

Workshop on Essential Abstractions in GCC

GCC Control Flow and Plugins

GCC Resource Center

(www.cse.iitb.ac.in/grc)

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Outline

- Motivation
- Plugins in GCC
- GCC Control Flow
- Link time optimization in GCC
- Conclusions



Part 1

Motivation

Module Binding Mechanisms

- The need for adding, removing, and maintaining modules relatively independently
- The mechanism for supporting this is called by many names:
 - ▶ Plugin, hook, callback, ...
 - ▶ Sometimes it remains unnamed (eg. compilers in gcc driver)
- It may involve
 - ▶ Minor changes in the main source
Requires static linking
 - ▶ No changes in the main source
Requires dynamic linking



Module Binding Mechanisms

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- The mechanism for supporting this is called by many names:
 - ▶ Plugin, hook, callback, ...
 - ▶ Sometimes it remains unnamed (eg. compilers in gcc driver)
- It may involve
 - ▶ Minor changes in the main source
Requires static linking
*We call this a **static plugin***
 - ▶ No changes in the main source
Requires dynamic linking
*We call this a **dynamic plugin***



Plugin as a Module Binding Mechanisms

- We view plugin at a more general level than the conventional view
Adjectives “static” and “dynamic” create a good contrast
- Most often a plugin in a C based software is a data structure containing function pointers and other related information

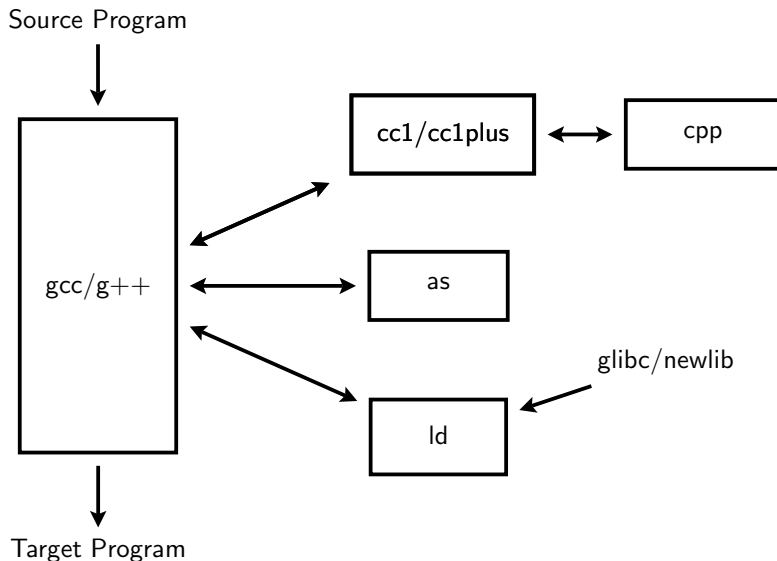


Static Vs. Dynamic Plugins

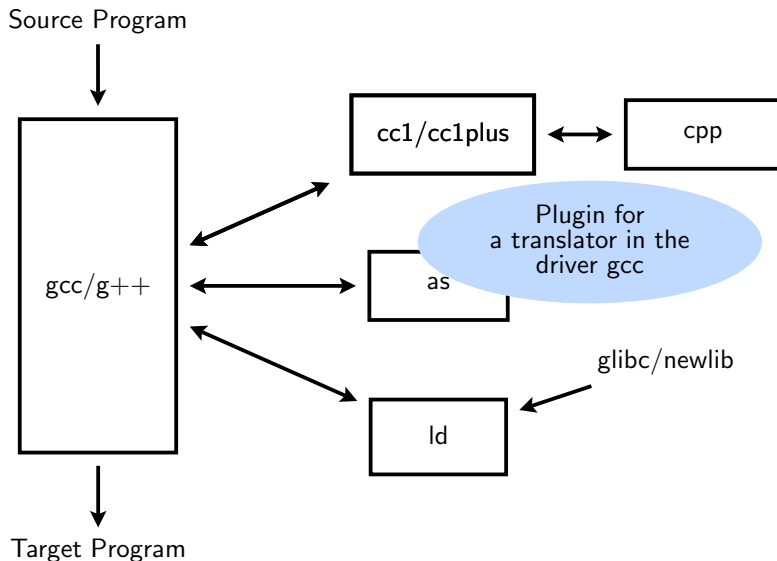
- Static plugin requires static linking
 - ▶ Changes required in `gcc/Makefile.in`, some header and source files
 - ▶ At least `cc1` may have to be rebuilt
All files that include the changed headers will have to be recompiled
- Dynamic plugin uses dynamic linking
 - ▶ Supported on platforms that support `-ldl -rdynamic`
 - ▶ Loaded using `dlopen` and invoked at pre-determined locations in the compilation process
 - ▶ Command line option
`-fplugin=/path/to/name.so`
Arguments required can be supplied as name-value pairs



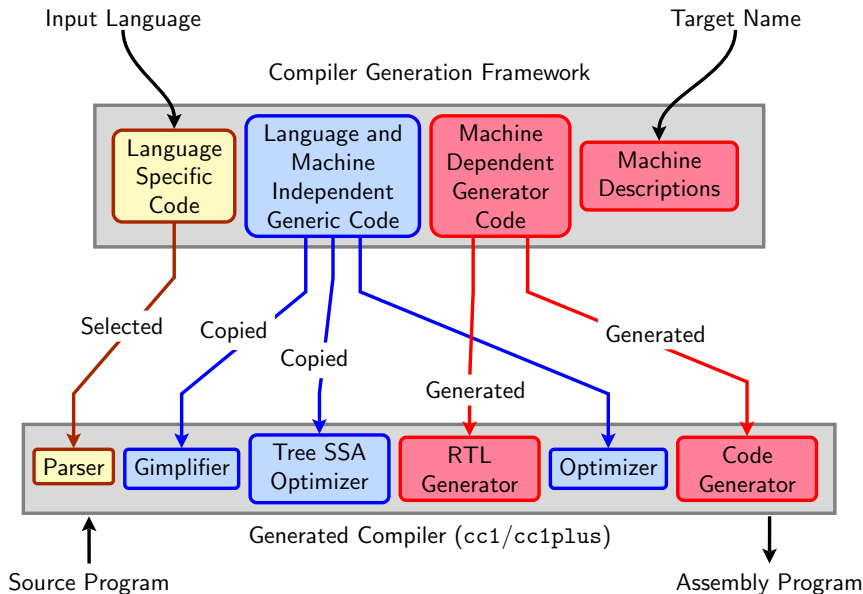
Static Plugins in the GCC Driver



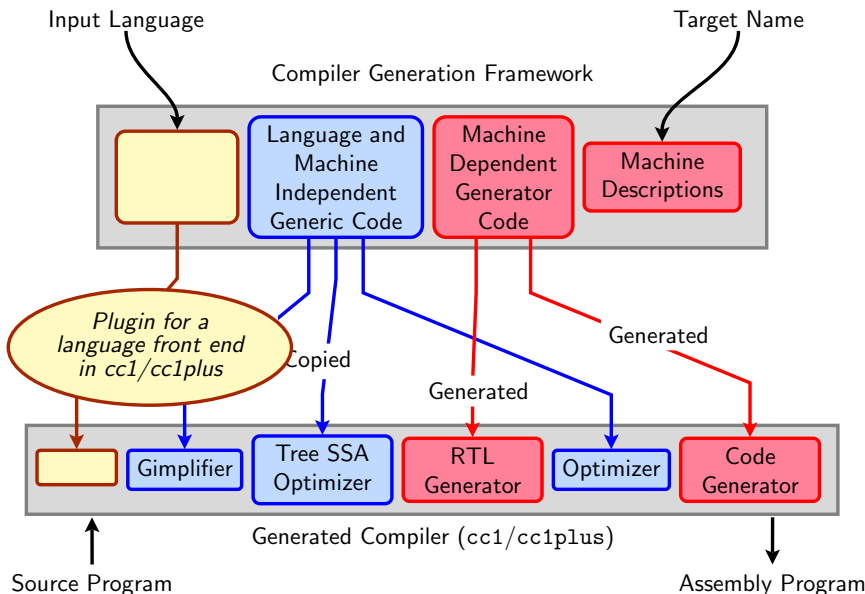
Static Plugins in the GCC Driver



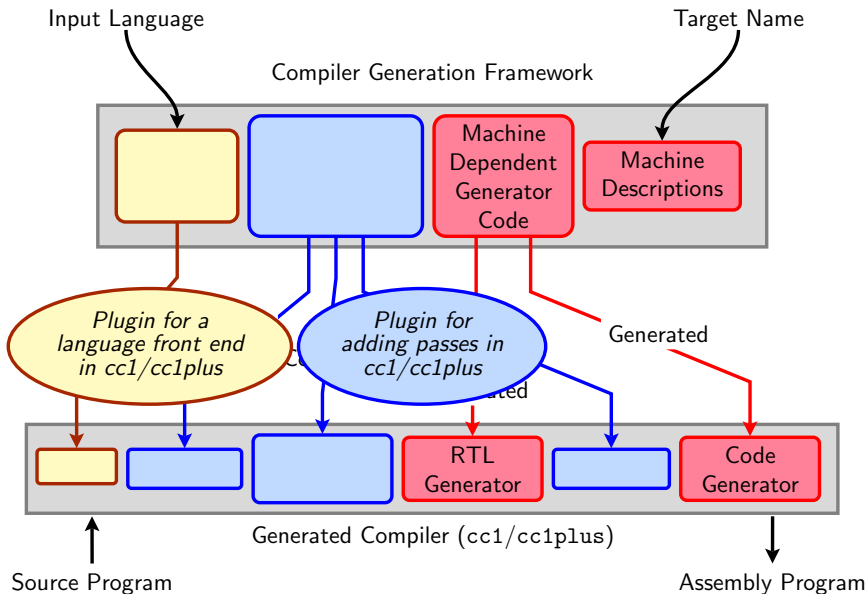
Static Plugins in the Generated Compiler



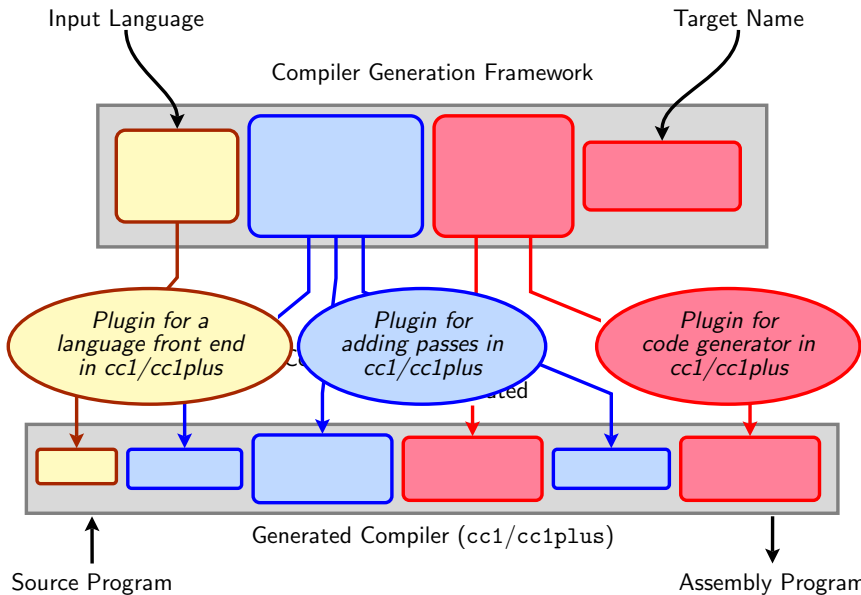
Static Plugins in the Generated Compiler



Static Plugins in the Generated Compiler



Static Plugins in the Generated Compiler



Part 2

Static Plugins in GCC

GCC's Solution

Plugin	Implementation	
	Data Structure	Initialization
Translator in gcc/g++	Array of C structures	Development time
Front end in cc1/cc1plus	C structure	Build time
Passes in cc1/cc1plus	Linked list of C structures	Development time
Back end in cc1/cc1plus	Arrays of structures	Build time



Plugin Data Structure in the GCC Driver

```
struct compiler
{
    const char *suffix;      /* Use this compiler for input files
                             whose names end in this suffix.  */

    const char *spec;        /* To use this compiler, run this spec.  */

    const char *cpp_spec;    /* If non-NULL, substitute this spec
                             for '%C', rather than the usual
                             cpp_spec.  */

    const int combinable;    /* If nonzero, compiler can deal with
                             multiple source files at once (IMA).

    const int needs_preprocessing; /* If nonzero, source files need to
                             be run through a preprocessor.  */
};
```



Default Specs in the Plugin Data Structure in gcc.c

All entries of Objective C/C++ and some entries of Fortran removed.

```
static const struct compiler default_compilers[] =
{
    {".cc", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".cpp", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".c++", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".CPP", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".ads", "#Ada", 0, 0, 0},
    {".f", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".for", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".f90", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".p", "#Pascal", 0, 0, 0},
    {".java", "#Java", 0, 0, 0},
    {".c", "@c", 0, 1, 1},
    {".h", "@c-header", 0, 0, 0},
    {".i", "@cpp-output", 0, 1, 0},
    {".s", "@assembler", 0, 1, 0},
    {".cxx", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".cp", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".C", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".ii", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".adb", "#Ada", 0, 0, 0},
    {".F", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".FOR", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".F90", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".pas", "#Pascal", 0, 0, 0},
    {".class", "#Java", 0, 0, 0},
}
```



Default Specs in the Plugin Data Structure in gcc.c

All entries of Objective C/C++ and some entries of Fortran removed.

```
static const struct compiler default_compilers[] =
{
    {".cc", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".cpp", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".c++", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".CPP", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".ads", "#Ada", 0, 0, 0},
    {".f", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".for", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".f90", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".p", "#Pascal", 0, 0, 0},
    {".java", "#Java", 0, 0, 0},
    {".c", "@c", 0, 1, 1},
    {".h", "@c-header", 0, 0, 0},
    {".i", "@cpp-output", 0, 1, 0},
    {".s", "@assembler", 0, 1, 0},
    {".cxx", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".cp", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".C", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".ii", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".adb", "#Ada", 0, 0, 0},
    {".F", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".FOR", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".F90", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".pas", "#Pascal", 0, 0, 0},
    {".class", "#Java", 0, 0, 0},
}
```

- @: Aliased entry



Default Specs in the Plugin Data Structure in `gcc.c`

All entries of Objective C/C++ and some entries of Fortran removed.

```
static const struct compiler default_compilers[] =
{
    {".cc", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".cpp", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".c++", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".CPP", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".ads", "#Ada", 0, 0, 0},
    {".f", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".for", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".f90", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".p", "#Pascal", 0, 0, 0},
    {".java", "#Java", 0, 0, 0},
    {".c", "@c", 0, 1, 1},
    {".h", "@c-header", 0, 0, 0},
    {".i", "@cpp-output", 0, 1, 0},
    {".s", "@assembler", 0, 1, 0},
    {".cxx", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".cp", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".C", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".ii", "#C++", 0, 0, 0},
    {".adb", "#Ada", 0, 0, 0},
    {".F", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".FOR", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".F90", "#Fortran", 0, 0, 0},
    {".pas", "#Pascal", 0, 0, 0},
    {".class", "#Java", 0, 0, 0},
}
```

- @: Aliased entry
- #: Default specs not available



Complete Entry for C in gcc.c

```
{ "@c",  
  /* cc1 has an integrated ISO C preprocessor. We should invoke the  
    external preprocessor if -save-temps is given. */  
  "%{E|M|MM:%(trad_capable_cpp) %(cpp_options) %(cpp_debug_options)}\  
    %{!E:%{!M:%{!MM:\  
      %{traditional|ftraditional:\  
%eGNU C no longer supports -traditional without -E}\  
      %{!combine:\  
        %{save-temps|traditional-cpp|no-integrated-cpp:%(trad_capable_cpp) \  
%(cpp_options) -o %{save-temps:%b.i} %{!save-temps:%g.i} \  
      cc1 -fpreprocessed %{save-temps:%b.i} %{!save-temps:%g.i} \  
%(cc1_options)}\  
      %{!save-temps:%{!traditional-cpp:%{!no-integrated-cpp:\  
cc1 %(cpp_unique_options) %(cc1_options)}}}\  
      %{!fsyntax-only:%(invoke_as)}} \  
      %{combine:\  
        %{save-temps|traditional-cpp|no-integrated-cpp:%(trad_capable_cpp) \  
%(cpp_options) -o %{save-temps:%b.i} %{!save-temps:%g.i}}\  
      %{!save-temps:%{!traditional-cpp:%{!no-integrated-cpp:\  
cc1 %(cpp_unique_options) %(cc1_options)}}}\  
      %{!fsyntax-only:%(invoke_as)}}}}}", 0, 1, 1},
```



Populated Plugin Data Structure for C++:

gcc/cp/lang-specs.h

```
{".cc", "@c++", 0, 0, 0},  
{".cp", "@c++", 0, 0, 0},  
{".cxx", "@c++", 0, 0, 0},  
{".cpp", "@c++", 0, 0, 0},  
{".c++", "@c++", 0, 0, 0},  
{".C", "@c++", 0, 0, 0},  
{".CPP", "@c++", 0, 0, 0},  
{".H", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},  
{".hpp", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},  
{".hp", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},  
{".hxx", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},  
{".h++", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},  
{".HPP", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},  
{".tcc", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},  
{".hh", "@c++-header", 0, 0, 0},
```



Populated Plugin Data Structure for C++:

gcc/cp/lang-specs.h

```
{ "@c++-header",  
  "%{E|M|MM:cc1plus -E %(cpp_options) %2 %(cpp_debug_options)}\  
  %{!E:%{!M:%{!MM:\  
    %{save-temps|no-integrated-cpp:cc1plus -E\  
%(cpp_options) %2 -o %{save-temps:%b.ii} %{!save-temps:%g.ii} \  
  cc1plus %{save-temps|no-integrated-cpp:-fpreprocessed %{save-temps:\  
    %{!save-temps:%{!no-integrated-cpp:%(cpp_unique_options)}}\  
%(cc1_options) %2\  
%{!fsyntax-only:%{!fdump-ada-spec*:-o %g.s %{!o*:-output-pch=%i.gch}\  
  %W{o*:-output-pch=%*}}%V}}}",  
  CPLUSPLUS_CPP_SPEC, 0, 0),
```



Populated Plugin Data Structure for C++:

gcc/cp/lang-specs.h

```
{ "@c++",  
  "%{E|MM:cc1plus -E %(cpp_options) %2 %(cpp_debug_options)}\  
  %{!E:%{!M:%{!MM:\  
    %{save-temps|no-integrated-cpp:cc1plus -E\  
%(cpp_options) %2 -o %{save-temps:%b.ii} %{!save-temps:%g.ii} \n}\  
  cc1plus %{save-temps|no-integrated-cpp:-fpreprocessed %{save-temps:\  
    %{!save-temps:%{!no-integrated-cpp:%(cpp_unique_options)}}\  
%(cc1_options) %2\  
    %{!fsyntax-only:%(invoke_as)}}}}",  
  CPLUSPLUS_CPP_SPEC, 0, 0},  
{ ".ii", "@c++-cpp-output", 0, 0, 0},  
  
{ "@c++-cpp-output",  
  "%{!M:%{!MM:%{!E:\  
    cc1plus -fpreprocessed %i %(cc1_options) %2\  
    %{!fsyntax-only:%(invoke_as)}}}}", 0, 0, 0},
```



Populated Plugin Data Structure for LTO:

gcc/lto/lang-specs.h

```
/* LTO contributions to the "compilers" array in gcc.c. */  
  
{"@lto", "lto1 %(cc1_options) %i %(!fsyntax-only:%(invoke_as))",  
/*cpp_spec=*/NULL, /*combinable=*/1, /*needs_preprocessing=*/0},
```

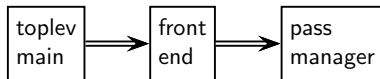


What about the Files to be Processed by the Linker?

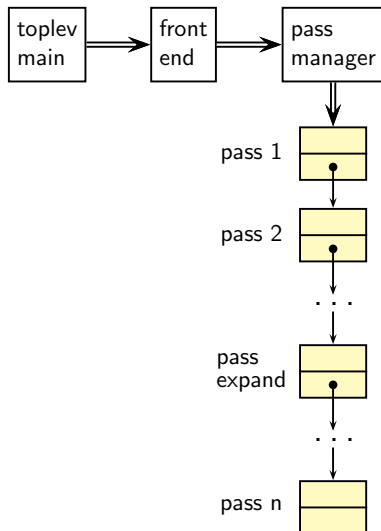
- Linking is the last step
- Every file is passed on to linker unless it is suppressed
- If a translator is not found, input file is assumed to be a file for linker



Plugin Structure in cc1



Plugin Structure in cc1

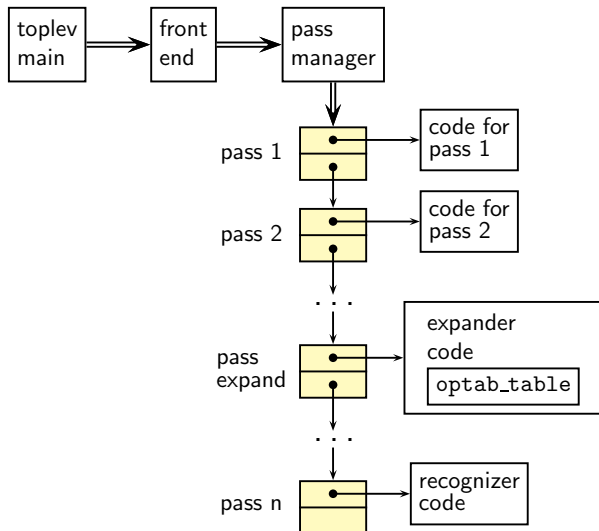


Double arrow represents control flow whereas single arrow represents pointer or index

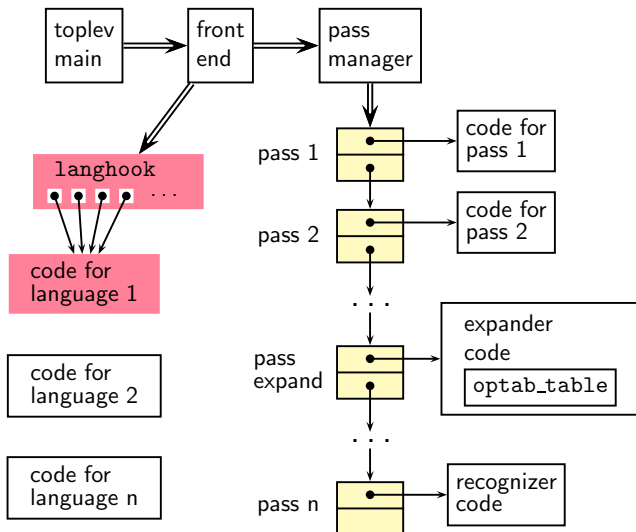
For simplicity, we have included all passes in a single list. Actually passes are organized into five lists and are invoked as five different sequences



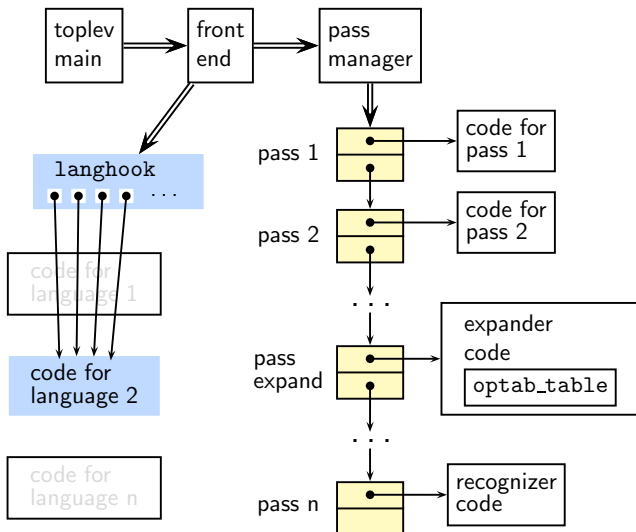
Plugin Structure in cc1



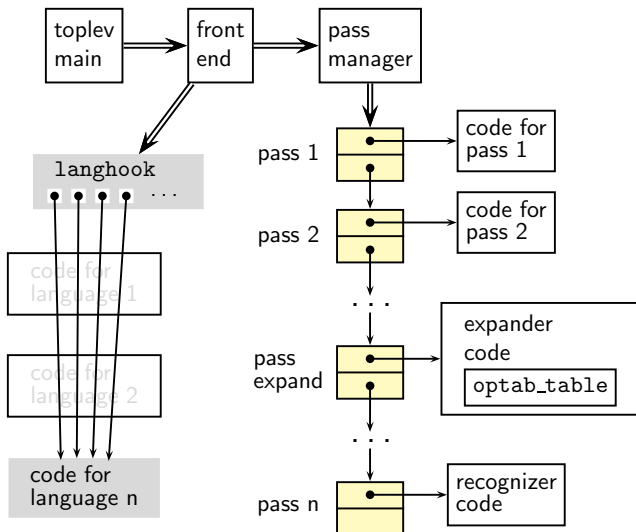
Plugin Structure in cc1



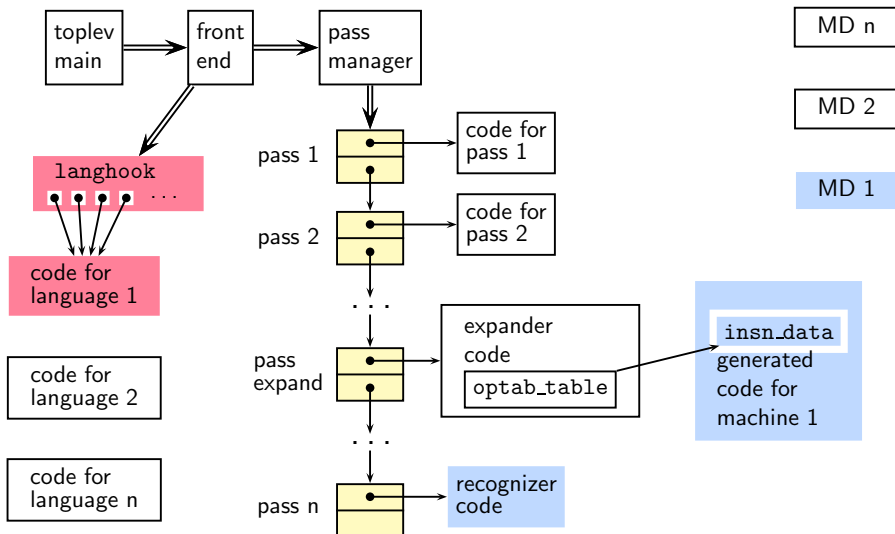
Plugin Structure in cc1



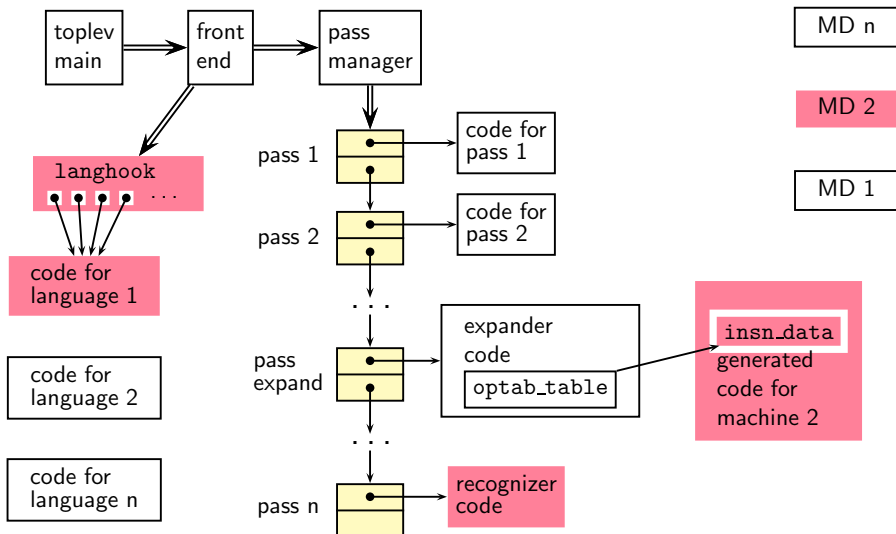
Plugin Structure in cc1



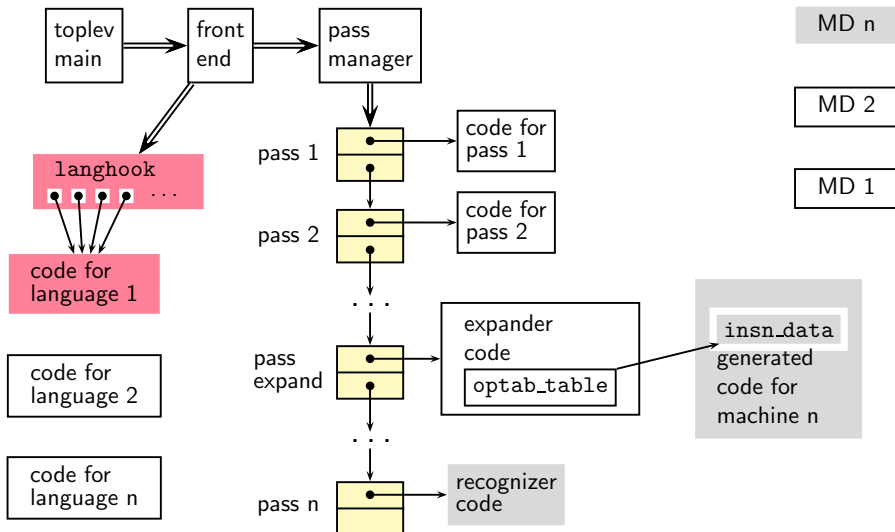
Plugin Structure in cc1



Plugin Structure in cc1



Plugin Structure in cc1



Front End Plugin

Important fields of struct `lang_hooks` instantiated for C

```
#define LANG_HOOKS_FINISH c_common_finish  
#define LANG_HOOKS_PARSE_FILE c_common_parse_file  
#define LANG_HOOKS_WRITE_GLOBALS c_write_global_declarations
```



Plugins for Pass Specifications

Intraprocedural Passes

```
struct gimple_opt_pass  
{  
    struct opt_pass
```

Interprocedural Passes

```
struct simple_ipa_opt_pass  
{  
    struct opt_pass  
    ...
```

```
struct opt_pass
```

```
struct rtl_opt_pass  
{  
    struct opt_pass
```

```
struct ipa_opt_pass_d  
{  
    struct opt_pass  
    ...
```



Plugins for Intraprocedural Passes

```
struct opt_pass
{
    enum opt_pass_type type;
    const char *name;
    bool (*gate) (void);
    unsigned int (*execute) (void);
    struct opt_pass *sub;
    struct opt_pass *next;
    int static_pass_number;
    timevar_id_t tv_id;
    unsigned int properties_required;
    unsigned int properties_provided;
    unsigned int properties_destroyed;
    unsigned int todo_flags_start;
    unsigned int todo_flags_finish;
};
```

```
struct gimple_opt_pass
{
    struct opt_pass pass;
};

struct rtl_opt_pass
{
    struct opt_pass pass;
};
```



Plugins for Interprocedural Passes on a Translation Unit

Pass variable: `all_simple_ipa_passes`

```
struct simple_ipa_opt_pass
{
    struct opt_pass pass;
};
```



Plugins for Interprocedural Passes across a Translation Unit

Pass variable: `all_regular_ipa_passes`

```
struct ipa_opt_pass_d
{
    struct opt_pass pass;
    void (*generate_summary) (void);
    void (*read_summary) (void);
    void (*write_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                           struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*write_optimization_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                                        struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*read_optimization_summary) (void);
    void (*stmt_fixup) (struct cgraph_node *, gimple *);
    unsigned int function_transform_todo_flags_start;
    unsigned int (*function_transform) (struct cgraph_node *);
    void (*variable_transform) (struct varpool_node *);
};
```



Predefined Pass Lists

Pass List	Purpose
<code>all_lowering_passes</code>	AST to CFG translation
<code>all_small_ipa_passes</code>	Interprocedural passes restricted to a single translation unit
<code>all_regular_ipa_passes</code>	Interprocedural passes on a translation unit as well as across translation units (during WPA/IPA of LTO)
<code>all_late_ipa_passes</code>	Interprocedural passes on partitions created by LTO (after WPA/IPA)
<code>all_lto_gen_passes</code>	Passes to encode program for LTO
<code>all_passes</code>	Intraprocedural passes on GIMPLE and RTL



Registering a Pass as a Static Plugin

1. Write the driver function in your file
2. Declare your pass in file `tree-pass.h`:
`extern struct gimple_opt_pass your_pass_name;`
3. Add your pass to the appropriate pass list in
`init_optimization_passes()` using the macro `NEXT_PASS`
4. Add your file details to `$SOURCE/gcc/Makefile.in`
5. Configure and build gcc
(For simplicity, you can make `cc1` only)
6. Debug `cc1` using `ddd/gdb` if need arises
(For debugging `cc1` from within `gcc`, see:
<http://gcc.gnu.org/ml/gcc/2004-03/msg01195.html>)



Part 3

Dynamic Plugins in GCC

Dynamic Plugins

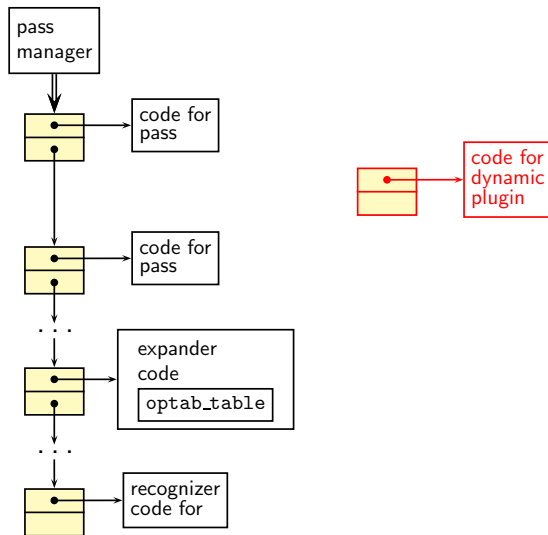
- Supported on platforms that support `-ldl -rdynamic`
- Loaded using `dlopen` and invoked at pre-determined locations in the compilation process
- Command line option

`-fplugin=/path/to/name.so`

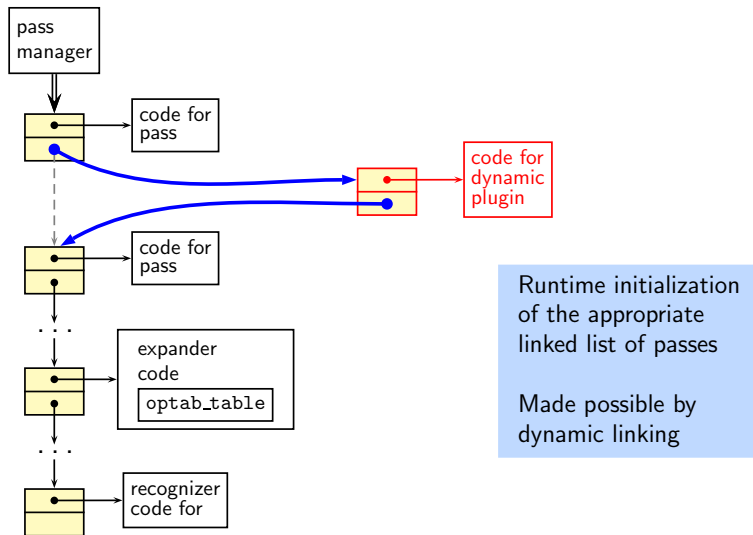
Arguments required can be supplied as name-value pairs



The Mechanism of Dynamic Plugin



The Mechanism of Dynamic Plugin



Specifying an Example Pass

```
struct simple_ipa_opt_pass pass_plugin = {
  {
    SIMPLE_IPA_PASS,
    "dynamic_plug",          /* name */
    0,                       /* gate */
    execute_pass_plugin,    /* execute */
    NULL,                   /* sub */
    NULL,                   /* next */
    0,                      /* static pass number */
    TV_INTEGRATION,        /* tv_id */
    0,                     /* properties required */
    0,                     /* properties provided */
    0,                     /* properties destroyed */
    0,                     /* todo_flags start */
    0                       /* todo_flags end */
  }
};
```



Registering Our Pass as a Dynamic Plugin

```
struct register_pass_info pass_info = {
    &(pass_plugin.pass),      /* Address of new pass, here, the
                               struct opt_pass field of
                               simple_ipa_opt_pass defined above */
    "pta",                   /* Name of the reference pass (string
                               in the structure specification) for
                               hooking up the new pass. */
    0,                       /* Insert the pass at the specified
                               instance number of the reference
                               pass. Do it for every instance if
                               it is 0. */
    PASS_POS_INSERT_AFTER    /* how to insert the new pass:
                               before, after, or replace. Here we
                               are inserting our pass the pass
                               named pta */
};
```



Registering Callback for Our Pass for a Dynamic Plugins

```
int plugin_init(struct plugin_name_args *plugin_info,
                struct plugin_gcc_version *version)
{ /* Plugins are activated using this callback */

    register_callback (
        plugin_info->base_name,      /* char *name: Plugin name,
                                      could be any name.
                                      plugin_info->base_name
                                      gives this filename */
        PLUGIN_PASS_MANAGER_SETUP, /* int event: The event code.
                                      Here, setting up a new
                                      pass */
        NULL,                        /* The function that handles
                                      the event */
        &pass_info);                /* plugin specific data */

    return 0;
}
```



Makefile for Creating and Using a Dynamic Plugin

```
CC = $(INSTALL_D)/bin/g++
PLUGIN_SOURCES = new-pass.c
PLUGIN_OBJECTS = $(patsubst %.c,%.o,$(PLUGIN_SOURCES ))
GCCPLUGINS_DIR = $(shell $(CC) -print-file-name=plugin)
CFLAGS+= -fPIC -O2
INCLUDE = -Iplugin/include

%.o : %.c
$(CC) $(CFLAGS) $(INCLUDE) -c $<

new-pass.so: $(PLUGIN_OBJECTS)
        $(CC) $(CFLAGS) $(INCLUDE) -shared $^ -o $@

test_plugin: test.c
        $(CC) -fplugin=./new-pass.so $^ -o $@ -fdump-tree-all
```



Part 4

Flow of Control in the Generated Compiler

Walking the Maze of a Large Code Base

- If you use conventional editors such as `vi` or `emacs`

- ▶ Use `cscope`

```
cd $SOURCE
```

```
cscope -R
```

- ▶ Use `ctags`

```
cd $SOURCE
```

```
ctags -R
```

Make sure you use `exeburant-ctags`

- Or use IDE such as `eclipse`



gcc Driver Control Flow

```
main    /* In file gcc.c */
|
|  validate_all_switches
|  lookup_compiler
|  do_spec
|  |
|  |  do_spec_2
|  |  |
|  |  |  do_spec_1  /* Get the name of the compiler */
|  |  |
|  |  |  execute
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  pex_init
|  |  |  |  pex_run
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  pex_run_in_environment
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  obj->funcs->exec_child
```



gcc Driver Control Flow

```
main    /* In file gcc.c */  
  validate_all_switches  
  lookup_compiler  
  do_spec  
    do_spec_2  
      do_spec_1 /*  
        execute  
          pex_init  
          pex_run  
            pex_run_in  
              obj->fu
```

Observations

- All compilers are invoked by this driver
- Assembler is also invoked by this driver
- Linker is invoked in the end by default



cc1 Top Level Control Flow

```
main          /* In file main.c */
|
|  toplev_main /* In file toplev.c */
|  |
|  |  decode_options
|  |  do_compile
|  |  |
|  |  |  compile_file
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  lang_hooks.parse_file => c_common_parse_file
|  |  |  |  lang_hooks.decls.final_write_globals =>
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  c_write_global_declarations
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  targetm.asm_out.file_end
|  |  finalize
```



cc1 Top Level Control Flow

```
main          /* In file main.c */
|
|  toplev_main /* In file toplev.c */
|  |
|  |  decode_options
|  |  do_compile
|  |  |
|  |  |  compile_file
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  lang_hooks
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  lang_hooks
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  targetm.asm
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  finalize
```

Observations

- The entire compilation is driven by functions specified in language hooks
- Not a good design!



cc1 Control Flow: Parsing for C

```
lang_hooks.parse_file => c_common_parse_file
  c_parse_file
    c_parser_translation_unit
      c_parser_external_declaration
        c_parser_declaration_or_fndef
          c_parser_declspecs /* parse declarations */
          c_parser_compound_statement
          finish_function    /* finish parsing */
          c_genericize
          cgraph_finalize_function
          /* finalize AST of a function */
```



cc1 Control Flow: Parsing for C

```
lang_hooks.parse_file => c_common_parse_file
  c_parse_file
    c_parser_translation_unit
      c_parser_external_declaration
        c_parser_declaration_or_fndef
          c_parser_declspecs /* parse declarations */
          c_parser_compound_statement
          finish_function    /* finish parsing */
            c_genericize
            cgraph_finalize_function
            /* finalize AST of a function */
```



cc1 Control Flow: Parsing for C

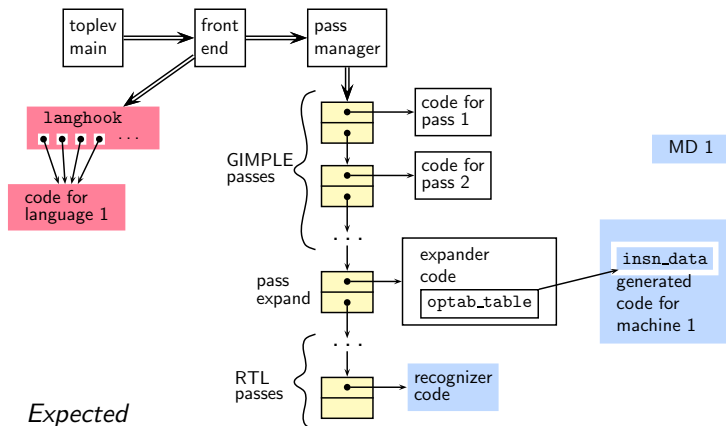
```
lang_hooks.parse_file => c_common_parse_file
  c_parse_file
    c_parser_translation_unit
      c_parser_external_declaration
        c_parser_declaration_or_fndef
          c_parser_function_definition
          c_parser_translation_unit
        c_parser_external_declaration
      finish
    c_gcc
  cgr
/*
```

Observations

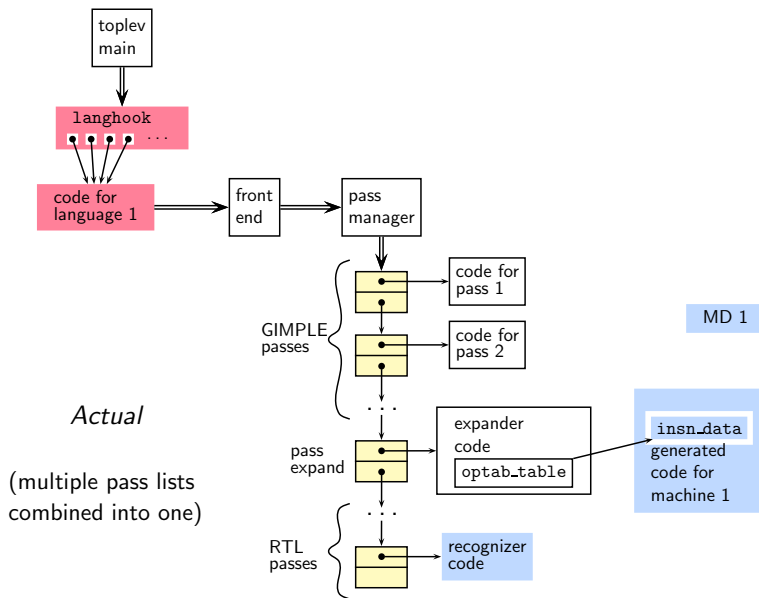
- GCC has moved to a recursive descent parser from version 4.1.0
- Earlier parser was generated using Bison specification



Expected Vs. Actual Schematic of the Front End



Expected Vs. Actual Schematic of the Front End



cc1 Control Flow: Lowering Passes for C

```
lang_hooks.decls.final_write_globals =>
                                c_write_global_declarations
cgraph_finalize_compilation_unit
  cgraph_analyze_functions      /* Create GIMPLE */
    cgraph_analyze_function
      gimplify_function_tree
        gimplify_body
          gimplify_stmt
            gimplify_expr
cgraph_lower_function          /* Intraprocedural */
  tree_lowering_passes
    execute_pass_list (all_lowering_passes)
```



cc1 Control Flow: Lowering Passes for C

```
lang_hooks.decls.final_write_globals =>
    c_write_global_declarations
  cgraph_finalize_compilation_unit
    cgraph_analyze_functions      /* Create GIMPLE */
      cgraph_analyze_function
        gimplify_function_tree
          gimplify_body
            gimplify_stmt
              gimplify_expr
            cgraph_lower_function  /* Intraprocedural */
              tree_lowering_passes
                execute_pass_list (all_lowering_passes)
```



cc1 Control Flow: Lowering Passes for C

```

lang_hooks.decls.final_write_globals =>
                                c_write_global_declarations
cgraph_finalize_compilation_unit
cgraph_analyze_functions      /* Create GIMPLE */
cgraph_analyze_function
    gimplify
    gimpl
    gi
cgraph_l
tree_
ex

```

Observations

- Lowering passes are language independent
- Yet they are being called from a function in language hooks
- Not a good design!



Organization of Passes

Order	Task	IR	Level	Pass data structure
1	Lowering	GIMPLE	Intra	<code>gimple_opt_pass</code>
2	Optimizations	GIMPLE	Inter	<code>simple_ipa_opt_pass</code>
3	Optimizations	GIMPLE	Inter	<code>ipa_opt_pass_d</code>
4	Optimizations	GIMPLE	Intra	<code>gimple_opt_pass</code>
5	RTL Generation	GIMPLE	Intra	<code>rtl_opt_pass</code>
6	Optimization	RTL	Intra	<code>rtl_opt_pass</code>



cc1 Control Flow: Optimization and Code Generation Passes

```
cgraph_analyze_function      /* Create GIMPLE */  
...                          /* previous slide */  
cgraph_optimize  
    ipa_passes  
        execute_ipa_pass_list(all_small_ipa_passes) /*!in_lto_p*/  
        execute_ipa_summary_passes(all_regular_ipa_passes)  
        execute_ipa_summary_passes(all_lto_gen_passes)  
        ipa_write_summaries  
    execute_ipa_pass_list(all_late_ipa_passes)  
cgraph_expand_all_functions  
    cgraph_expand_function  
        /* Intraprocedural passes on GIMPLE, */  
        /* expansion pass, and passes on RTL. */  
        tree_rest_of_compilation  
            execute_pass_list (all_passes)
```



cc1 Control Flow: Optimization and Code Generation Passes

```
cgraph_analyze_function      /* Create GIMPLE */
...                          /* previous slide */
cgraph_optimize
|
| ipa_passes
|   execute_ipa_pass_list(all_small_ipa_passes) /*!in_lto_p*/
|   execute_ipa_summary_passes(all_regular_ipa_passes)
|   execute_ipa_summary_passes(all_lto_gen_passes)
|   ipa_write_summaries
|
| execute_ipa_pass_list(all_late_ipa_passes)
cgraph_expand_all_functions
|
|   cgraph_expand_function
|   /* Intraprocedural passes on GIMPLE, */
|   /* expansion pass, and passes on RTL. */
|       tree_rest_of_compilation
|           execute_pass_list (all_passes)
```



cc1 Control Flow: Optimization and Code Generation Passes

```
cgraph_analyze_function    /* Create GIMPLE */  
...                        /* previous slide */
```

```
cgraph_optimize
```

```
    ipa_passes
```

```
        execute_ipa_pas
```

```
        execute_ipa_sum
```

```
        execute_ipa_sum
```

```
        ipa_write_summa
```

```
    execute_ipa_pass_l
```

```
    cgraph_expand_all
```

```
        cgraph_expand
```

```
        /* Intraproced
```

```
        /* expansion p
```

```
        tree_rest
```

```
        execut
```

Observations

- Optimization and code generation passes are language independent
- Yet they are being called from a function in language hooks
- Not a good design!

```
!in_lto_p*/  
es)
```

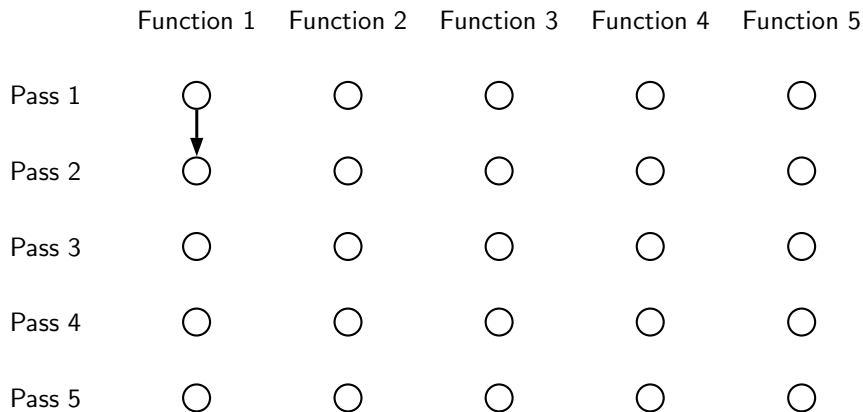


Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes

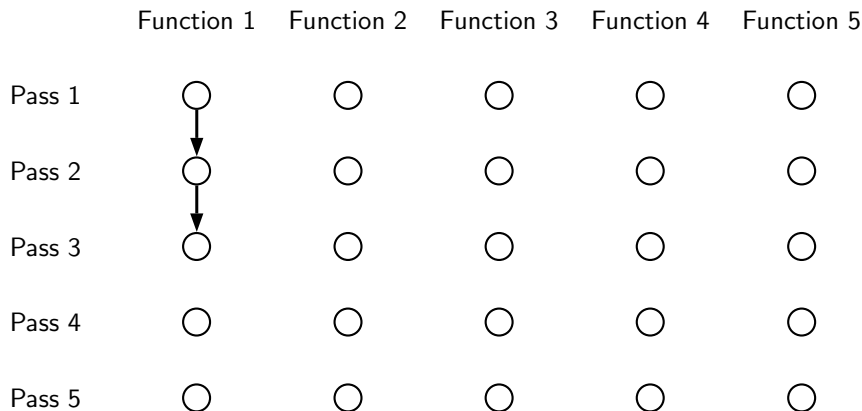
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Pass 1	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Pass 2	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Pass 3	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Pass 4	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Pass 5	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>



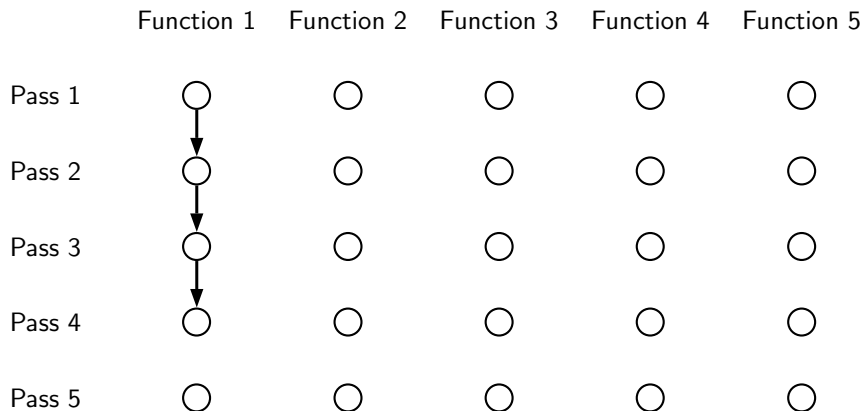
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



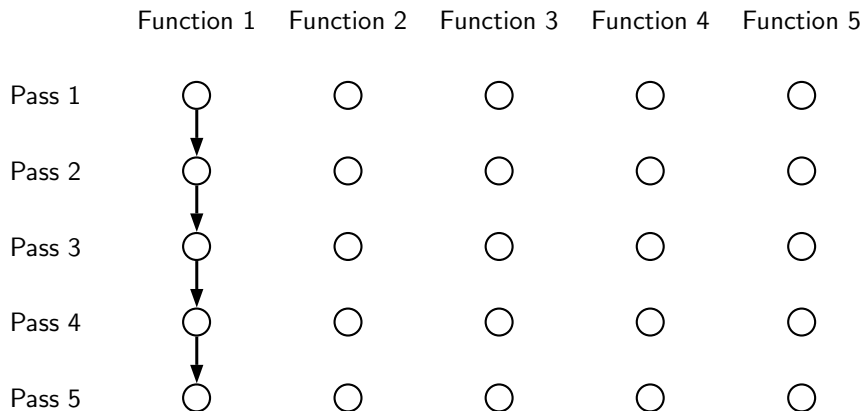
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



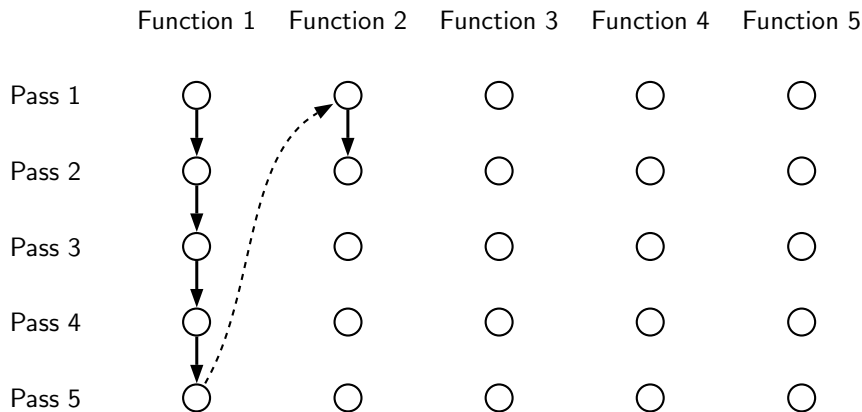
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



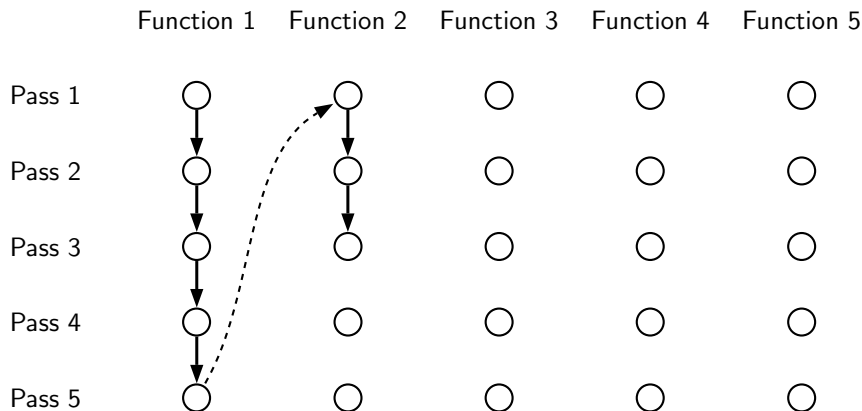
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



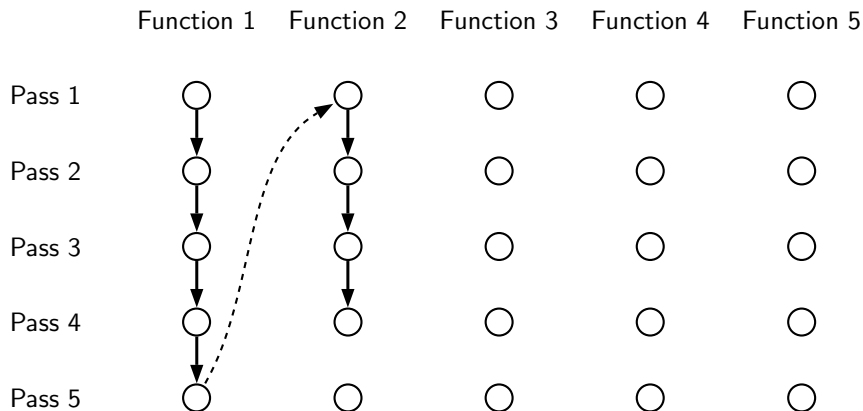
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



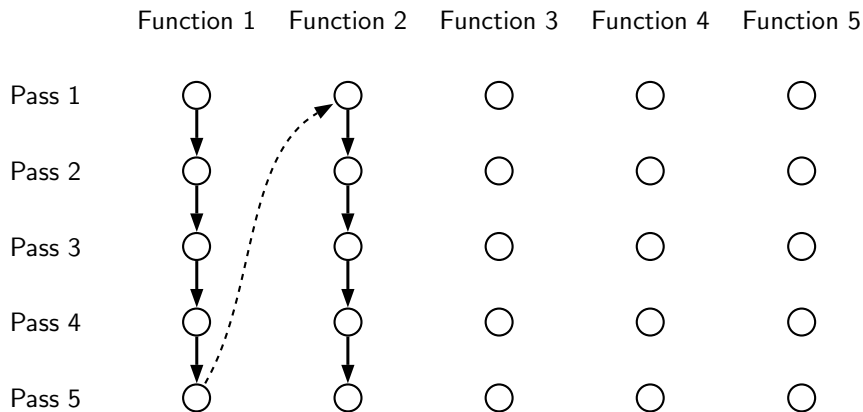
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



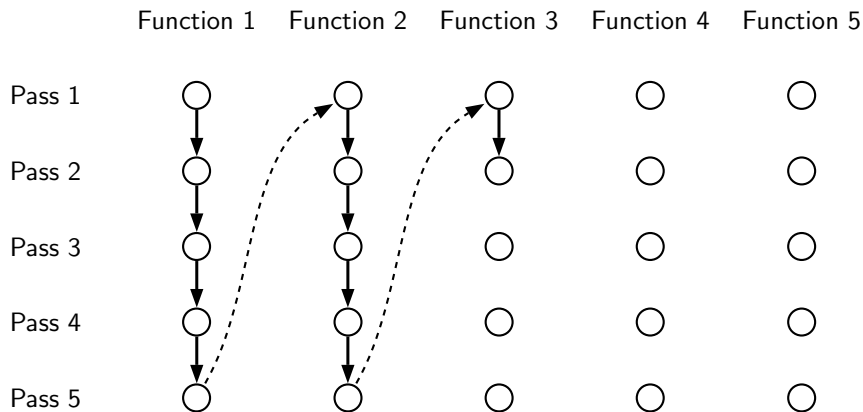
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



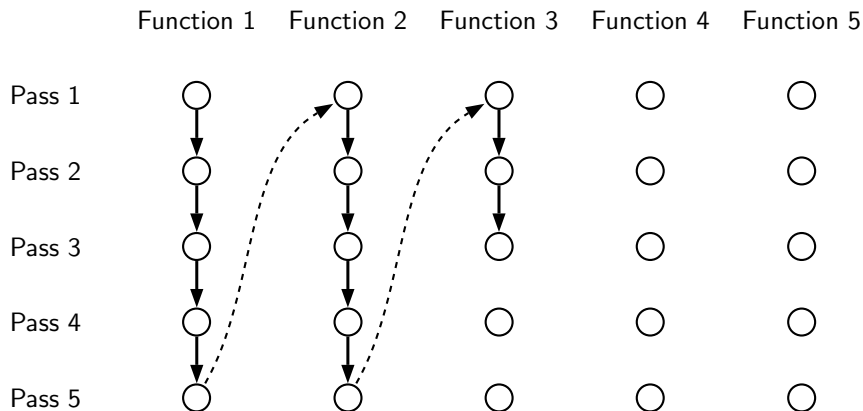
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



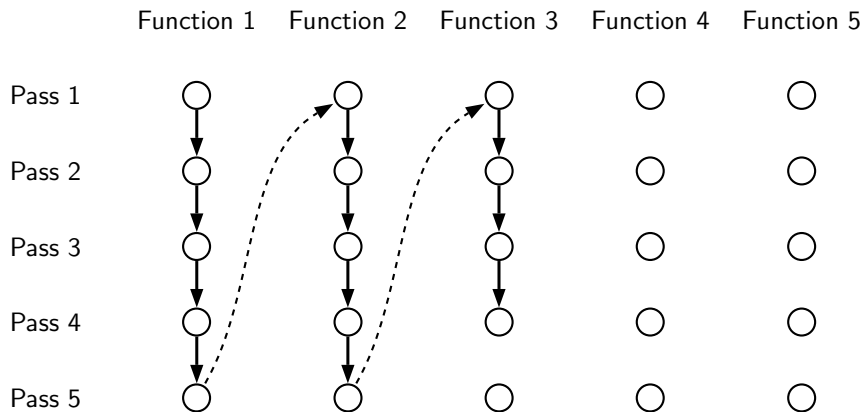
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



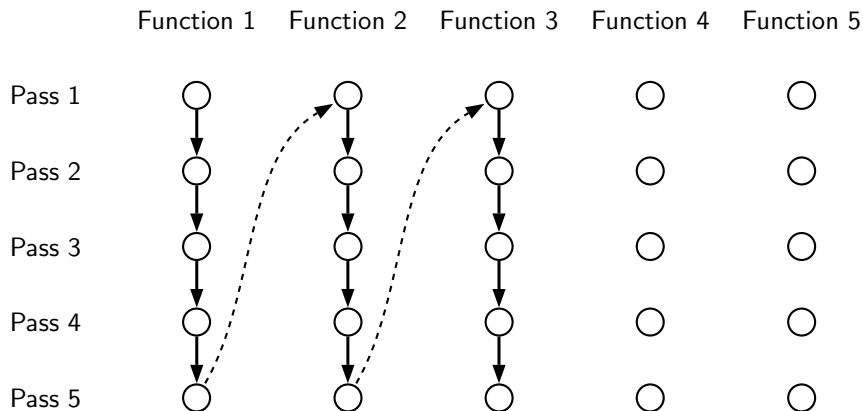
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



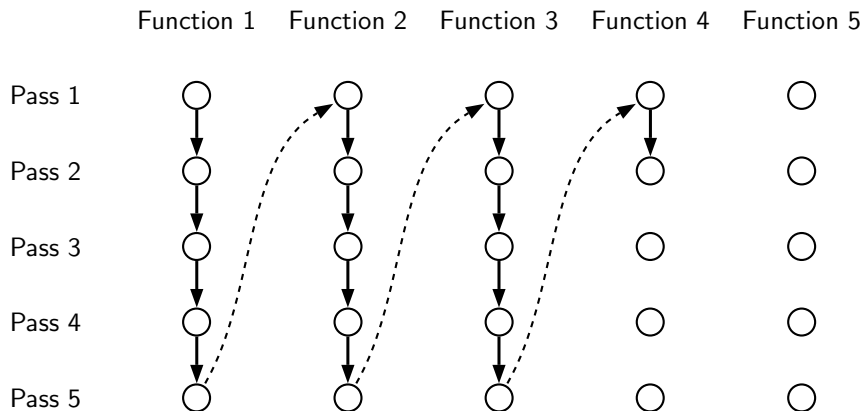
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



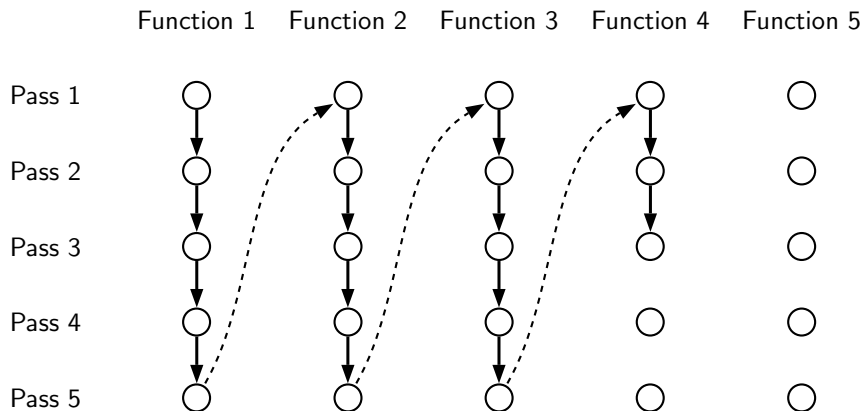
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



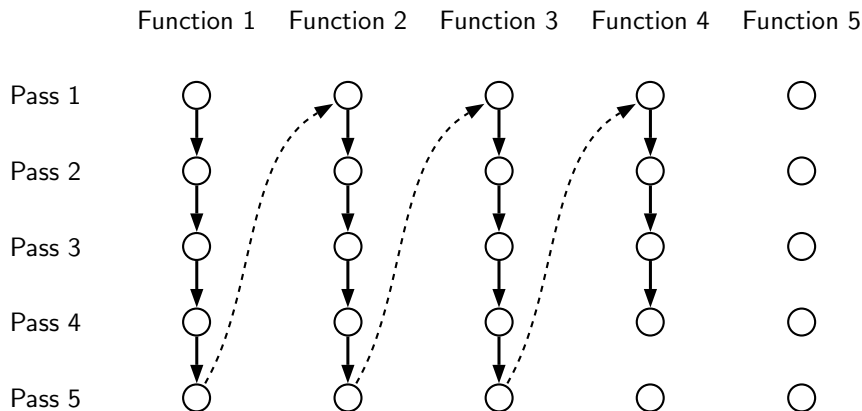
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



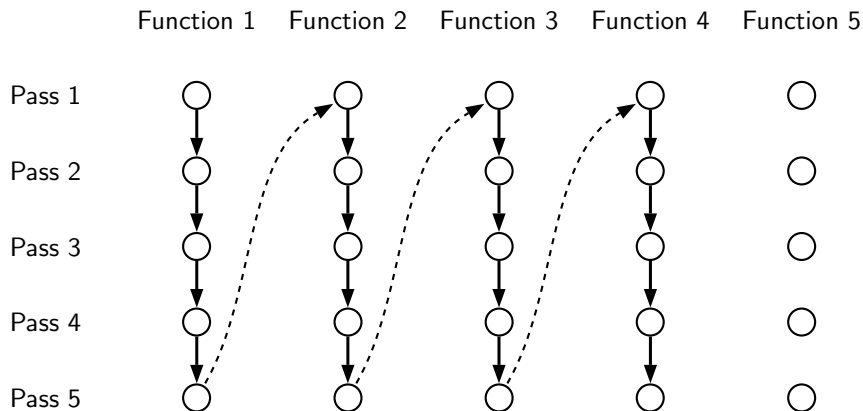
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



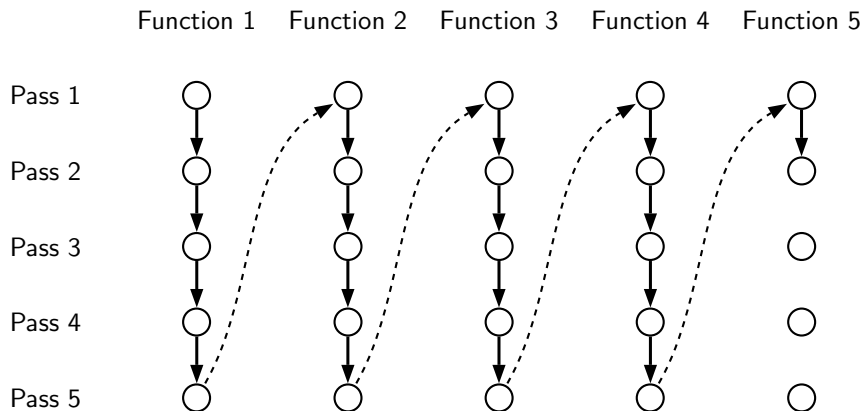
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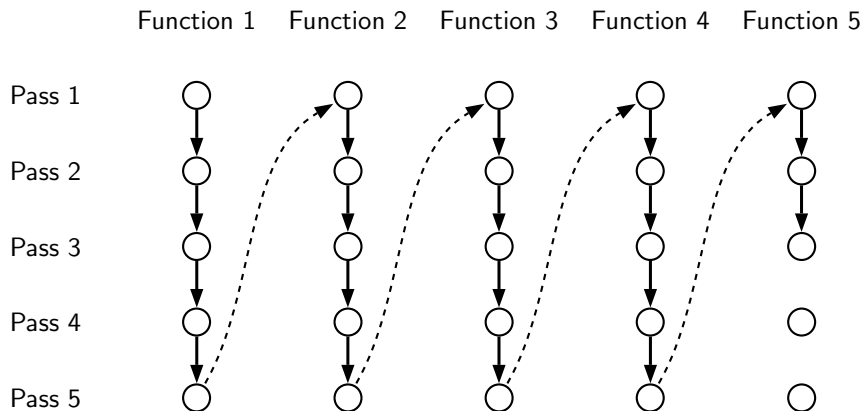
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



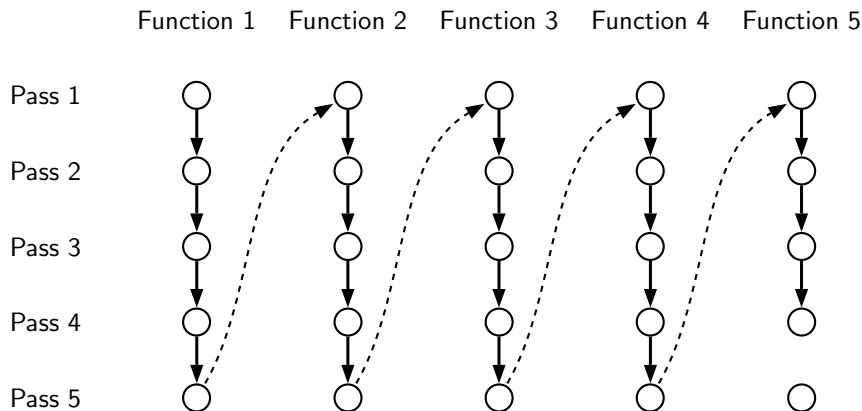
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



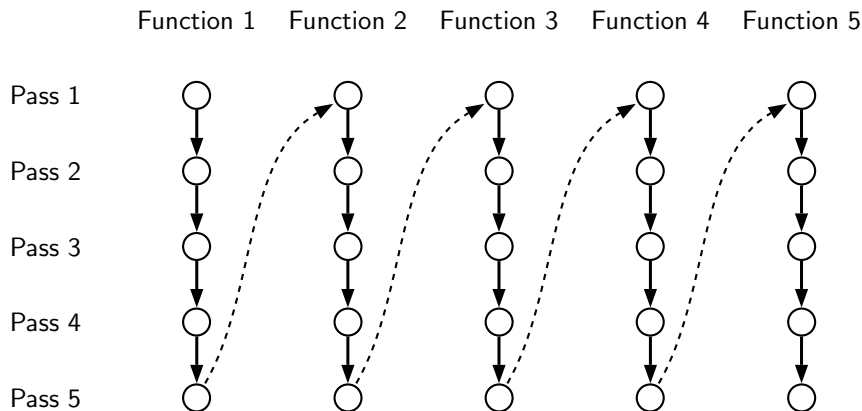
Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes



Execution Order in Intraprocedural Passes

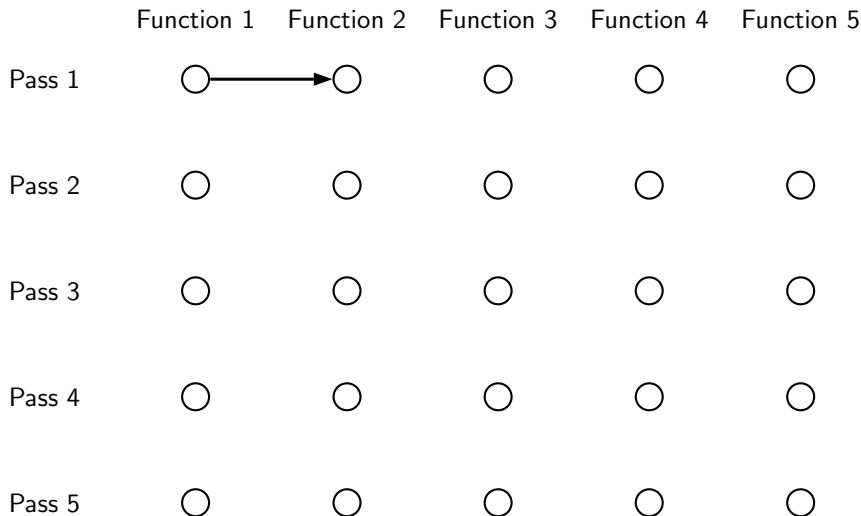


Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes

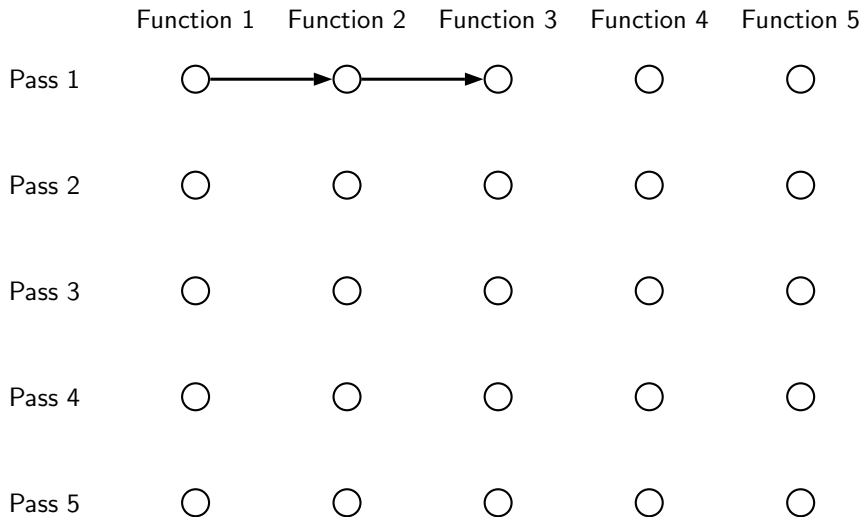
	Function 1	Function 2	Function 3	Function 4	Function 5
Pass 1	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Pass 2	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
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Pass 4	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Pass 5	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>



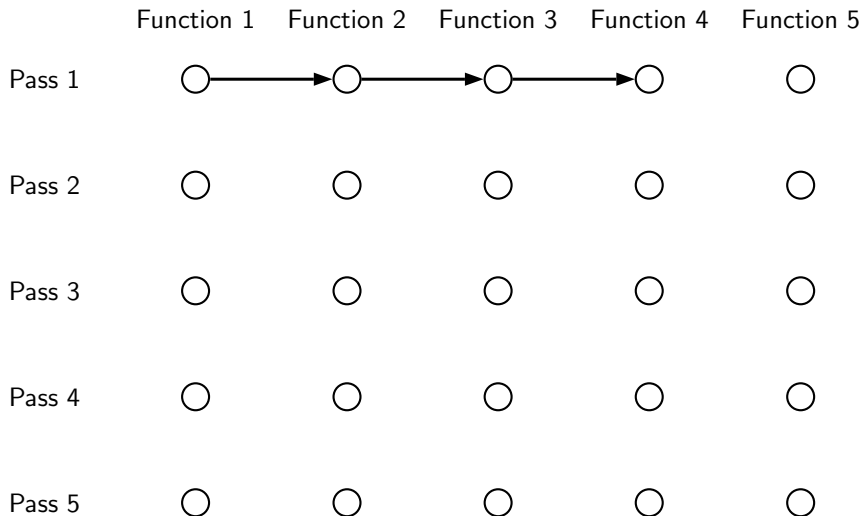
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



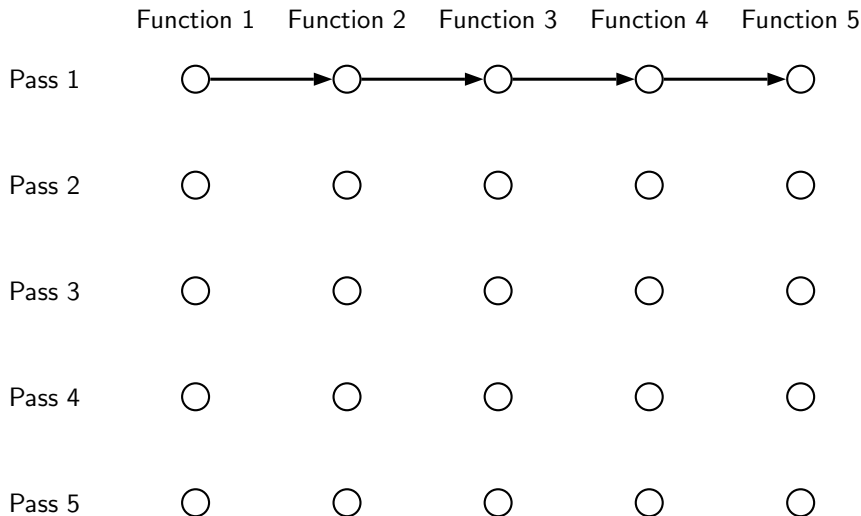
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



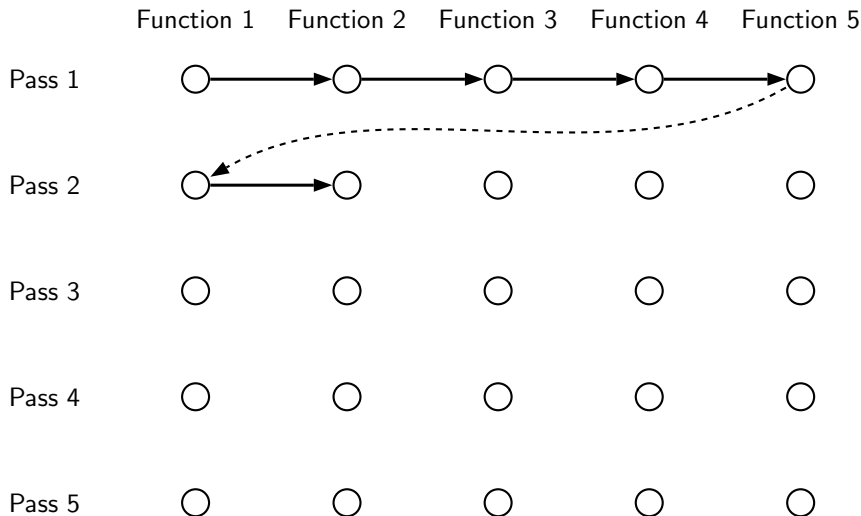
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



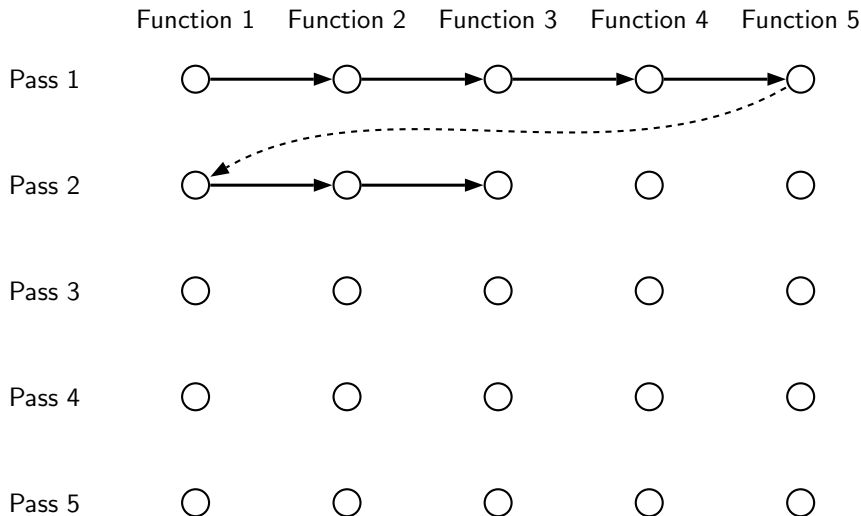
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



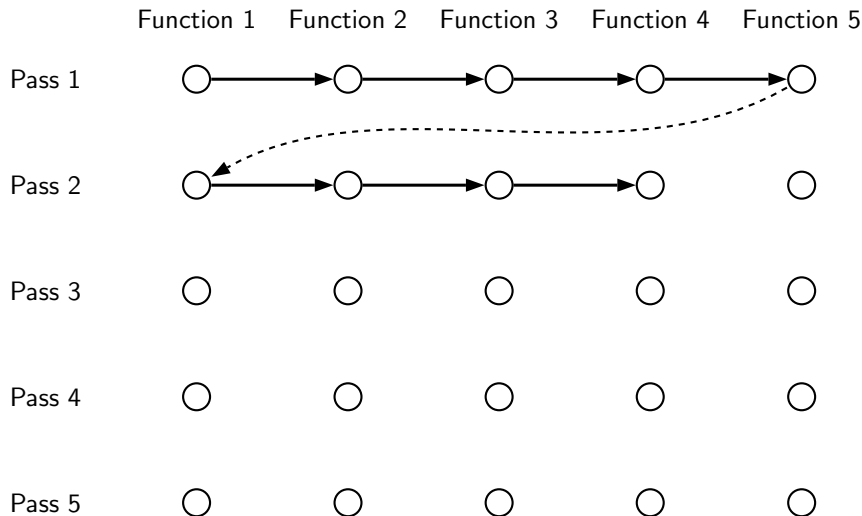
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



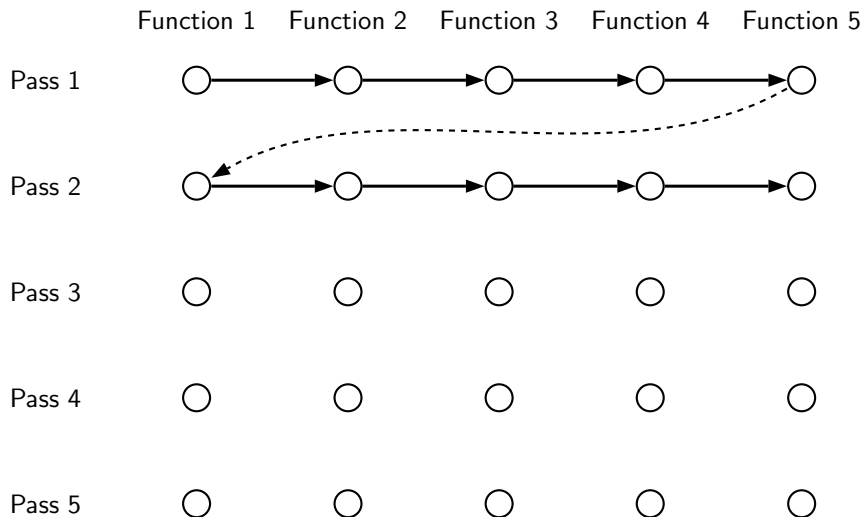
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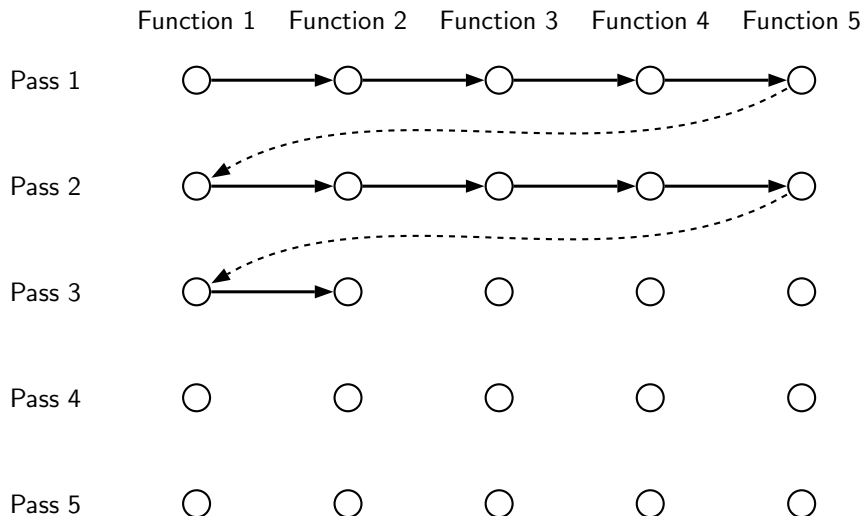
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



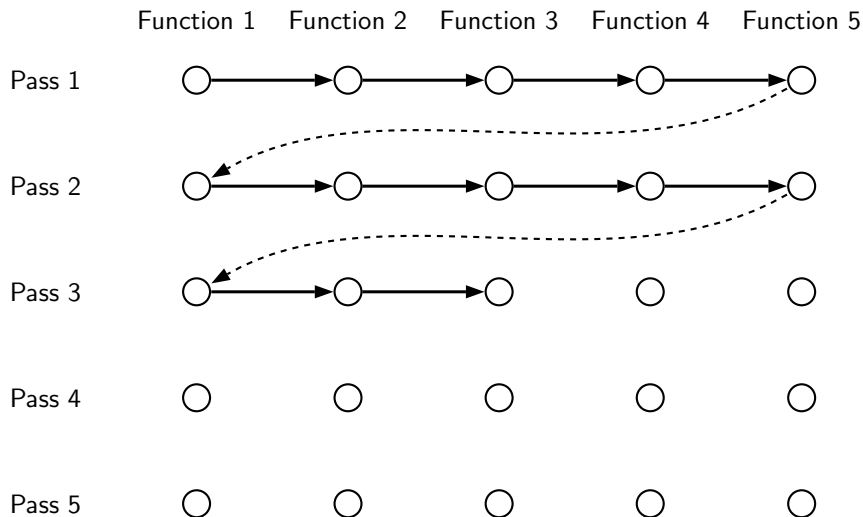
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



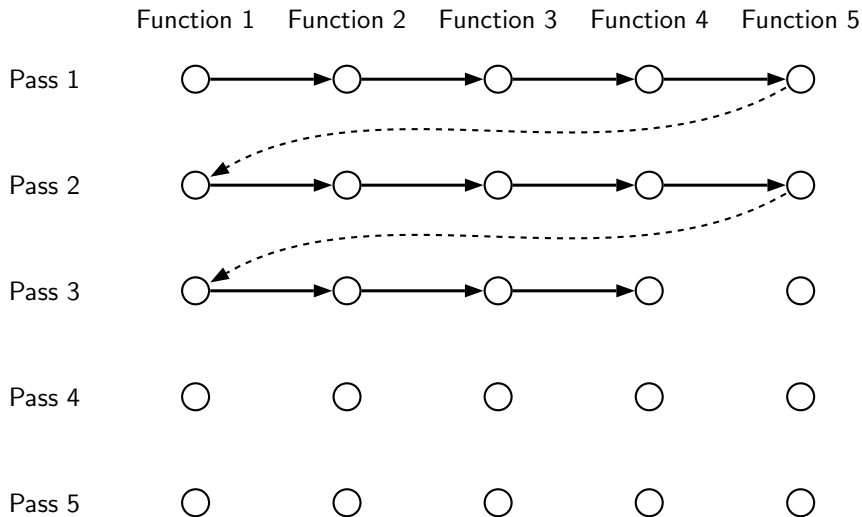
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



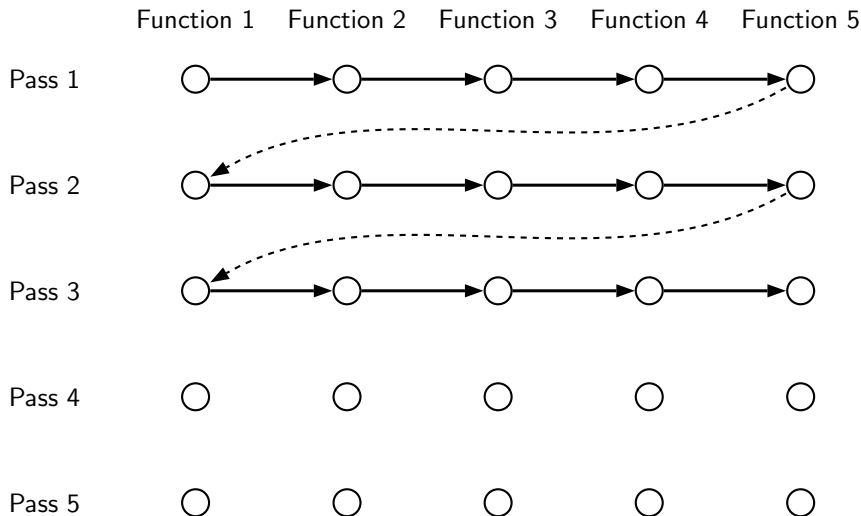
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



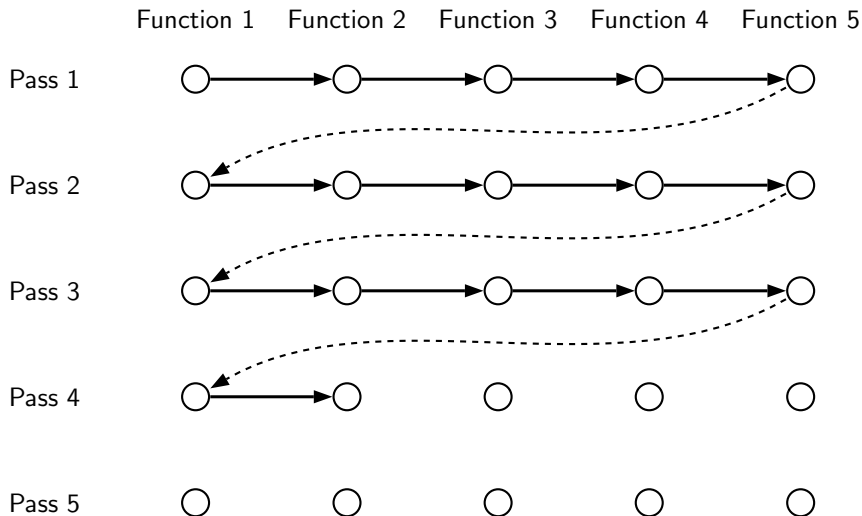
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



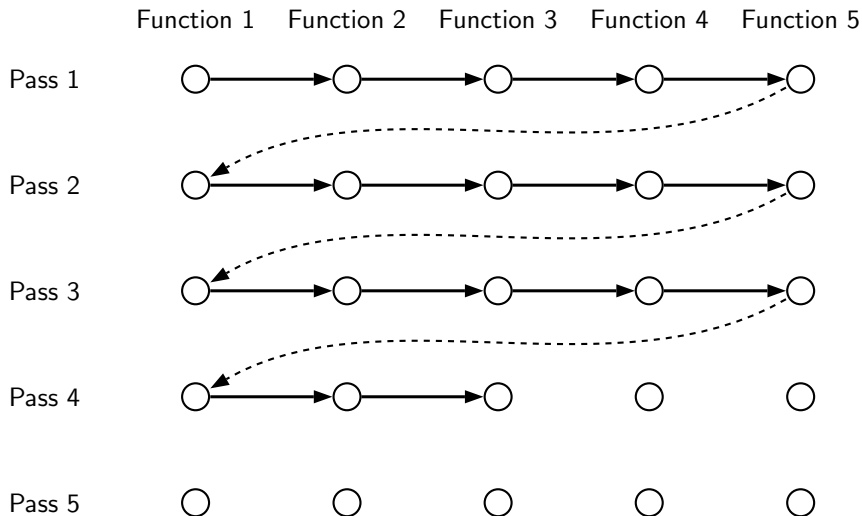
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



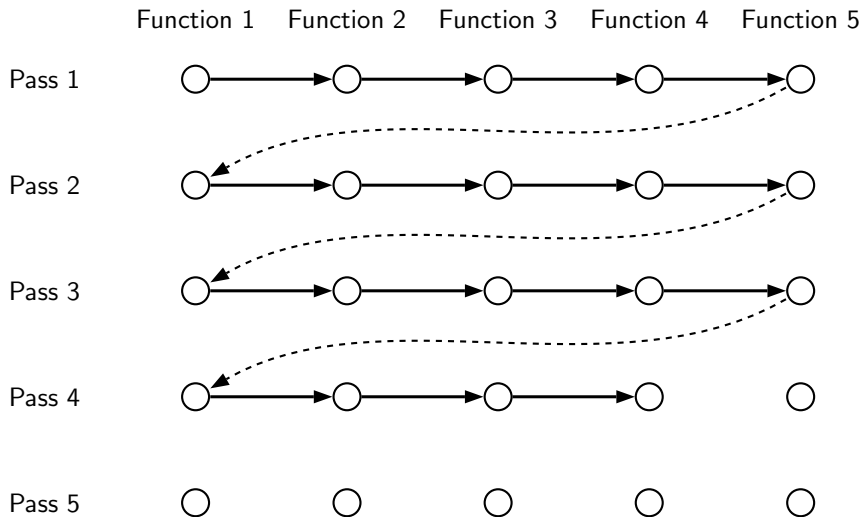
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



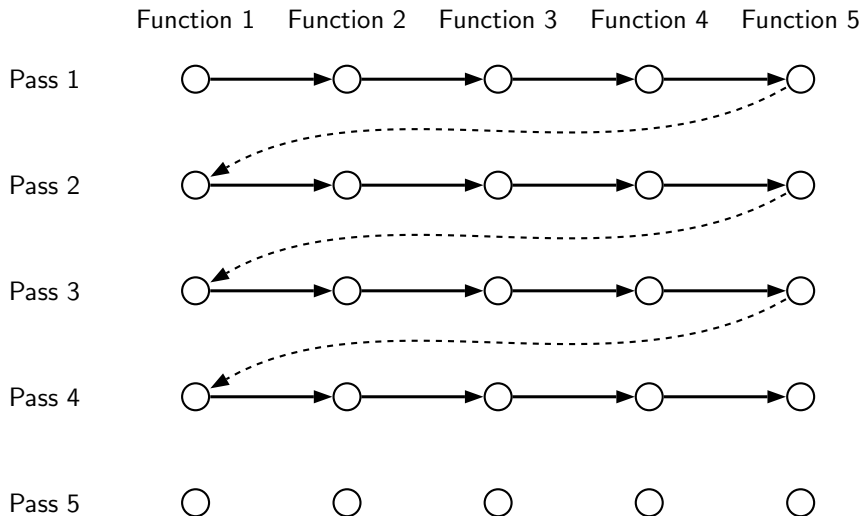
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



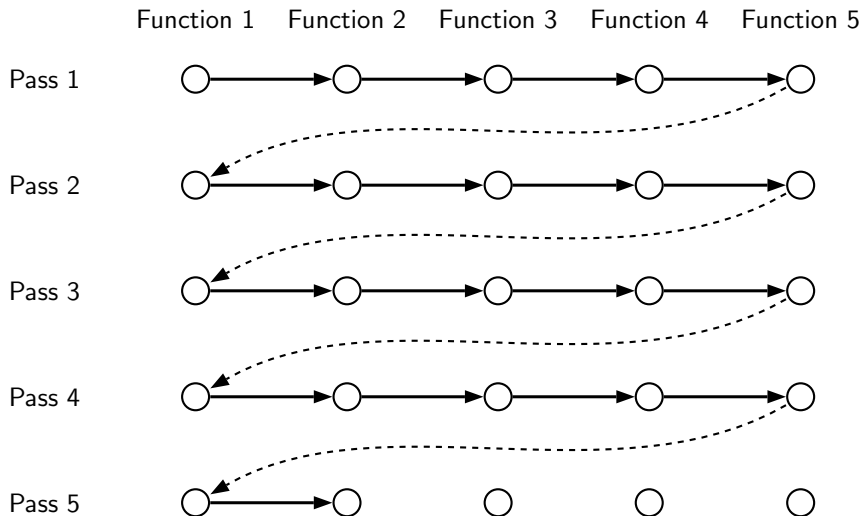
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



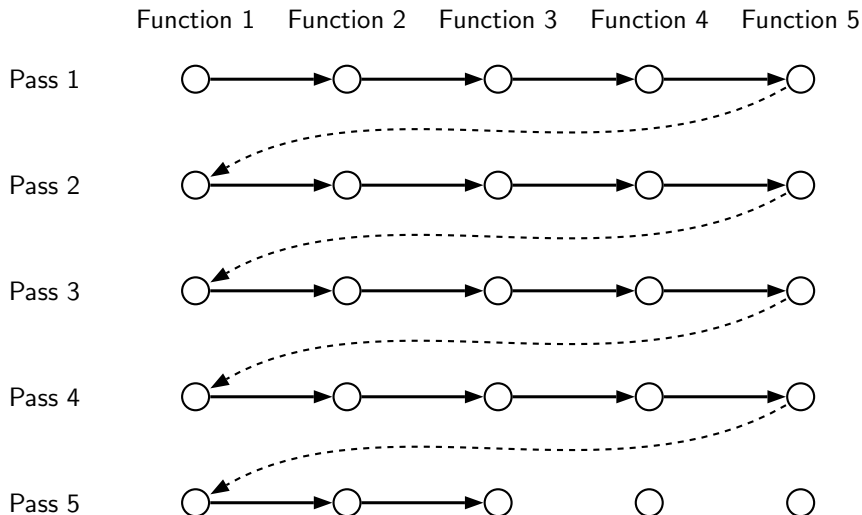
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



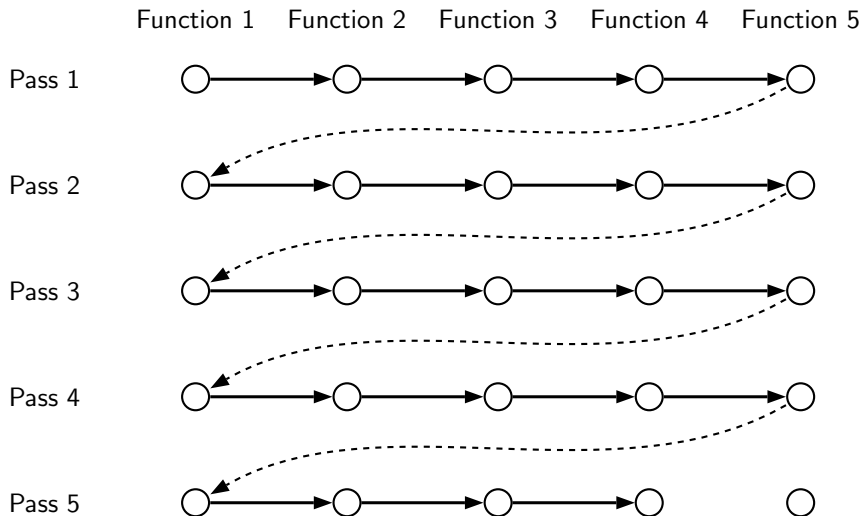
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



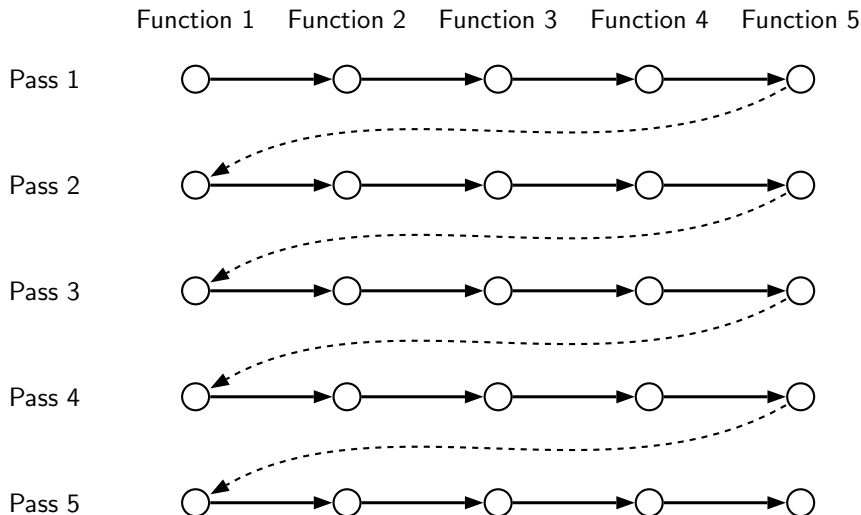
Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



Execution Order in Interprocedural Passes



cc1 Control Flow: GIMPLE to RTL Expansion (pass_expand)

```
gimple_expand_cfg
  expand_gimple_basic_block(bb)
    expand_gimple_cond(stmt)
    expand_gimple_stmt(stmt)
      expand_gimple_stmt_1 (stmt)
        expand_expr_real_2
          expand_expr    /* Operands */
            expand_expr_real
              optab_for_tree_code
                expand_binop /* Now we have rtx for operands */
                  expand_binop_directly
                    /* The plugin for a machine */
                    code=optab_handler(binoptab,mode);
                    GEN_FCN
                    emit_insn
```



cc1 Control Flow: GIMPLE to RTL Expansion (pass_expand)

```
gimple_expand_cfg
|   expand_gimple_basic_block(bb)
|   |   expand_gimple_cond(stmt)
|   |   expand_gimple_stmt(stmt)
|   |   |   expand_gimple_stmt_1 (stmt)
|   |   |   |   expand_expr_real_2
|   |   |   |   |   expand_expr    /* Operands */
|   |   |   |   |   |   expand_expr_real
|   |   |   |   |   |   |   optab_for_tree_code
|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   expand_binop /* Now we have rtx for operands */
|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   expand_binop_directly
|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   /* The plugin for a machine */
|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   code=optab_handler(binoptab,mode);
|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   GEN_FCN
|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   emit_insn
```



Part 5

Link Time Optimization

Motivation for Link Time Optimization

- Default cgraph creation is restricted to a translation unit (i.e. a single file)
⇒ Interprocedural analysis and optimization is restricted to a single file
- All files (or their equivalents) are available only at link time
(assuming static linking)
- LTO enables interprocedural optimizations across different files



Link Time Optimization

- LTO framework supported from GCC-4.6.0
- Use `-flto` option during compilation
- Generates conventional `.o` files with GIMPLE level information inserted
Complete translation is performed in this phase
- During linking all object modules are put together and `lto1` is invoked
- `lto1` re-executes optimization passes from the function `cgraph_optimize`

Basic Idea: Provide a larger call graph to regular ipa passes



Understanding LTO Framework

```
main ()  
{  
    printf ("hello, world\n");  
}
```



Assembly Output without LTO Information (1)

```
.file "t0.c"
.section .rodata
.LC0:
.string "hello, world"
.text
.globl main
.type main, @function
main:
.LFB0:
.cfi_startproc
pushl %ebp
.cfi_def_cfa_offset 8
.cfi_offset 5, -8
movl %esp, %ebp
.cfi_def_cfa_register 5
andl $-16, %esp
```

```
subl $16, %esp
movl $.LC0, (%esp)
call puts
leave
.cfi_restore 5
.cfi_def_cfa 4, 4
ret
.cfi_endproc
.LFE0:
.size main, .-main
.ident "GCC: (GNU) 4.7.2"
.section .note.GNU-stack,"",@progbits
```



Assembly Output with LTO Information (2)

```
.ascii "\b"
.text
.section .gnu.lto_.refs.57f4e8b14959f6c4,"",@progbits
.string "x\234cb'd'f''b\200\001"
.string ""
.string "\204"
.ascii "\t"
.text
.section .gnu.lto_.statics.57f4e8b14959f6c4,"",@progbits
.string "x\234cb'd'b\300\016@\342\214\020&"
.string ""
.string "\375"
.ascii "\t"
.text
.section .gnu.lto_.decls.57f4e8b14959f6c4,"",@progbits
.string "x\234\215R=0\002A\020\2359Ne\303IB!\201\n\032M\224h\374\0
.string "\3218\311\313\275\333\233\2317\363n5@\020q@p(\2565\200E\3
.string "\2004\370!\336mB\003~\2068\017\022tB\230'\020\232\2046\24
.string "\022Z\023\372\b\345\247\261~\t\270\341v\357\355\210\307>\\"
```



Assembly Output with LTO Information (3)

```
.string "\3474\030\205KN\321;\346\034\367L\324\031\304\301"  
.string "\3040\023\202\202\031\f\324\002&\336aT\261\  
.string "\024\313k\260\004\017\\\306 0\245\323 \375\347iWu\001\232  
.string "\"\343\245\226\225\032\242\322\306\004\024]\261\244'\246"  
.string "\273%\262\367P\3440\360\245A\b.8\257q~\302\263\257\341"  
.string "\377\r\037\020\236h\020A\257qK-\\"\277\300h0\006g\262"  
.string "\347/vE~0vc\036\032r\343\032\232\230a\324%.N\317G\006"  
.string "\366\3442L\222\270\242\334Q\201\216\307\334o\207\276\342"  
.string "\270%&\2661\3446E\377\037\374Q\320\364\013\"P\027\003\333  
.string "\007\257\212~\335\254\252\353bD2\345\305\300\030\231\362"  
.string "\273\326#\372[\032l\230\031j\204$\334Jg9\r\237\236\363\35  
.string "\377\335\273%d\363\346V>\271\221J\301Teu\245"  
.ascii "o\026\005\213."  
.text  
.section .gnu.lto_.symtab.57f4e8b14959f6c4,"",@progbits  
.string "main"  
.string ""  
.string ""  
.string ""  
.string ""  
.string ""
```



Assembly Output with LTO Information (4)

```
.string ""  
.string ""  
.string ""  
.string ""  
.string ""  
.string ""  
.string ""  
.string "\240"  
.string ""  
.string ""  
.text  
.section .gnu.lto_.opts,"",@progbits  
.string "'-fexceptions''-mtune=generic''-march=pentiumpro''-flto'"  
.text  
.section .rodata  
  
.LC0:  
.string "hello, world"
```



Assembly Output with LTO Information (5)

```
.text
.globl main
.type main, @function

main:
.LFB0:

.cfi_startproc
pushl %ebp
.cfi_def_cfa_offset 8
.cfi_offset 5, -8
movl %esp, %ebp
.cfi_def_cfa_register 5
andl $-16, %esp
subl $16, %esp
movl $.LC0, (%esp)
call puts
```



Assembly Output with LTO Information (6)

```
leave
.cfi_restore 5
.cfi_def_cfa 4, 4
ret
.cfi_endproc
.LFE0:
.size main, .-main
.comm __gnu_lto_v1,1,1
.ident "GCC: (GNU) 4.7.2"
.section .note.GNU-stack,"",@progbits
```



Interprocedural Optimizations Using LTO

Whole program optimization needs to see the entire program

- Does it need the entire program *together* in the memory?

Load only the call graph without function bodies

- ▶ Independent computation of summary information of functions
 - ▶ “Adjusting” summary information through whole program analysis over the call graph
 - ▶ Perform transformation independently on functions
- Process the entire program together



Why Avoid Loading Function Bodies?

- Practical programs could be rather large and compilation could become very inefficient
- Many optimizations decisions can be taken by looking at the call graph alone
 - ▶ Procedure Inlining: just looking at the call graph is sufficient
Perhaps some summary size information can be used
 - ▶ Procedure Cloning: some additional summary information about actual parameters of a call is sufficient



Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO

Load complete call graph

Analysis

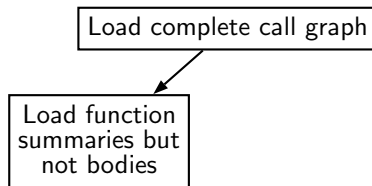
Sequential
Analysis

Transformation



Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO

Analysis



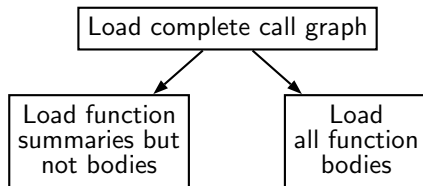
Sequential
Analysis

Transformation



Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO

Analysis



Sequential Analysis

Transformation

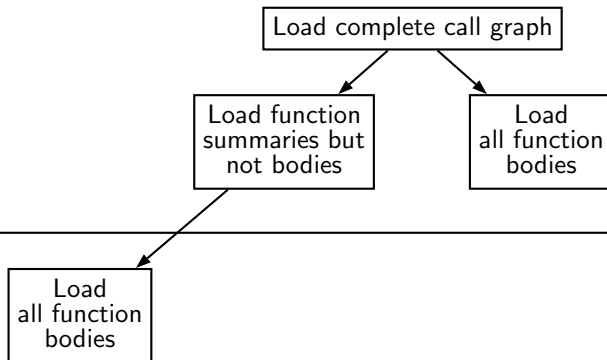


Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO

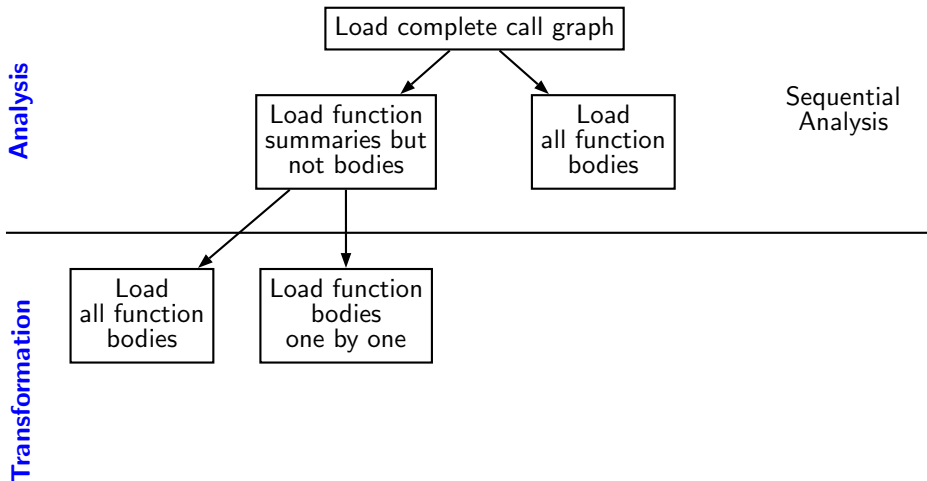
Analysis

Transformation

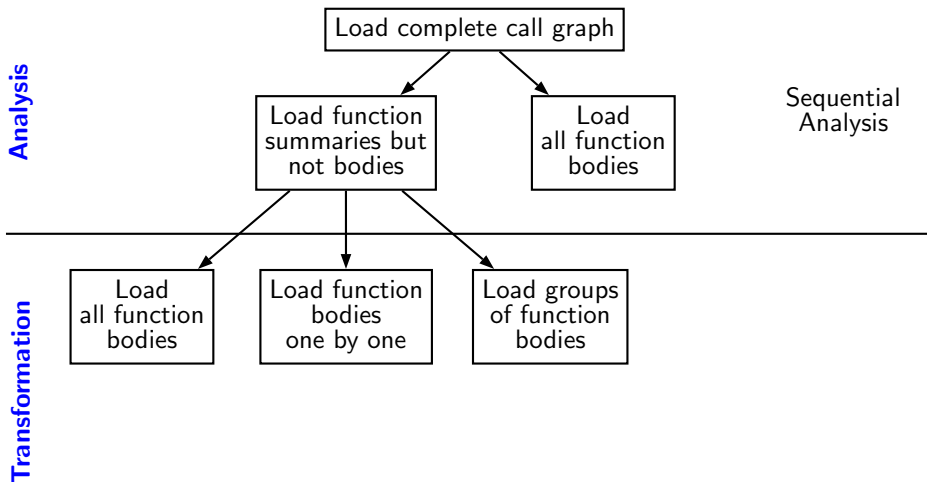
Sequential
Analysis



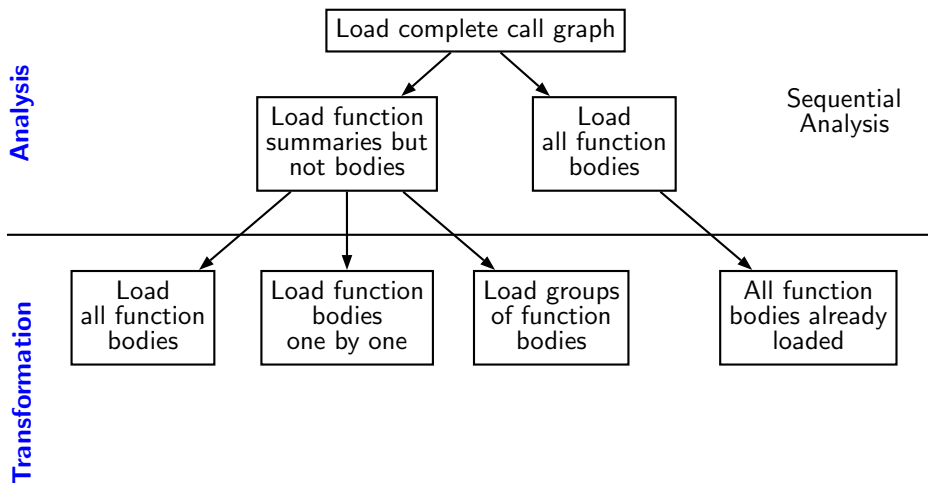
Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO



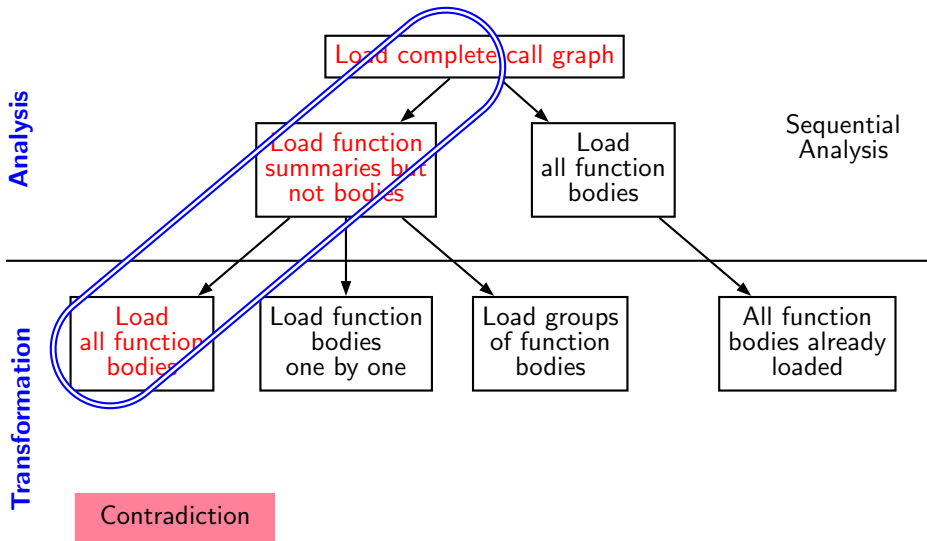
Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO



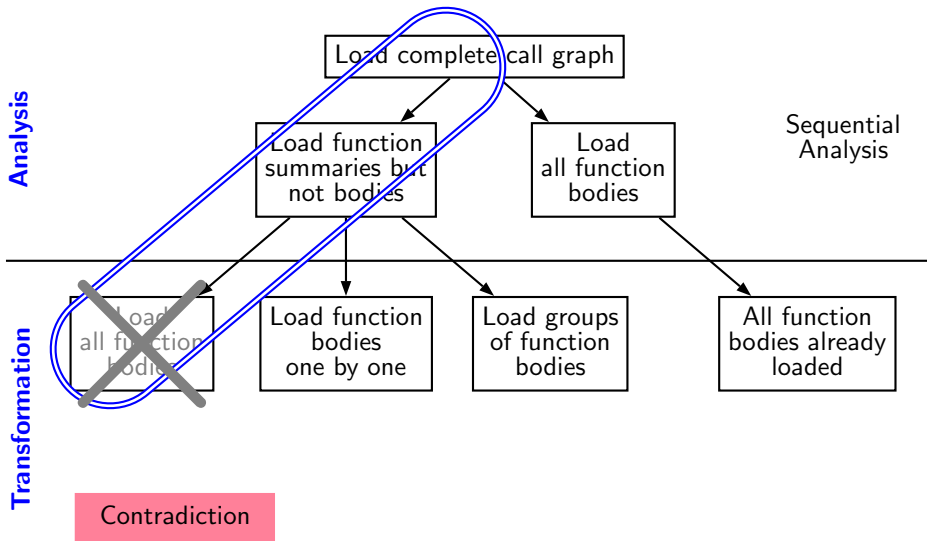
Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO



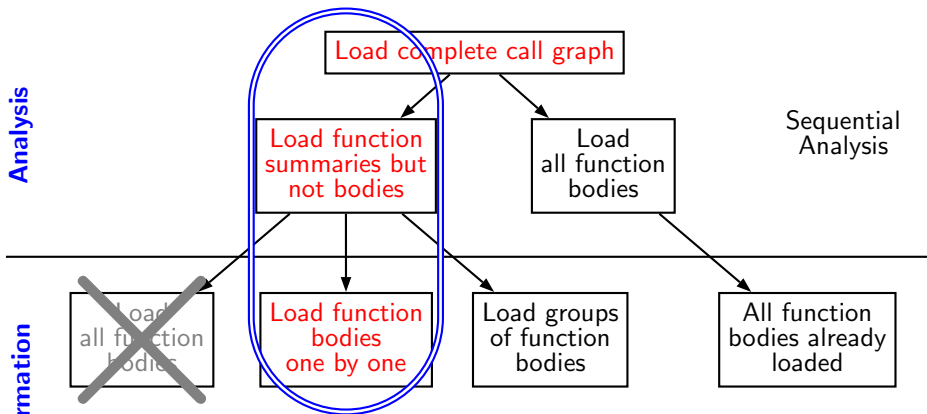
Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO



Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO



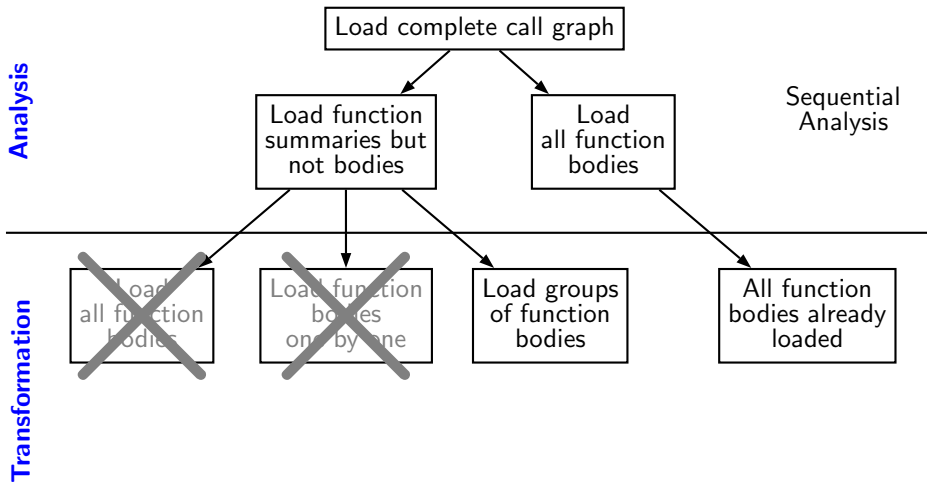
Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO



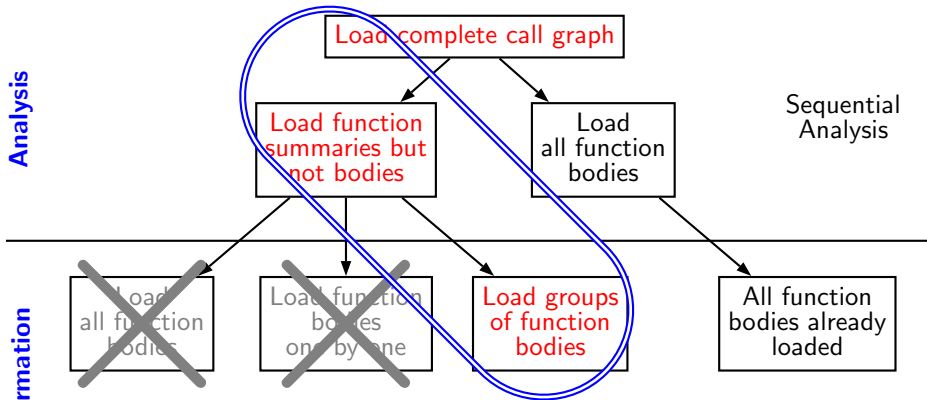
IPA not possible (only one function body at a time)
Strictly sequential transformations



Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO



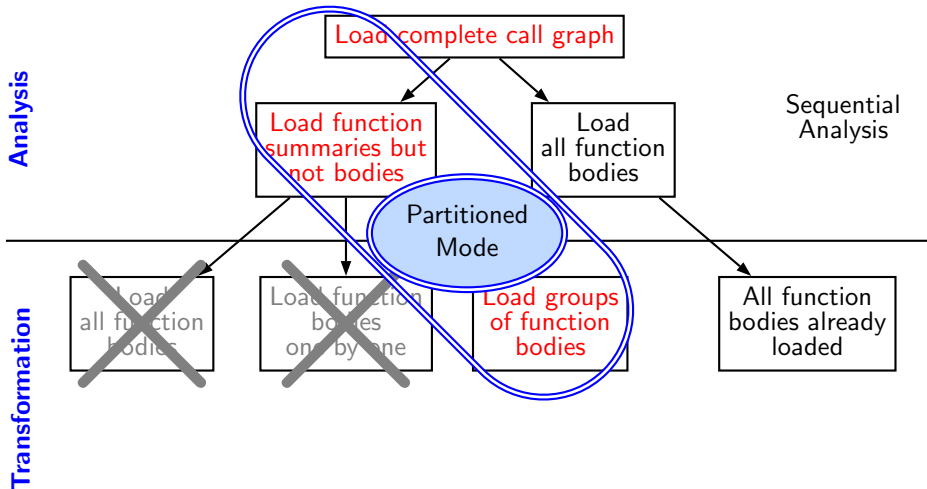
Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO



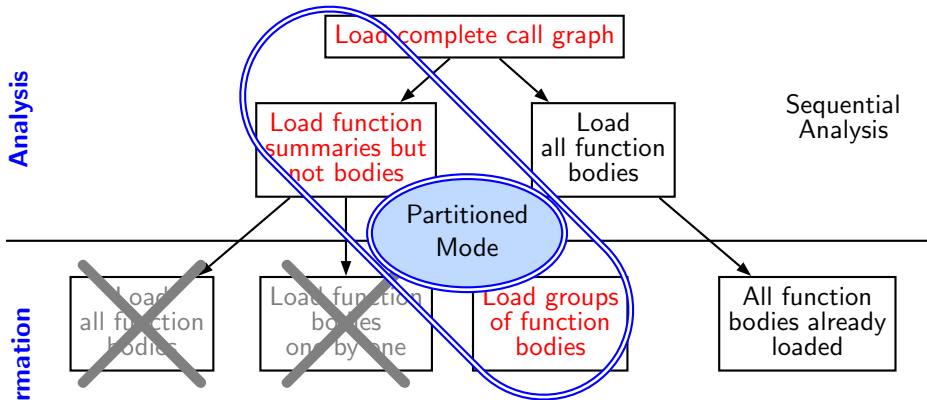
No need to load the entire program in memory
IPA possible (multiple function bodies)
Parallel transformations possible
Analysis and transformations in independent processes



Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO



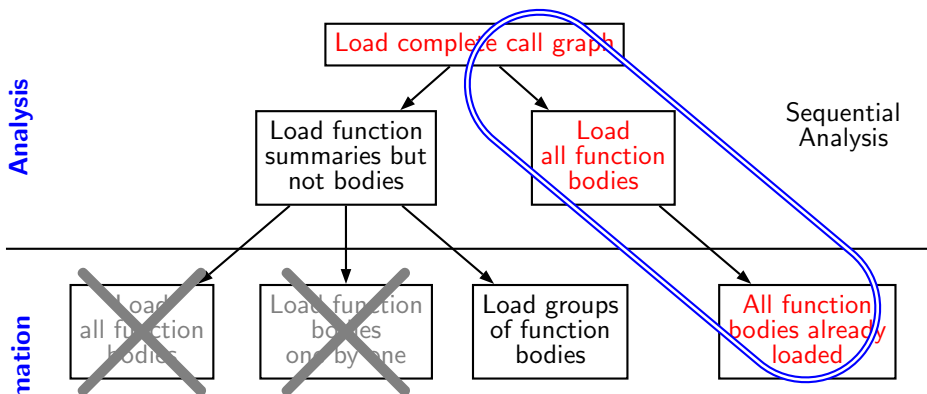
Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO



Balanced partitions `-flto -flto-partitions=balanced`
One Partition per file `-flto -flto-partitions=1to1`
Partitions by number `-flto --params lto-partitions=n`
Partitions by size `-flto --params lto-min-partition=s`



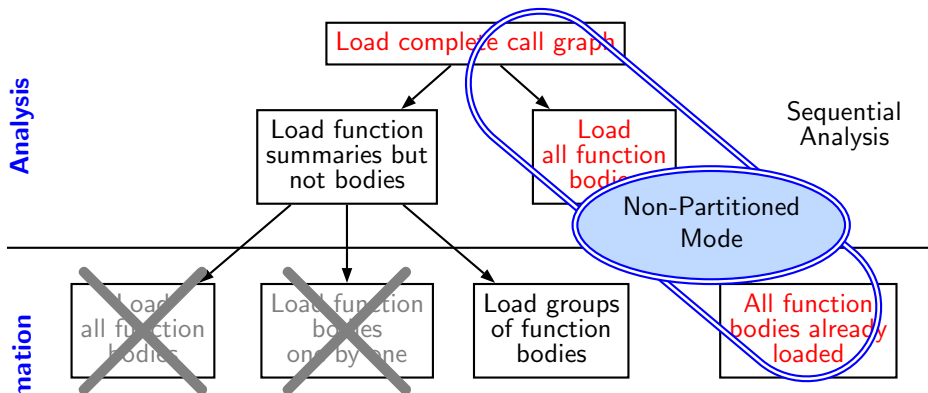
Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO



Entire program needs to be loaded in memory
No partitions `-flto -flto-partitions=none`
Strictly sequential transformations
Analysis and transformations in the same processes



Partitioned and Non-Partitioned LTO



Entire program needs to be loaded in memory
No partitions `-flto -flto-partitions=None`
Strictly sequential transformations
Analysis and transformations in the same processes



Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR Mode of LTO)

- Three steps
 - ▶ LGEN:
 - generation of summary information
 - generation of translation unit information
 - ▶ WPA: Whole Program Analysis
 - Reads the call graph and not function bodies
 - Summary information for each function
 - ▶ LTRANS: Local Transformations



Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR Mode of LTO)

- Three steps
 - ▶ LGEN: Potentially Parallel
 - generation of summary information
 - generation of translation unit information
 - ▶ WPA: Whole Program Analysis
 - Reads the call graph and not function bodies
 - Summary information for each function
 - ▶ LTRANS: Local Transformations



Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR Mode of LTO)

- Three steps
 - ▶ LGEN: Potentially Parallel
 - generation of summary information
 - generation of translation unit information
 - ▶ WPA: Whole Program Analysis Sequential
 - Reads the call graph and not function bodies
 - Summary information for each function
 - ▶ LTRANS: Local Transformations



Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR Mode of LTO)

- Three steps
 - ▶ LGEN: Potentially Parallel
 - generation of summary information
 - generation of translation unit information
 - ▶ WPA: Whole Program Analysis Sequential
 - Reads the call graph and not function bodies
 - Summary information for each function
 - ▶ LTRANS: Local Transformations Potentially Parallel



Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR Mode of LTO)

- Three steps
 - ▶ LGEN: Potentially Parallel
 - generation of summary information
 - generation of translation unit information
 - ▶ WPA: Whole Program Analysis Sequential
 - Reads the call graph and not function bodies
 - Summary information for each function
 - ▶ LTRANS: Local Transformations Potentially Parallel
- Processing sequence



Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR Mode of LTO)

- Three steps
 - ▶ LGEN: Potentially Parallel
 - generation of summary information
 - generation of translation unit information
 - ▶ WPA: Whole Program Analysis Sequential
 - Reads the call graph and not function bodies
 - Summary information for each function
 - ▶ LTRANS: Local Transformations Potentially Parallel
- Processing sequence
 - ▶ gcc executes LGEN
 - ▶ Subsequent process of lto1 executes WPA
 - ▶ Subsequent independent processes of lto1 execute LTRANS



Non-Partitioned LTO

- Two steps
 - ▶ LGEN:
 - generation of translation unit information
 - no summary
 - ▶ IPA: Inter-Procedural Analysis
 - Reads the call graph and function bodies
 - Performs analysis and transformation

IPA is a whole program analysis
(processes the entire program together)



Non-Partitioned LTO

- Two steps
 - ▶ LGEN: Potentially Parallel
 - generation of translation unit information
 - no summary
 - ▶ IPA: Inter-Procedural Analysis
 - Reads the call graph and function bodies
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IPA is a whole program analysis
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Non-Partitioned LTO

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 - ▶ LGEN: Potentially Parallel
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 - no summary
 - ▶ IPA: Inter-Procedural Analysis Sequential
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 - Performs analysis and transformation

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(processes the entire program together)



Non-Partitioned LTO

- Two steps
 - ▶ LGEN: Potentially Parallel
 - generation of translation unit information
 - no summary
 - ▶ IPA: Inter-Procedural Analysis Sequential
 - Reads the call graph and function bodies
 - Performs analysis and transformation

IPA is a whole program analysis
(processes the entire program together)

- Processing sequence



Non-Partitioned LTO

- Two steps
 - ▶ LGEN: Potentially Parallel
 - generation of translation unit information
 - no summary
 - ▶ IPA: Inter-Procedural Analysis Sequential
 - Reads the call graph and function bodies
 - Performs analysis and transformation

IPA is a whole program analysis
(processes the entire program together)

- Processing sequence
 - ▶ gcc executes LGEN
 - ▶ Subsequent process of lto1 executes IPA



LTO Pass Hooks

```
struct ipa_opt_pass_d
{
    struct opt_pass pass;
    void (*generate_summary) (void);
    void (*read_summary) (void);
    void (*write_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                           struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*write_optimization_summary)(struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                                       struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*read_optimization_summary) (void);
    void (*stmt_fixup) (struct cgraph_node *, gimple *);
    unsigned int function_transform_todo_flags_start;
    unsigned int (*function_transform) (struct cgraph_node *);
    void (*variable_transform) (struct varpool_node *);
};
```



LTO Pass Hooks

```
struct ipa_opt_pass_d
{
    struct opt_pass pass;
    void (*generate_summary) (void);
    void (*read_summary) (void);
    void (*write_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                           struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*write_optimization_summary)(struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                                       struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*read_optimization_summary) (void);
    void (*stmt_fixup) (struct cgraph_node *, gimple *);
    unsigned int function_transform_todo_flags_start;
    unsigned int (*function_transform) (struct cgraph_node *);
    void (*variable_transform) (struct varpool_node *);
};
```

LGEM for Partitioned LTO



LTO Pass Hooks

```
struct ipa_opt_pass_d
{
    struct opt_pass pass;
    void (*generate_summary) (void);
    void (*read_summary) (void);
    void (*write_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                           struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*write_optimization_summary)(struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                                       struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*read_optimization_summary) (void);
    void (*stmt_fixup) (struct cgraph_node *, gimple *);
    unsigned int function_transform_todo_flags_start;
    unsigned int (*function_transform) (struct cgraph_node *);
    void (*variable_transform) (struct varpool_node *);
};
```

LGEM for Non-Partitioned LTO



LTO Pass Hooks

```
struct ipa_opt_pass_d
{
    struct opt_pass pass; (member void (*execute) (void));
    void (*generate_summary) (void);
    void (*read_summary) (void);
    void (*write_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                           struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*write_optimization_summary)(struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                                       struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*read_optimization_summary) (void);
    void (*stmt_fixup) (struct cgraph_node *, gimple *);
    unsigned int function_transform_todo_flags_start;
    unsigned int (*function_transform) (struct cgraph_node *);
    void (*variable_transform) (struct varpool_node *);
};
```

WPA for Partitioned LTO



LTO Pass Hooks

```
struct ipa_opt_pass_d
{
    struct opt_pass pass; (member void (*execute) (void));
    void (*generate_summary) (void);
    void (*read_summary) (void);
    void (*write_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                           struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*write_optimization_summary)(struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                                       struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*read_optimization_summary) (void);
    void (*stmt_fixup) (struct cgraph_node *, gimple *);
    unsigned int function_transform_todo_flags_start;
    unsigned int (*function_transform) (struct cgraph_node *);
    void (*variable_transform) (struct varpool_node *);
};
```

IPA for Non-Partitioned LTO



LTO Pass Hooks

```
struct ipa_opt_pass_d
{
    struct opt_pass pass;
    void (*generate_summary) (void);
    void (*read_summary) (void);
    void (*write_summary) (struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                           struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*write_optimization_summary)(struct cgraph_node_set_def *,
                                       struct varpool_node_set_def *);
    void (*read_optimization_summary) (void);
    void (*stmt_fixup) (struct cgraph_node *, gimple *);
    unsigned int function_transform_todo_flags_start;
    unsigned int (*function_transform) (struct cgraph_node *);
    void (*variable_transform) (struct varpool_node *);
};
```

LTRANS for Partitioned LTO



lto1 Control Flow

```
lto_main
  lto_init
    lto_process_name
    lto_reader_init
  read_cgraph_and_symbols
  if (flag_wpa)
    /* WPA for partitioned LTO */
    do_whole_program_analysis
      materialize_cgraph
      execute_ipa_pass_list (all_regular_ipa_passes)
      lto_wpa_write_files
  else
    /* IPA for non-partitioned LTO */
    /* Only LTRANS for partitioned LTO */
    materialize_cgraph
    cgraph_optimize
```



cc1 Control Flow: A Recap

```
toplev_main    /* In file toplev.c */
  compile_file
    lang_hooks.parse_file=>c_common_parse_file
    lang_hooks.decls.final_write_globals=>c_write_global_declarations
    cgraph_finalize_compilation_unit
      cgraph_analyze_functions      /* Create GIMPLE */
      cgraph_analyze_function      /* Create GIMPLE */
      ...
    cgraph_optimize
      ipa_passes
        execute_ipa_pass_list(all_small_ipa_passes) /*!in lto*/
        execute_ipa_summary_passes(all_regular_ipa_passes)
        execute_ipa_summary_passes(all_lto_gen_passes)
        ipa_write_summaries
      execute_ipa_pass_list(all_late_ipa_passes)
      cgraph_expand_all_functions
        cgraph_expand_function
        /* Intra. GIMPLE, expansion, and RTL passes */
```



cc1 and Non-Partitioned lto1

```
toplev_main
```

```
...
```

```
  compile_file
```

```
  ...
```

```
    cgraph_analyze_function
```

```
cc1
```

```
  cgraph_optimize
```

```
  ...
```

```
    ipa_passes
```

```
    ...
```

```
      cgraph_expand_all_functions
```

```
      ...
```

```
        tree_rest_of_compilation
```



cc1 and Non-Partitioned lto1

```
toplev_main
...
  compile_file
...
  cgraph_analyze_function
```

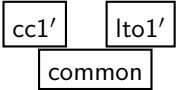
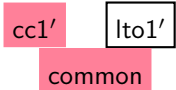
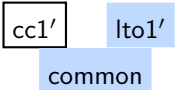
```
lto_main
...
  read_cgraph_and_symbols
...
  materialize_cgraph
```

```
cgraph_optimize
...
  ipa_passes
...
  cgraph_expand_all_functions
...
  tree_rest_of_compilation
```

lto1

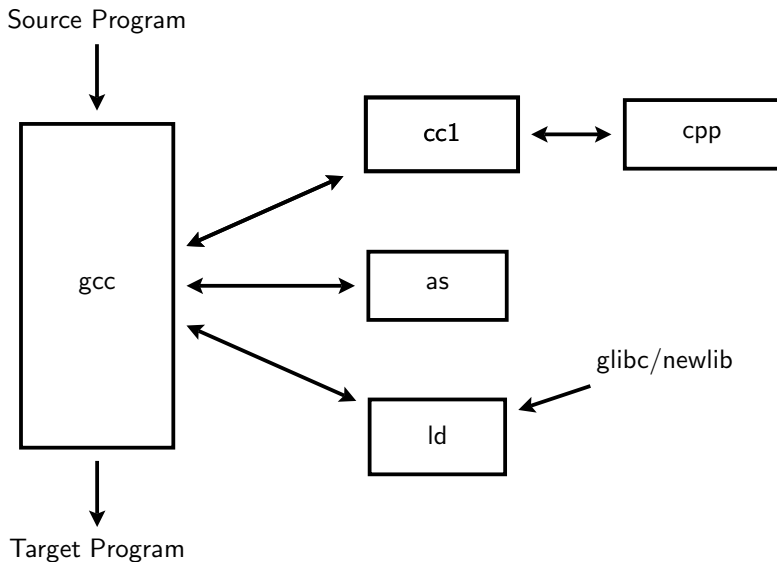


Our Pictorial Convention

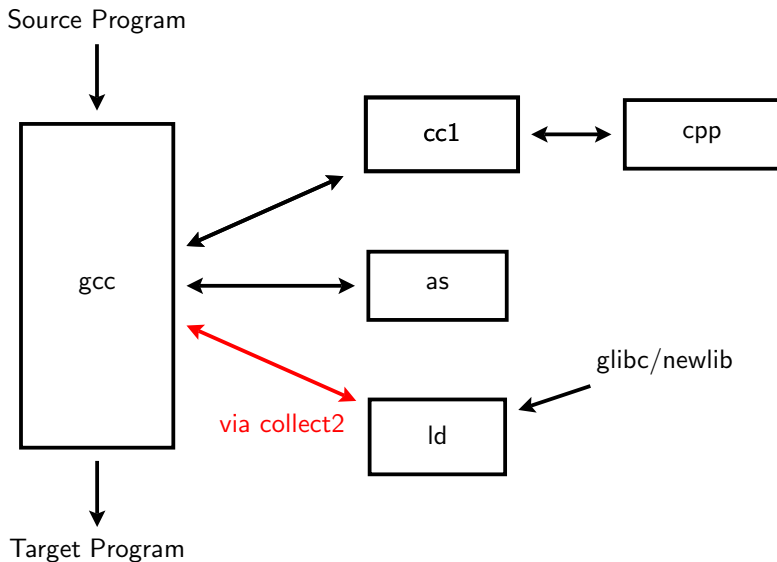
Source code	
cc1 executable	
lto1 executable	



The GNU Tool Chain: Our First Picture



The GNU Tool Chain: Our First Picture



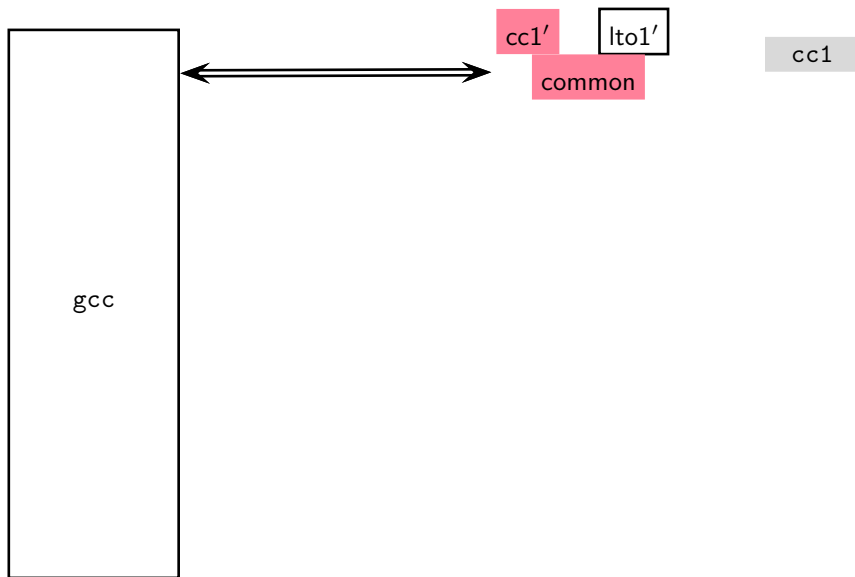
The GNU Tool Chain for Non-Partitioned LTO Support



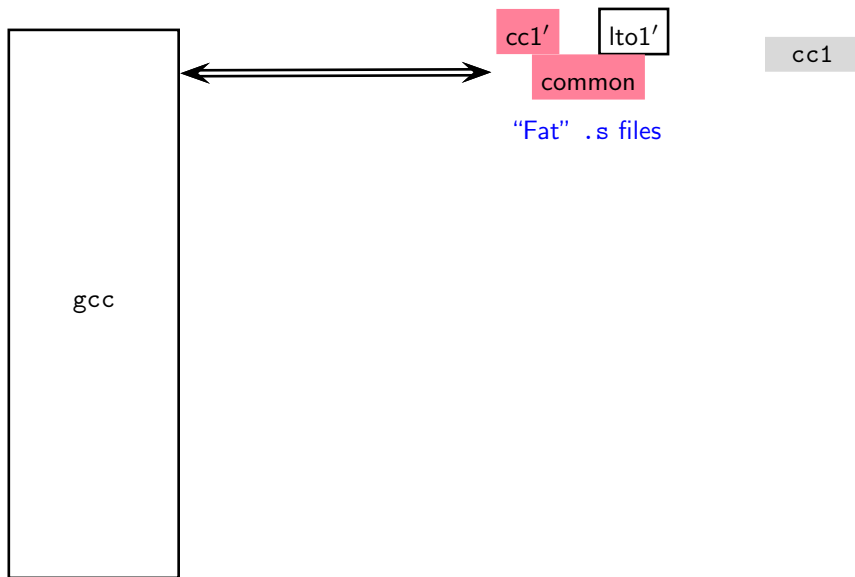
gcc



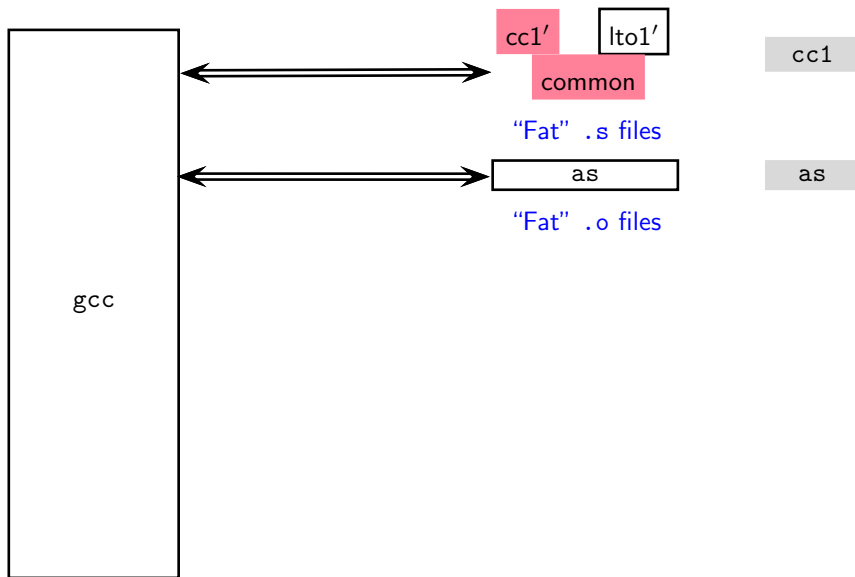
The GNU Tool Chain for Non-Partitioned LTO Support



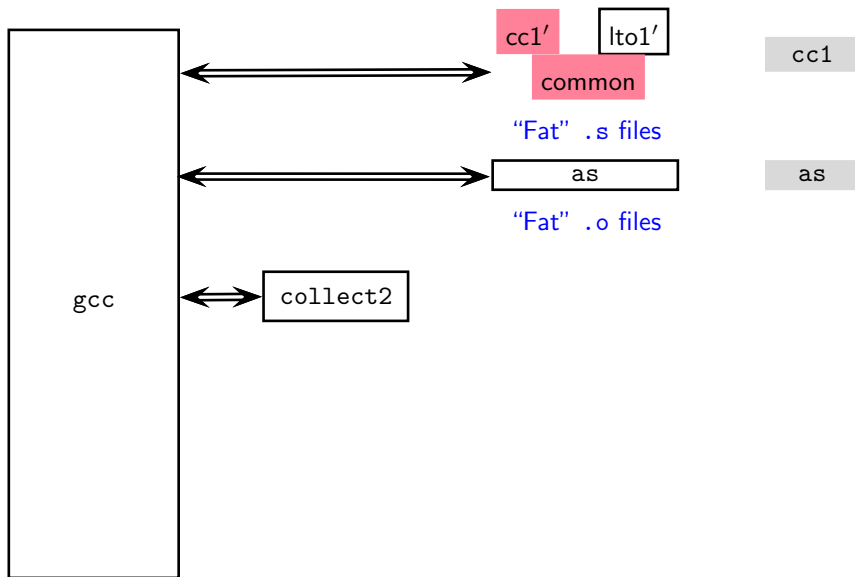
The GNU Tool Chain for Non-Partitioned LTO Support



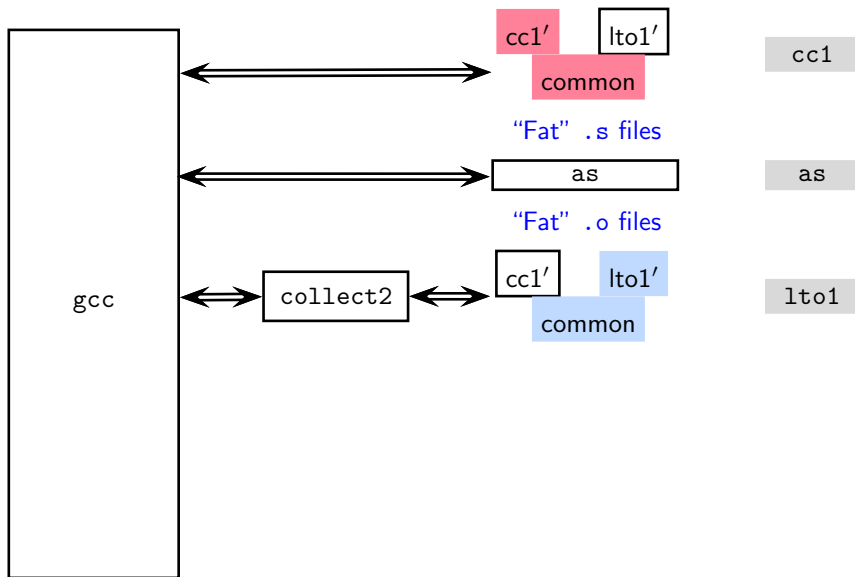
The GNU Tool Chain for Non-Partitioned LTO Support



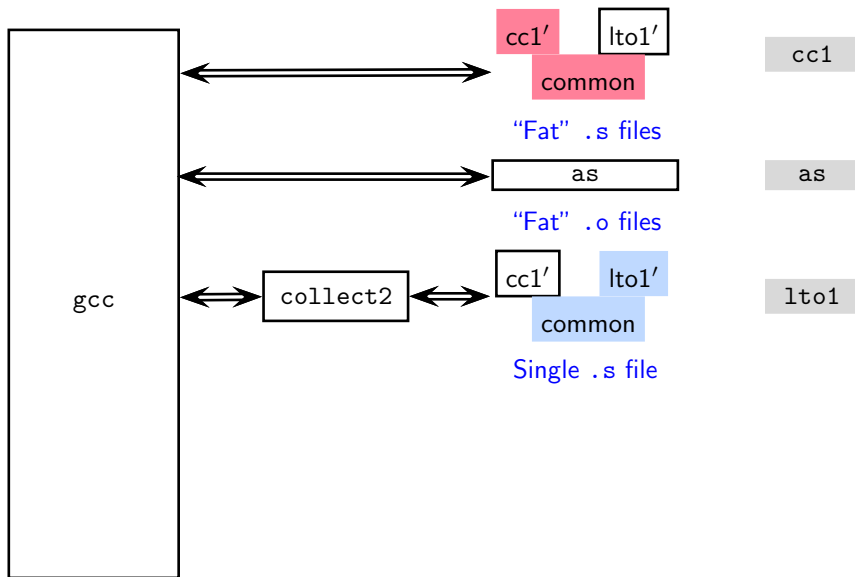
The GNU Tool Chain for Non-Partitioned LTO Support



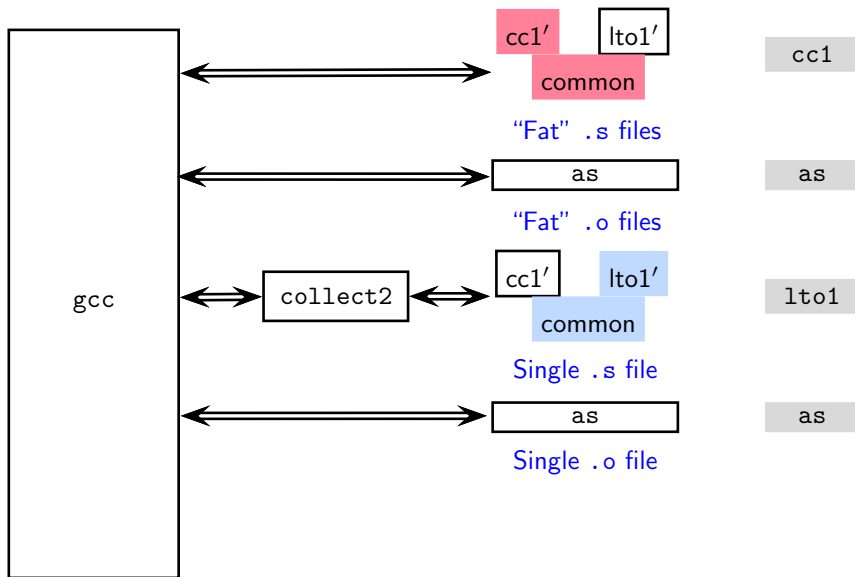
The GNU Tool Chain for Non-Partitioned LTO Support



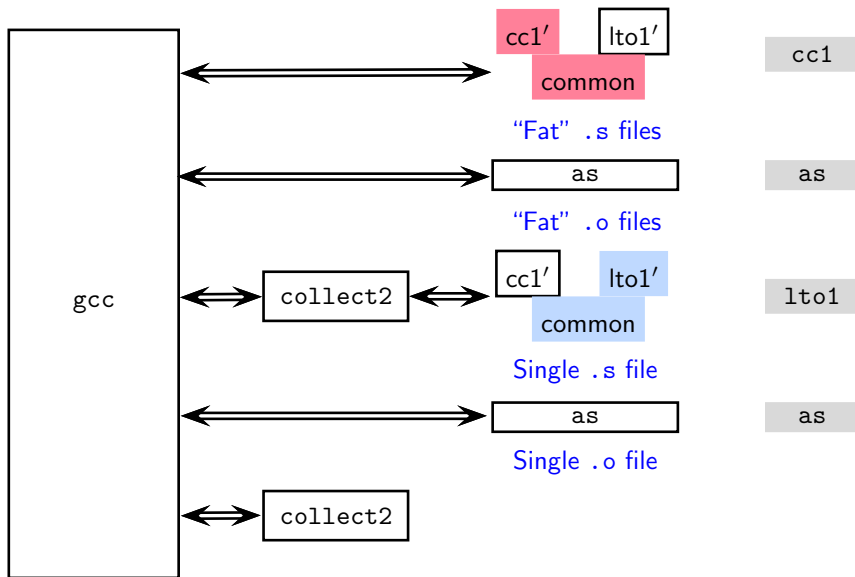
The GNU Tool Chain for Non-Partitioned LTO Support



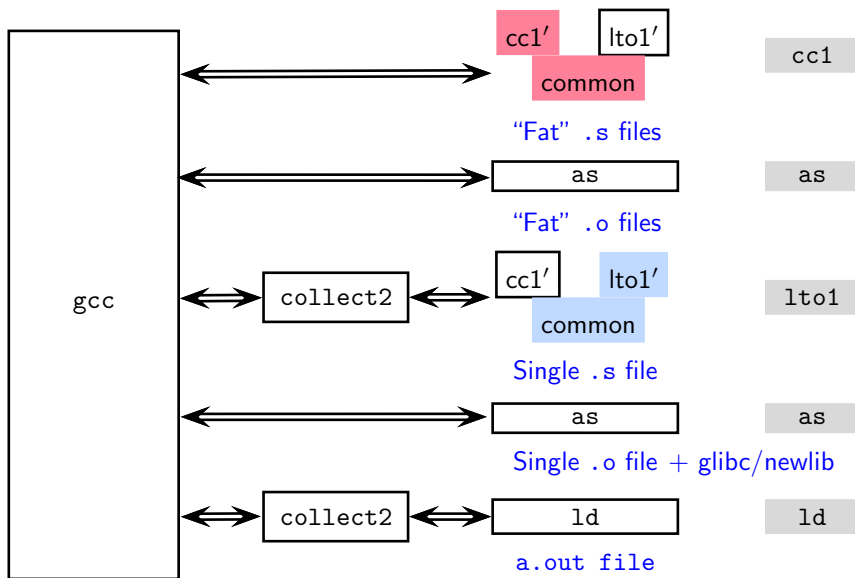
The GNU Tool Chain for Non-Partitioned LTO Support



The GNU Tool Chain for Non-Partitioned LTO Support



The GNU Tool Chain for Non-Partitioned LTO Support



The GNU Tool Chain for Non-Partitioned LTO Support

cc1'

lto1'

Common Code (executed twice for each function in the input program for single process LTO. Once during LGEN and then during WPA + LTRANS)

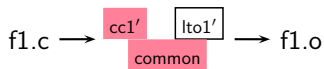
```
cgraph_optimize
  ipa_passes
    execute_ipa_pass_list(all_small_ipa_passes) /*!in lto*/
    execute_ipa_summary_passes(all_regular_ipa_passes)
    execute_ipa_summary_passes(all_lto_gen_passes)
    ipa_write_summaries
  execute_ipa_pass_list(all_late_ipa_passes)
  cgraph_expand_all_functions
  cgraph_expand_function
  /* Intraprocedural passes on GIMPLE, */
  /* expansion pass, and passes on RTL. */
```

cgraph_optimize



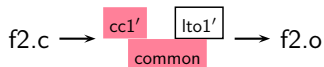
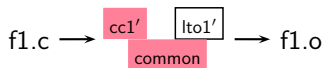
Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR LTO)

Option `-flto -c`



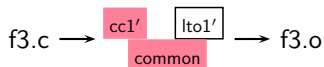
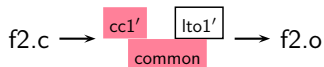
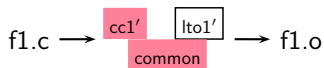
Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR LTO)

Option `-flto -c`

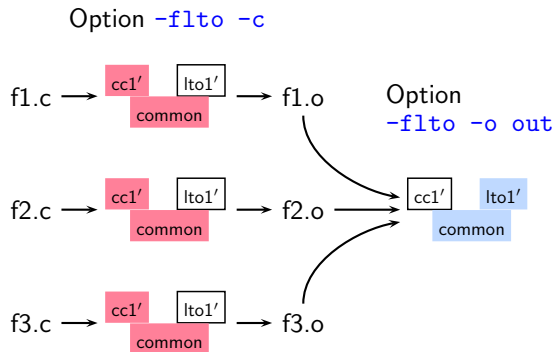


Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR LTO)

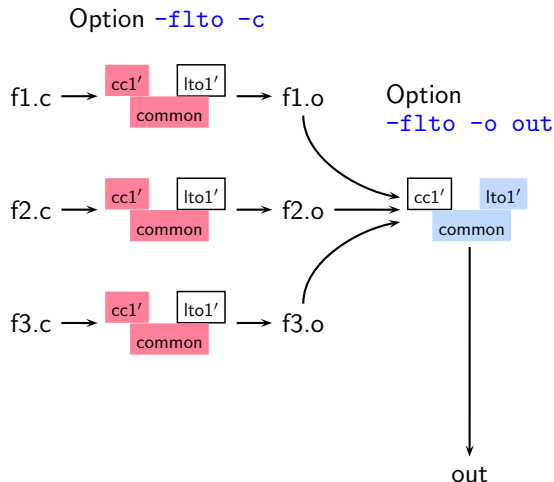
Option `-flto -c`



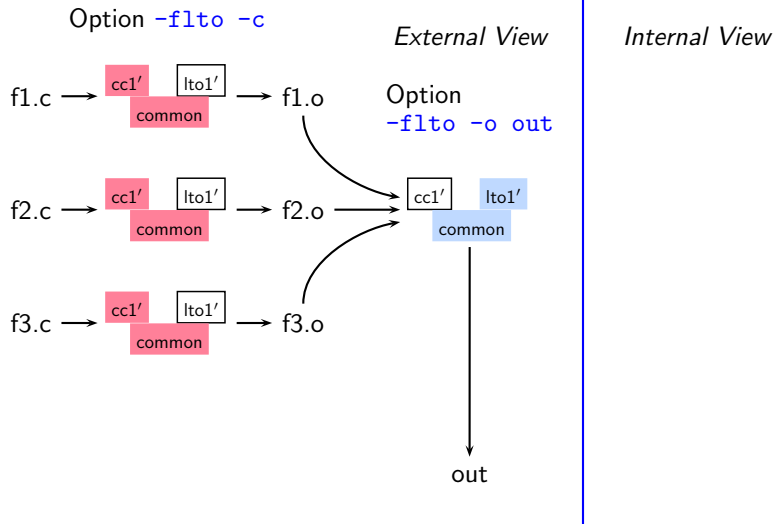
Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR LTO)



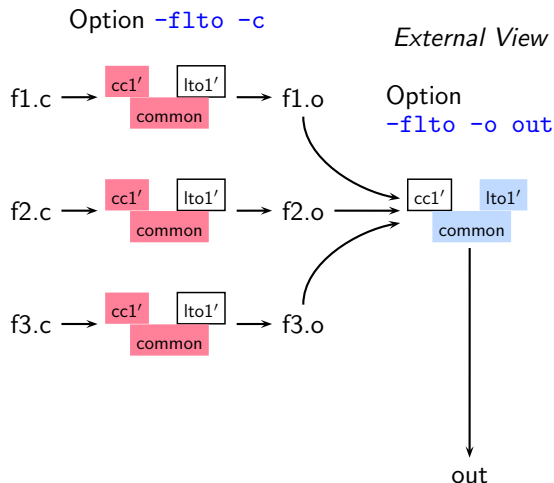
Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR LTO)



Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR LTO)



Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR LTO)



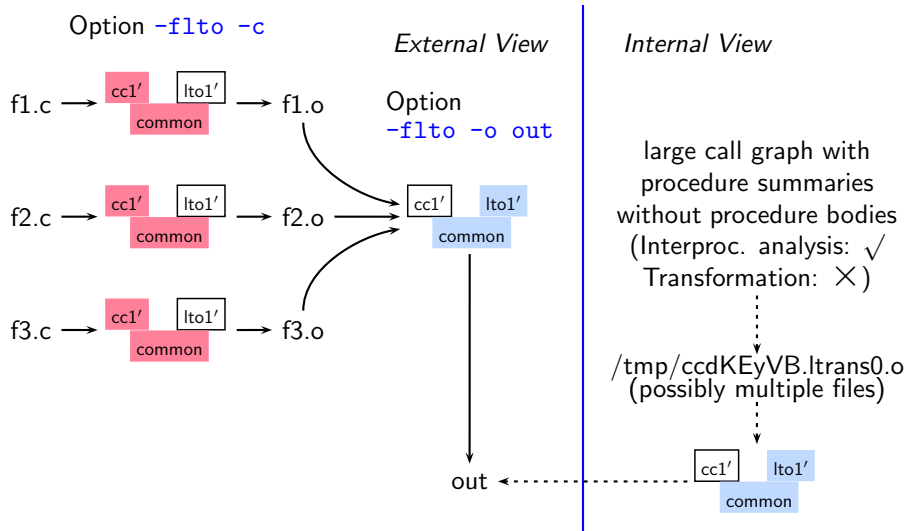
Internal View

large call graph with
procedure summaries
without procedure bodies
(Interproc. analysis: ✓
Transformation: ✗)

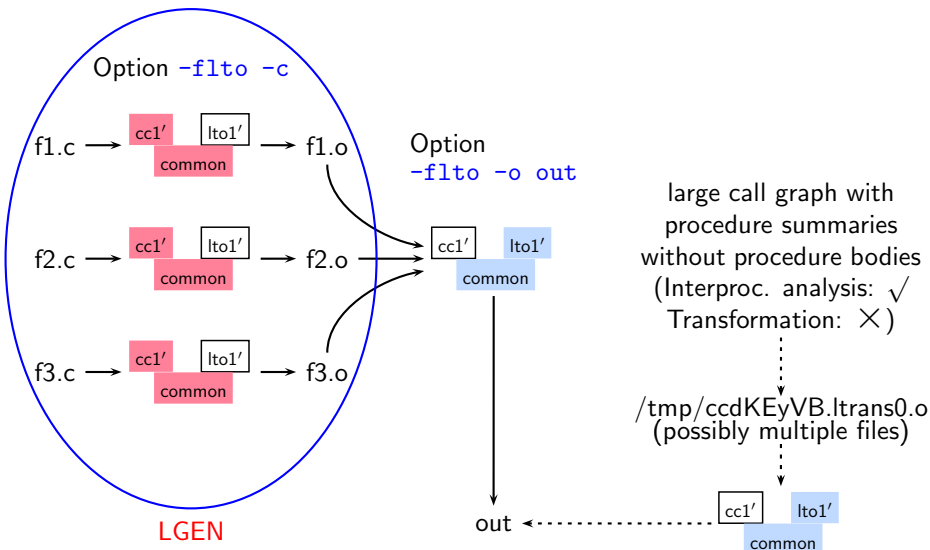
↓
/tmp/ccdKEyVB.ltrans0.o
(possibly multiple files)



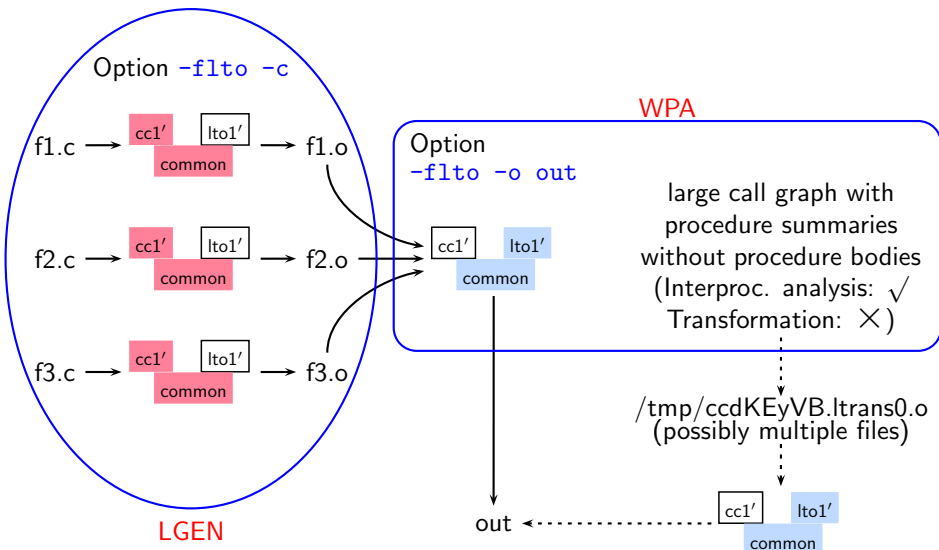
Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR LTO)



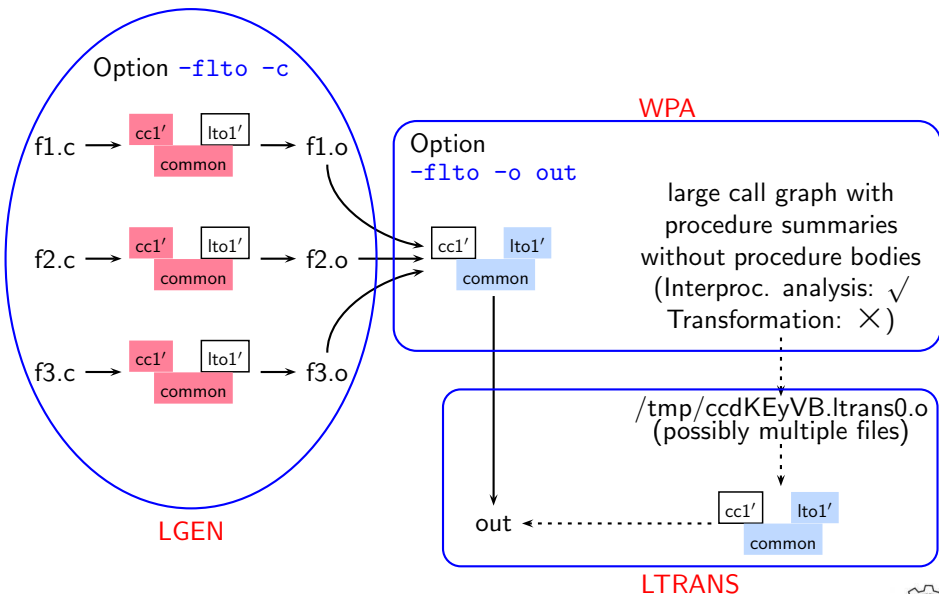
Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR LTO)



Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR LTO)

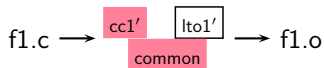


Partitioned LTO (aka WHOPR LTO)



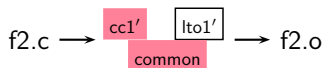
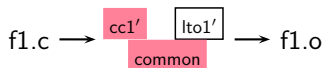
Non-Partitioned LTO

Option `-flto -c`



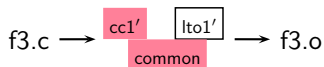
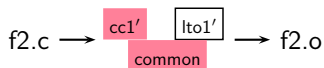
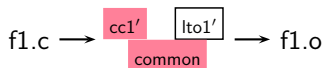
Non-Partitioned LTO

Option `-flto -c`

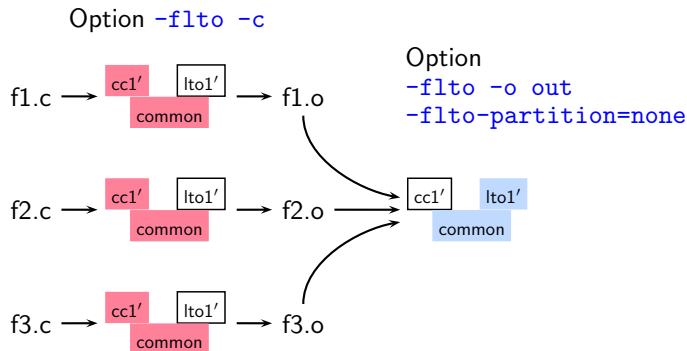


Non-Partitioned LTO

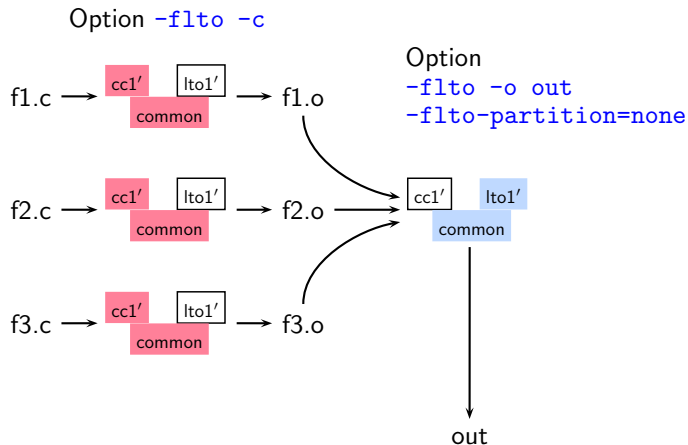
Option `-flto -c`



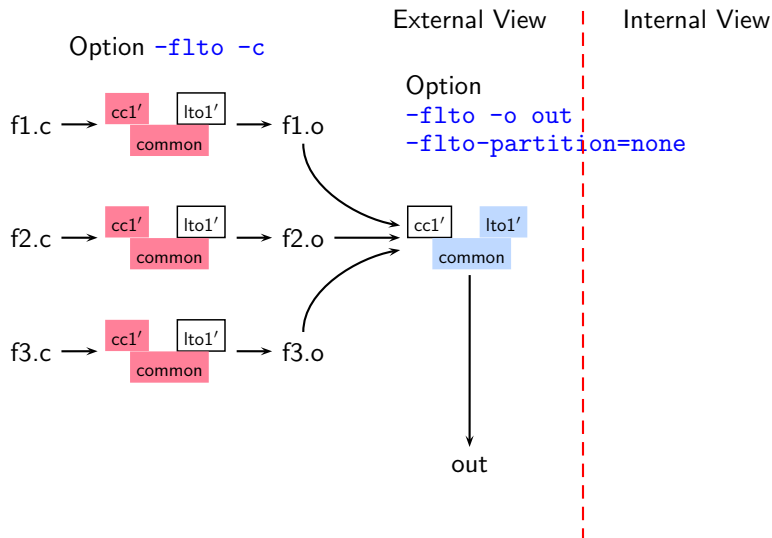
Non-Partitioned LTO



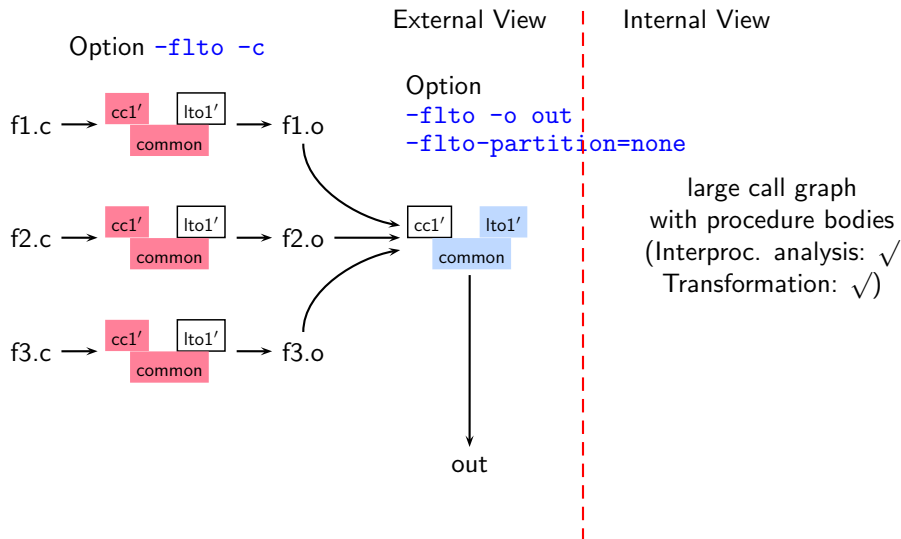
Non-Partitioned LTO



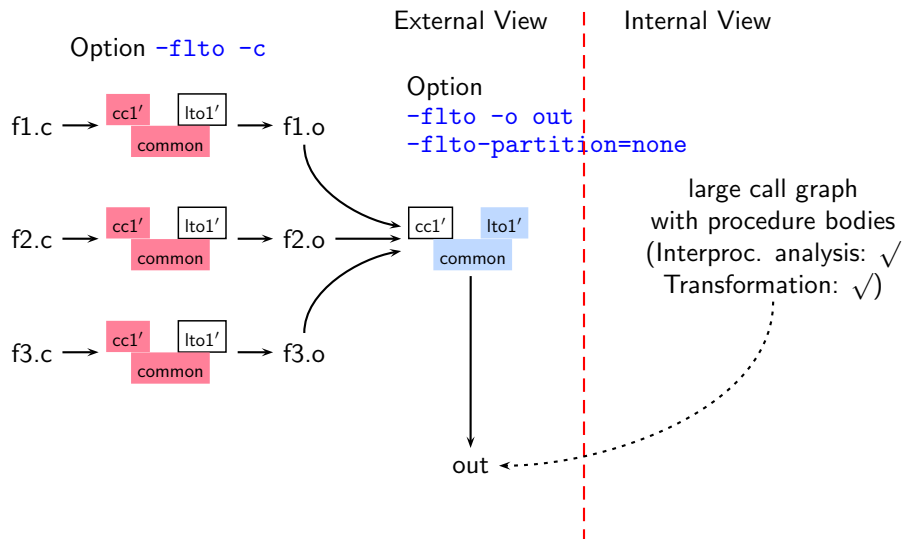
Non-Partitioned LTO



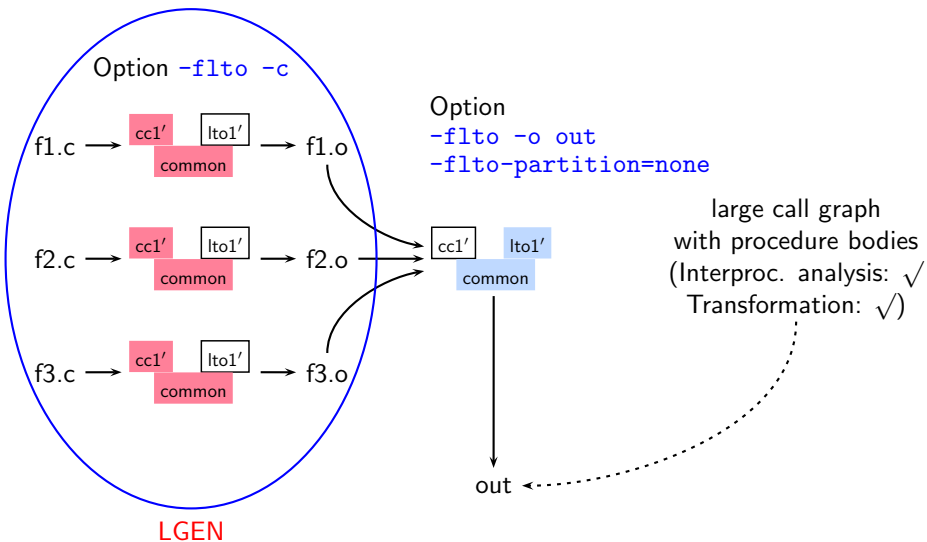
Non-Partitioned LTO



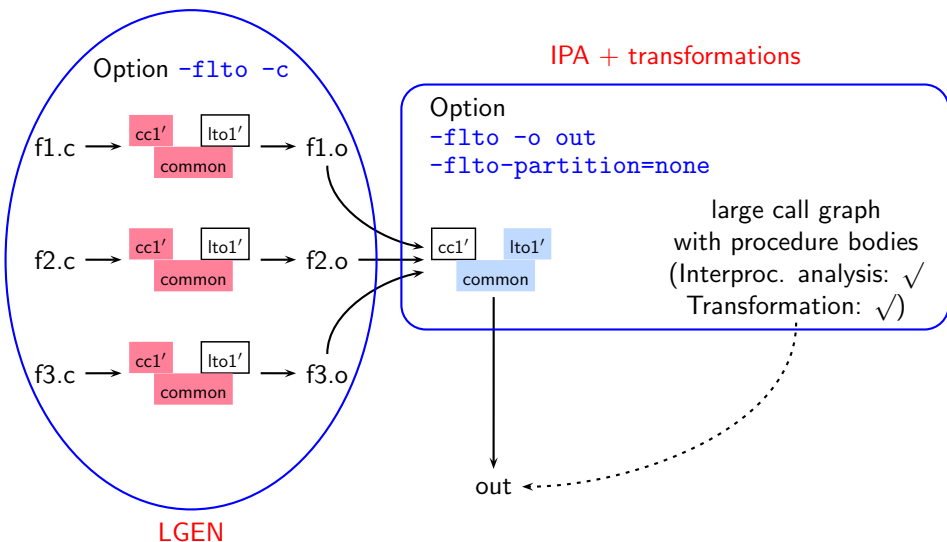
Non-Partitioned LTO



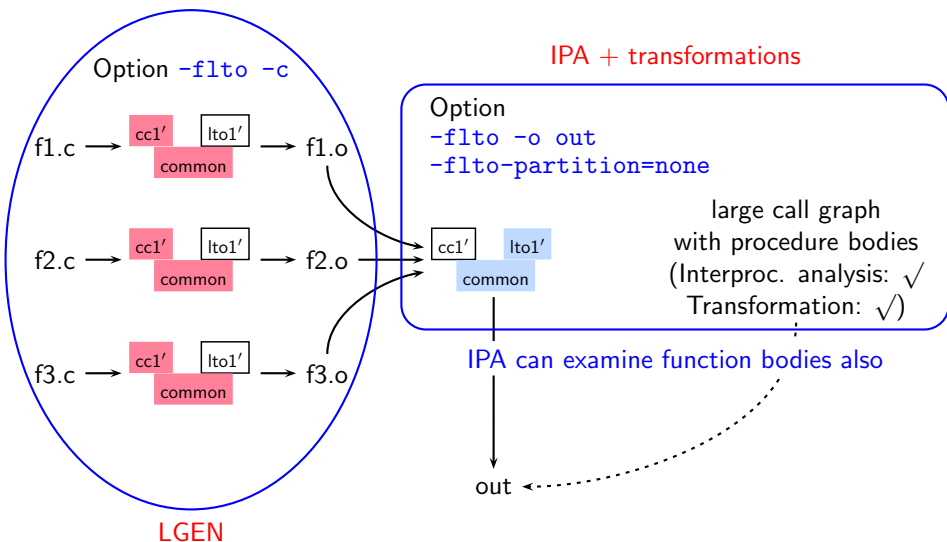
Non-Partitioned LTO



Non-Partitioned LTO



Non-Partitioned LTO



Part 6

Conclusions

Conclusions

- Excellent mechanism of plugging in different
 - ▶ translators in the main driver
 - ▶ front ends, passes, and back ends in the main compiler
- However, the plugins have been used in an adhoc manner
- LTO is a good support for interprocedural analysis and optimization
 - It would be useful to support an LTO mode that
 - creates a large call graph of the entire program with
 - on-demand loading of procedure bodies for
 - enabling examining procedure bodies for interprocedural analysis

