

## Assignment 1

Total Marks: 100

Deadline: Sep 6, Friday, 5 pm

Note: Please write your answers precisely and succinctly. You are not supposed to discuss the problems with anyone else. If you need hints/clarifications, ask on Piazza or in the class.

- (5 marks) Prove that the following problem is undecidable. Given two C++ programs, whether they have the same input output behavior (that is, on any input, one program halts if and only if the other one halts, and moreover their outputs are same).
- (5 marks) Consider an infinite Turing Machine (ITM), which same as a TM except that the set of states  $Q$  is infinite and the number of accepting states is finite. Argue that ITM is not a reasonable model of computation. One way to argue can be to show an undecidable language that is accepted by ITM.
- (5 marks) Prove that for a system of linear equation, if there is a solution then there is solution whose size is polynomial in the input size. Hint: formula for matrix inverse and determinant
- (10 marks) Consider a decision version of the discrete log problem, given numbers  $a, b, c$  and prime  $p$ , is there a number  $1 \leq r \leq c$  such that  $a^r \equiv b \pmod{p}$ ? Prove that this problem is in  $\text{NP} \cap \text{coNP}$ . Note that there may be more than one values of  $r$  that satisfy the given equation.
- (10 marks) Let us define the class exponential time as

$$\text{EXP} = \cup_{c \geq 1} \text{DTIME}(2^{n^c}).$$

A language  $L$  is called EXP-complete if  $L$  is in EXP and every language in EXP can be reduced to  $L$  in polynomial time. Argue that the following language is EXP-complete.

Input: a string  $x \in \{0, 1\}^*$  and an encoding of a Boolean circuit  $C$  with  $|x|$  input gates.

The encoding of the Boolean circuit is not explicit. It is represented by two functions. Function  $f(i, j)$  says whether  $i$ th gate has a wire coming in from  $j$ th gate. Function  $g(i)$  says whether  $i$ th gate is an AND, OR, or NOT gate. The functions  $f$  and  $g$  are given as two Boolean circuits.

Output: the output of encoded circuit  $C$  on input string  $x$ .

- (7 marks) Reduce problem 1 to problem 2 in polynomial time.  
 Problem 1: Given a directed graph, two vertices  $s, t$ , and a number  $k$ , is there a path from  $s$  to  $t$  of length at least  $k$ ?  
 Problem 2: Given an undirected graph, two vertices  $s, t$ , and a number  $k$ , is there a path between  $s$  and  $t$  of length at least  $k$ ?
- (8 marks) We are given a Boolean formula  $\psi(x, y)$  in two sets of Boolean variables  $x = \{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n\}$  and  $y = \{y_1, y_2, \dots, y_m\}$ . For a given assignment to the variables, let  $\# \text{clause}(\psi(\cdot))$  denote the number of clauses satisfied by the assignment. We want to find

$$\min_{x \in \{T, F\}^n} \max_{y \in \{T, F\}^m} \# \text{clause}(\psi(x, y)).$$

Find an appropriate decision problem for this optimization problem. Can you say if the decision problem is in NP, or in coNP? Give an explanation.