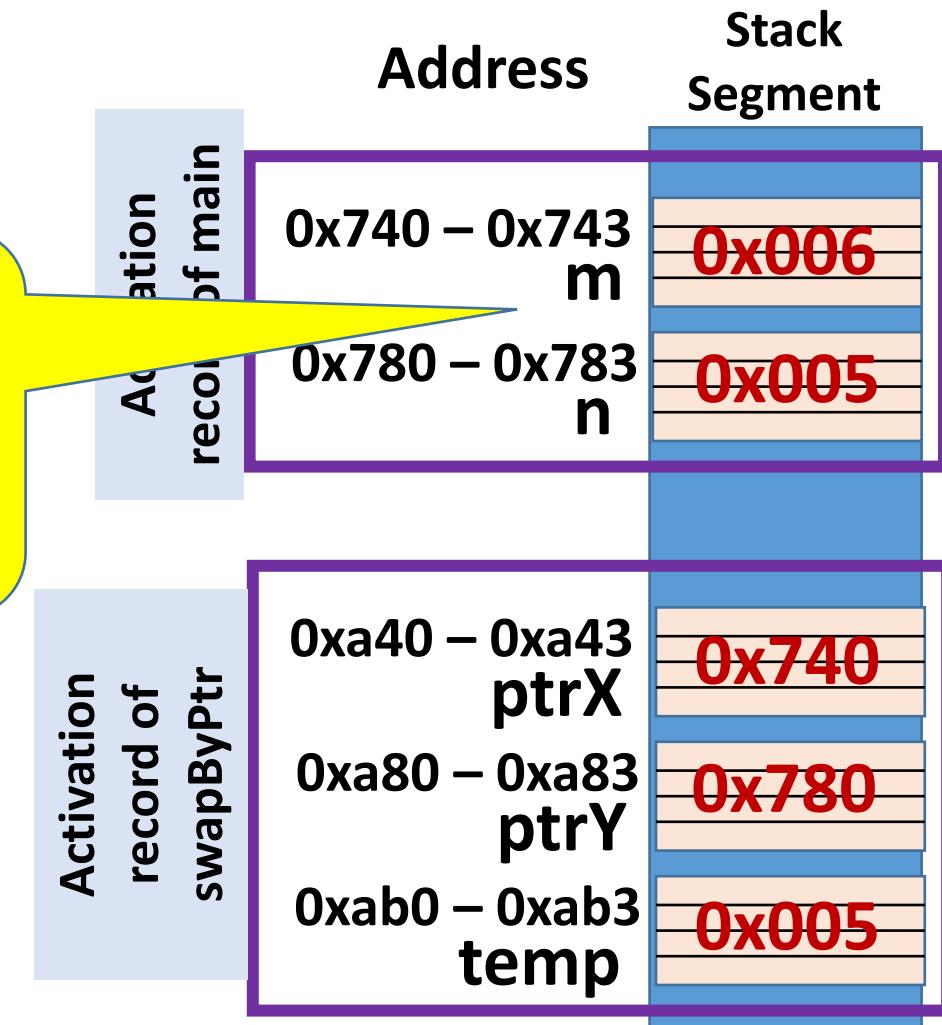
Accessing contents of memory location in activation record of main from swapByPtr



Pointers as Function Parameters

```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY)
{
    int temp;
    temp = *ptrX;
    *ptrX = *ptrY;
    *ptrY = temp;
    return;
}
```

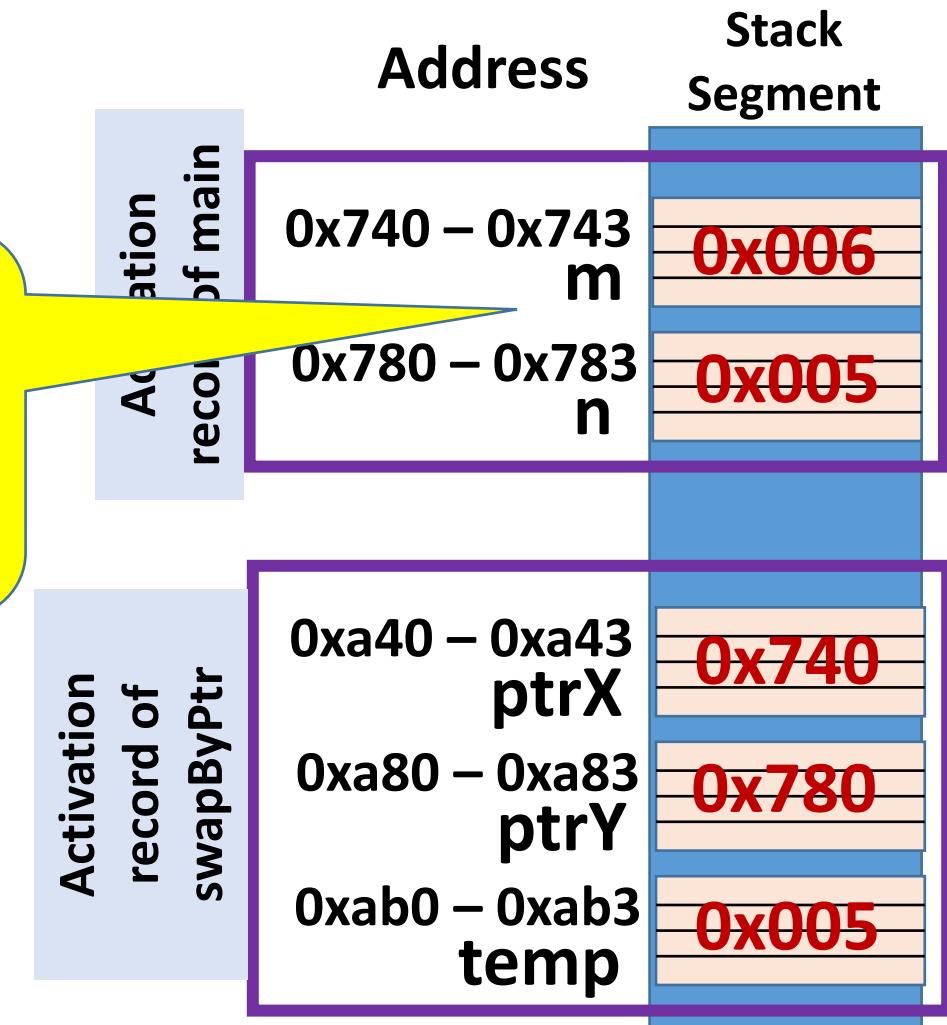
Contents of m and n in activation record of main are swapped !!!



Pointers as Function Parameters

```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY)
{
    int temp;
    temp = *ptrX;
    *ptrX = *ptrY;
    *ptrY = temp;
    return;
}
```

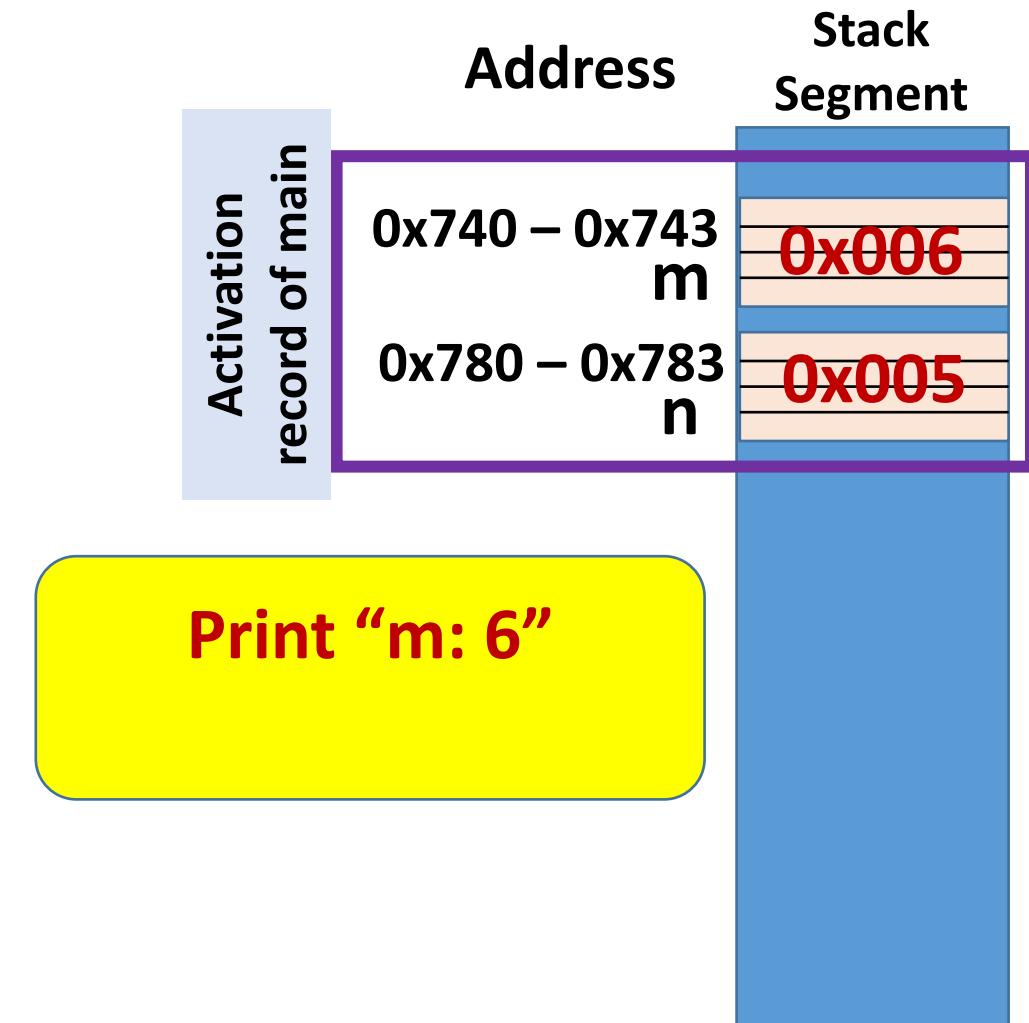
Contents of m and n in activation record of main are swapped !!!



Pointers as Function Parameters

```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY);

int main()
{
    int m; int n;
    cout << "Give m and n: ";
    cin >> m >> n;
    swapByPtr(&m, &n);
    cout << "m: " << m << endl;
    cout << "n: " << n << endl;
    return 0;
}
```



Pointers as Function Parameters

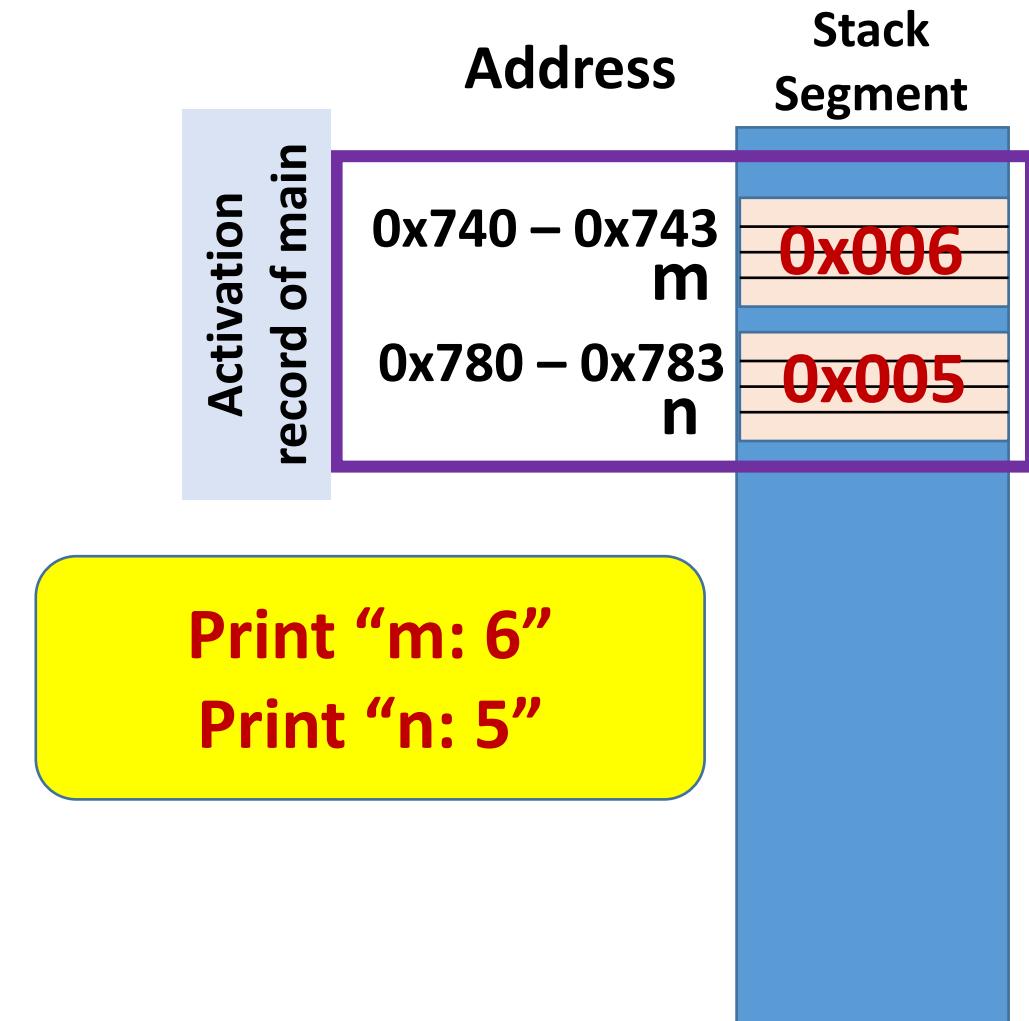
```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY);

int main()
{
    int m; int n;

    cout << "Give m and n: ";
    cin >> m >> n;

    swapByPtr(&m, &n);

    cout << "m: " << m << endl;
    cout << "n: " << n << endl;
    return 0;
}
```



Moral Of The Story



- By passing pointers as function parameters, callee (**swapByPtr**) gets access to local variables of caller (**main**)
- Another way to share variables between caller and callee
 - Passing parameters by reference also accomplishes this
 - In fact, when we pass parameters by reference in C++, after compilation, pointers to parameters are actually passed
 - Some more book-keeping done in call-by-reference
 - Pointers behind the scenes
 - Saves us some untidy coding !!!

Pointers and References as Function Parameters



```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY);
void swapByRef(int &X, int &Y);

int main()
{ int m; int n;
    cout << "Give m, n: "; cin >> m >> n;
    swapByPtr(&m, &n);
    swapByRef(m, n);
    cout << m << " " << n << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY)
{ int temp;
    temp = *ptrX; *ptrX = *ptrY;
    *ptrY = temp; return;
}

void swapByRef(int &X, int &Y)
{ int temp;
    temp = X; X = Y;
    Y = temp; return;
}
```

Pointers and References as Function Parameters



```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY);
```

Note how pointers are passed

```
int main()
{
    int m, n;
    cout << "Give m, n: ";
    cin >> m >> n;
    swapByPtr(&m, &n);
    swapByRef(m, n);
    cout << m << " " << n << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY)
```

```
{ int temp;
    temp = *ptrX; *ptrX = *ptrY;
    *ptrY = temp; return;
}
```

```
void swapByRef(int &X, int &Y)
```

```
{ int temp;
    temp = X; X = Y;
    Y = temp; return;
}
```

Pointers and References as Function Parameters



```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY);
void swapByRef(int &X, int &Y);
```

Compare with how references are passed

```
cout << "Enter m, n: "; cin >> m >> n;
swapByPtr(m, &n);
swapByRef(m, n);
cout << m << " " << n << endl;
return 0;
}
```

```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY)
{ int temp;
  temp = *ptrX; *ptrX = *ptrY;
  *ptrY = temp; return;
}
```

```
void swapByRef(int &X, int &Y)
{ int temp;
  temp = X; X = Y;
  Y = temp; return;
}
```

Pointers and References as Function Parameters



• Think of swapByPtr as how the compiler implements swapByRef

Isn't swapByRef cleaner to use?

```
swapByPtr(&m, &n);
swapByRef(m, n);
cout << m << " " << n << endl;
return 0;
}
```

```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY)
{
    int temp;
    temp = *ptrX; *ptrX = *ptrY;
    *ptrY = temp; return;
}
```

```
void swapByRef(int &X, int &Y)
{
    int temp;
    temp = X; X = Y;
    Y = temp; return;
}
```

Pointers and References as Function Parameters



```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY);
void swapByRef(int &X, int &Y);

int main()
{ int m; int n;
    cout << "Give m, n: "; cin >> m >> n;
    swapByPtr(&m, &n);
    swapByRef(m, n);
    cout << m << " " << n << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

```
void swapByPtr(int *ptrX, int *ptrY)
{ int temp;
    temp = *ptrX; *ptrX = *ptrY;
    *ptrY = temp; return;
}

void swapByRef(int &X, int &Y)
{ int temp;
    temp = X; X = Y;
    Y = temp; return;
}
```

Can a Function Return a Pointer?



- Most certainly!
- Care needed so that the returned pointer does not point to a location in activation record of the function
 - Activation record freed when a function returns
 - Dereferencing an address in the freed activation record will cause program to crash

Function Returning A Pointer



```
int *myFunc(int *ptrB);
int main()
{
    int * a, b;
    cout << "Give b: "; cin >> b;
    a = myFunc(&b);
    cout << "a is: " << *a << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

```
int * myFunc(int *ptrB)
{
    int a;
    a = (*ptrB) * (*ptrB);
    return (&a);
}
```

Function Returning A Pointer

```
int *myFunc(int *ptrB);
int main()
{
    int * a, b;
    cout << "Give b: "; cin >> b;
    a = myFunc(&b);
    cout << "a is: " << *a << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

```
int * myFunc(int *ptrB)
{
    int a;
    a = (*ptrB) * (*ptrB);
    return (&a);
}
```

Local variable in activation record of myFunc

Address of local variable in activation record of myFunc

Function Returning A Pointer

```
int *myFunc(int *ptrB):
int n
{
    int a;
    cout << "Give b: "; cin >> b;
    a = myFunc(&b);
    cout << "a is: " << *a << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

Address of local variable in non-existent activation record of myFunc:
BAD ADDRESS

```
int * myFunc(int *ptrB)
{
    int a;
    Dereferencing a
    BAD ADDRESS
    return (&a);
}
```

Another Function Returning A Pointer



```
int *myFunc(int *ptrB);
int main()
{
    int * a, b;
    cout << "Give b: "; cin >> b;
    a = myFunc(&b);
    cout << "a is: " << *a << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

```
int * myFunc(int *ptrB)
{
    int a;
    a = (*ptrB) * (*ptrB);
    *ptrB = a;
    return (ptrB);
}
```

Another Function Returning A Pointer

```
int *myFunc(int *ptrB);
int main()
{
    int * a, b;
    cout << "Give b: "; cin >> b;
    a = myFunc(&b);
    cout << "a is: " << *a << endl;
}
```

Address of variable in activation record of main

```
int * myFunc(int *ptrB)
{
    int a;
    a = (*ptrB) * (*ptrB);
    *ptrB = a;
    return (ptrB);
}
```

Local variable in activation record of myFunc

Another Function Returning A Pointer

```
int *myFunc(int *ptrB);  
int main()  
{  
    int * a, b;  
    cout << "Give b: "; cin >> b;  
    a = myFunc(&b);  
    cout << "a is: " << *a << endl;  
    return 0;  
}
```

int * myFunc(int *ptrB)

**Address of variable in activation
record of main**

a = (*ptrB) * (*ptrB);

**Dereferencing a
legitimate address**

return (*ptrB);

}

Summary



- Pointers (addresses) as parameters to functions
- Comparison with call-by-reference parameter passing
- Caveats when returning pointers from functions