

Interdisciplinarity and Engineering

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Dedicated to the memory of Prof. D.M. Dhamdhere
My first teacher of Computer Science.



Interdisciplinarity and Engineering

Where will jobs come from
How will the new society work

Public Transport as an Example

(Work of Sudhanshu, Anshu, Sunny, Anshul, Ramya and Jitu Sir)

What will we cover

What is engineering.

- How do we measure it.
 - How are we doing.
- Engineering Systems -
Embedded in society.

Public Transport - A Case Study

- Importance of public transport.
Measuring public transport.
- A Taluka Bus Depot.
- Form IV and what it allows us
- Ticketing and what that gives us
- GIS and its uses
- Optimization models

Conclusions

Engineering Questions

Industrial

- Make food products and ganapatis, mosquito swatters, masks, ventilators
- Capacity to manufacture fighter-planes, or CNC machines, refine petroleum, create databases, polish rice

Social Metrics - Consumption Side

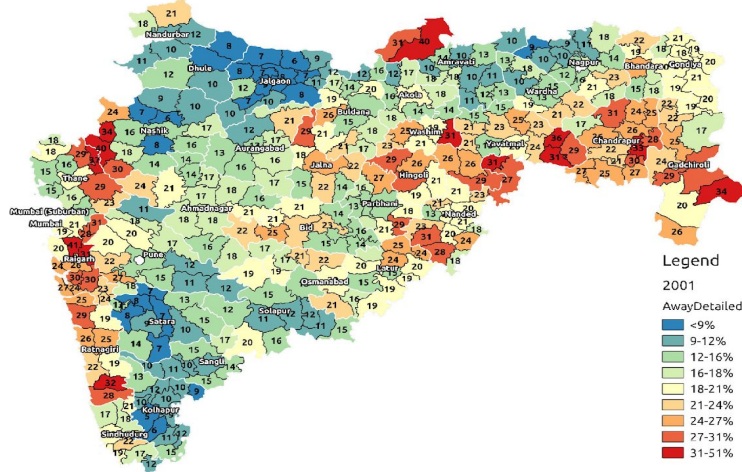
- Number of microscopes per 1 million
- Number of Buses per 1 million
- %-age farmers with access to electricity
- %-age with tap water at home

Other social metrics

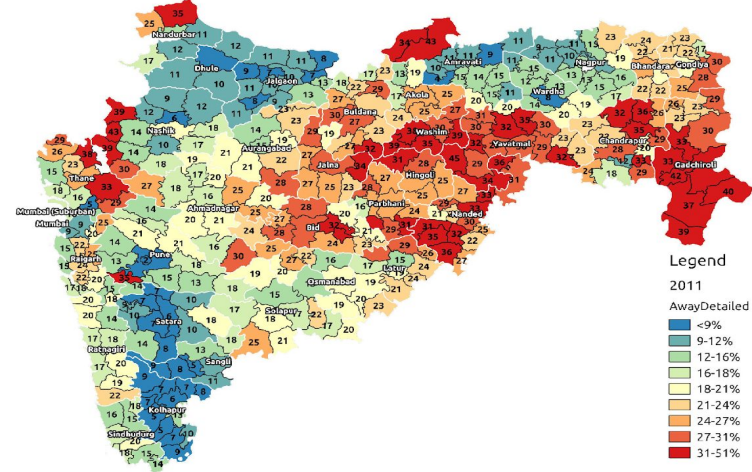
- Number of books published per 1 million
- Number of different birds seen within a district
- How much time is there free flow in the river after monsoons?
- Number of inter-caste marriages

Development Deficit

Percentage of Rural Households with Primary Source more than 500m away (2001)



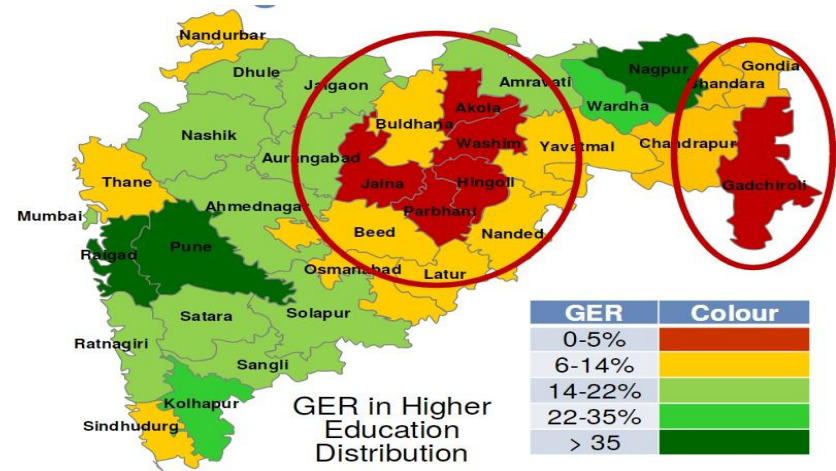
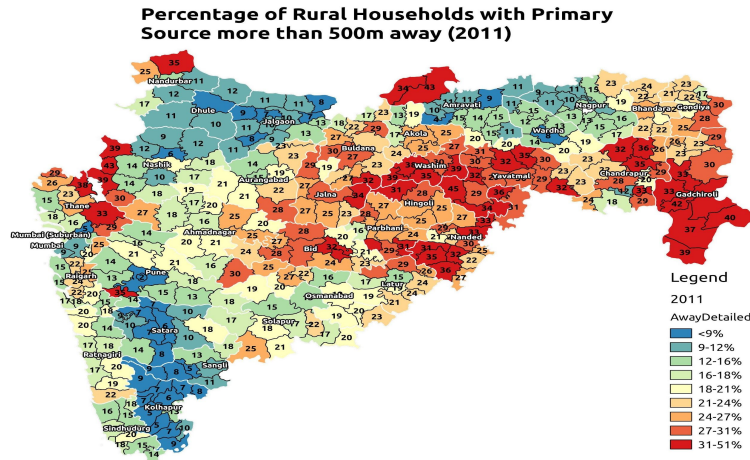
Percentage of Rural Households with Primary Source more than 500m away (2011)



Drinking water: *Its getting farther and farther. Its also not available year-round. The same with cooking energy.*

Data Source: Census Data.

And its consequences - In education



Should this surprise us?

Fetching water and firewood occupies 2-3 hours. Going to place of work, school, college. Work of great drudgery and poor working conditions.

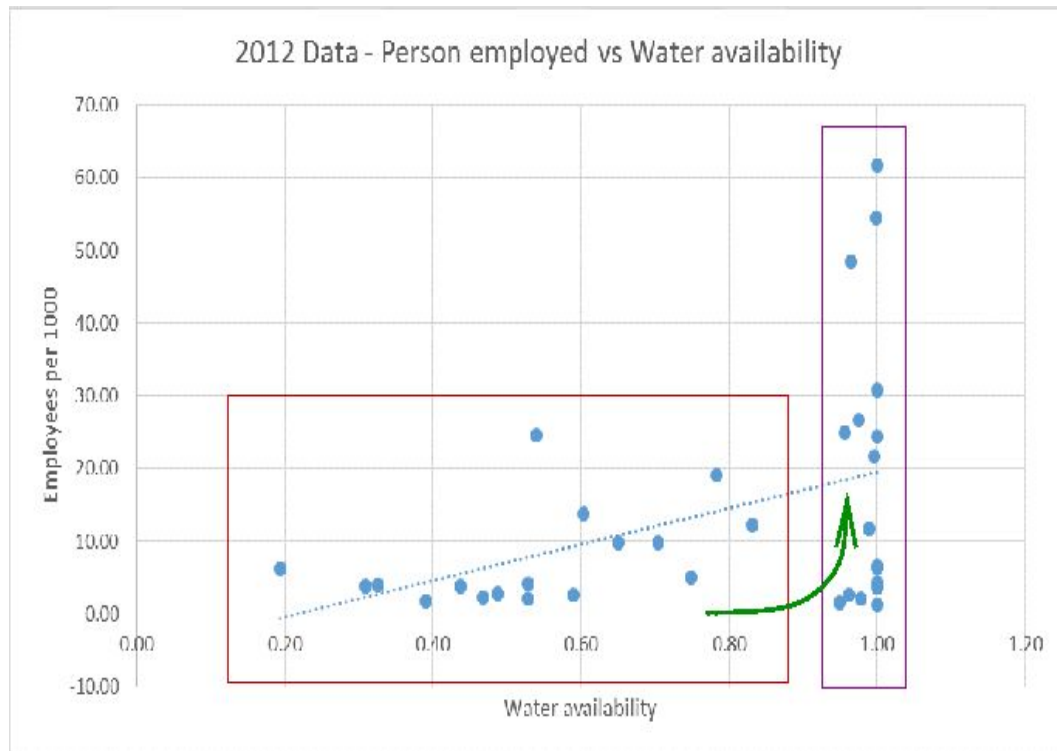
Another Connection

District-wise Urban
Water Availability and
Jobs

Better Amenities \Rightarrow More
jobs.

We need Industrial
Revolution 2.0!

So Why are we doing
so badly?



Why are we like this? - *The first clue!*

Per capita Steel consumption in kgs/year

| | | | |
|------------|-----|-------------|-----|
| India | 57 | China | 477 |
| Other Asia | 69 | Japan | 506 |
| Egypt | 95 | USA | 306 |
| UK | 145 | Netherlands | 200 |

There is no demand! We are unable to find business models or social/financial models to bring about desirable change!

Why?

- It needs better analysis and research - better training
- It needs formal entry points. - better employment opportunities

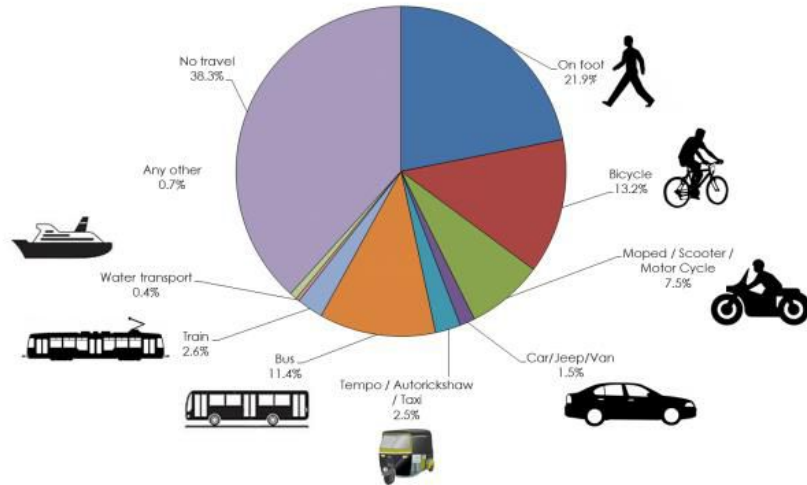
Why are we like this? Better Analysis!

Lets take up a sector and understand these problems better! **Public Transport**

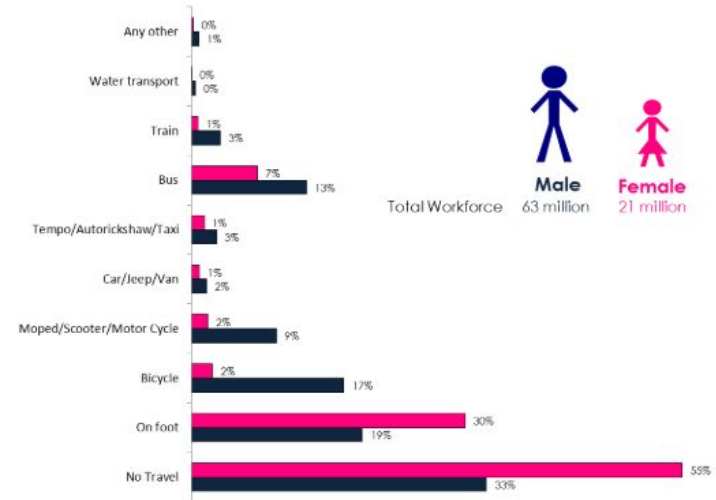
- Its a ZOO out there - Systems
 - Many animals - Models
1. Importance of the sector and the Taluka Bus Depot
 2. Time-Table and Form IV, GIS
 3. Ticketing and Ridership
 4. Access

What does the census say on transport

Mode Used to Travel to Work – Rural India (2011) (Figures in %)



Mode Used to Travel to Work – Rural India – Gender Wise (2011) (Figures in %)



MSRTC



| | |
|----------------------|---------------|
| Staff Strength | 1.05 lakhs |
| Number of Buses | 15500 |
| Staff per Bus | 5.79 |
| KM per Bus per Day | 310 km |
| KM per Staff Per Day | 54 km |
| Fuel Efficiency | 4.76 km/liter |

Repeated Losses

Rising fuel costs compels corporation to increasing MSRTC bus fares by 18%

Waive taxes for MSRTC, Transport Minister urges CM

STAFF REPORTER

ANURAG KAPUR 15, 2016 09:00:00
ANURAG KAPUR 15, 2016 09:00:00

MSRTC counts its losses

TNN | Mar 28, 2017, 09:43:07



Representative image

KOLHAPUR: The state transport corporation is finding it difficult to stay on course with a cumulative net loss of Rs 2712 crore in last five years.

The Maharashtra State Road Transport Corporation (MSRTC) is one of the largest public transport utilities in India having fleet of 18,000 active buses and 60 lakh daily passengers. But it has been suffering from financial losses due to

expenditure on salaries, fuel and passenger tax charged by the state government.

hindustantimes

Mar 28, 2017

PUC panel reports points out MSRTC's losses, blames e-ticketing system

The report was filed by a legislative committee led by Shri. Dr. J. D. Joshi, Deputy Speaker.

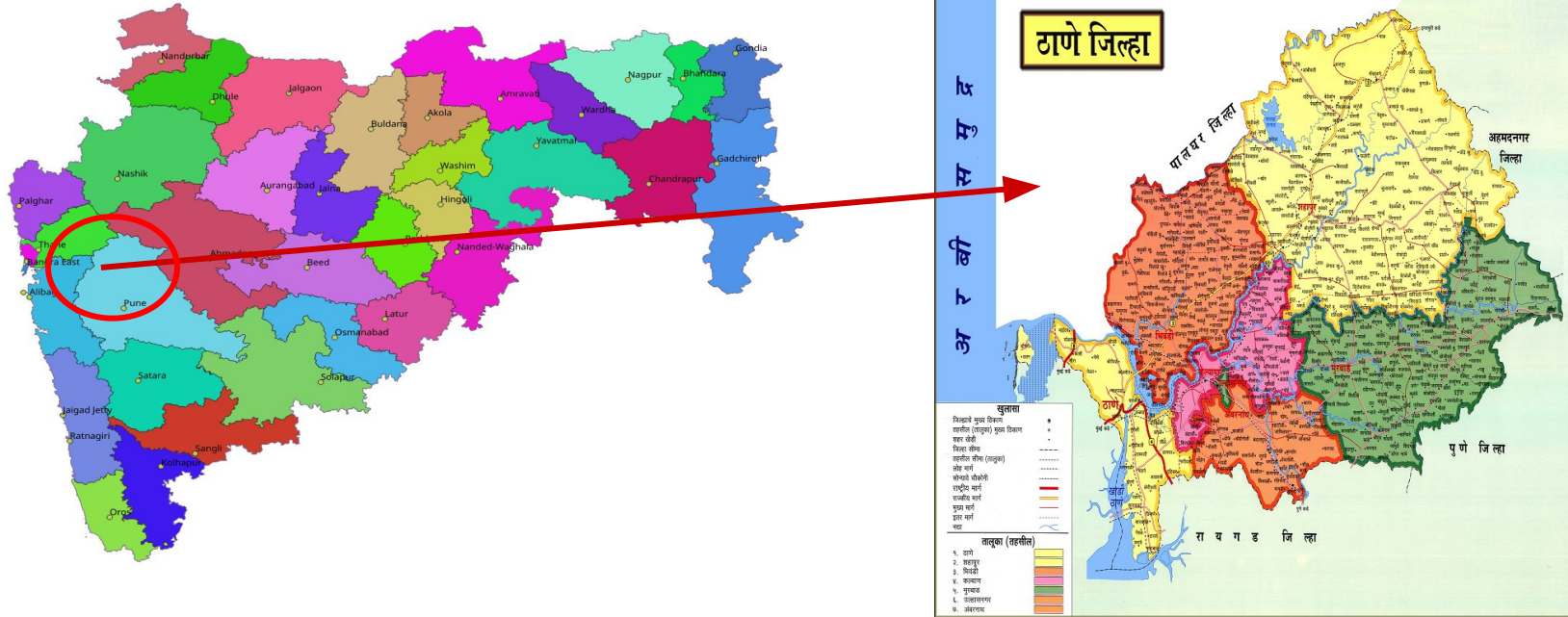
By: [Name], [Location]



| अ.क्र./ Sr. No. | तपशील / Particulars | वाहतूक सेवा उपलब्ध असलेल्या खेड्यांची टक्केवारी/ Percentage of Villages served | | वाहतूक सेवा उपलब्ध असलेल्या लोकसंख्येची टक्केवारी / Percentage of Population served | |
|-----------------------|---|--|------------------|--|--------------------|
| | | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| अ/ A | थेट / Direct | 74.48 (30906) | 75.53 (31341) | 91.17 (1099.66) | 91.66 (1119.86) |
| ब /B | ३ कि.मी.पर्यंत/ Upto 3 Kms. | 15.72 (6524) | 15.11 (6269) | 5.85 (70.52) | 5.61 (68.49) |
| क /C | ३ ते ५ कि.मी. दरम्यान/ Between 3 to 5 Kms. | 5.61 (2328) | 5.42 (2247) | 1.68 (20.27) | 1.59 (19.44) |
| ड /D | ५ ते ८ कि.मी. दरम्यान/ Between 5 to 8 Kms. | 2.57 (1067) | 2.44 (1014) | 0.86 (10.33) | 0.74 (8.98) |
| इ /E | ८ कि.मी.पलिकडे / Beyond 8 Kms. | 1.61 (668) | 1.50 (622) | 0.45 (5.38) | 0.40 (4.92) |

corporation.

Let's zoom in...



Shahapur taluka, Thane district: about 3.6 lakhs (2011), partly urban, 1616 sq. km.

Shahapur Bus Depot



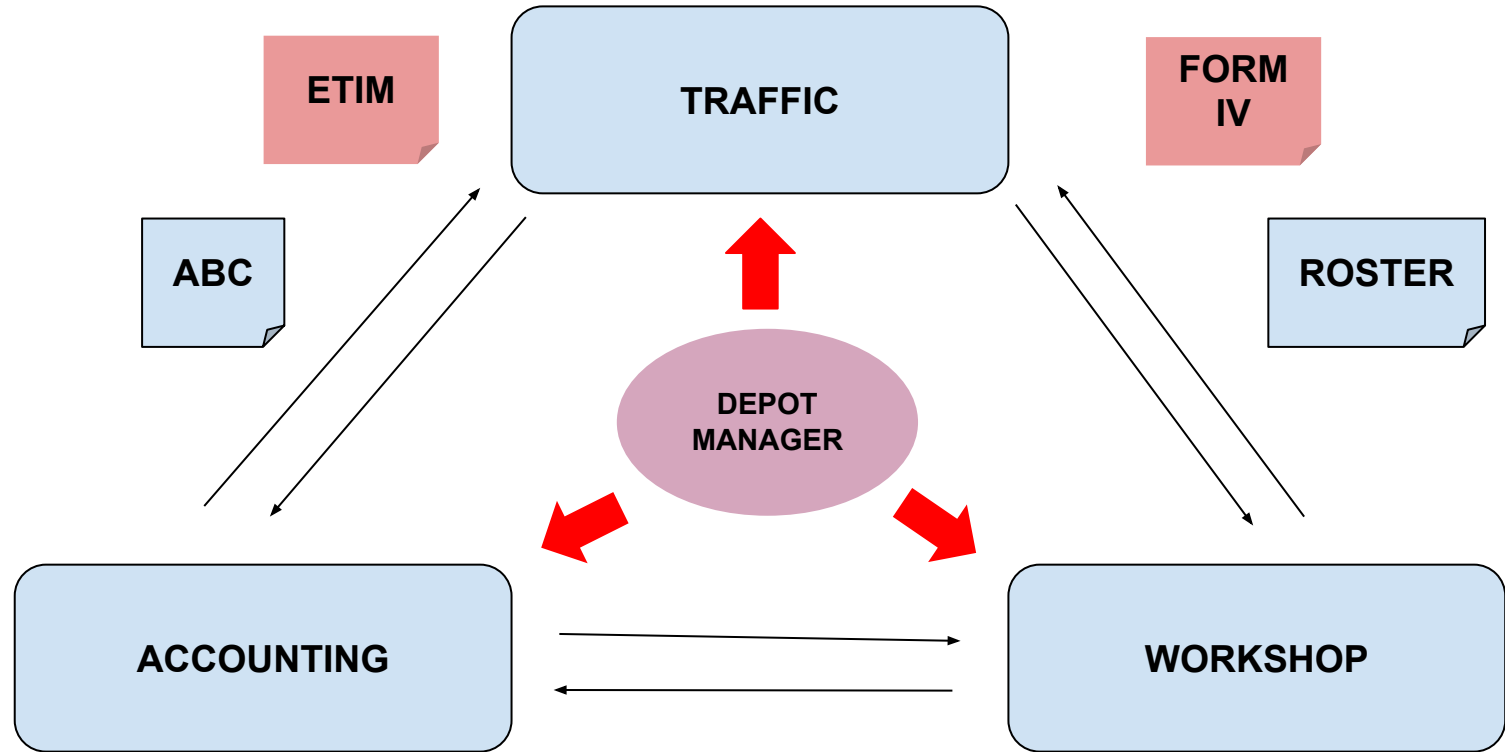
Key Data: 65 Buses, ~220 staff, 270 Routes, 80 villages,
load factor **63%**.

More data

| Category | EPKM Range | Number of Routes |
|----------|------------|------------------|
| A | >Rs 43 | 15 % |
| B | Rs 22-43 | 40 % |
| C | <Rs. 22 | 45 % |

Key Research Question: How to make Shahapur Taluka Bus Depot profitable - financially or socially.

And Computer Scientists can do a lot - Systems approach!



| Designation | Task | Input | Output | Used By | Stored at | Stored as |
|--------------------|--|--|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Announcer | Announces the arrival of the buses | Bus schedule from MSRTC Portal | Announcement | Announcer | MSRTC Server | Softcopy |
| | | | | Passenger | NA | NA |
| | Updates the Control chart with arrival time of the bus | Control Chart | Arrival timing of Bus | Depot Manager | T29 Office | Hardcopy |
| Traffic Controller | Assigning duties to the crew as per daily shift schedule | Daily Attendance of the crew | Daily shift allocation schedule | Traffic Controller | Traffic Controller Office | Hardcopy |
| | | Shift schedule roster | | Depot Manager | | |
| | Revenue Report | Hard-copy of ETIM Daily Revenue data from TRIMAX | Updated Current Month's updated table with ABC grading of the Bus Services | Traffic Controller | Traffic Control Office | Softcopy |
| | | Last month's ABC table | | Divisional Traffic Controller | Thane Division Office | |
| T29 clerk | Maintaining Files (Control Chart) | Last month's ABC table | Updates daily control chart | Announcer | T29 Office | Hardcopy |
| TRIMAX Staff | Printing reports, technical support of ETIM portal | Credentials | Hard-copy of ETIM daily revenue report | Traffic Controller | Traffic controller office | Hardcopy |

The Timetable

महाराष्ट्र राज्य मार्ग परिवहन महामंडळ, ठाणे विभाग - शहापूर आगार
वेळापत्रक

किंत्वलीकर ३.००, १३.३०, १३.३०

* अन्वली - २१:३० * आपटे - ७:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०
* आढा - ६:००, ७:४५, ८:५०, १०:४५, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०
* आसनगांव - ८:४५, ९:००, ९:३०, १०:३५, १०:४५, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०
* कोटी कलिन - ९:००, १३:३० * कामळवीर - ६:००, ७:००, ८:००, १०:३५, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०
* कृष्णाचीवीर - ७:३०, १३:३० * कामळवीर - ६:००, ७:००, ८:००, १०:३५, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०
* कटिंग (जुवली) - ५:३०, ७:३०, १०:००, १२:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०
* खरंगण - ७:३५, १०:०० (खरंगण), १३:३०, १३:३० (किंत्वलीकर खरंगण), १३:३०
* गुडे - ८:४५, ७:०० (डोळ्यांचमार्ग), १३:३० * गणेशपुरी - ८:३०, १३:३०
* गोड्डगांव - ५:३०, ७:३०, ९:००, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०
* चोंडा - ७:३०, ९:३५, १०:०५, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०
* टाकीपटार (मानेखंड मार्ग) - ७:००, ८:३०, ९:००, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०
* टाकीपटार (किंत्वलीकर मार्ग) - (किंत्वलीकर) ९:४५, १३:३० * टेंभरे - ७:३०, ९:३०, १०:३५, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०
* डोणे - ६:३०, ९:३०, १३:३० * सोगांव - ९:४५ (किंत्वलीकर) १३:३०
* डेहण - (डोळ्यांचमार्ग) - ५:३०, ७:३०, १३:३० (डोळ्यांचमार्ग) ८:००, १०:४५, १३:३० * डोळ्यांच - ६:४५, १३:३०
* दादरे (डोळ्यांचमार्ग) - ५:३०, ७:३०, १३:३० (डोळ्यांचमार्ग) ८:००, १०:४५, १३:३० * दादरे (किंत्वलीकर मार्ग) - ९:००, १३:४५ (१३:३० खरंगण)
* नेहरोली - ५:४५, ७:३०, ९:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०, १३:३०
* नाशिक - १३:००, १३:४५, १३:४५, १३:३० * पंढरपुर - ७:०० * पुणे (व्यानोट) - ९:००
* भातसानगर - ६:००, (९:३० सावरशेत), १३:२०, (१३:३० सावरशेत), १३:२०, १३:३०
* भिवंडी (भिवंडी आगार) - ९:४५, १३:३५, १३:४५
* मठ - १३:१०, १३:१० (वासिंदर), ५:३५, ६:००, ७:५०, ९:२५, १३:४०, १३:४०, १३:४५, १३:४५
* मासवणे - वासिंदर - १०:३०, १४:२५, १४:४० * बावयर - वासिंदर - ६:२५, ९:३०, १५:००
* मेगाळपाडा - १५:००, (खडीवर) - ६:२०, ८:२५, ९:४५, १३:४५
* माहुली - ६:००, ८:००, १०:३०, १३:२०, १३:३०, १४:३०, १६:००, १६:३०
* वाडा अर्धसार्ग (वाडा आगार) - ८:५०, १०:२५, १३:४५, १६:०० * डहाणू - ७:४५
* वाडा खडीमार्ग - १४:२५ (खडीवर) ८:३०, १३:०० वाडा आगार * खडीवर वेंतगा - ७:००, ११:००, २०:२५ (कडवेली)
* शिरगांव - ६:००, ७:३०, ९:२५, १०:२५, १३:२५, १५:००, १७:३०, १९:००
* रास दोय्यापाडा - ६:००, ७:३०, ८:३०, १०:००, १२:३०, १४:३०, १६:३०, १७:४५, १९:२५
* सरळाचे - ६:००, ७:३०, ८:३०, १०:३०, १२:३०, १५:५०, १७:४५ * नगर - ८:०० * नेहाळपाडा - ५:३०, १०:३०
* पिवळी (वासिंदर) - १४:४५

शहापूर (किंत्वली मार्ग) मूल्यांकन

| वेळ | आगार | वेळ | आगार |
|-------|--------|-------|--------|
| ५:४५ | शहापूर | १३:४५ | शहापूर |
| ६:३५ | शहापूर | १४:३५ | शहापूर |
| ६:४५ | शहापूर | १४:४५ | शहापूर |
| ७:३५ | शहापूर | १५:३५ | शहापूर |
| ७:४५ | मुखाव | १५:४५ | मुखाव |
| ८:३५ | मुखाव | १६:३५ | मुखाव |
| ८:४५ | मुखाव | १६:४५ | मुखाव |
| ९:३५ | मुखाव | १७:३५ | मुखाव |
| ९:४५ | शहापूर | १७:४५ | शहापूर |
| १०:३५ | शहापूर | १८:३५ | शहापूर |
| १०:४५ | शहापूर | १८:४५ | शहापूर |
| ११:३५ | शहापूर | १९:३५ | शहापूर |
| ११:४५ | मुखाव | १९:४५ | मुखाव |
| १२:३५ | मुखाव | २०:३५ | मुखाव |
| १२:४५ | मुखाव | २०:४५ | मुखाव |
| १३:३५ | मुखाव | २१:३५ | मुखाव |

The Form IV

| शहापुर आगार | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------------|---------|-----------|----------|--------------------------------|-------|--------|-----------|-------------------|
| वेळापत्रक तक्ता क्र.4 सन :-2017 - 2018 | | | | | | | | | | |
| नियत | कामगिरी | फेरीचा | | | | वेळ | | | शेरा | थांबे |
| क्र. | क्र. | सांकेतिक क्र. | | | | अंतर | सुटते | पोहचते | | |
| गटल सेवा | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 0 | C-1 | S-S1482 | SHAHAPUR | MURBAD | 42.7 | 5.45 | 7.15 | KINHAVALI | विश्रांती |
| 1 | | C-1 | S-S1483 | MURBAD | SHAHAPUR | 42.7 | 7.45 | 9.15 | KINHAVALI | मार्ग:- किन्हवली. |
| 1 | | C-1 | S-S1484 | SHAHAPUR | MURBAD | 42.7 | 9.45 | 11.15 | KINHAVALI | मार्ग:- किन्हवली. |
| 1 | 0 | C-1 | S-S1485 | MURBAD | SHAHAPUR | 42.7 | 11.45 | 13.15 | KINHAVALI | मार्ग:- किन्हवली. |
| 1 | 0 | | | चा/वा बदल | | | | | | |
| 1 | 0 | C-2 | S-S1486 | SHAHAPUR | MURBAD | 42.7 | 13.45 | 15.15 | KINHAVALI | मार्ग:- किन्हवली. |
| 1 | | C-2 | S-S1487 | MURBAD | SHAHAPUR | 42.7 | 15.45 | 17.15 | KINHAVALI | विश्रांती |
| 1 | | C-2 | S-S1488 | SHAHAPUR | MURBAD | 42.7 | 17.45 | 19.15 | KINHAVALI | मार्ग:- किन्हवली. |
| 1 | 0 | C-2 | S-S1489 | MURBAD | SHAHAPUR | 42.7 | 19.45 | 21.15 | KINHAVALI | मार्ग:- किन्हवली. |
| | 0 | | | | | गहन देखभाल वेळ 21.15 ते 5.45 . | | | | |

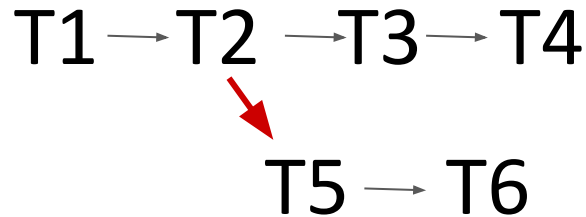
Trip = (source, destination, distance, start-time, end-time)

Schedule =(T1,T2,...,Tk) - same crew, same vehicle, 8hrs **Form IV = S1,S2,,...,Sk**

Important Problem

How many buses are needed to serve a time-table?

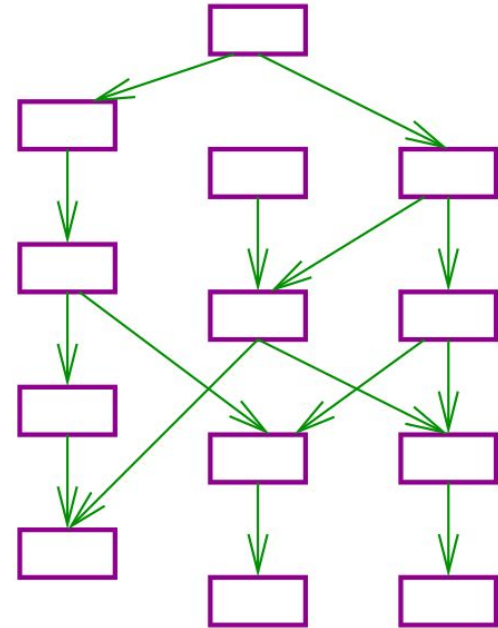
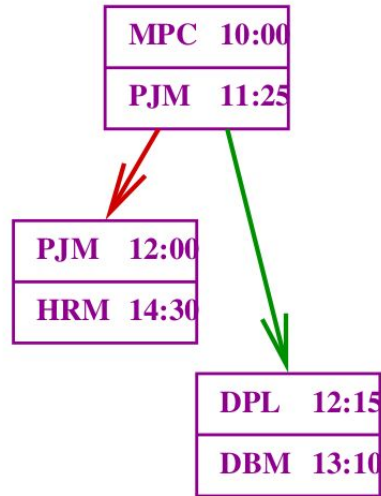
How can these be clubbed into schedules?



- **Affects both Quality of Service as well as efficiency**
- **How much is the gap between trips? Can that be reduced?**
- **Can trip-links be done dynamically in case of delay?**

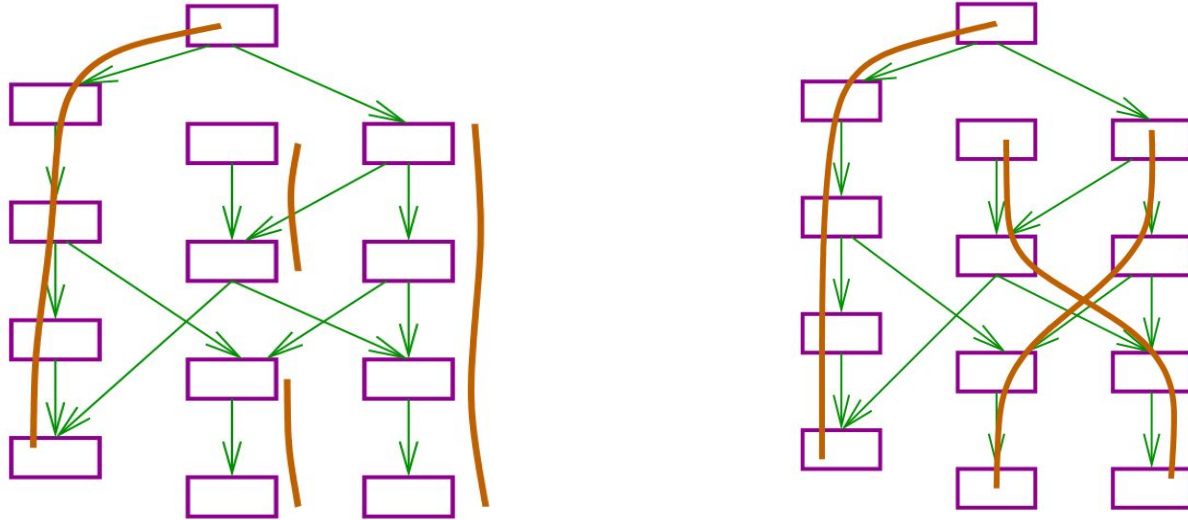
The Whole TT

- Look at it one service at a time.
- List all services which can follow it for a bus
 - Time gap allowed.
 - Empty travel.
- Do it for all the services



The Master POSET

The Min-Cost Flow Problem

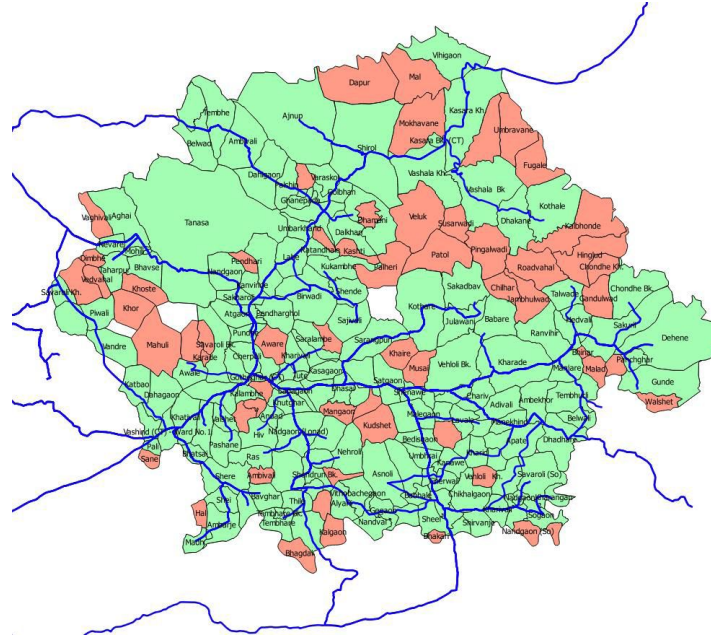


Path Coverings of Trips - Number of Buses!

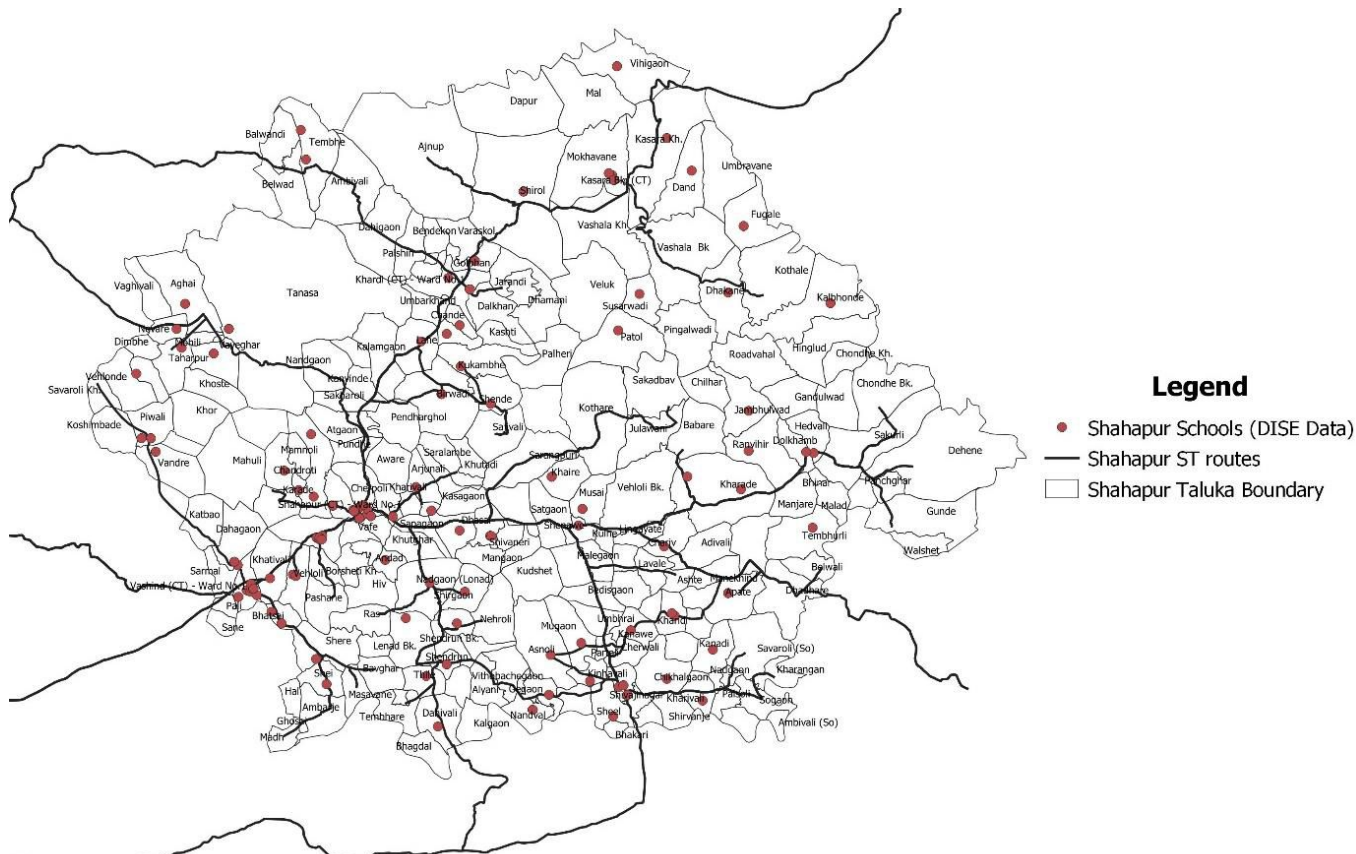
But this representation has problems...

1. What are the villages/stops on a particular trip?
ETIM (the ticketing data)
2. How many villages are covered? How many schools are covered?
3. How many trips pass through a given location?
Do dense areas have more trips?

GIS

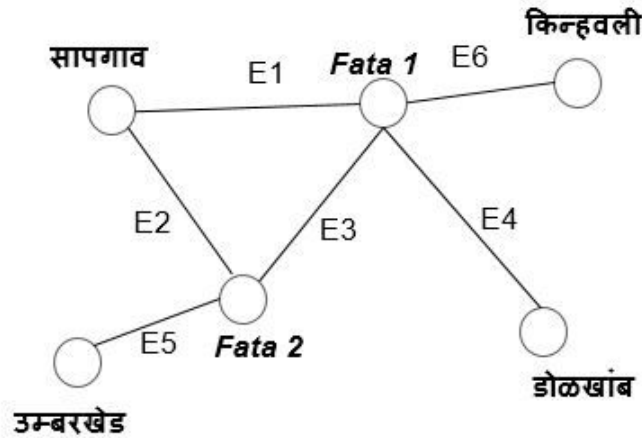


Shahapur taluka - ST network and schools



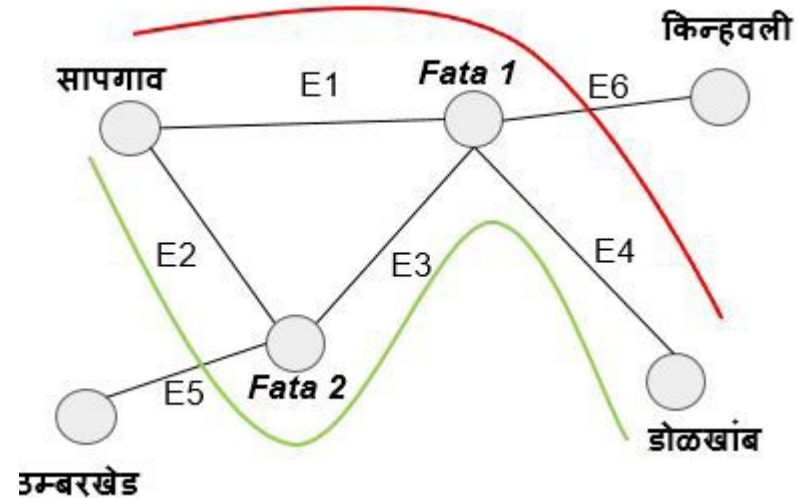
How many trips pass through a given location? Do dense areas have more trips?

Requires connecting geography and schedule!



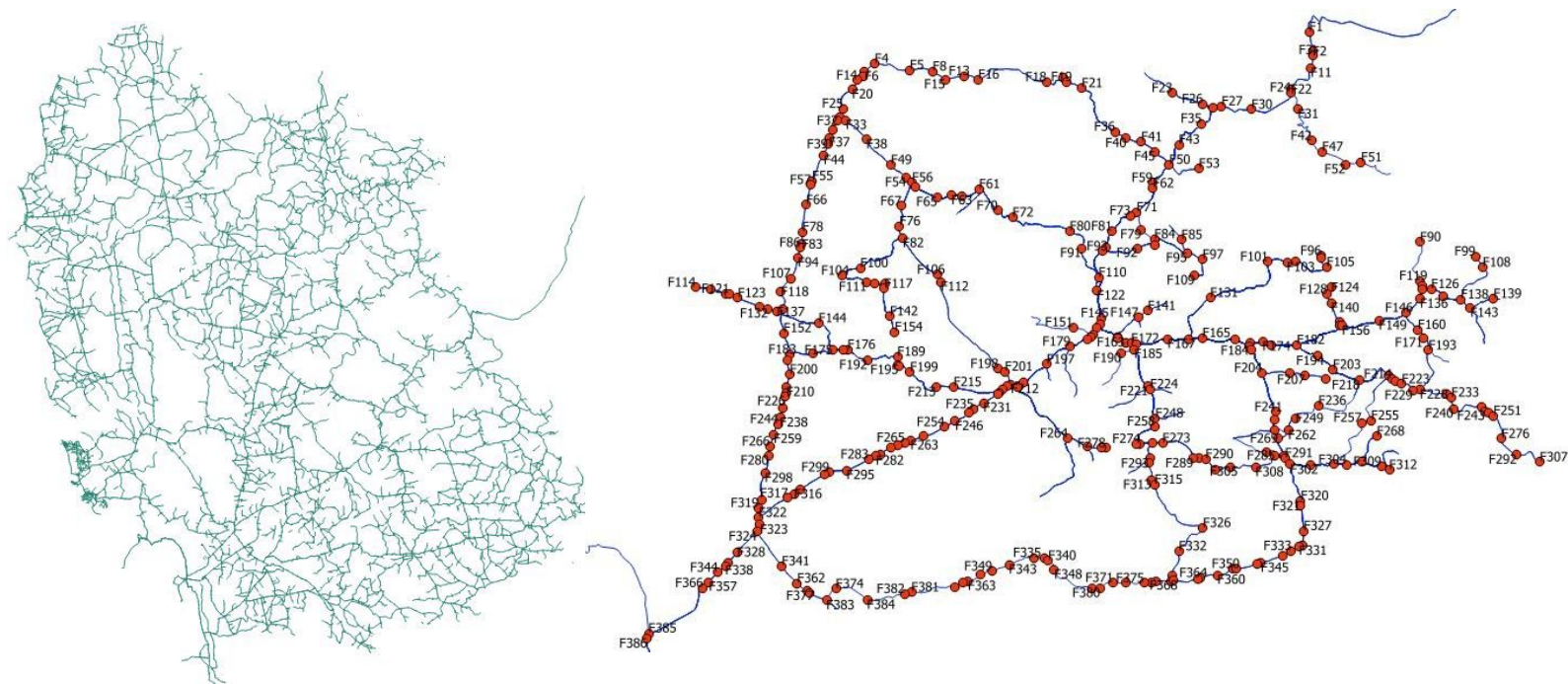
$E = \{E1, E2, E3, E4, E5, E6\}$

$V = \{\text{सापगाव, डोळखांब, उम्बरखेड, किन्हवली, fata1, fata2}\}$



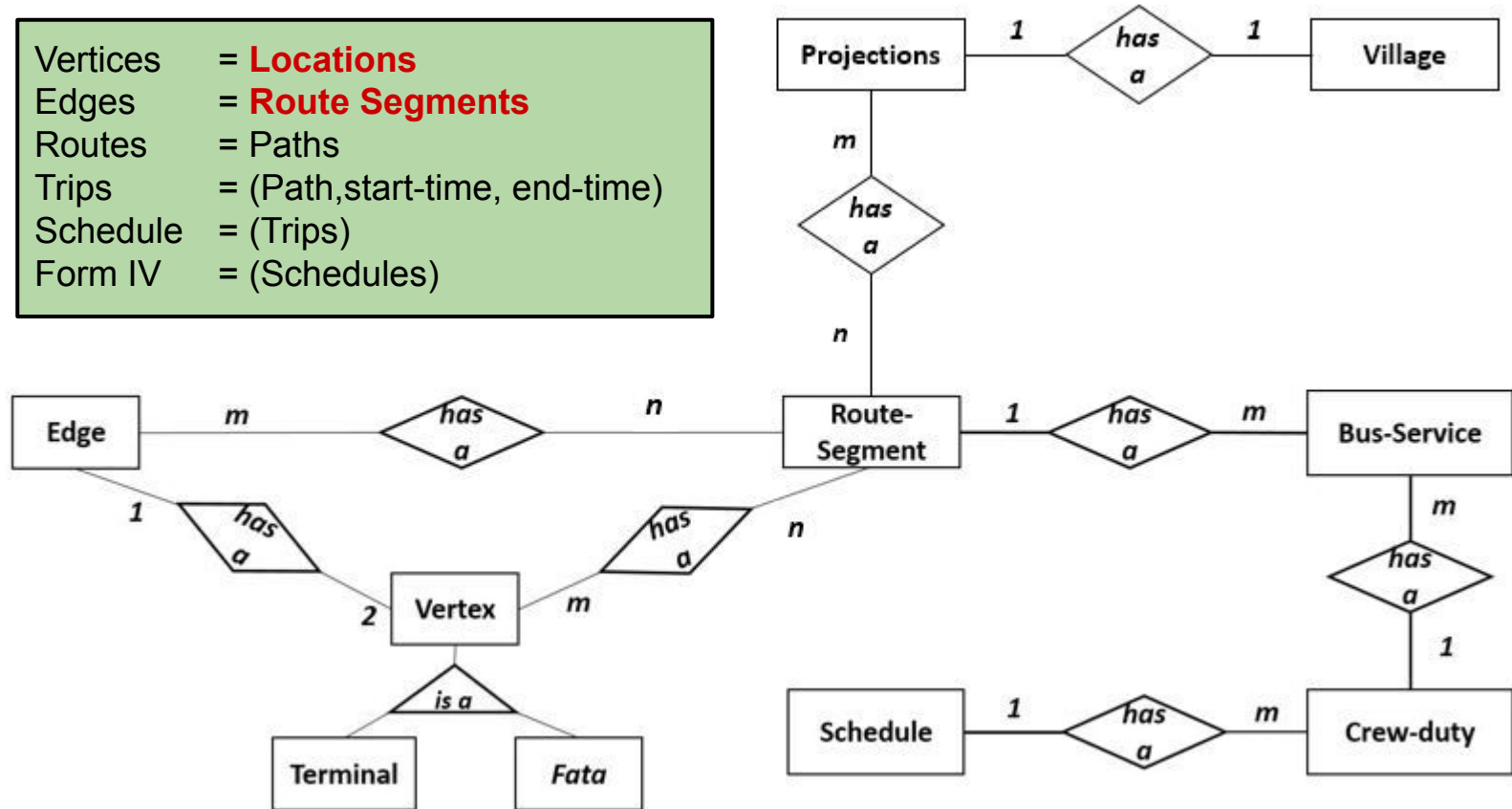
We use a Graph Structure. **Digital Geography!**

(Destination-Pairs)+Road-Network=Vertices+Edges

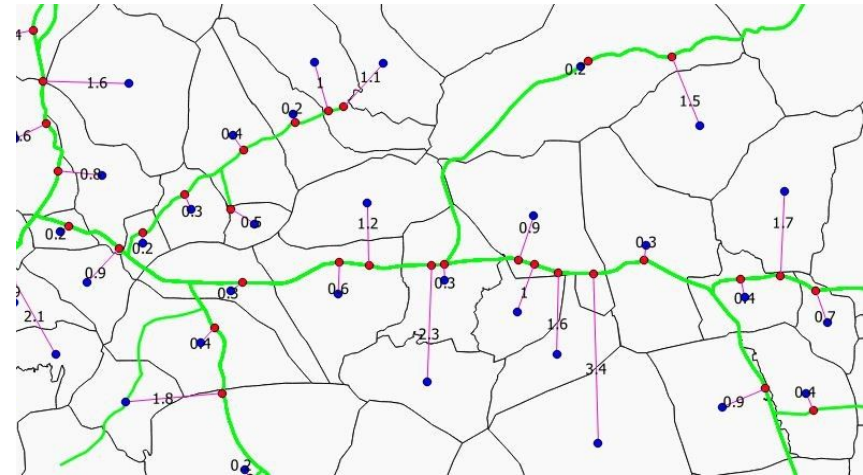
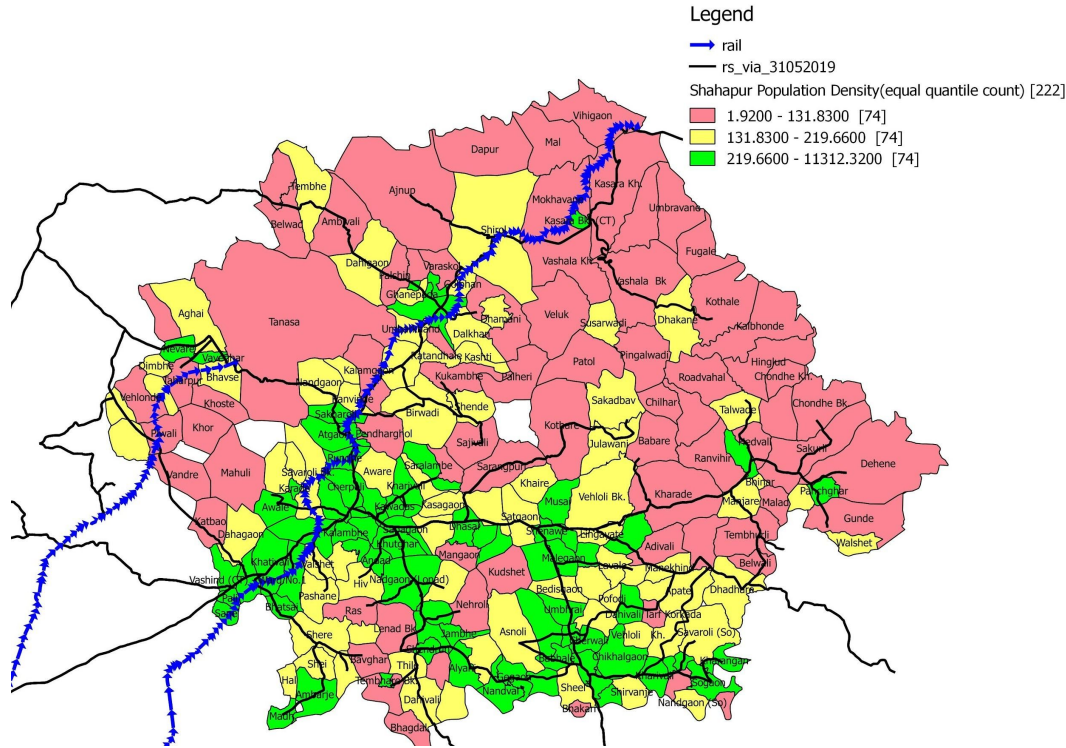


Huge Reduction in Data!

Vertices = **Locations**
 Edges = **Route Segments**
 Routes = Paths
 Trips = (Path, start-time, end-time)
 Schedule = (Trips)
 Form IV = (Schedules)



Coverage and Access



Key Problem: Timetables

Form IV has only end-to-end times. No intermediate times!

Task: Construct time-table for intermediate stops.

- Route = Path in graph.
- Edges = route-segments - attributes such as length, road-type.
- Start-time and End-time.

Interesting Data-fitting Problem.

Check with local riders, conductors and traffic manager.

Ride the buses! Crowd-source. (IIT Dharwad) - Stop names and times

The ETIM Machines



Ticketing Data

| | A | C | D | G | J | M | N | O | S | T | U | |
|----|-----------|----------|----------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| 1 | ticket_id | etm_no | trip_no | ticket_number | from_stage_code | till_stage_code | full_ticket | half_ticket | total_amt | ticket_date | actual | ticket_time |
| 2 | 52022847 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3544 | SHPR | PUNADEST | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2019-06-29 | | 05:50:08 |
| 3 | 52022848 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3545 | KSRA | NSKCBS | 1 | 0 | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:08:37 |
| 4 | 52022849 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3546 | KSRA | MLG | 1 | 0 | 5400 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:09:23 |
| 5 | 52022850 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3547 | KSRA | DHL | 1 | 1 | 42800 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:09:49 |
| 6 | 52022851 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3548 | KSRA | ARVIDD | 1 | 0 | 12900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:10:40 |
| 7 | 52022852 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3549 | KSRA | NSKCBS | 1 | 0 | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:10:55 |
| 8 | 52022853 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3550 | KSRA | MLG | 1 | 0 | 22400 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:11:07 |
| 9 | 52022854 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3551 | KSRA | NSKCBS | 1 | 0 | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:11:16 |
| 10 | 52022855 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3552 | KSRA | DHL | 2 | 0 | 56800 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:12:03 |
| 11 | 52022856 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3553 | KSRA | DHL | 2 | 0 | 28800 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:13:46 |
| 12 | 52022857 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3554 | KSRA | NSKCBS | 2 | 0 | 17800 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:14:33 |
| 13 | 52022858 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3555 | KSRA | NSKCBS | 1 | 0 | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:14:51 |
| 14 | 52022859 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3556 | KSRA | NSKCBS | 1 | 0 | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:15:03 |
| 15 | 52022860 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3557 | KSRA | NSKCBS | 1 | 0 | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:15:11 |
| 16 | 52022861 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3558 | KSRA | NSKCBS | 1 | 0 | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:15:21 |
| 17 | 52022862 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3559 | KSRA | CNVD | 1 | 0 | 16900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:16:04 |
| 18 | 52022863 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3560 | KSRA | NSKCBS | 1 | 0 | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:16:20 |
| 19 | 52022864 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3561 | KSRA | NSKCBS | 1 | 0 | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:16:34 |
| 20 | 52022865 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3562 | KSRA | DHL | 1 | 0 | 28400 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:16:49 |
| 21 | 52022866 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3563 | KSRA | DHL | 1 | 0 | 28400 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:17:27 |

What's in it?

| | A | C | D | G | J | M | N | Q | S | T | U | | | |
|----|-----------|----------|----------|---------------|------|------------|----|------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|--------|-------------|
| 1 | ticket_id | etm_no | trip_no | ticket_number | from | stage_code | to | stage_code | full_ticket | half_ticket | total_amt | ticket_date | actual | ticket_time |
| 2 | 52022847 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3544 | SHPR | PUNADEST | | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 2019-06-29 | | 05:50:08 |
| 3 | 52022848 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3545 | KSRA | NSKCBS | | 1 | 0 | | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:08:37 |
| 4 | 52022849 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3546 | KSRA | MLG | | 1 | 0 | | 5400 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:09:23 |
| 5 | 52022850 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3547 | KSRA | DHL | | 1 | 1 | | 42800 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:09:49 |
| 6 | 52022851 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3548 | KSRA | ARVIDD | | 1 | 0 | | 12900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:10:40 |
| 7 | 52022852 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3549 | KSRA | NSKCBS | | 1 | 0 | | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:10:55 |
| 8 | 52022853 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3550 | KSRA | MLG | | 1 | 0 | | 22400 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:11:07 |
| 9 | 52022854 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3551 | KSRA | NSKCBS | | 1 | 0 | | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:11:16 |
| 10 | 52022855 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3552 | KSRA | DHL | | 2 | 0 | | 56800 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:12:03 |
| 11 | 52022856 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3553 | KSRA | DHL | | 2 | 0 | | 28800 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:13:46 |
| 12 | 52022857 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3554 | KSRA | NSKCBS | | 2 | 0 | | 17800 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:14:33 |
| 13 | 52022858 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3555 | KSRA | NSKCBS | | 1 | 0 | | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:14:51 |
| 14 | 52022859 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3556 | KSRA | NSKCBS | | 1 | 0 | | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:15:03 |
| 15 | 52022860 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3557 | KSRA | NSKCBS | | 1 | 0 | | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:15:11 |
| 16 | 52022861 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3558 | KSRA | NSKCBS | | 1 | 0 | | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:15:21 |
| 17 | 52022862 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3559 | KSRA | CNVD | | 1 | 0 | | 16900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:16:04 |
| 18 | 52022863 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3560 | KSRA | NSKCBS | | 1 | 0 | | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:16:20 |
| 19 | 52022864 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3561 | KSRA | NSKCBS | | 1 | 0 | | 8900 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:16:34 |
| 20 | 52022865 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3562 | KSRA | DHL | | 1 | 0 | | 28400 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:16:49 |
| 21 | 52022866 | SHP05053 | 000M3797 | 3563 | KSRA | DHL | | 1 | 0 | | 28400 | 2019-06-29 | | 07:17:27 |

(trip_ID, date, start_dest.,end_dest.,time_of_issue,fare)

Many troublesome issues:

- **When did the trip start?**
- Are the destination IDs standard?
- Are the trip IDs standard?

Punctuality

| | A | B | C |
|--|---|----------------------|------------|
| trip status | | no of etim july trip | percentage |
| as scheduled(10-20mins) | | 2767 | 23.04 |
| as scheduled(within 10mins) | | 5359 | 44.63 |
| cannot say late/early(9-12hrs) | | 63 | 0.52 |
| cannot say late/early(more than 12hrs) | | 25 | 0.2 |
| early | | 830 | 6.91 |
| early by 1-2hrs | | 118 | 0.98 |
| early by 2-4hrs | | 58 | 0.48 |
| early by 5-8hrs | | 125 | 1.04 |
| late | | 2254 | 18.77 |
| late by 1-2hrs | | 306 | 2.54 |
| late by 2-4hrs | | 81 | 0.67 |
| late by 5-8hrs | | 21 | 0.17 |
| total | | 12007 | |

- **No record when the trip started or ended.**
- Based on ETIM time-stamps.
- Analysis for starting stops!

GPS Based Time-Stamping Essential. Guidance to passengers too!

Profitability

Trip Earnings = Monthly total of daily earnings

Distance Traveled = 30*trip length

$EPKM = \text{Trip Earnings} / \text{Distance}$

More to this: Baggage, Pass-holders, Free-passes.

**But there is no other
social accounting or
disaggregation.**

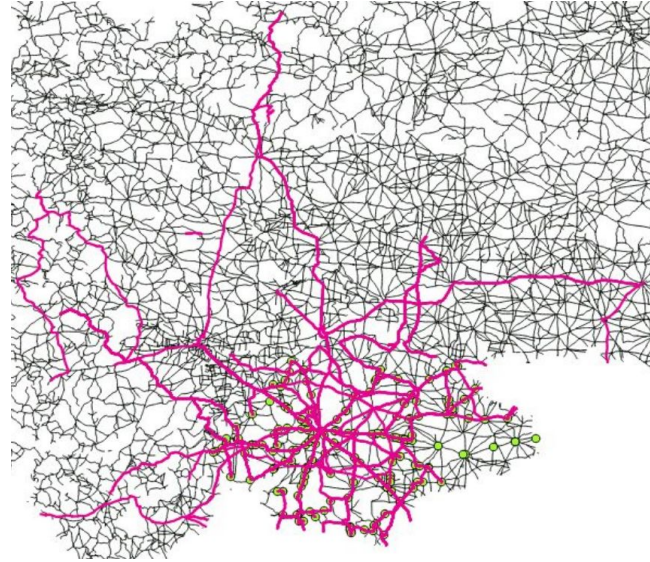
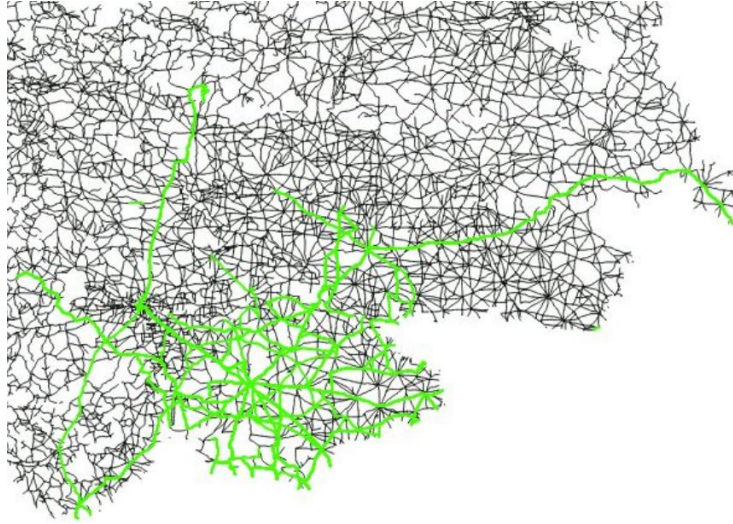
That would have helped!

| Category | EPKM Range | Trip Profitability |
|----------|------------|--------------------|
| A | >Rs 43 | 15 % |
| B | Rs 22-43 | 40 % |
| C | <Rs. 22 | 45 % |

Form IV populated by profitability data

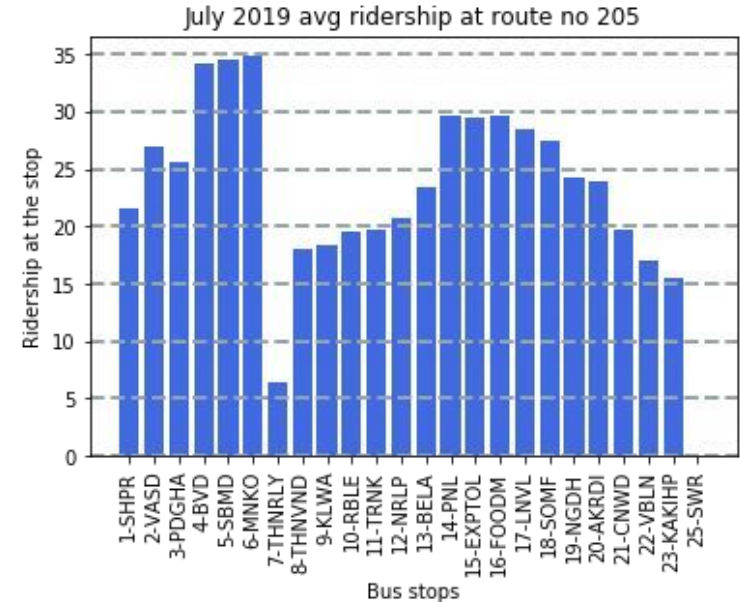
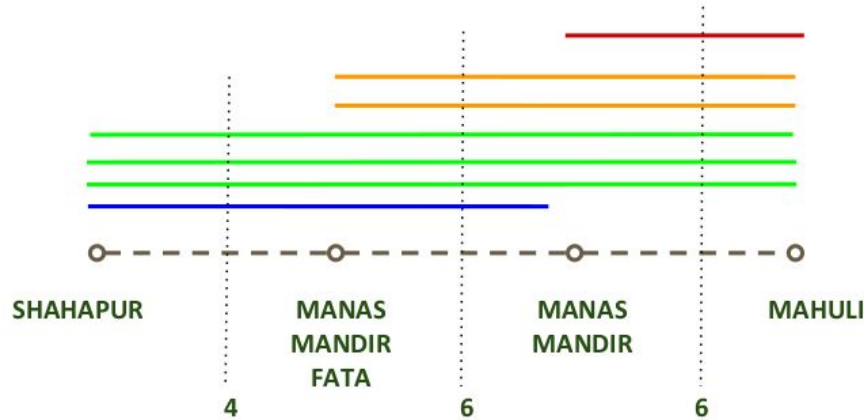
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------|--------|----------|-----------|---------|----------|------|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----|--------|
| senior | ABC Operational Form | | | | | | | | | | Date | RIP | Time |
| citizen | | | | | | | | | | | passenger | | |
| | $=(M12*0.07053)$ | | | | | | | | | | | | earnig |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 19 | 1 | 474 |
| 18 | From | To | Seating | Departure | service | Distance | Fare | Trips | Effective | Tray | 20 | 1 | 508 |
| | | | Capacity | Time | tax | | | Optd. | Kms. | Earning | 21 | 1 | 770 |
| | | | | | Of | | | | | + Advance | 22 | 1 | 573 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Booking | 23 | 1 | 522 |
| 951 | | | | | | | | | | | 24 | 1 | 501 |
| 2416 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12.0 | 13 | 25 | 1 | 212 |
| 3529 | | | | | | | | | | | 26 | 1 | 696 |
| 2433 | SHPR | murbad | 44 | 5.30 | 7.00 | 42.7 | 54 | 31 | 1324 | 13486 | 27 | 1 | 297 |
| | murbad | SHPR | 44 | 7.30 | 9.00 | 42.7 | 54 | 31 | 1324 | 34255 | 28 | 1 | 1511 |
| | SHPR | murbad | 44 | 9.10 | 6.40 | 42.7 | 54 | 29 | 1238 | 50034 | 29 | 1 | 253 |
| | murbad | SHPR | 44 | 11.00 | 12.30 | 42.7 | 54 | 29 | 1238 | 34491 | 30 | 1 | 733 |
| 3086 | | | | | | | | | | | 31 | 1 | 243 |
| 4242 | SHPR | murbad | 44 | 13.00 | 14.30 | 42.7 | 54 | 31 | 1324 | 44580 | | 31 | 13486 |
| 2562 | murbad | SHPR | 44 | 15.00 | 16.30 | 42.7 | 54 | 31 | 1324 | 61280 | | | |
| | SHPR | murbad | 44 | 17.00 | 18.30 | 42.7 | 54 | 31 | 1324 | 37019 | | | |
| 1692 | murbad | SHPR | 44 | 19.00 | 20.30 | 42.7 | 54 | 31 | 1324 | 24438 | | | |

How do they look in the GIS



Both region and time of operation important!

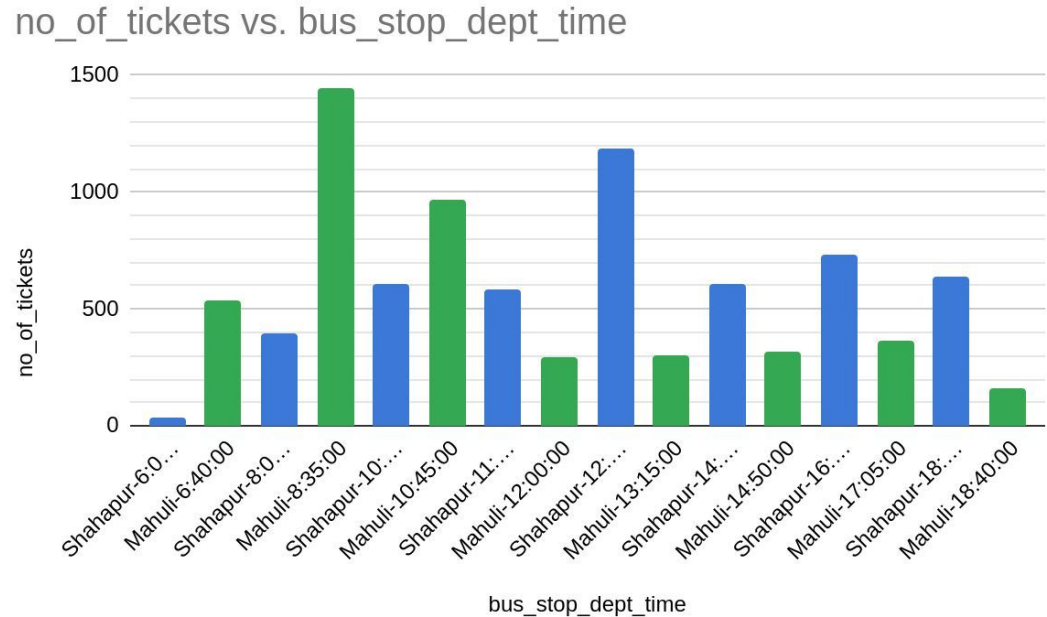
Ridership - Path Analysis



Shahapur-Pune service

1. Empties at Thane. Very few passengers take the longer journey.
2. Serves Padgha and intermediate people to reach Thane railway station. Serves as a Thane -Pune service thereafter
3. Average ridership at 22 is not GOOD.

Time of Service and Directionality



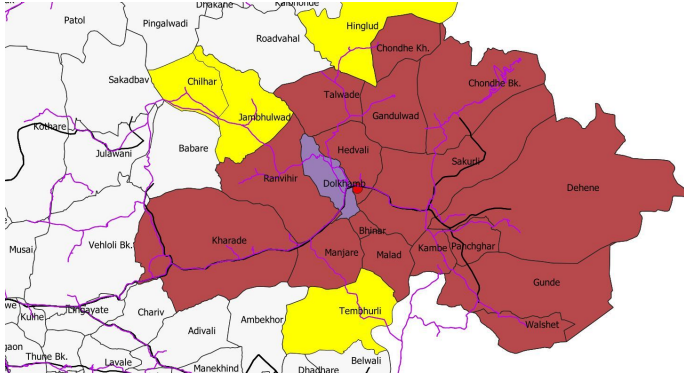
- People coming to taluka place and going back.
- How to utilize non-peak services? School services? Luggage?
- How to analyse a Schedule - Sequence of Services. **Important Optimization Problem.**

Trip-wise occupancy

| route_no | trip_no | max_ridership | weighted_avg_ridership | std_dev | sitting_ridership | standing_ridership | dept_time | from_cd | till_cd | kilometer | abc_status | utilization |
|----------|----------|---------------|------------------------|---------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| 17526 | 00S81143 | 58 | 22.70 | 5.20 | 27.90 | 33.11 | 8:40:00 | ASANGAON | GUNDE | 41.8 | B | β |
| 17526 | 00S81998 | 65 | 9.47 | 4.25 | 13.72 | 17.97 | 19:15:00 | ASANGAON | GUNDE | 41.8 | C | γ |
| 75002 | 00S81310 | 69 | 14.96 | 7.35 | 22.30 | 29.65 | 19:20:00 | ASANGAON | JUNAVANI | 28.8 | C | β |
| 75003 | 00S81311 | 54 | 17.99 | 7.32 | 25.30 | 32.62 | 5:50:00 | JUNAVANI | ASANGAON | 28.8 | C | β |
| 75003 | 00S81234 | 29 | 11.26 | 4.69 | 15.94 | 20.63 | 18:05:00 | JUNAVANI | ASANGAON | 28.8 | C | γ |
| 92740 | 00S81868 | 73 | 19.92 | 11.21 | 31.12 | 42.33 | 16:30:00 | GUNDE | ASANGAON | 41.8 | C | β |

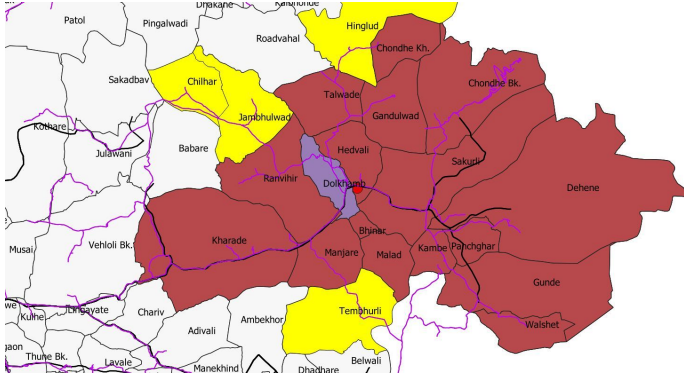
Guide discrepancy between ABC and ridership - pass-holders?

Drive bus size and capacity utilization



Analysing a school!

- What is its catchment?
- Are there buses to suit the school schedule?



Not too good!

| Bus Timings | | | | | School Timings | |
|-------------------|----------|-------------|----------|------------------|----------------|----------|
| Start Timing | Origin | Destination | Station | Bus Service type | Start time | 10:00 AM |
| 08:30 AM-09:45 PM | Shahapur | Chonda | Dolkhamb | Manav Vikas | | |
| 12:00 PM-01.15 PM | Shahapur | Chonda | Dolkhamb | Day Ordinary | | |
| 03:30 PM- 04.45PM | Chonda | Shahapur | Dolkhamb | Day Ordinary | | |
| 04:15 PM-05.30 PM | Shahapur | Chonda | Dolkhamb | Manav Vikas | End time | 5:00 AM |

So how are students coming to school?

| Village Name | Distance (Village Centroid to School) (in km) | | | Travel Mode Choice | | | Remark |
|--------------|---|------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------|--|--------------------------|
| | Village centroid to bus/road network | Bus/road network | Distance from bus/road network to school | Village centroid to road | Bus/road network | Distance from bus/road network to school | |
| Jambulwad | 0.408 | 7.203 | 0.103 | Walk | Jeep/walk | Walk | |
| Ranvihir | 2.482 | 2.085 | 0.103 | Walk | Bus | Walk | |
| Bhinar | 1.057 | 3.732 | 0.103 | Walk | Walk | Walk | |
| Kharade | 0.603 | 2.218 | 0.103 | Walk | Walk | Walk | |
| Talwade | 0.836 | 4.745 | 0.103 | Walk | Jeep | Walk | |
| Malad | 1.887 | 6.981 | 0.103 | Walk | Walk | Walk | Road is there but no bus |
| Dehene | 2.287 | 11.569 | 0.103 | Walk | Bus | Walk | |
| Hinglud | 1.042 | 7.219 | 0.103 | Walk | Walk | Walk | |
| Panchghar | 0.410 | 10.207 | 0.103 | Walk | Bus | Walk | |
| Chondhe Bk. | 1.250 | 13.303 | 0.103 | Walk | Bus | Walk | |
| Chondhe Kh. | 3.799 | 13.303 | 0.103 | Walk | Bus | Walk | |

What is the Point?

| dept_time | from_cd | till_cd | kilometer | abc_status | utilization |
|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| 8:40:00 | ASANGAON | GUNDE | 41.8 | B | β |
| 19:15:00 | ASANGAON | GUNDE | 41.8 | C | γ |
| 19:20:00 | ASANGAON | JUNAVANI | 28.8 | C | β |
| | JUNAVANI | ASANGAON | 28.8 | C | γ |
| | ASANGAON | ASANGAON | 41.8 | C | β |

3.
 $E = \{E1, E2, E3, E4, E5, E6\}$
 $V = \{\text{सापगाव, डोळखांब, उम्बरखेड, किन्हवली, fata1, fata2}\}$

145

Netherlands

200

What is the Point?

| | | | |
|------------|-----|-------------|-----|
| India | 57 | China | 477 |
| Other Asia | 69 | Japan | 506 |
| Egypt | 95 | USA | 306 |
| UK | 145 | Netherlands | 200 |

***Per capita Steel
consumption in kgs/year***

We are unable to find business models or social/financial models to bring about desirable change!

Why?

- **It needs better analysis and research - better education**
- **It needs formal entry points. - better employment opportunities**

What has been shown?

It needs better analysis and research - better education

- Bringing 5-10% efficiency through improving operations
- Better social accounting and wider access
- Hi-tech fashionable areas: data, GPS, GIS, systems - **Vehicle Tracking System**

Needs a system-thinking approach, not merely tinkering. Needs inter-disciplinary training!

It needs formal entry points. - better employment opportunities

- Role for elite institutions to forge partnership-build engagement, do research
- Seed start-up and procure their first work-orders

Faculty members need to think differently, Institutions need to have that vision.

This has been some of the most intellectually challenging work that I could do.

For ACM-India

- Curricula which is immersive and takes students out of the class
- Focus on society and design
- Collection of standard case studies
- Faculty training

Separate the hype from where the real jobs are and where value is needed -
in India.



Students in the driver's seat!

Thank you

