CS208 Homework #4 Due Date: Mar 30, 2012

- Be brief, complete and stick to what has been asked. If needed, you may cite results/proofs covered in class without reproducing them.
- Do not copy solutions from others
- Penalty for copying: FR grade
- 1. [5+5 marks] For each of the following languages, give a context-free grammar that generates the language. Specifically, you must indicate the set of non-terminals, the set of terminals, the set of production rules and the start symbol in your grammar.

Important: In addition to the grammar, you must give a description (using a couple of sentences) of the set of strings represented by each non-terminal symbol in your grammar. You must also explain in a couple of sentences the justification behind each production rule in your grammar. Answers without these justifications will fetch 0 marks. You are, however, not required to give a formal proof that your grammar generates the language under consideration.

In the following, #0(w) and #1(w) denote the number of 0s and 1s in a word $w \in \{0, 1\}^*$.

- (a) $\{0^i 1^j 0^k \mid j+k=i, \text{ and } i, j, k>0\}.$
- (b) $\{w \mid w \in \{0,1\}^*, \#0(w) = 2 \times \#1(w)\}.$
- 2. [5 + 5 marks] Show that each of the following languages is not context-free by showing that they violate the pumping lemma for context-free languages.
 - (a) $\{w \circ w^R \circ w \mid w \in \{0,1\}^*\}$. In this question, w^R denotes the reverse of a string. Thus, $011^R = 110$.

[Please note that this sub-question was earlier $\{w \circ w \mid w \in \{0,1\}^*\}$. That sub-question is now withdrawn since a solved version appears in one of the textbooks.]

(b) $\{0^n 1^n 2^i \mid 0 \le i \le n\}$

- 3. [10 marks] Consider the alphabet $\Sigma = \{a_1, \ldots a_N, b_1, \ldots b_N\}$ and the language $L = \bigcup_{i=1}^M \{a_i^j b_i^j \mid j \ge 0\}$. It is not hard to show that L is context-free. Show that it is not possible to have a pushdown automaton (PDA) $(Q, \Sigma, \Gamma, Q_0, X_0, \delta, F)$ that recognizes L by the empty stack if $|Q| < \sqrt{\frac{N}{|\Gamma|}}$. Recall that Q is the set of states of the PDA and Γ is its stack alphabet.
- 4. [Bonus 10 marks (optional):] For every natural number n, let enc(n) denote the binary encoding of n with the most significant bit being 1. Thus, enc(5) = 101 and enc(24) = 11000. Show that $\{w \mid w = enc(p) \text{ for some prime no. } p\}$ is not context free. For purposes of this problem, you may use the following result (also called Fermat's theorem):

For every prime number p > 2, there exists a natural number k > 1such that $2^{p-1} = k \cdot p + 1$.